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DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS

NEW SERIES. CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND. TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1892. VOL. 29.—NO. 209

Calendar for February, 1892.

MOON'S CHANGES.

First Quarter, 4th day ..... 5 15 morn
Full Moon, 12th day ..... 3 14 after
Last Quarter, 20th day ..... 7 51 "
New Moon, 27th day ..... 11 23 "

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	High Water. Morn.	After.
		h. m.	h. m.
1	Monday	0 22	0 37
2	Tuesday	0 53	1 10
3	Wednesday	1 28	1 49
4	Thursday	2 10	2 36
5	Friday	3 2	3 36
6	Saturday	4 10	4 54
7	Sunday	5 38	6 23
8	Monday	7 8	7 42
9	Tuesday	8 16	8 44
10	Wednesday	9 12	9 36
11	Thursday	9 59	10 17
12	Friday	10 36	10 54
13	Saturday	11 13	11 34
14	Sunday	11 46	..
15	Monday	0 1	0 16
16	Tuesday	0 31	0 47
17	Wednesday	1 3	1 19
18	Thursday	1 36	1 53
19	Friday	2 11	2 29
20	Saturday	2 50	3 12
21	Sunday	3 40	4 8
22	Monday	4 46	5 5
23	Tuesday	6 10	6 55
24	Wednesday	7 33	8 11
25	Thursday	8 44	9 16
26	Friday	9 41	10 6
27	Saturday	10 26	10 46
28	Sunday	11 5	11 23
29	Monday	11 40	11 57

JAMES A. MORRISON,
HALIFAX.
AGENT FOR
WARREN, CAKEBREAD & CO.,
TEA MERCHANTS,
London, - - England,
—AND ALSO—
Several First-Class West India Firms, etc.
SPECIALTIES:
Tea, Sugar and Molasses.
Careful attention given to consignments of Prince Edward Island Produce.
REFERENCE—Bank of Nova Scotia.
OFFICE—Pickford & Black's Wharf.
Halifax, August 13, 1891—dy & wy

LA GRIPPE VANQUISHED.
PLACE one of the OZONATOR DISINFECTANTS in your house and La Grippe will not trouble you.
The most powerful and pleasant Disinfectant known to the medical profession.
F. DeC. DAVIES
DRUGGIST,
is AGENT for them here, and will cheerfully show and explain their use to those who desire it. Call and see them. No trouble to show them. eod&wy—jan15

NASAL BALM
SOOTHING, CLEANSING, HEALING.
Instant Relief, Permanent Cure, Failure Impossible.
Many so-called diseases are simply symptoms of Catarrh, such as headache, loss of sense of smell, foul breath, hawking and spitting, general feeling of debility, etc. If you are troubled with any of these or kindred symptoms, you have Catarrh, and should lose no time procuring a bottle of NASAL BALM. Be warned in time, neglected cold in head results in Catarrh, followed by consumption and death. Sold by all druggists, or sent, post paid, on receipt of price 50 cents and $1 by addressing FULFORD & CO. Brockville, Ont.
NEVER FAILS. CURES COLD IN HEAD AND CATARRH

Lessons in Painting.
MISS M. H. CHISHOLM will give lessons in Oil, China and Water Color Painting, at her Studio in Morris' New Block.
Orders taken for painting in the different branches, and portraits.
Visitors welcome. tf—nov3

ROLLED OATS
200 Barrels.
N., B. & M. RATTENBURY.
d21 2aw m th

BEANS.
150 bbls. Beans.
N., B. & M. RATTENBURY.
d21 2aw mth

Are You "In the Swim?"
It is said: "You may as well be out of the world as out of the fashion."
In the West End of London, Eng., the fashionable quarter, it is not now considered "the proper thing" to wear RUBBER waterproofs.
Among the "smart" set it is looked upon as "bad form," and as much out of place for a Man to wear a RUBBER waterproof as for a Woman to wear a bustle.
When a new article suddenly springs into favor and is almost universally adopted, you may be sure it must possess extraordinary merit. "MELISSA" COATS seem to meet every requirement of Health, Comfort and Fashion, and gratify every taste. They are produced in an infinite variety of textures, patterns and styles. To any intelligent person the mere mention of the many advantages of "MELISSA" RAINPROOF GARMENTS over the old Rubber article is sufficient.
No dampness, no chills, no odor, no pulling apart at the seams. A Rainproof and Overcoat combined, with all the advantages of both.
If You Wear a "Melissa" Coat You are "in it."

