

FARMERS' COMMERCIAL JOURNAL & ADVERTISER.

PUBLISHED ON EVERY

WEDNESDAY & SATURDAY.

Established 1823. Charlotte town, P. E. Island, Wednesday, November 28, 1855. New Series, No. 295.

HASZARD'S GAZETTE,
Published by Haszard & Owen,
Queen Square,
Is issued twice a week, at 15s. per year.
AND CONTAINS
THE LATEST NEWS, AT HOME & ABROAD.

Coach and Sleigh Making.

ROBERT MCINTYRE returns thanks for the patronage heretofore extended to him, and would inform the public, that he keeps on hand, and makes to order,—

Carriages, Wagons, Carts, Sleighs, &c.

Upper Queen Street,
October 13th, 1855.

Harness and Coach Making.

EDWARD DANA,
MANUFACTURER & IMPORTER
29 Kibby Street, (near St. John's), Boston.
OFFERS for Cash at low prices, Saddles, Axes, Belts, Spokes, Rims, Shafts, Emamined Cloth, Patent and Emamined Leather, all of first quality. Sent on mail order, and furnished to order and pattern. Full assortment American Harness, Hardware. PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO ORDERS.

Steamer for Liverpool.

Lady Le Marchant.
The Steamer Lady Le Marchant will leave Charlotte for Liverpool, England, early in December next, has good accommodations for a limited number of Passengers if early application be made.
THEOPHILUS DESIRSAVY,
Charlotte town, Oct. 24, 1855.

A good Assortment of WILSON'S

Celebrated Botanic Medicine
AND
Thomsonian Preparations,
with full directions for
W. O. B. U. S. E. R.

B. O. & G. C. WILSON'S
Compound Sarsaparilla,
Neuropathic Drops,
Wild Cherry Balsam,
Dysentery and Cholera Syrup and
Wild Cherry Bitters.
For Sale by **Haszard & Owen,**
Sole Wholesale Agents for Prince Edward Island

New Books!

HASZARD & OWEN have JUST RECEIVED this day, per "Majestic," 1 case BOOKS, from Edinburgh, among which, are a new supply of **Crabtree's Practical Dictionary**, viz.—Chambers' Information, English Literature, Journal of Popular Literature, new series, Jan. to July, 1855. Pictorial History of England, 1st volume.—A History of the People as well as of the Kingdom, illustrated with many handsomely Wood Engravings, to be completed in 10 volumes. Chambers' Pocket Miscellany. Tales for the Road and Rail. Mathematics, English Geometry. Arithmetic. Book-keeping & Natural Philosophy and Science, in all its branches, &c.
Also, from Messrs. Oliver & Boyd, Eden Latin Grammar, Edwards's Latin Dialects; Dymock's Cassin; Boyd's English Dictionary; Johnson's Johnson's do., Hutton's Book-keeping; Bridges' Algebra & Key; Key to Lambert's Grammar; Mangold's Questions; Marquand's English; Marquand's French; Stewart's Modern Geography; Comma's Signs of the Times, French, English, &c.; Protestant Discussion with D. French, Esq., &c.

NOTICE.

The Subscriber having been appointed by Power of Attorney, from the Heirs of the Estate of the late **DONALD McDONALD**, of Glenelgside, deceased, dated 24 September, and 14th October, is empowered to sell or lease all their Lands on the Island, and to collect all Debts, Rent, Areas of Rents, Pensions, Notes and Book Accounts, &c.
JOHN RITCHIE McDONALD,
Glenelgside, Oct. 13.

All persons desirous of purchasing or leasing Lands, will do well to call on the Agent as soon as possible, for the best Farms will be first taken. Two MILL STILES to let.

Any person or persons found trespassing on the above Estate, either by cutting, landing, timber, making roads, burning or breaking fences, or in any other way damaging or destroying the said Property, will be prosecuted to the utmost rigor of the Law.

Freshhold Farm for Sale.

