

THE DAILY EXAMINER

FEBRUARY 1, 1895

SALARIES OF TEACHERS

A few weeks ago THE EXAMINER directed attention to the fact that the teachers of this city have suffered heavy pecuniary loss—loss which they ought not to have to bear—as a result of the legislation of the Province. Class legislation of any kind is bad. It is particularly bad when it operates against an estimable and valuable class, such as the teachers of our city.

But the question now to be brought home to the citizens and their representatives at the School Board and the City Council is this: shall the teachers continue to bear the loss of that which has been taken from them, or shall the corporation make it good? To the teachers the deduction from their salaries of \$40 or \$50 or \$60 each is a matter of indifference, for these sums are the difference between plenty and pinching. But to the individual who may be called upon to pay his proportion of the amount, a straitened purse, a reduced income, a loss of the whole town, it will not add materially to the burden of taxation.

By comparing the salaries paid here with those paid in the neighboring provinces it will be seen that our teachers will not be at all liberally dealt with even if the amounts of which they have been deprived be made good. At Morris Street School in Halifax, for instance, the salaries range from \$900 to \$400; at Albro Street School from \$750 to \$420; at Alexandra School from \$750 to \$320. These are much better salaries than were paid in Charlottetown even in the palm days when the Tory Government held office, when the supplement was met by the Provincial Administration, and when there were no taxes to pay into the Provincial treasury.

Is the existing tariff there a careful discrimination. Things which can be grown or produced here are subject to duty in order that home producers may have advantage in the home market. For instance, on wool, viz., Leicester, Cotswold, Lincolnshire, Southdown, combing wools, or wools known as lustre wools, and other like combing wools, such as are grown in Canada, are subject to a duty of three cents per pound—the duty operating to the advantage of all Canadian agriculturists. But "wool of the hair of the camel, alpaca, goat and other like animals"—not grown or produced in Canada—are upon the free list, to the advantage of home manufacturers and all consumers of such wool products.

Upon the same principle, tea, coffee, raw sugar, cotton wool and cotton waste, unmanufactured tobacco, autruche coal and hundreds of other articles not produced in Canada are on the free list; while pork and other kinds of meats, live hogs and other live animals, such as are produced by Canadian farmers; barley, Indian corn, oats, wheat, oatmeal, flour, starch, fruits, and hundreds of other articles obtained from our own farmers, are subject to duty in order, first, that a revenue may be raised, and second, that other like products of the United States may not be brought across the line and sold upon equal terms with the products of Canada.

Our people can understand this, and see that it is done for their benefit. But no man can understand what Mr. Laurier means by such high-sounding phrases as a tariff which will yield a "maximum of revenue for a minimum of taxation."

LEAP IN THE DARK. One of a total of 775 articles enumerated in the Canadian tariff, 296 are on the free list. Does Mr. Laurier intend to extend it or to restrict this free list? At Winnipeg he clearly intimated that the revenue which would be lost by reductions of duty on goods manufactured abroad, would be made up by taxes on raw materials.

At Montreal he declared that "if we were to have a revenue tariff, raw materials would be on the free list." There is nothing certain, stable, definite, decided or distinct in Mr. Laurier's policy. For this reason alone, it ought to be rejected by a people who are, under present conditions, as prosperous as any in the world. There is no reason, no justification, for such a "leap in the dark" as Mr. Laurier asks us to take.

Warning to Women. Ladies who appreciate the high quality of Priestley's dress goods should make it a point to see that Priestley's name is stamped on every five yards. Instances are not unknown where Priestley's trade mark "The Varied Board" has been used on the same line with inferior goods wrapped upon it.

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We are receiving a large number of orders for picture frames and are making them up cheap. Call and see if this is not so, and bring a picture with you—Bazaar Store.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

We greatly regret the death of John M. Robertson, Esq., of Cavendish. An upright man and a strong Conservative in a political sense.

Great satisfaction was felt and expressed to-day by persons residing west of Charlottetown on the restoration of the morning train from Summerside to Charlottetown.

It has been noted that the Guardian attacks its friends, the girls, after the election when it can do them no harm, and in the character of an independent, it may do them a great deal of harm. The game is a clever one—from the point of view, but quite unworthy of a religious newspaper.

The resolutions passed at the political meeting held at Edon show that the people of Belfast and Murray Harbor are alive to their interests, and are not to be deterred from pushing for their rights. They were cruelly misled and misrepresented when the P. E. Island Railway was built; and they have been under a great disadvantage ever since. Now, they are told, in effect, by the morning train of some—of that kerosene oil pays a heavy duty. Well, if a poor man cannot afford kerosene oil—what about tallow? He can procure that article in the country without paying any duty, and he can manufacture his own candles—the time was when candle light was considered quite a luxury. However, some poor people are now of opinion that kerosene oil, notwithstanding the duty is cheaper than tallow, so that would not only be a minimum of taxation. The liberal leader desires to promote "free trade with the whole world, more particularly with Great Britain and the United States." How this can be accomplished is another mysterious problem which Mr. Laurier left his hearers to conjecture. In other words, as it always was, every liberal can construe it to suit himself.