AN OBJECT TO See our very fine Stock.
" " Buy our very fine stock.
" " See our Oak Bedroom Suites.
" " Buy our Oak Bedroom Suites.
" " See our New Style Parlor Suites.
" " Buy our New Style Parlor Suites.
" " See our Ash Bedroom Suites.
" " Buy our Ash Bedroom Suites.
" " See our $30 Plush Parlor Suites.
" " Buy our $30 Plush Parlor Suites.
WE DO NOT OBJECT to Sample Orders.
" " Carload Orders.
" " Filling Telegraph Orders.
" " Filling Mail Orders.
" " Your Ordering Baskets by Telephone
" " Your Ordering of our Salesmen.
" " Serving you promptly and dealing with you justly, and furnishing you with Fine Goods at Fair Prices.
" " to your reading this advertisement, and if you buy from us our OBJECT will have been attained.
MARK WRIGHT & CO., Ltd.
Charlottetown, Jan. 12, 1892—2aw & wky

BEST ESTABLISHMENT!
BEST FURNITURE!
BEST VALUE!
(x)
I will offer for sale during the Xmas Holidays
THE FINEST STOCK OF FURNITURE
ON P. E. ISLAND,
embracing STAPLE AND FANCY FURNITURE, suitable for Xmas Presents, all at great Discounts. Call and examine.
JOHN NEWSON.
Charlottetown, Dec. 18, 1891

CARRIAGE BUILDERS.
(x)
We are closing out this Department of our business. You are bound to get Bargains. Call or write for prices. Stock is large and well assorted, and we are bound to close it out this year.
NORTON & FENNELL
Charlottetown, January 8, 1892—2aw & wky

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS
Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.
Syrup of Figs is for sale in 75c bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Manufactured only by the
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.
W. R. WATSON, Wholesale Druggist, Charlottetown. mwf jy13

HARTSHORN'S
SELF-ACTING
SHADE ROLLERS
Beware of Imitations.
NOTICE AUTOGRAPH OF Stewart Hartshorn ON LABEL OF THE GENUINE HARTSHORN
Insist upon having the HARTSHORN.
TO BE BY ALL DEALERS.
Factory, Toronto, Ont.

1892.
Just Out--15 Cents Each
CHAPPELLE'S
Prince Edward Island Calendar
—AND—
HANDBOOK,
Containing a Calendar for 1892; Table of Tides for Charlottetown; Moon's Changes; Eclipses; Fixed and Movable Feasts; a Directory of Local and Dominion Government Officials, etc.; Ecclesiastical and Society Matters; Civic and General Information, together with a valuable
PRONOUNCING HANDBOOK
of Words often Mispronounced.
PUBLISHED BY
THEO. L CHAPPELLE,
Diamond Bookstore.
Charlottetown, Jan. 14, 1892—3i eod wky 11

SAFE
THE GREAT
BLOOD
PURIFIER
PLEASANT
RELIABLE
BRISTOL'S
SARSAPARILLA
CURES ALL
Taints of the Blood.
CERTAIN

APPLES.
250 Barrels Choice Canadian Baldwins.
N., B. & M. RATTENBURY.
d21 2aw m th

CURRANTS AND RAISINS
25 BARRELS, 50 BOXES, 75 HALF-BOXES } Currants.
1,000 BOXES and ½ do } Raisins.
N., B. & M. RATTENBURY.
d21 2aw m th

Record in Kingston

(St. John Sun,)

A glance at the record of Kingston shows that Mr. Metcalfe's majority was larger than was obtained by his party in the county at any election from 1872 to 1891 Mr. Gunn, the opposition candidate who was defeated, represented the city of Kingston from 1878 to 1887; that is to say, the greater part of the time since the defeat of the MacKenzie government. From the beginning of his public life in 1843 until the union Sir John Macdonald sat for Kingston. He was elected there in 1867. In 1872 he had a sharp contest, but was elected by a majority of 131. In the general election of 1874 his majority was cut down to 38. A protest was filed, and he was unseated, but he was re-elected by the still smaller majority of 17. In 1878 he was opposed by Mr. Gunn, the same gentleman who was defeated a few days ago, Mr. Gunn was elected. Four years later Mr. Gunn was re-elected, and in 1887, when he was again opposed by the late premier, he only failed of election by 17 votes. A petition was lodged against the premier, but was dismissed, the trial judge stating that Sir John's election had been one of the purest he had ever investigated. In view of the close contests and defeats which Sir John had faced during the previous twenty years, his triumphant return last March by a majority of 483 was a matter of astonishment to his friends as well as his opponents. It was generally regarded as largely a personal victory, due in part to the recognition of the fact that Sir John was fighting his last campaign.