TO BE SOLD, by private contract, a valuable **FRESHOLD FARM**, 8 miles from Town, consisting of 69 acres of LAND, or thereabouts, 54 of which are cleared, and in an excellent state of cultivation. Nearly the whole has been cleared within the last 12 years. It is situated on the north side of, and adjoins the West River, and contiguous to Mr. John Hyde's Mill. The House is placed on a commanding and well-sheltered position from the north and north-west winds, and has a splendid view of the river. The farm buildings have been all erected by the present proprietor, and consists of a Barn 62 x 26 feet, including Stable and Cow-house, also a Cane-house and Granary, Out-houses, Green-house and Pig-sty, &c. &c. &c. and may be seen or obtained from the river. For particulars apply to
NICHOLAS BROWN,
Kout Street.

Oct. 22.

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE TOWN LOTS Nos. 25, 29, 30, and 62 in the 1st Hundred of Town Lots in Charlotte town, fronting on **Water Street and King Street**, or such parts thereof as may be agreed on. Part of the purchase money may remain unpaid for a limited period, by being secured on the premises.

F. BRECKEN,
Barrister-at-Law

September, 18, 1855.

Cigars! Cigars!!

40,000 SUPERIOR GERMAN CIGARS received by the Subscriber on Consignment, and for sale at his Auction Mart, corner of Queen and Water Streets.
The above Cigars are for Unexcused Sale, and will be sold Wholesale and Retail, at very low prices.
BENJAMIN DAVIES.

Oct. 19.

AMERICAN GOODS.

FROM ALBANY DIRECT, and for SALE at **DODD'S** Brick Store, in Pownal Street:

200 Cooking, Parlour and Air Tight Stoves, which will be sold Twenty-five per cent. less than any ever imported into the City.

THOMAS W. DODD.

Lot 48, October 18th, 1855.

To Messrs. Beer & Son,

Gentlemen,—For your satisfaction, and general information, we beg to certify, that those **Cooking Stoves** we purchased from you a short time since, (being of a new description) give great satisfaction. The excellent baking qualities of the same, together with the spacious room for fuel, make it a very desirable Stove, and we can strongly recommend the same to any person purchasing.

Your Obedt^s Servants,
WILLIAM FOXON,
WILLIAM BOYCE,
WILLIAM BARQUEW.

A further supply of the above **JUST RECEIVED** from the "King Square House," together with a good assortment of other **STOVES**, and will be sold very cheap.

BEER & SON.

NEWS BY THE ENGLISH MAIL.

OUR MILITARY STRENGTH IN THE CRIMEA.
The *Globe* vouchers for the substantial accuracy of the following statements, which are probably put forth to correct the general impression which Mr. Cobden's letter is calculated to create. On the 16th Oct. the strength of the whole British army in the Crimea was in round numbers 55,000 men of all ranks, of whom the number of ineffective was about 4500. It was composed of 14 regiments of Cavalry, numbering nearly 6000; of 53 battalions of Infantry, comprising something over 33,000 in the aggregate; 14 batteries and some troops of Artillery, and 9 companies of Sappers, not far short of 9000 men in all. The remaining 10,000 are made up of Commissariat, Land Transport Army Works, Medical Staff and other Artillery Corps. Of the 4500 ineffective somewhat more than one-third were wounded, and the rest, very nearly 3000, were suffering from sickness. Summing up the above we have now in the Crimea 55,000 men, of whom 51,500 are effective. Call the 1000 ineffective mortality among them as 100 a week for the six months, and the sick list to be as numerous as at present, there would be of the soldiers at present, in the Crimea 49,000 effective on the 15th of April, adding to that number reinforcements—30,000 Infantry, we should have at the commencement of the campaigning season about 79,000 British troops. Other important English forces, although containing but a small numerical proportion of Englishmen, will henceforward be available. We shall put down the different foreign legions at the more than moderate estimate of 5000 men, and, omitting the Sardinian army, we calculate the total strength thus—British troops, 70,000; Turkish Contingent, 20,000; and British, German, and Swiss Legions, 5000 men, making a total altogether of 95,000 men.