LATEST NEWS NOTES

The Nova Scotia legislature opened on Thursday. A large meeting at Melbourne has declared in favor of Australian federation. The U. S. Senate by 24 to 22 has voted not to annex the funny little Hawaiian republic.

London, Eng., consumes something like 181,000 tons of fresh meat in a year and 75 tons of eggs per day. Nova Scotia's fruit orchards are valued at \$1 million of dollars, and the annual product at over a million. A state funeral will be accorded the remains of Marshal Canrobert, the last of the Marshalls of France.

As the result of a boiler explosion at Mendota, Ills., on Friday last, six men were killed and a number injured. It is understood in New York that the Secretary of the Treasury will issue a call for \$50,000,000 4 per cent. bonds. English papers think Lord Roseberry may be able to count on a majority of eight at the opening of Parliament.

A despatch from Melbourne, Australia, says it is proposed to raise the salary of the governor to £10,000 or £7,000. The act depriving non-residents of the United States from drawing pensions for service in the civil war, has been repealed. Montreal is to have a factory for the manufacture of building brick by a new process introduced in Ontario recently.

An insurance authority states that prohibition policy holders average from four to five years' longer life than any other class. A physician at Lorain, N. Y., reports 250 cases of winter cholera there, due to drinking the polluted water taken from Lake Erie.

Two masked men on Friday night plundered an express car on a Cotton Belt train near McNeill and are supposed to have secured \$25,000. The act depriving non-residents of the United States from drawing pensions for service in the civil war, has been repealed. Montreal is to have a factory for the manufacture of building brick by a new process introduced in Ontario recently.

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WE HAVE IT AT LAST—THE LIBERAL POLICY.

Letter From Dr. McNeill, of Stanley. Sir.—The Liberal policy, as announced at Montreal by the Hon. Mr. Laurier, is nothing new. It is true there is nothing new under the sun, but it is contrary to the history of the Liberals if they have no new policy to offer in the coming contest. They have had a new policy at every general election. The Liberal leader now says that his policy is a "maximum of revenue for a minimum of taxation." A capital idea that of Mr. Laurier, but the electors would like to know how and in what manner he is going to procure his maximum of revenue for a minimum of taxation. This is the problem which every elector would like to decide. If Mr. Laurier has faith in his own statement he will assuredly give us a tariff schedule, every article and demonstrating that his scheme is practicable. The poor man under the present Dominion tariff has his table furnished and his family clothed without any taxation. The question of light has exercised the minds of some—that kerosene oil pays a heavy duty. Well, if a poor man cannot afford kerosene oil—what about tallow? He can procure that article in the country without paying any duty, and he can manufacture his own candles—the time was when candle light was considered quite a luxury. However, some poor people are now of opinion that kerosene oil, notwithstanding the duty is cheaper than tallow, so that would not only be a minimum of taxation. The liberal leader desires to promote "free trade with the whole world, more particularly with Great Britain and the United States." How this can be accomplished is another mysterious problem which Mr. Laurier left his hearers to conjecture. In other words, as it always was, every liberal can construe it to suit himself.

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THE LATEST PAPAL ENCYCLICAL.

The papal encyclical addressed to the American episcopate has been made public. In the document the Pope recalls the fact that he associated himself with the celebration of the fourth centenary of the discovery of America, the evangelization of which country was the first care of Columbus, whenever evangelization was realized by the Franciscan and Dominican monks and the Jesuit fathers.

After pointing out that the first Catholic bishop of America was a great friend of George Washington, the father of his country, the Pope shows how the Episcopal councils, aided by the breadth of the American laws, assured the development of Catholic institutions. It was to contribute still more to this development that the Pope founded the university at Washington, for it was of importance that Catholics should be in the front rank in science, even modern sciences, provided they were one of integrity and faith. To this end the Pope states that it was necessary to do all in their power to encourage the progress of the university at Washington, as well as of the North American college at Rome.

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His Holiness urges the American episcopate to put an end to strife, to instill the idea of unity, and the perpetuity of marriage among the faithful.

In particular the Pope calls upon the bishops to turn aside from any associations from law-breaking, to teach journalistic respect for religion and truth, to improve those journals which pass judgment upon the episcopal acts by instruction in doctrine and by obtaining an exemplary life. In conclusion, His Holiness recommends the sending of a mission to the Indians.

