

An Accident

May happen to any person. The policies issued by the Ocean Accident Guarantee Corp. cover all kinds of accidents which man is liable to. The Company has \$2,000,000 IN CAPITAL

E. R. Brow

General Agent Charlottetown

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

FEBRUARY 2, 1897.

CANADIAN RELIEF FUND FOR INDIA.

His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor is in receipt of the following despatch from the Governor-General:

Governor-General, Ottawa, Jan. 27, 1897.

My Dear Lieutenant-Governor: Your Honor's prompt and hearty response to my telegram was much appreciated.

I now beg to enclose a telegram which I received yesterday evening from the Chief Justice of Bengal, Chairman of the "All Nations Relief Fund" at Calcutta. In replying to this message I have stated that a movement in the desired direction has already been started throughout the Dominion, and that I am hopeful of the results. I have also telegraphed to the Viceroy of India.

I shall feel greatly obliged if your Honor will kindly inform me as to any steps that may be taken in your Province with reference to this most urgent and grand work of charity.

I am well aware that in some respect the time is not favorable for financial benevolence, and that claims are numerous, but I feel confident that the people of Prince Edward Island will not be backward in doing what can be done. Especially I hope that it will not be recognized that while large donations have their peculiar value, no contribution, if it be only 50 cents or even 25 cents, is too small to be offered, and in one sense a sum contributed by, for instance, twenty different persons is of more value than if the same sum were given in one direction.

Your Honor will very likely have considered and consulted with your Ministers as to the steps which should be taken, and therefore I need not perhaps state that my suggestion beyond remarking that probably a circular letter might with advantage be sent by you to Mayors of Cities, to Chairmen of County Councils, etc., bringing the urgency of the appeal before them, and inviting their co-operation.

Of course the effective aid of the churches, which may be confidently looked for, will be of the utmost importance, and it may also be thought advisable that meetings should be convened at all the chief centres, where accurate information could be given as to the causes and extent of the grievous disaster which has overtaken our fellow subjects in India, and which we cannot forget, may have had indirectly the result of its own success, ministering to the prosperity of Canada.

I have only to add that all the principal Banks of Canada, to whom I made a special application for their co-operation and assistance, have responded in a most hearty and public-spirited manner.

I remain, Dear Mr. Howland, Yours very faithfully, (Signed) ALBERT DENNISON, Chief Justice of Bengal, and Chairman of Relief Committee.

Subsequently the Lieutenant-Governor received the following telegram: Ottawa, Feb. 1.

His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of P. E. Island.

I have to thank you for letter of 29th with very interesting and gratifying intelligence of the practical steps taken for securing satisfactory collections from the people of Prince Edward Island for the sufferers in India.

ALBERT DENNISON.

DEATH OF MR. BOURKE.

The people of Georgetown were shocked yesterday morning to learn that Mr. Michael Bourke, who was about his work as usual on Saturday, had taken ill on Sunday and died suddenly at midnight.

Mr. Bourke was in his 77th year, and was a man of sterling character who had many friends in town and country who will hear of his death with deep regret. He came to Georgetown from Lot 49 about the year 1850, and for many years carried on an extensive shipbuilding and mercantile business. For the last ten or twelve years he has been living on his farm, and was a very active man for his years. The familiar form of this active and public-spirited citizen will be missed in the community where he has lived for over 46 years. His funeral took place Tuesday at 2 o'clock.

Uncle Sam is bent and determined that Canadians shall not play in his back yard, and he wants to help build a fence across our front garden-plot.

Prevent sickness and save doctors' bills at this season by keeping your blood rich and pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HON. EDWARD WHELAN.

THE PRINTER AND PUBLISHER for January contains an interesting sketch of Joseph Howe and the Hon. Edward Whelan—written by Mr. W. D. Taunton, of the Halifax Chronicle. Mr. Taunton refers to an historic old press on which the history of Nova Scotia and the history of the sister and smaller provinces was made, the press on which was printed the Nova Scotian, the paper which fought the battle of responsible government in Nova Scotia, under the able editorship of Joseph Howe; the press which printed Haliburton's history of Nova Scotia and the first editions of the great works which made that author (Sam Slick) famous; the press on which was printed Murdoch's Epitome of the Laws of Nova Scotia, and the press on which was printed the Charlottetown Examiner, the paper which fought the battle of the masses against the classes on Prince Edward Island, and on which the speeches of the Island's greatest son, Honorable Edward Whelan, were printed. Then he introduces several of "Joe Howe's Boys," including G. H. Fenerty, of New Brunswick, Louis Knaut, of Malbone Bay, Nova Scotia, and the Hon. Edward Whelan himself, regarding whom he says:

