

WHERE TO VOTE.

BEAR THIS IN MIND!

ELECTORS residing and registered EAST OF GREAT GEORGE STREET, vote at the following places:— Those whose surnames begin with letters from A to G, inclusive, VOTE AT THE NEW FIRE ENGINE HOUSE, KING STREET.

Those whose surnames begin with letters from H to M, inclusive, VOTE AT THE FIRE ENGINE HOUSE, KING SQUARE.

Those whose surnames begin with letters from N to Z, inclusive, VOTE AT DAVID HOOPER'S, NORTH SIDE OF EUSTON STREET.

ELECTORS residing or Registered WEST OF GREAT GEORGE STREET.

Vote at the following places:—

Those whose names begin with letters from A to G, inclusive, vote at JAMES CURTIS', SYDNEY STREET.

Those whose names begin with letters from H to M, inclusive, of the Macs., vote at the MARKET HOUSE, Queen Square.

Those whose names begin with the letters N to Z, inclusive, vote at FREDERICK CURTIS', HEAD OF QUEEN STREET.

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

SEPTEMBER 16, 1878.

Do We Approve?

Do we approve of the base attempt to rob one-half the electors of this Island of their franchise?

Do we approve of the Island being deprived of a seat in the Cabinet?

Do we approve of the hypocrisy which leads a party to bawl about "purity" and to elevate the standard in such a way as to lose THIRTY SEATS FOR BRIBERY.

Do we approve of a policy under which our ships are deprived of freight; our farmers of their best markets; our workingmen of remunerative employment; our capital of profitable investments?

To vote for Sinclair and McGill says "yes" to these questions.

To vote for Pope and Brecken says "NO."

Our Duty To-morrow!

To-morrow the electors of this Island will be called on to decide whether or not they wish to have their interests sacrificed in order to enrich the people of Ontario. Fair Trade with the United States is what we want, and this can only be obtained by a reciprocity of tariffs. The present Government have done, and can do, nothing to bring about this desirable result. Our fish, potatoes, oats, cattle, and everything we produce is virtually excluded from the American markets. It is in the interest of Mr. McKenzie and his followers that this state of affairs shall continue. "Canada for the people of Canada" is our motto; "Canada for the Americans and the people of Ontario" is the watchword of the McKenzie party. The narrow policy of the Government is felt by every man in business. Trade is paralyzed. Money is scarce. Business is at a stand-still. Their bungling has crushed the shipbuilding interests in this Island; the coal trade of Nova Scotia and the lumbering industries of New Brunswick. Electors, do your duty manfully to-morrow, and hurl these incapables from power. Vote for Pope and Brecken, Howatt and Hackett, McDonald and Mutart—the representatives of the party of progress.

The Prospects.

From all parts of the Dominion we have the assurance that the McKenzie Administration is doomed. The Liberal-Conservative Party enter the contest with candidates personally and locally strong. They have also a marked advantage in the intellectual strength of their candidates as compared with their opponents. With such tried men as Tupper, McDonald and Daly in Nova Scotia; Tilley, King and Mitchell in New Brunswick; Pope, Brecken and McDonald in P. E. Island; Morris in Manitoba; Masson, Colby and Langevin in Quebec; Dalton McCarthy and Thomas White, with their noble chieftain Sir John A. McDonald at their head, in Ontario, we can fairly and truthfully claim that the intellect and talent of the country are on the side of the Liberal-Conservatives. But not only is the Liberal-Conservative party strong in the personal ability and local strength of their candidates, they are also strong in the righteousness of their cause.

For the past five years the McKenzie Government have been permitted to govern this country. During this time they have most signally failed to carry into effect those principles and professions which they

had for many years (in Opposition) enunciated as their platform.

Instead of Reform, they have squandered the public money to reward their party hacks. They have added thirty-three million dollars to the National debt, and raised the tariff from 15 to 17½ per cent. without giving any adequate return to the country. They have proceeded with the construction of the Pacific Railway—the most important work in the whole Dominion—in the most shamelessly and corrupt and scandalous manner. They have destroyed our material prosperity. They have crippled our native industries, and ruined our foreign trade. Is it any wonder, then, that the tide of public opinion is running strongly against them? Is it any wonder that all the indications point to the complete overthrow of the McKenzie Administration on the 17th day of this month?

QUEEN'S COUNTY EXPECTS EVERY MAN TO DO HIS DUTY TO-MORROW.

Young Men.

YOUNG MEN, your turn comes to-morrow. You have the weapon in your hands to punish those who attempted to rob you of your rights. Will you support the men who tried to deprive you of the glorious privilege of casting your votes for the men of your choice? Will you lick the hand that has been raised to strike you? Will you kiss the foot that has been lifted to trample you in the dust? Will you vote for those who wantonly, teacherously and deliberately attempted to disfranchise you? See that you do not give them another chance to deprive you of your birthright. Let their iniquities fall on their heads to-morrow. Let the way of the transgressor be hard.

