

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

MAY 20, 1890.

Bridge Across the Hillsborough.

The attempt made in yesterday's Patriot to claim credit for Messrs. Hector C. McDonald and F. Peters for the survey of the Hillsborough River, with a view to ascertaining the cost of constructing a bridge, is too silly to call for any consideration. That modesty and straightforwardness which is so characteristic of these gentlemen, is evident in the Patriot's reference to this matter. The people who took part in the meeting held in Mount Herbert Schoolhouse last January, and exacted a promise from the candidates for the Belfast and Fort Augustus Districts, count for nothing; but all must be credited to the wonderful ability of Messrs. McDonald and Peters. It was on Mr. Ferguson's duty devolved of carrying out the resolution of the Mount Herbert meeting, and he has done it, even to the satisfaction of the Opposition Party. In proof of this we will quote the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted by the House of Assembly:—

Whereas, The want of proper facilities for crossing the Hillsborough River, has, for many years, occasioned great inconvenience and serious pecuniary loss to the people on the south side of the said river;

And whereas, The residents of that important section of this Province, thus prejudicially affected by the want of the facilities, have special claims for aid from the Provincial Government;

Therefore Resolved, That the House approves of the action of the Government in undertaking a survey by a competent engineer of the said river in order to ascertain the cost of a bridge.

The Patriot's quibble that the correspondence with the engineer at present engaged in the survey was not entered on until after the matter had been discussed in the House of Assembly, is intended to convey a false impression. The correspondence placed on the table of the House shows that the Government took early action in the matter.

The people interested in the matter will not fail to observe that every member of the House is on record as voting in approval of the action taken by the Government.

Notes and Comments.

—The dust to-day was almost unbearable, yet there was no sign of the watering cart about the streets. The persons responsible for this neglect should awake to a sense of their duty and have the cart sent out at once.

—According to a recent Ottawa despatch our farmers will have plenty of rearing matter this summer, for the joint printing committee of parliament has decided to print 7,000 copies of the report of the agriculture and colonization committee, 10,000 copies of the report of the sub-committee on the scheme of assistance to British immigrants, 50,000 copies of the report of the Dairy-men's Association and 25,000 copies of the report of the fruit growers' convention, in the ordinary ratio of French and English.

—The Universal Review, of London, publishes an address to the Czar, remonstrating against the outrages upon Russian exiles in Siberia. The remonstrance is signed by 254 persons. Many of the signers favor a diplomatic protest by the British Government. Gladstone has written a letter in connection with this matter in which he says that the government of Russia will be justified in returning any note sent to it in regard to its treatment of exiles with a communication calling the attention of the British Government to the brutal slaughter of Irish people at Mitchells-town some time ago.

—By a strange coincidence, says an Ottawa despatch, the total number of bills passed by Parliament during the session just closed is the same as last year, viz: 110. One hundred and sixty-seven bills were introduced—138 in the Commons and 31 in the Senate; 38 Government bills have been passed and one public general act (to amend the Canada Temperance Act) the remaining 71 private bills are made up as follows: Railway bills, 42; bank, 5; private companies, 5; insurance, 2; trust companies, 2; divorce, 2; navigation company, 1; construction company, 1; telegraph and cable company, 1; patents extended, 2; manufacturing companies, 5; Orange incorporation, 1; board of trade, 1; boom company, 1; total, 71. The number of addresses and orders of the House issued during the session was 132; the returns brought down in answer to the above was 95. Nine returns to addresses and orders of last session were also tabled.

—Below is the platform, in brief, on which the Republican party in the United States appealed to the people at the last election. The result showed that Protection is as popular as ever among our Republican neighbors:

Resolved, That the great foundation of the prosperity of the United States is in the maintenance of the employment and wage earning power of its people:

That the American citizen—whether native or naturalized—should be protected in all his rights, both as a citizen at home and abroad, and as a laborer and wage-earner both on the land and on the sea:

That the Protective Policy of the United States is the true policy creating the greatness of nations. It is shown to-day by the success of the two strongest powers of Europe—Germany and France—whose protective systems have raised them to the front rank among the nations of the earth, in sharp contrast with the weakness and industrial distress and internal quarrels of England, whom the Democratic party is trying to force this country to imitate in the solitary and mistaken policy of Free Trade.

That the attacks made upon the system of Protection should be resisted with all the power of the people, whether made by a Presidential Message from the White House or by a majority of the House of Representatives, led by dangerously ambitious men, whose interests are far removed from the true welfare of the American laborer.

By order, F. W. HALES, Secretary.