"Whelan was to Prince Edward Island what Howe was to Nova Scotia. Reading the life of Howe, I am struck by the fact that Whelan, one cannot too closely resemble him. Howe, perhaps, was a little ahead of his time. Whelan looked for the confederation of the British provinces. Howe went further, and wanted a reconstruction of the Empire. But Howe did not neglect the present for the future, and his great abilities were brought into play in helping to right the wrongs of the past and generation in which he lived. The battles which Howe fought in Nova Scotia Whelan fought on Prince Edward Island. Both had the same greedy, arrogant aristocracy to fight, and both won the day. Both were confederate. Whelan was not a statesman, but a statesman, and Howe, however, fought the struggle which eventually triumphed. Whelan helped to make it. Edward Whelan was born in County Mayo, Ireland, in 1824, where he received the rudiments of education. When a mere lad he landed in the Dominion, and there he entered the printing office of Joseph Jove. At the age of 18 he had served his apprenticeship and had developed considerable talent as a writer. That he was a statesman, when from the fact that he immediately undertook to secure a field in which to establish a paper of his own. He went to Prince Edward Island. Here he saw a field ready for the laborer. The harvest, to his idea, was ripe. Back he went to Halifax, and secured the old press, as above recorded. First he printed a paper called the Palladium. This venture was wrecked on the shoals of limited finance; but Whelan was not disheartened, and soon the Examiner was published. This same paper is now a flourishing daily, and carries the motto credited to Euripides: "This is true liberty, when free born men, having to advise the public, may speak freely." That motto was put on the paper by Whelan, and has been well addressed to ever since. Whelan's power of pen and voice soon became felt. He took up the people's cause, and fought the ground inch by inch, slowly but surely, trying the family compact, and the war. He soon secured a seat in Parliament, which he held for 21 years, or until a short time previous to his death. To his efforts Prince Edward Island owes its free school system, and in other respects to Whelan the Island owes it to a Roman Catholic. He loved his church and he loved his people. He loved the people. He was essentially a child of the people. But his heart warmed more towards those of his own race, and he was very natural. He saw that the Irish Catholic laity and lazes were not making the advancement they should. Pecuniary circumstances handicapped them in the race with their neighbors. Whelan equalized matters by introducing the free school system and carrying it to a successful conclusion. The excellent system now on the island will stand as a lasting monument to his memory. Whelan represented in Parliament the district of St. Peter's, which was largely Roman Catholic. He never ran an election without a Protestant colleague, whom he always carried to victory.

Whelan died at Charlottetown, on the 11th of December, 1867, at the early age of 43—just 29 years ago. The immediate cause of his death was dropsy, but the real cause was a broken heart. Political feelings 30 years ago swayed human passions very much as they do today. The one who suffered at the hands of their own, and they do so today. The church was subservient to party feeling then, and it is so today. Of the personality of Whelan I have some knowledge. To the outside world he appeared reserved. In his own house he was a prince. The great in the land loved him, and the poor never left his door empty-handed. He possessed a large warm heart, which joined in the sorrows of others. As a husband and father he was kind and indulgent, even to a fault. He had a family of two daughters and one son. The daughters went before him and the son followed after. Whelan was a great Confidante. It is strange to say, but he was introduced by a boating accident on the first celebration of that event on the island, July 1st, 1875. He was a young man of great promise and was only in his 19th year. He was a Roman Catholic, and was on St. Peter's road, Charlottetown, there was the Whelan family, with the exception of the widow, who is waiting for the command. A plain marble slab, almost hidden by the tall grass, marks the resting place of the departed statesman. It was placed there by the son who now sleeps beside him. And here came another similarity between Whelan and Howe. The body of the latter lies in the same old Roman Catholic graveyard, and an effort was made to have a popular subscription, an amount sufficient to cover the cost of a monument to his memory. While a this scheme was a y work, or who was the cause, only a small amount of money was collected, and now the project seems dead. Prince Edward Islanders made several attempts to erect a monument to Whelan, but like the one referred to, they all bloomed and blossomed for a short season and then faded away. "Howe was Lieutenant-Governor of Nova Scotia when he died. He died poor. Whelan died poor, but although he was a great man in his own province he never rose to be Premier. Premier he was, but not in name. People were not so tolerant in his day as they are now, and the religion which he practised was the bar to political advancement. The Hon. W. W. Sullivan, a Roman Catholic, who represented Whelan's old constituency, saw this

barrier removed when he became Premier of the Island. He is now Chief Justice. "Edward Whelan married Mary Major Hughes, daughter of George Hughes, of H. S. Service, Halifax.