But the magnificent victory of Mr. Metcalfe, which has eclipsed all but one of the late premier's successes at the polls in his own city during twenty years shows that Kingston was last year with the old policy and the old party as well as with the old man.

A Talk With Arabi Pasha.

HE HAS AGED MUCH DURING HIS EXILE AND STILL FEELS BITTER TOWARD ENGLAND.

A correspondent lately had an interview with Ahmed Arabi, otherwise known as Arabi Pasha, the Egyptian leader who caused so much trouble to the British in 1881 and 1882, and who is now in exile in Ceylon. Arabi Pasha looks much older than he would be expected to look. He may be said to have aged twenty years in the ten years he has passed in banishment upon this island. He is well housed, well fed, well dressed and well attended. He has all reasonable luxuries at his disposal and wanders almost where and where he pleases. But he is a prisoner still.

Arabi Pasha said employing Gen. Gordon as a soldier was a mistake, and that a priest only should have been sent to the Mahdi. Gen. Gordon's death, according to Arabi Pasha, "lies at the door of the foolish British cabinet." The Egyptian exile added: "The voices of your wise men have been like the braying of wild asses in their dealings with Egypt.

"It was a sorry day for Egypt when the British soldiers landed upon its soil. Their presence caused the Mahdi to grow in importance and in might, and enabled him to gather together large forces which he could not otherwise have controlled. England has deliberately wasted blood and treasure in Egypt, has made France her bitter, unforgiving foe, and has gained absolutely nothing by so doing. Without British interference we should have had a united Egypt, without corruption, and now that dream is a thing of the past, an impossibility in the future.

"My days are closing. I have no heart for further fighting; but," he said, with heaving breast and moist eyes, "I have a deep, longing desire to once more breathe the air of my native land before being gathered to my forefathers."

Arabi Pasha added:

"So long as British soldiers remain in Egypt it will be impossible to reopen trade with the Soudan. The Soudanese hate the British and are hostile to the Egyptians because they allow the British to remain in Egypt. Withdraw the British troops from Egypt and then the Egyptians and Soudanese will mingle together in harmony, and we shall have a united Egypt."

Socialists Create Trouble.

A FEMALE SPEAKER ARRESTED DURING THE PROGRESS OF HER ADDRESS.

For many Sundays past the Socialists at Chelsea, England, have caused much trouble to the police by their riotous meetings. Sunday last was no exception to the rule, and 1500 Socialists assembled to hear a speech by Emma Ham, a prominent leader of the Laundresses' Union. The meeting was very disorderly. When the speaker began her address she clasped her arms around a lamp-post to prevent the police from moving her. The officers summoned her to move but she refused, and an exciting struggle between herself and a Police Inspector followed. A general fight occurred, and several policemen and civilians were injured. Ultimately Emma Ham and two others who had been particularly violent in their resistance to the police were arrested. The police had to fight their way through the mob to the station. The prisoners were arraigned in the Westminster police court and charged with obstructing the highway and assaulting the police, and were committed for trial.

A LONG-LIVED FAMILY.—There is now living at or near Cape Negro, Shelburne county, N. S., of the family of Joseph and Temperance Swain (deceased) six daughters and one son, who have reached the aggregate age of 581 years, averaging 83 years, respectively 94, 88, 80, 75, 70. The eldest, Mrs. Rebecca Slate, who is the mother of twelve children, can walk three or four miles any day duty calls to see her friends. The two twins are well and able to attend to their household duties, and J. Freeman Swain, who is 80 years of age, is both vivid and muscular, and can do as good a day's work as any man in Cape Negro.

LOOK.—All kinds of overshoes very cheap this week at Goff Bros.

Slaughter of Human Lives.

SAILORS THE VICTIMS OF VICIOUS SYSTEMS OF INSURANCE. STARTLING CHARGES.

Some sensational testimony was given before the Royal Labor Commission at London last week by Mr. Plimsoll, the champion of the rights and interests of sailors, who gave statistics to prove that the loss of life on British ships is quadruple that, proportionately, of any other nation. Mr. Plimsoll believed that the cause of the slaughter of human life would be found in the vicious system of insurance, whereby it was frequently a more profitable thing for an owner to lose his ship—and instantly kill a score or so of seamen—than to save it.