K. D. C. Cures Dyspepsia.

The Chancery Court.

The evidence and arguments in the case of Donald Farquharson against Ronald McMillan before the Vice-Chancellor was concluded last evening. The parties are joint owners of the steamer William and the action has arisen out of the management of that vessel by Mr. McMillan, the managing owner. Mr. Farquharson charges that the steamer has not been managed in a careful and prudent manner, and asks the Court to interfere and appoint another manager, and also to have the accounts referred in order to have certain charges disallowed. The case has been before the Court since Monday, the 12th inst. Yesterday afternoon Mr. McLeod, Q. C., on behalf of the defendant, addressed the Court at some length. He was followed by Mr. Hodgson, Q. C., for the complainant, after which the Vice-Chancellor reserved judgment and adjourned the Court.

The Confession of Faith.

ACTON OF THE PRESBYTERIAN GENERAL ASSEMBLY AT SARATOGA, N. Y.

In the Presbyterian General Assembly, in session at Saratoga, N. Y., on the 16th, the committee on methods of effecting changes in the Confession of Faith and the Constitution of the Church reported:—

First, That since the differences of opinion as to the methods of amendment of the Confession of Faith and the larger and shorter catechism are so marked and widespread it is unwise to raise the "issues" involved in the general assembly; second, that this church has always considered the doctrine of such material importance that changes in the doctrinal standards should be made under greater restrictions than changes or alterations in form of government, the book of discipline and the directory of worship; third, that the methods of doctrinal alteration should be included in the constitution itself; fourth, that the church, speaking officially through the presbytery, can alone determine with authority the question at issue.

Therefore, this committee recommends that the question be transmitted to the presbytery, where there shall be added to the form of government chapter xiii of amendments, providing, first, for the proposal by the general assembly to the presbyteries of amendments or alterations of the form of government, book of discipline and directory for worship, but that these shall not be obligatory unless a majority of all the presbyteries approve in writing; and second, that alterations in the doctrinal standards shall not be proposed to the presbyteries unless they have been under consideration for one year by a committee of not less than fifteen ministers and ruling elders, not more than two of whom shall be from any one Synod; third, no alterations shall be made in the provisions of this chapter for changes in the doctrinal standards, unless an overture from the general assembly submitting the proposed alterations shall be approved in writing by two-thirds of them; fourth, the general assembly must transmit to the presbyteries any overture submitted to it by one-third of all presbyteries; fifth, any amendment so submitted and approved shall go into effect immediately after the general assembly shall have committed the fact.

The committee also recommended that the presbyteries be directed to answer the overtures as a whole by a simple yea or nay, to be reported to the state clerk in time to be presented to the next general assembly.

Personal.

Hon. Senator PROWSE returned from Ottawa last evening.

The Fisk Jubilee Singers arrived in town from Summerside this forenoon. They are at the Hotel Davies.

Mr. Ingres, of the Ingres Contellier Schools of Languages, is in the city, and intends opening classes in French, German and Spanish. His methods of teaching are said to be excellent, and are managed on the conversational plan. Mr. Ingres gives an exhibition of his method on Thursday next, in the Y. M. C. A. Hall.

Mr. Sydney Moore, agent of the Bank of Nova Scotia at Oxford, N. S., with wife and daughter, are visiting their relatives and friends in the city. Mr. Moore represents the Oxford branch as being in a flourishing state, and predicts a bright future for that enterprising town.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

HOTEL DAVIES.

19th—H. H. Harvey, Montreal; G. Theakston, H. L. Silver, T. A. Cosman, J. Lear, Halifax; W. Richards, Bideford; F. J. Dooley and wife, Boston; Saml Prowse, Murray Harbor; Geo Mason, Thomas M. Beers, Toronto; Maxime Ingres, St. John.

OSBORNE HOUSE.

19th—F. X. Pichette, Quebec; C. H. Sanborn, Boston; G. Bearisto, Dundas; M. O'Connor, S. Side; Rev. J. McLennan and wife, Bloomfield; G. A. Thompson, Montague; Jas. Clark, Dundas, Ont.; J. S. Chaisson, Tignish.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

ENTERED.

May 19—Annie Louise, Nickerson, Pownal; Lochiel, Smith, Buctouche; Bonny Kate, Munro, Glace Bay; Lily Bank, Blue, Pictou; Trio, Reid, Pugwash; Phantom, Taylor, Bay Verte; Brilliant, Keeping, Glace Bay; Olivia, McDougall, Pictou; Etolie du Matin, Garrett, Newcastle; Onward, Keizer, Georgetown.