While we heartily congratulate Mr. Taunton upon his readable and racy sketch, we sincerely hope that he is wrong in his opinion that the idea of erecting a monument to Edward Whelan is dead. We, rather, incline to the opinion that it merely sleeps, and that a few more nudges, such as Mr. Taunton has given it, will cause it to wake up and be realized.

NARROW GAUGE JOURNALISM.

We submit that THE EXAMINER has given the Guardian no sufficient cause for its volley of this morning. It was not THE EXAMINER which wrote the Guardian down as belonging to the weak and one-sided class of journalism which refuses to publish the other side of the question—the editor of the Guardian did that himself! Certainly the Guardian ought not, in its rage, to insinuate that THE EXAMINER prostituted its columns to the use of "apologists, defensors or frequenters" of the "unlawful rum den, the brothel and the gambling house." Nor will the people of Charlottetown believe that the Guardian would have done so if it had published Councillor Nicholson's letter when requested to do so. As to the Guardian's question, Councillor Nicholson's letter was not in type soon enough for the country edition of THE DAILY EXAMINER, and it was omitted from THE WEEKLY EXAMINER because space in it was needed, and it is customary to leave out of matters published in the daily which relate solely to the city. If, however, Councillor Nicholson had expressed a desire to have his letter published in THE WEEKLY EXAMINER, or if we had had the remotest idea that the Guardian would have been glad to see it there, we should in all courtesy have issued a special order for its insertion. The reflections cast upon the morals and good taste of the citizens of Charlottetown by the Guardian's contention that we feared to publish for our country readers "apologies for the rum trade" which we were not afraid to publish for them is neither pleasing nor just. THE EXAMINER readers in the country are, as a rule, people of the highest character, but not less so are the great majority of our neighbors, friends and patrons in this city and we repel with indignation the Guardian's imputation that we could place before them letters which we dared not place before the people of the country.

The reckless attempt of the Guardian to misrepresent THE EXAMINER's position with respect to the Scott Act is hardly worth noting. All readers know that THE EXAMINER is always for temperance that while we do not regard the Scott Act as strong in itself or satisfactory in its operation, we have given it and its promoters a consistent support so long as it has been the law, and that we have continuously advocated co-operation between the civic authorities and its promoters in order that it may be the more effectively enforced. Whether or not the Scott Act promoters have been spurred into activity by the occasional criticisms of THE EXAMINER is a matter of opinion; but we believe that THE EXAMINER has in this way done good work for temperance.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

The Justice of the British Government is well exemplified by the payment to Ivory, whom they failed to convict as a dynamiter, of \$10,000 and all his expenses of trial.

Referring to the letter of "Justice" in another column, it is but fair to state that many of the officials whose names and salaries are mentioned have risen in the course of a long series of years from the lower grades of the civil service, in accordance with the rules of the service. The salary made by our correspondent for the young men of the country is certainly worthy of attention. But it is an undoubted fact that much the larger proportion of the list he gives is drawn from the country.

Colchester. The action of the recent Convention in tendering the nomination to Dr. D. H. Muir has been met with the unanimous approval of Liberal Conservatives everywhere throughout the county, and we can safely say that no candidate ever received a more enthusiastic support in Colchester than will be accorded Dr. Muir if he sees his way clear to accept the wishes and the nomination of his party. The man who sacrifices personal inclinations to serve the interest of his party is not likely to be soon forgotten, and in the present juncture of affairs Dr. Muir, by accepting the leadership of the Liberal Conservatives of Colchester will certainly place the party under a deep obligation to the people of the county. Temperance is assured, we believe, and whatever the outcome his position in the Liberal Conservative ranks will be firmly established.

TOO THIN.

Sir,—Perhaps one of the thinnest and most ridiculous arguments used by the liquor men in the past was that the rum seller voted for the Act. The idea is too utterly utter for anything. Just imagine, if you can, the noble array of voters in Queen's County all giving their vote and influence in favor of the Canada Temperance Act. And yet there are some very innocent people who pretend to believe it.

WE CAN ANSWER.

1st, because we do as we advertise; 2nd, we try and treat every one alike; 3rd, if anything is bought at our store and is not satisfactory we refund your money; 4th, we sell you goods cheaper than our friends; 5th, we carry the largest stock of dry goods in the city to select from; 6th, we buy almost all of our goods from headquarters, which assures their being good; and you pay spot cash for them. No one can underbid us. On 7th, we will sell you goods from 8 a. m. in the morning until 6 p. m. at night, and all you want; 8th, because we do business on the square and in the lowest way and do not sell you goods at one price and your neighbor at another, as we have but one price and every one gets that price until it is changed.—Jas. Paton & Co.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure. Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthiness. Assured the highest quality and most uniform of adulteration common to the cheap cheap CO. NEW YORK.