Mr. Plimsoll caused a sensation by pointing out, and proving by a comparison of statistics, the fact that whenever the value of shipping declines, in periods of mercantile depression, it becomes to the interests of owners to lose their ships.

The evidence then turned upon the condition of the sailors. Abundant proof was at hand of the bad food and poor accommodation afforded them. Mr. Plimsoll considered it imperatively necessary that the food provided on all outgoing ships should be regularly examined. Large numbers of sailors die, he averred, from the effects of improper food.

The witness declared that the present law allowing three feet of deckload should be modified. There ought, at least in long winter Atlantic voyages, to be no deckload at all. The penalty should be made sufficient to prevent infringement of its provisions.

A ship owner could have a ship built with absolutely no bulkheads at all, and revised legislation is needed in order to provide for the proper construction of vessels in this respect.

Over insurance is a more common thing, said Mr. Plimsoll, than is generally imagined. In one case last week a ship that could not be sold for £7,000 was insured for £16 000.

Men exposed to the hardships of life on shipboard cannot sustain the vital energies on food that is little better than swill.

Not long ago several ships arrived at San Francisco, having lost half their crews, and with the survivors so wasted by starvation that they had to be taken to a hospital, where one of the survivors died.

He had seen meat taken aboard vessels, to be used as food on the voyage, which was in such bad condition that the men who were handling it held their noses to escape the odor. He would not say that ship owners were particularly anxious to buy carrion, but he knew the practice was common of seeking the cheapest market, and not being too careful in inspection of the stuff furnished.

It was a common thing to scrape meat, and sometimes to pare off decayed portions, putting the remainder in fresh brine and sending it on board for the ship stores.

These are but a few of the details revealed by Mr. Plimsoll, who appealed for legislative reform.

A Child Carried Off by a Bear.

A little girl three years old, named Fleming, whose parents live in northern Michigan, being missed one afternoon, her parents tracked her to some bushes in the field, about forty rods from the house, at which point the child's tracks disappeared and those of a large bear were found leading into the woods. The horrified father, aided by neighbors, followed up the bear which had carried off the child, as fast as possible; but night set in, and they were obliged to wait till morning when the pursuit was re-commenced. In a short time, as the pursuers were passing a swampy spot, they heard the child's voice calling aloud. They rushed forward, heard a splash in the water, and soon saw the child standing on a log stretching over a pond. The bear, the child said, was carrying her across the log and had just jumped into the water and swam away. The bear had not hurt the child in the least, but had been caressing in its manner, and had lain down at night with its arms around the little one as if to shield her from harm. The bear had just lost her cub, and seemed to wish to adopt the child in its place.

Evicted Tenants Suffer.

JOHN DILLON'S APPEAL TO THE PARNELLITES TO HELP BENEFIT DESTITUTE IRISH.

John Dillon has written a protest against the attempts made by the Parnellites to prevent subscriptions being made to the fund for the benefit of evicted tenants. In Mr. Dillon's letter appears the last year's balance sheet of the fund. This shows that there was expended £45 220, the proceeds of Mr. Dillon's American tour and Irish subscriptions. Mr. Dillon says that since August last the McCarthyites have furnished £11,146 to the fund, that sum being all the money received. There are, Mr. Dillon says, 7,500 persons who receive grants, requiring the sum of £3 000 monthly. Owing to the lack of funds, some of the grants have not been paid. He concludes with an appeal to the Parnellites to start a separate fund and to enter into friendly rivalry with the McCarthyites in relieving the tenants who have been evicted from their holdings.

BIG MONEY HUNG UP.—At a meeting of the New Kentucky Association held at Lexington, Ky., last week, the dates for their spring meeting were fixed for April 30 to May 10, inclusive. There will be five races each day, and seven stake races, with $1000 added to each, and the balance in purses and handicaps, no purse being less than $400. The total money hung up will be $25 000. The Kentucky Trotting Horse Breeders' Association has passed a resolution continuing as a fixture the $25,000 futurity, and reducing the payment on same.

THAT hacking cough can be so quickly cured by Snioh's cure.—Reddin Bros. novldwly

CIVIC ELECTION.

IN pursuance of an Act of the General Assembly of this Island, made and passed in the fifty-first year of the reign of Her present Majesty Queen Victoria, Cap. 12 intituled: "The City of Charlottetown Incorporation Act," and of the Act amending the same, 55 Vic., Cap. 10, intituled "An Act to amend the City of Charlottetown Incorporation Act."