WORKINGMEN,

including farmers, mechanics, manufacturers and laborers, do not forget that the present Government is AGAINST YOU. The invariable effect of its policy is to favor the rich and oppress the workingman, to build up an aristocracy and impoverish the masses.

This is shown in the fact that they give Brydges a salary of - \$12,000 and the workingman - 88 cts. a day.

It is said that whenever Mr. Brydges goes to Halifax on his palace car he draws a check for \$280 for expenses. This, in addition to his salary of \$12,000 and liberal wine bills, is what the Reformers mean by economy, retrenchment and purity!—*Moncton Times.*

Shadows of Coming Events.

AN elector of Westmoreland concludes an open letter to Sir Albert J. Smith with the following:—

"Already you perceive those shadows of coming events which politicians seldom misapprehend, however much they dread them. The cloud which not long since was no larger than a man's hand, now overshadows the horizon of your hopes and threatens the extinction of your Government. The atmosphere is filled with tokens of impending change. From Vancouver to Cape Breton the fierce winds of Opposition beat upon your house; you may resist but you cannot retard the fury of the gale. Here a point of weakness is exposed; there another. The farmers have revolted; the manufacturers are against you; the merchants desert your colors; and there remains but a corps of subsidized journals to varnish your sins and pray for your deliverance. Not a supporter remains to you in the Province of Columbia. Nearly equal unanimity in opposition is found in Manitoba. You have lost your hold on the great Province of Ontario, which will on Tuesday refuse to give that majority on which your only hope of life depends. Quebec rises in stern majesty to vindicate the attack upon her Constitutional rights and hurl usurers from their stolen plunder. Gallant New Brunswick will, on Tuesday, throw off the yoke of Gritish thralldom, and stand forth grandly free. Prince Edward Island will send a united delegation to oppose you; and the noble Province which gave birth to Howe, Young and Johnston, will cast from her forever the pigmies who disgrace her intellect, and, with a sweeping majority will join the forces now marching to the overthrow of the Organized Hypocrisy! From East and West, from North and South, Sir Albert,—from every hamlet, town and City,—from the fields of the farmer, the workshop of the artisan, the office of the merchant,—from all grades and ranks in society, there issues one commanding voice which proclaims the word of doom, and despatches an unworthy Government to its last abiding place."

UNDER Sir John's six year's rule, Canada rolled up surplusses aggregating \$10,186,200!

Under Mr. McKenzie and Mr. Cartwright's four year's rule, Canada had DEFICITS to the amount of \$3,360,000!!!

Tax-payers, make your choice to-morrow. Which of the two choose ye?

Bright gleams the morning, Sir John, Uplift the eye, Clouds and darkness disappearing, Victory is nigh. Safe in the life boat, Sir John, sing evermore! Vote for Pope and Brecken and pull for the shore.

GO AND HEAR POPE AND BRECKEN at Market Hall this evening.

Grit Meeting at Long Creek.

A meeting, called by the Grits, was held at New Dominion Schoolhouse on Saturday evening. Mr. Sinclair was the first speaker. He was followed by J. S. Carvell, Esq., who corrected several of Mr. Sinclair's misstatements. Wm. McGill then spoke about old times, when he helped Coles and Whelan—also of his help at the time of the Tenant League troubles; but he shrewdly omitted all about the ragged regiment. Pope and Brecken were well supported.

The Meeting at Freetown.

ALL BUT UNANIMOUS FOR HOWATT AND HACKETT.

A POLITICAL meeting was organized by the electors of Freetown and vicinity on Saturday evening. Messrs. Pope and Howatt were present. Mr. Yeo was in Freetown at the time, but he did not put in an appearance. Messrs. Pope and Howatt made stirring speeches. The meeting was all but unanimous for Howatt and Hackett. On the arrival of the train the electors accompanied Mr. Pope to the Station; and, as the train moved on, three ringing cheers were given for Pope, followed by three more for Howatt and Hackett.

The Meeting at Bonshaw.