20—Mary Margaret, Cahoon, Geo'town; Mikado, Farrell, Shediac; Isabella, Wade, Newcastle; Mary Covell, Brean, Buctouche; Rising Dawn, Plought.

CLEARED.

May 19—Annie Louise, Nickerson, Glace Bay; Lochiel, Smith, Point du Chene; Lily Bank, Blue, Wood Islands; Phantom Taylor, Bay Verte; Maria, Lewis, Chatham; Trio, Reid, Pugwash; Annie M. Pride, Pride, Wallace; 20—Mikado, Farrell, Shediac.

K. D. C. Cures Indigestion.

Charlottetown Steam Navigation Company (Ltd).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Steamers "St. Lawrence" and "Princess of Wales" will be laid up for the Annual Dominion Government Inspection of Boilers and Engines on MONDAY NEXT, the 26th inst., and that in consequence the usual trips from Charlottetown to Pictou and Summerside to Point du Chene will have to be abandoned for that day.

If the inspection is over in time, the Steamer for Pictou will leave later in the day.

By order, F. W. HALES, Secretary.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

Letter From Mr. F. W. L. Moore.

SIR,—The long letter over the signature of "Defendant," in your issue of Saturday last, is too contemptible, both in style and substance, to call for any extended notice. His statements, for the most part, carry their own refutation.

For the writer's own good, however, I would advise him to find out a little about his authorities and cases from some reliable source before thrusting them on the public. He first made the discovery that I was setting up a theory of individual and social rights, in direct opposition to that which had been adopted by Blackstone and Mill. Having settled this in his own mind, but, evidently fearing it might not be so clear to his less logical fellow citizens, he now comes out with the further announcement that I am at war with a decision of the Privy Council.

He is just as far astray in this as in the other. He says that my objection to the Scott Act is that it contradicts the principles of natural justice; that the Act has been submitted to the highest court; and that, if it was open to such an objection, it would have been disallowed.

The great case in which the Scott Act came before the Privy Council was Russell vs. the Queen. I thought the substance of that case was of public knowledge. At all events, if "Defendant" had read the official report, or had asked any of his legal friends about it, he would not have made such a mistake. The issue, as it came before the Judicial Committee, was one of dry law,—whether the Scott Act fell within the powers of the Dominion or of the Provincial Parliament. They held that the subject matter of that statute was given by the British North America Act, to the control, not of the Local, but of the Federal Legislature. The question decided had nothing to do with the principles of natural justice. The justice, or injustice, of the Act was a thing about which their Lordships did not bother. The responsibility for that was with our legislature. Over the Parliament of Canada the Appeal Judges had no jurisdiction. In fact, in another case, on an Act of that very Parliament, they had just pronounced that,—"There is, really, no practical limit to the authority of a supreme legislature, except the lack of executive power to enforce its enactments." By the way, it requires a lot of "executive power" to force an obnoxious law upon a free people.

"Defendant" says he will NEVER condemn the Scott Act because of its results. When he next comes to canvass "the temperance people" who were induced to vote for that Act before, he may find that results have some weight with them, if not with him. Or, perhaps, he has got to that stage of infatuation where the dictionary is ignored, and the phrase "temperance people" means "prohibitionists."

F. W. L. MOORE.

May 20, 1890.

Sorry to Part.

SIR,—I was very sorry to hear the report that the Steamship "Carroll" was to be taken off the route, after her next voyage, as many pleasant remembrances were left with all who had the pleasure of the company of the officers at the several picnics held last season. It is also reported that the obliging and courteous 1st. officer, Mr. Chase, has already made several engagements for picnics to be held this coming season, and I feel certain that his many friends will be only too happy to meet himself and better half, who, by the way, is expected here by the next "Carroll." The anticipated withdrawal of the American steamer is a matter of regret, but as it is not yet definitely arranged, all expect that this step may not be taken.

BOSTON STEAMERS.

STEAMER "CARROLL" leaves Charlottetown for Boston on THURSDAY, 22nd May, at 6 p. m. Leaves Boston for Charlottetown on WEDNESDAY, 28th May, at noon.

Steamer "WORCESTER" will follow. Due notice of sailing will be given later.

CARVELL BROS., Agents.

R. B. GARDNER, Manager, Lewis' Wharf, Boston.

may 20

GERMAN

BRAN! FLOUR!

EX S. S. "CARROLL"

JUST ARRIVED from Ontario Mills, One Carload Bran, prime quality. Also in stock—Todd Milling Co's, famous brand of Flour "Our Country," "Stockwell" and "Phoenix"; also, "Howard" and "Kent Mills" Flour, Kila Dried Cornmeal, Rolled Oats, etc., for sale low.