A destructive earthquake. A despatch to the London Times from Tehran gives further details of the destructive earthquake at Kuchan. The first shock occurred at noon, Thursday, Jan. 7. This was followed by another in three minutes the town was in ruins. The early reports of the disaster announced that about 1,900 persons had been killed, but it was later stated that 2,800 were killed and 200 buildings, which stood the previous earthquake of fourteen months ago have been wrecked. Most of the victims were crushed to death, the rains in which they were entangled having caught fire. Six hundred were entombed in a mosque while engaged in prayer. Six hundred other persons perished in the various baths. The survivors could obtain neither food nor water for three days, the telegraph lines having been destroyed. Many who escaped being killed by the earthquake perished from hunger and exposure. The weather was very cold. Not a single building remains standing in the town. Since the 17th the shocks have been repeated daily. One shock which occurred on the 22nd in the evening of January 22nd was equal in severity to the first one, which caused the destruction of the city. The shock of January 22nd was followed by three others at intervals of one to two hours. The Times correspondent says it is pitiful to witness the terror-stricken people huddled in groups and exposed to the inclemency of the weather, which continues intensely cold. No medical assistance, which is badly needed, is at present procurable, but British surgeons are proceeding with all speed to the desolated town from Ashkabad.

St. John's, Nfld., Jan. 19.—Alderman Bowering, ex-mayor of Liverpool, collected \$2,500 towards the relief fund. The number of people now receiving relief is about 4,000.

In Olden Times. People overlooked the importance of a permanent beneficial effect were satisfied with transient action; but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs, will permanently cure habitual constipation, well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system.

The adult suffrage bill for South Australia has been carried after a seven years' lapse. The bill gives all men the right to vote on the same terms as men, with no barrier to a seat in parliament.

SPECIAL NOTICES. Advertisements under this heading charged at the rate of five cents per line.

White twilled sheeting, 2 yards wide, only 20 cents a yard at J. B. Macdonald & Co. jan31 4t

A few men's ulsters, good quality, will be closed out at cost.—J. B. Macdonald & Co. jan31 4t

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TELEGRAPHIC.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER

The Prohibition Question. Toronto, Feb. 1. Sir Oliver Mowat states that he has taken steps to have the decision of the Supreme Court as to the powers of provinces re prohibition appealed to the Privy Council.

Boy Smothered in Snow. Montreal, Feb. 1. Leopold G. Ingrass, aged 14, was smothered to death by the collapse of a snow house, yesterday, which he and some other boys had constructed.

Another Train Robbery. San Francisco, Feb. 1. The west-bound Overland train was robbed last night near Wilcox, Arizona. The safe was blown open and ten thousand dollars stolen.

Request to King's College. St. John's, Feb. 1. The will of the late Rev. A. F. Weeks leaves \$2,400 to King's College, Windsor.

Skating Race. St. Stephen's, Feb. 1. Duffy defeated Laibland in the three mile skating race here last night.

Three Hundred and Three. London, Feb. 1. The number of people lost by the steamship Elbe disaster is 303.

Society Leader Dead. New York, Feb. 1. Ward McAllister, the well known society leader, is dead.

Boots, Boots.—Look at our boots this evening. Special low prices.—J. B. Macdonald & Co. Buy your boots at J. B. Macdonald & Co's.

VALENTINES. Comic & Otherwise.

A LARGE STOCK. Wholesale and Retail.

CARTER'S BOOKSTORE. P. E. Island Railway.

On and after THURSDAY, 27th December, 1894, the trains of this Railway will run daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

Table with 4 columns: Direction, Station, Time, and Remarks. Includes routes to Charlottetown, St. John's, and other stations.

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Let Us Understand Each Other Right Here. Every price mark in this house is plain enough for a child to understand; plain enough even for Price Cutters to notice. When you see some so-called low price goods advertised, always remember that PATON & CO., the One Price Men's price is generally one letter than the one advertised. Take SHEETINGS! Every person in town knows that the buyer who bought in the beginning of the week at the One, Two and Three Price Stores, paid 15 per cent. more than the One Price store who bought yesterday or to-day. Now that does not happen at the ONE-PRICE STORE. We have our Sheetings marked in plain figures, the same today as they were marked a week ago, and they are 15 per cent. cheaper than the Price Cutters.

PATON & CO., The One-Price Retailer, Montreal.

Public Notice. A meeting of the Conservative Electors of Lot 29 will be held in the Crapaud Hall on TUESDAY, February 6th, at 2 o'clock p.m. for the purpose of selecting Delegates to attend the Convention at Summerside on the 13th of February to nominate a candidate date to contest the East Riding of Prince County at the next Dominion Election. A large and representative meeting of the three Pells, Crapaud, DeSable and Westmoreland, is requested.

D. McLeod, Secretary Lib. Con. Association. Crapaud, Jan. 22, 1895.—dy & wy

JOHN NEWSON. Charlottetown, January 17, 1895.—dy

JOHN T. MCKENZIE, Star Merchant Tailor, LONDON HOUSE.

Nothing Venture, Nothing Win! That we are gaining trade every day is not hard to understand. Our stock is complete, our expenses low, and our method of doing business right. The best resolution you can make with regard to your trade for 1895 is to cease following the false. Ring it off, ring it out. Get away from it and come and follow the crowd to the FASHIONABLE TAILOR, where you will find Price, Quality, Fit and Finish to meet the demands of the times.

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