TIMELY INFORMATION.

An Eye-Opener for Country Districts. Sir,—The following list from the Dominion Civil Service Report, A. D. 1896, shows who hold the principal Dominion offices at Charlottetown, the amount received annually, and the date of appointment:—

- CUSTOMS (INSIDE SERVICE). James Carr, Collector and Registrar, 10th May, 1880, \$1,800. George Bremner, Chief Clerk, April 1892, \$1,200. Alexander Duncan McLeod, Cashier, 8th May, 1877, 800. Edwin White, Clerk, 1st Oct. 1878, 600. Duncan McNeill, Clerk, 5th Nov. 1878, 600. Michael Joseph Morin, Clerk, 1st June, 1885, 600. Robert Hogg, Appraiser, 18th May, 1880, 1,000. James Neil Lawson, Ganger, 1st Sept. 1889, 700. James MacDonald, Landing Water, 13th Jan. 1874, 500. Lucius O. Kelly, Locker, etc., 1st Sept. 1891, 500. James E. W. Wainwright, 1st April, 1881, 600. Geo. F. Robinson, Landing Water (since superannuated, now Mr. E. Peaker), 1st Nov. 1874, 500. Andrew Sullivan, Provincial Officer, 1st June, 1890, 400.

POST OFFICE (INSIDE SERVICE). Hon. F. De St. Croix Brecken, Post Master, etc., 1st Aug. 1884, \$2,200. Wm. H. Harris, 1st clerk, 20th June 1873, 1,200. John Andrus Lawson, 2nd clerk, 29th June, 1872, 1,200. Nicholas White, 2nd clerk, 1st July, 1873, 1,000. Bernard Traigor, 2nd clerk, 1st Oct. 1874, 1,000. John Munro Campbell, 2nd clerk, 1st April, 1875, 1,000. Joseph McCree, 2nd clerk, 6th Dec. 1889, 900. Matthew Wm. Murphy, 3rd clerk, 6th Sept. 1884, 800. John Neil Robertson, 3rd clerk, 19th Jan. 1885, 800. Wm. Henry F. Gill, 3rd clerk, 21st Jan. 1888, 680. James A. Callaghan, 3rd clerk, 30th June, 1890, 600. John Lewis Carrigan, 3rd clerk, 16th July, 1889, 600. John M. Hughes, 3rd clerk, 1st July, 1891, 450.

POST OFFICE—OUTSIDE SERVICE. Otto Russell Crabby, mail clerk, 23rd June, 1875, 800. Thomas Walter Haszard, mail clerk, 11th Aug. 1875, 800. Daniel Joseph Macdonald, mail clerk, 1st Sept. 1881, 800. DEPARTMENT MARINE AND FISHERIES. Artemus Lord, agent, 1st Jan. 1881, \$1,400. William C. Hobkirk (since appointed), 1896, 200. DEPARTMENT LAND REVENUE. Samuel C. Nash, collector, 12th Dec. 1870, \$1,200. DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE—DOMINION SAVINGS BANK. Percy Pope, Assistant Receiver General, 1st July, 1883, \$1,950. William Leitch, clerk, 30th Jan. 1874, 1,000. Francis Loughran, clerk, 1st July, 1882, 800. The Railway Department I will refer to later on.

It can be readily seen from the list given that the electorate of Charlottetown has been for the past largely monopolizing the best of all the Dominion office, besides the minor positions in every department of the public service. It is to be hoped in future if any changes take place or any new positions be made that the public districts will not be overlooked.

NEWS NOTES.

Gen. B. A. Alger has been offered the portfolio of Secretary of War in McKinley's cabinet. He has accepted. Premier Laurier has replied to the British Consul General at Brazil, guaranteeing the expenses of returning eleven more Canadian families, comprising forty persons, from Brazil. A despatch from Manila, Philippine Islands, states that 2,000 people have admitted to the government in response to an offer of pardon extended to insurgents by Captain General Polajarin.

The following offerings are a bid for a great week's trade—Stanley Bros.: 50 night dresses, 50c each; 50 night dresses, large sailor collar, 60c each; 45 night dresses, market \$90 to \$1.50, for 75c each; Heavy bleached sheeting, plain, 72 inch, 16c a yard; Heavy bleached twilled sheeting, 72 inch, heavy and fine, 15c per yard; Unbleached sheeting, 72 inch, heavy and fine, 15c per yard; White Cottons, absolutely pure and ready for use, 36 inches wide, 8c, 10c and 12c per yard. The finest assortment of plain-tucked lawns and nainsooks in the city. Unbleached Shirts, 35, 45 and 85 cents each; Men's Collars, 12c each (same as sold elsewhere for 15c); Cuffs, 15c and 20c a pair. Table Linens, Napkins and Towels. No better value anywhere.—Stanley Bros.