I do hereby give Public Notice that an election of a Mayor for the said City, and of one person to serve as Common Councilman in the City Council for each of Wards Numbers 1, 2 and 4 of said City, and of two persons to serve as Common Councilmen in the said Council for Ward No. 4 of said City, and of three persons to serve as Common Councilmen in the said Council for Ward No 3 in said City, being in all a Mayor and Eight Common Councilmen, representing the City as follows:—

For Ward Number One.....One Councillor.
" " " Two.....One Councillor.
" " " Three.....One Councillor.
" " " Four.....Two Councillors.
" " " Five.....Three Councillors.

WILL BE HELD ON

Wednesday, the 10th day of Febuary, A. D., 1892,

At the several places, that is to say:

In Ward No. 1, at or near the office of Mr. John Macaachern, Queen Street.

In Ward No. 2, at or near the house of Thomas Connolly, opposite Mr. R. Heartz's Warehouse, Sydney Street, between Great George and Prince Streets.

In Ward No. 3, at or near the Market House.

In Ward No. 4, at or near the new City Hall, corner of Kent and Queen Streets.

In Ward No. 5, at or near the carriage shop of Carroll & McAleer, corner of Euston and Great George Streets.

And at the said Election the Poll will be opened at nine o'clock in the forenoon, and continue open until five o'clock in the afternoon of the same day.

DESCRIPTION OF WARDS.

Number One shall comprise all that part of Charlottetown which lies south of Dorchester Street, and the parcel of land formerly known as the Military Barrack Ground.

Number Two shall comprise all that part of Charlottetown which lies south of Richmond Street and north of Dorchester Street.

Number Three shall comprise all that part of Charlottetown which lies south of Grafton Street and north of Richmond Street.

Number Four shall comprise all that part of Charlottetown which lies south of Fitzroy Street and north of Grafton Street.

Number Five shall comprise all that part of Charlottetown which lies north of Fitzroy Street, including the Common of the said Town.

NOMINATION DAY.

WEDNESDAY, February 3rd, A. D 1892, from the time of Twelve at noon until the hour of Four o'clock in the afternoon of the same day.

For qualification of Electors, see above Act 51 Victoria, Cap. 12, sec 24 to 29.

[L. S.]

H. M. DAVISON,
City Clerk.

T. HEATH HAVILAND,
Mayor of the City of Charlottetown.

City Clerk's Office, Charlottetown, Jan. 18, 1892.

jan20

Election of a Water Commissioner.

IN pursuance of an Act of the General Assembly of this Island, made and passed in the 9th year of the reign of Her present Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled: "Charlottetown Water Works Act, 1887,"

I do hereby give Public Notice that an

Election of a Water Commissioner for the City of Charlottetown,

in the place of JOHN KELLY, retired, will be held on

WEDNESDAY,

the 10th day of February, A. D. 1892,

at the several places, that is to say:

In Ward No. 1, at or near the office of Mr. John Macaachern, Queen Street.

In Ward No. 2, at or near the house of the late Thomas Connolly, opposite Mr. R. Heartz's Warehouse, Sidney Street, between Great George and Prince Streets.

In Ward No. 3, at or near the Market House.

In Ward No. 4, at or near the new City Hall, corner of Kent and Queen Streets.

In Ward No. 5, at or near the carriage shop of Carroll & McAleer, corner of Easton and Great George Streets.

And at the said Election the Poll will be opened at nine o'clock in the forenoon, and continue open until five o'clock in the afternoon of the same day.

DESCRIPTION OF WARDS.

Number One shall comprise all that part of Charlottetown which lies south of Dorchester Street, and the parcel of land formerly known as the Military Barrack Ground.

Number Two shall comprise all that part of Charlottetown which lies south of Richmond Street and north of Dorchester Street.

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NOMINATION DAY.

WEDNESDAY, February 3rd, A. D 1892, from the time of Twelve at noon until the hour of Four o'clock in the afternoon of the same day.

For qualification of Electors, see Act 50, Victoria, intituled "Charlottetown Water Works Act, 1887," also 51 Victoria, Cap. 12, sec. 24 to 29.

[L. S.]

T. HEATH HAVILAND,
Mayor of the City of Charlottetown.

H. M. DAVISON,
City Clerk.

Mayor's Office, Charlottetown, January 18, 1892.

jan20

CAUTION.
EACH PLUG OF THE
Myrtle Navy
IS MARKED
T. & B.
IN BRONZE LETTERS.
NONE OTHER GENUINE.
jan2—dy & wky