A letter from Balaklava in the *Opinion* states—"The troops are exercised firing at the target without on active duty. The French have erected targets in the plain adjoining the Tchernaya, within the range of the Russian batteries, in order, they say, to accustom their conscripts to fire steadily under the enemy's guns. The general belief at the camp is, that the Russians must eventually be able to meet with the superior forces of the allies, but another victory is indispensable to compel them to retreat. The allies do not appear disposed to regard the Crimea merely as a battle-field; the works now being accomplished there show they intend retaining possession of it. The English are carrying on works at Balaklava on a gigantic scale. Thousands of Turks, coming chiefly from Constantinople and its environs, Tartars, Piedmontese, and others are paid by England at the rate of 3*s*. a day besides soldiers' rations. These men are employed in landing in the bay an immense quantity of materials, which are conveyed from thence to the camps by means of burdens. Whole regiments are meantime engaged in most important works.

Along the bay, the English have built a quay, at which the largest ship can land the provisions of the army without the aid of small boats, such is the depth of the water. Immense magazines are being formed at Balaklava, which would supply the want of an army numbering, not 25,000 or 30,000, but even 100,000 men. Assuredly all these expenses would not be incurred, if it were intended to evacuate the Crimea. We are now supplied with comfortable woollen garments, with which we can brave the rigours of winter."

A letter from Souchem Kaleh gives a rather more encouraging description of the state of affairs at Kars than some of the previous accounts. Colonel Simmons arrived at the above place on the 11th of October from Balaklava in the Great Britain, with 1800 Turkish troops. He there met Omar Pacha, who had sent forward the advanced guard of his army with the intention of following with the main body on the 12th. Colonel Simmons, it appears, had been present at a council of Circassian chiefs, the result of which had been a combination of plans by them and Omar Pacha, the exact object of which is not mentioned. Regret is expressed at the small force at Omar Pacha's disposal, but the letter adds, that it is daily being augmented by draughts from the Crimea and elsewhere. The letter further alludes to the continued invasion of Kars, and the great risk there existed of its reduction with its garrison of 16,000 men, and 192 pieces of artillery, and imputes to the commanders of the allies considerable remissness in neglecting so important a place. In conclusion, the writer of the letter expresses an opinion that the recent expedition to Kinburn and also to Eupatoria are not likely to be attended with any important result at this season of the year.

TRUNKY.—The Sultan has sent sabres, enriched with brilliants, to the Generals who conducted the defence of Kars, and decorations to the officers who had distinguished themselves on the 29th September. The town of Kars is exempted from all taxes for three years, as a reward to the inhabitants for the devotedness they have shown the garrison during the continuance of the siege.

ATTACK ON NICOLAIEFF.

The *Frederic Blatt*, which occasionally has early news (where geographical position gives advantage to the Austrian capital), and which was the first to announce the blowing up of the fortress of Otschakoff which remained doubtful for two days till the Nicolaieff telegraph admitted the fact, has the subject with respect to the great Russian arsenal and dockyards on the Bug—"It is reported, that on the 27th and 28th, the sea near the Austrian capital, and which the Allies proceeded to destroy the Russian strand batteries. The Allies have convinced themselves that the Russians will not be able to make the channel leading from the mouth of the Bug up to the dockyards impassable. The smaller steamships to the Austrian capital, and which, therefore, advance, and bombard the two crown works (*ouvrage a couronne*) of Nicolaieff. It is not known whether the flotilla of small vessels will be accompanied by any of the larger ships. It has transpired that the French General Buzine intends, under the protection of the guns of the fort, to construct a redoubt from which the bombardment of Nicolaieff itself will take place. We remark, that the foregoing intelligence is from private sources. Direct despatches we have none.

We understand that it is definitely arranged that the visit of our ally, the King of Sardinia, to this country, will take place during the ensuing month of December. The best will, before arriving in England, have been previously ascertained by the Emperor of France, who is accompanied by a man who was placed a few days ago in a lunatic asylum, at Berlin, to be treated for a mental alienation, brought on by the use of his eyes. On examining the eye which he had had operated, it was ascertained to be composed of lead, and at length led to the admission.