A. HORNE & CO., Upper Queen Street.

may 20—dy 4w 2aw why 4i

MILLINERY!

Great Variety of Novelties NOT OBTAINABLE ELSEWHERE Fashionable Dress Goods and Mantles.

BEER BROS.

GENERAL HARDWARE!

Barb Wire Fencing, Bar Iron, Cut Nails, Roofing Material, Builders' and Painters' Supplies, Carriage Goods, Wholesale and Retail.

NORTON & FENNELL.

Charlottetown, May 20 1890—dy 2aw wky

HOSIERY, GLOVES, COLLARS, SHIRTS, TIES. New Styles and Low Prices.

HARRIS & STEWART.

Ch'town, May 3, 1890.

A Bold Dash FOR FIRST PLACE,

As I Have Got the Goods to do it.

I HAVE IMPORTED from the best Houses in the Old Country, SCOTCH and ENGLISH GOODS that cannot be beaten in quality, pattern or price, and customers are convinced at sight, as these goods speak for themselves. Five Hundred and Sixty Pairs of PANTALOONS to select from, of the prettiest patterns. LIGHT and DARK TWEED SUITINGS in the newest designs, and WORSTEDS in the finest grades, which I will make up at prices to suit the times, as I intend to let no one undersell me. I invite the public to come and examine my stock. Good Fits warranted for no sake.

A. J. MURPHY.

Ch'town, May 9, 1890—tu fri UPPER QUEEN STREET.

THE ORIGINAL PROF. ASELEY, EXCURSION MILLINERY OF MONTREAL.

HAS ONCE MORE ARRIVED IN CHARLOTTETOWN, and is ready to extract your teeth.

THE KING OF DENTISTS will perform on his Electric Instruments, unknown to anyone. His wonderful operations in public fields, positively no fear of pain.

The Professor can be consulted on all kinds of diseases—Rheumatism, Liver Complaint, Bronchial Affections, Catarrh, Deafness, Sore Eyes, Kidney Complaints, Colic, Cramps, Fits, Cuts, Sores, Bruises, and all kinds of Weakness. Also cures stiffness of the Joints, Muscles, and Sprains, and Cancers can be removed by drawing.

The world-renowned RHEUMATIC EMBROCATIONS, which will cure all kinds of pain and disease, for sale only by him.

Don't forget to get your teeth extracted. Now is your only chance. People with swollen jaws and aching face, don't fail to pay the Professor a visit.

The Professor will appear in MARKET HALL, commencing on WEDNESDAY EVENING, the 21st inst., for one Week or more, with a pleasing Specialty Company. Everything new and original. Don't fail to attend the entertainment and enjoy a good hearty laugh.

A Grand Exhibition of Teeth Extracting will be given after each performance by the Professor and Mrs. Ashley, Queen of Dentists.

This is your only chance. Don't fail to attend and see the Crowned Queen. Office hours, 9 till 5, at the Osborne House. may 19

Furniture at Auction.

AT SALESROOM, To-morrow (Tuesday) Morning, at 11 o'clock, the Rev. John Hutchison's Furniture will be sold, comprising Parlor Suit, Bedroom Suit, Centre Table, Bookcase, Iron Bedsteads, Tables, Carpets, Stoves, etc., all good as new.

may 19—2w 2aw pd

375 YDS.

Worsted Cloths,

SHORT LENGTHS

JAS. PATON & CO.

375 Yds. Worsted Cloths,

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Lengths Suitable for Boys' Suits,

Lengths Suitable for Men's Suits,

Lengths Suitable for Ladies' Jackets,

Lengths Suitable for Ladies' Dolmans.

Heavy All-Wool 54-inch Serge Suitings, worth \$2.25 per yard, for \$1.50.

COME AND SECURE A BARGAIN.

GREAT DISPLAY

New Carpets

OIL CLOTHS.

Everything in House Furnishings at Bottom Prices.

MILLINERY

Dress Goods

GREAT VARIETY.

JAMES PATON & CO., Market Square.

Ch'town, May 17, 1890.

Prince Edward Island Railway.

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY.

RETURN TICKETS, at one first-class fare, will be issued to and from all Stations on this Railway, by afternoon trains on 23rd, and by all trains on 24th and 26th May, inst., good to return up to and on May 28th, 1890.

J. UNSWORTH, Superintendent, Ch'town, May 17, '90. dy 4w 2aw