The meeting called by Messrs. Sinclair and McGill at Bonshaw was attended by about 80 persons, one-third of whom were boys brought there by Alexander Robertson to cheer the heart of Col. McGill. Mr. McGill was the first to take the floor, and spoke at length about his boyhood days, the sentiments which he had brought from Scotland, the purity of his political and moral character, and then sat down, leaving his hearers to guess what his political views upon Reciprocity and other great questions are. The Colonel endeavored to apologize for the lukewarmness of the Grits towards himself. Mr. Sinclair next spoke, and gave his hearers the same speech as that delivered at every meeting he has attended. The incorrectness of Mr. Sinclair's statements regarding the flour trade, the sugar question and the trade question generally were pointed out by other gentlemen who addressed the meeting, and all his arguments were successfully met. Mr. Sinclair stated, and has often stated, that the Dominion imports double the quantity of sugar from Great Britain that is imported from United States. He is about one and a half million dollars astray. The meeting was not enthusiastic, but a posse of local officials who, through the Assessment Act, have obtained the offices of Assessors, Collectors, &c., showed their gratitude to Col. McGill for assisting in passing the Act which gave them a calling.

Meeting at North River.

The meeting at North River on Saturday night last was attended by 30 to 35 electors. Senator Haviland made a lengthy, interesting and telling speech. Hon. W. D. Stewart endeavored to reply to Senator Haviland in a long, dry rehash of stale slanders, interlarded with a few original falsehoods. We never saw a man look so completely dumfounded, while, at the same time, his visage changed from the deep red of confusion to the deathly pale of remorse, as did Mr. Stewart when Senator Haviland nailed falsehood upon falsehood. We leave our readers to judge of Mr. Stewart's veracity by giving a few of his mis-statements. He said "Sir John McDonald had confessed before a committee that he had used \$6,000 of the Secret Service money for election purposes."

What is the fact? Sir John would not tell how the \$6,000 were expended, and Mr. McDonald, of Toronto, one of the committee, said Sir John was right. Mr. Joly said Sir John was right; and he has lately refused to give information respecting five thousand dollars spent on secret service in the late riots in Quebec. Another of Mr. Stewart's statements was, that he had travelled on the Intercolonial Railroad when it was under the management of the late Government, and that now the road is far better, and the rolling stock superior to what it was then. What is the fact? The Intercolonial was not opened till the present Government came in. Again, Mr. Stewart said that all the sugar that came from Brazil and the West Indies was Molasses sugar. Still another falsehood. He said "Ship materials were prevented from going into the United States by a heavy protective tariff," when every one knows that they are admitted free of duty. He also added that Senator Haviland dare not utter what he had said against Hon. Mr. Cartwright when the latter was in Charlottetown. The fact is, Mr. Stewart's friends would not allow even the candidates to reply to Cartwright. The meeting was addressed by others. Mr. Donald Farquharson, in the same unfair manner as at Long Creek, tried to prevent his opponents from speaking, but was foiled in his cowardly attempt. The meeting was, in every other respect, orderly, and gave evidence that Pope and Brecken were gaining supporters.

Enjoy Life.

What a truly beautiful world we live in. Nature gives us grandeur of mountains, glens and oceans, and thousands of means for enjoyment. We can desire no better when in perfect health; but how often do the majority of people feel like giving it up disheartened, discouraged and worried out with disease, when there is no occasion for this feeling, as every sufferer can easily obtain satisfactory proof that Green's August Flower will make them as free from disease as when born. Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint are the direct cause of seventy-five per cent. of such maladies as Bilioousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Costiveness, Nervous Prostration, Dizziness of the Head, Palpitation of the Heart, and other distressing symptoms. Three doses of August Flower will prove its wonderful effect. Sample bottles, 10 cents. Try it.

Horse Racing.

THE races at Summerside Driving Park on Thursday last was attended by over eight hundred persons. The day was fine, the track in good condition, and three races took place—the stallion race, the free for all, and a running race. The stallion race was rung up at half-past two o'clock. There were but two entries—Mr. A. W. Large's bk. s. "Messenger Boy" and Mr. Newton Lee's b. s. "All Right."

In the first heat the horses got a splendid send off, and they trotted together for a short distance. "Messenger Boy" came down handsomely and began to leave "All Right" on the back stretch. "Messenger Boy" already proved to be more than a match for his opponent, as he led the way almost at ease, and spurred along apparently for his own amusement. He finished, with "All Right" far in the rear. The second heat was something similar to their first. The went off together, and trotted neck and neck to turn. "All Right" broke on the home stretch, and "Messenger Boy" led by several lengths. On passing the half mile pole he displayed some fine trotting, and was admired by all present for his appearance and speed. "All Right" followed at a distance spurring and breaking; and gave chase to "Messenger," but he could not touch a quarter, and he again brought up the rear at the finish. The third heat was finished with a similar result, and we can safely say that the time and trotting made by "Messenger" can be classed among the best ever witnessed on the Island.