SUNNYSIDE LEADERS

Good Foolscap 7c quire. Note Paper 3c quire. Envelopes, 4 for 25c. Rubber Tipped Lead Pencil 1c each. Nice bright shop. Always glad to see you. Store open until 8 o'clock. Come for low prices. Hazard & Moore, Booksellers.

TELEGRAPHIC.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.

A Short Session Anticipated.

OTTAWA, Feb. 2. The Tariff Committee will leave for Winnipeg on Saturday. Now that Mr. Laurier has been invited to go to England in June next, the general impression is that the session of Parliament will be short, and that the Government will drop most of its measures except the tariff and the bills in amendment to the Civil Service Act and Superannuation.

Troubles in Crete.

LONDON, Feb. 2. The recurrence of disorders in the island of Crete, arising from hatred between the Christians and their Turkish rulers, is reported. A number of murders have taken place, and the situation is grave.

New Brunswick Politics.

St. John's, Feb. 2. The Local Government is in session. It is believed that Premier Mitchell will hold office till the close of the legislative session.

To Enter the Convent.

MOSCOW, Feb. 2. It is reported that Maggie Datcher will enter the convent at Menramnook.

Death of Martini.

BERNE, Feb. 2. M. Martini, the inventor of the rifle bearing that name, is dead.

Chest Protector, all sizes, at Watson's Drug Store.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure. Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthiness. Assured the highest quality and most uniform of adulteration common to the cheap cheap CO. NEW YORK.

There are Others...

Yes, there are sales, sales, and bankrupt sales, but read these prices and be convinced that ours is THE SALE.—J. M. McLEOD & CO.

LADIES' DEPT

Just a few of the numerous attractions we are offering in this dept. SIZE 2 1-2. Wo's Dongola laced, \$4.00, now \$1.75. Wo's Undressed kid Slippers, 4.00, now 2.00. Wo's Patent Leather Slippers, 3.00, now 2.25. Wo's Dongola Laced Boots, 2.00, now 1.35.

GENTS' DEPT

Finding the demand for the Slater Shoe so universal, we have decided to close out all other fine goods, in order to make room for our immense spring stock. SIZE 6. Men's Calf Boots, \$3.00, now \$2.25. Men's Kangaroo Congress, 5.25, now 3.50. Men's Buff Congress, 2.00, now 1.25.

SIZE 7.

Men's Patent Leather Boots, 3.00, now 2.25. Men's Buff Congress, 2.25, now 1.75. Men's Cordovan Boots, 4.00, now 3.00.

SIZE 8.

Men's Calf Boots (American), 5.00, now 3.00. Men's Calf Boots, 3.00, now 2.25.

SIZE 9.

Men's Buff Boots, 1.75, now 1.25. Men's Dongola Congress, 2.75, now 2.00.

SIZE 10.

Men's Buff Boots, 2.35, now 1.75. Men's Calf Boots, 4.00, now 3.00. Men's Calf Boots, 3.00, now 2.25.

OUR \$1.00 TABLE

Contains Women's, Misses' and Children's Boots. These are just a few samples of the prices; we will show you others. See our Men's Window, all goods at half price. Your choice for \$1.00 in our Women's window, see them.

J. M. McLEOD & CO.

This sale for cash. No goods on approval. Wholesale & Retail.

Geo Carter & Co

Books, Stationery and Toys. Queen St, Charlottetown.

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It Isn't the Store That Promises

But the store that does, that grows strong in the people's confidence. We weigh every word we print thoughtfully in the scales of fact. We measure every value we put before you carefully, as a result this is a "sincere store." Everybody knows just what to expect, and expect just what they find, the very best at the very lowest prices. Beirum Suits, from \$15 and up.

JOHN NEWSON THE BARGAIN GIVER

Installation of Officers In Wright's Hall, Ch'town, Lodge I. O. G. T. On Thursday Evening, Feb. 4th

DR CLIFT

Graduate of N. Y. University, and the N. Y. Hospital. 20 years practice in N. S. City. Diploma registered in U. S. and Canada.

DR CLIFT

Address—Charlottetown P.E.I. Office—Victoria Row. Telephone Call Grand Temple. Admission Silver Collection. Ladies with baskets free.

BASKET SOCIAL

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