In the free for all race there was three entries. Stephen McNeill's two horses "Sporter" and "Jeff," and Archd. Holmes' "Look Out." The score was as follows:—

"Sporter"..... 2 1 3 1 1
"Jeff"..... 3 2 1 3 2
"Look Out"..... 1 3 2 2 3

Owing to the accident which befell "Fair's" driver, she was withdrawn from the race. The heats were well trotted throughout, although jockeying prevailed to a great extent at the scoring of the last three heats. "Look Out" being almost a green horse, was the victim, and had the scoring being anything within bounds, we dare say he would sweep the course. However, he got second money.

In the running race only two entries were made, their names and scores were as follows: Clow's "Nellie"..... 1 1
McFayden's "Molly McCarthy"..... 2 2
Time, 2 minutes.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FRANK D. COX,

Physician, Surgeon, and Accoucheur.

RESIDENCE—Great George Street, nearly opposite the Bishop's Palace.
OFFICE—Apothecaries' Hall.
September 16, 1878.—2w

ANNOUNCEMENT.

WE beg to announce to our customers and the trade generally that MR. H. H. CARVELL, our representative, will call on them about the 1st October next, with a full line of samples. Any orders which we may receive will be promptly and carefully filled, and at prices that have never been so low.

PIKE & FABENS,

MANUFACTURERS OF Pickles, Preserves, Ketchups, Canned Goods, &c., WHOLESALE.
72 BROAD STREET, BOSTON, MASS.
Ch'town, Sept. 16—4i 2aw

Insolvent Act of 1875, and Amending Acts.

JEREDIAH SEASON CARVELL and WILLIAM HENRY AITKEN, Plaintiffs.
JOHN J. FLETCHER, Defendant.

A WRIT of Attachment has issued in this cause.
B. WILSON HIGGS, Official Assignee.
Ch'town, P. E. Island, Sept. 14, 1878—1in 16

Insolvent Act of 1875, and Amending Acts.

WILLIAM BEHAUT, Plaintiff.
JAMES M. BUTCHER, Defendant.
A WRIT of Attachment has issued in this cause.
B. WILSON HIGGS, Official Assignee.
Ch'town, P. E. Island, Sept. 14, 1878—1in 16

Insolvent Act of 1875, and Amending Acts.

In the matter of JOHN J. FLETCHER, an Insolvent.
A WRIT of Attachment has been issued in this cause, and the creditors are notified to meet at my Office, in Charlottetown, in Queen's County, in the Province of Prince Edward Island, on THURSDAY, the Twenty-sixth day of September, inst., at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, to receive statements of his affairs, and to appoint an Assignee, if they see fit.
B. WILSON HIGGS, Official Assignee.
Ch'town, P. E. Island, Sept. 14, 1878—1in 16

For Newfoundland, Direct.

THE Brig, "FLEETWOOD" will sail for ST. JOHN'S on Tuesday next, the 17th, and will have room for six horses on deck, on freight, if engaged immediately. Apply to

LONGWORTH & CO.
Sept. 10—5i

HOUSE TO LET.—A Two-Tenement House on Cumberland Street, near the residence of Pope Welsh, Esq., each tenement containing 8 rooms, new and well furnished with first-class cellar and good water in the yard. Enquire of R. B. HUESTIS, at A. A. BALDWIN & Co's, Queen Street.
Sept. 7, 1878.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRAND RALLY

A GRAND RALLY

—OF THE—

Liberal Conservative Party

WILL BE HELD IN THE

MARKET HALL,

—ON—

MONDAY EVENING,

The 16th inst., at 7.30.

J. S. CARVELL,

CHAIRMAN COMMITTEE.

Ch'town, Sept. 14—

Currants.

25 BBLs.—NEW AND NICE AND CHEAP.

CARVELL BROS.

Sept. 14—3i

Rice.

50 BAGS LANDING TO-DAY.

CARVELL BROS.

Sept. 14—3i

Sugar.

100 BBLs. YELLOW C, 50 bbls. White GRANULATED, 10 " CUT LOAF.

CARVELL BROS.

Sept. 14—3i

Kerosene.

250 BBLs. HOURLY EXPECTED. Five & Ten bbl. lots from wharf at moderate figures.

CARVELL BROS.

Sept. 14—3i

CROMPTON'S ADJUSTABLE CORSETS

NOW ARRIVING AT THE

LONDON HOUSE.

September 13, 1878.

NEW GOODS NOW ARRIVING —AT THE— LONDON HOUSE! CHARLOTTETOWN, September 13, 1878.

NEW FRILLINGS

—AT THE—

LONDON HOUSE.

September 13, 1878—

Debentures!

THE City School Board offer for sale SCHOOL DEBENTURES, amounting to \$6,000, payable in 20 years, and bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum. Interest guaranteed by the Provincial Government, and payable half-yearly at the office of the Board. By order,

ISAAC OXENHAM

Sec'y of Board.
Ch'town, Sept. 12, 1878—pat 1w

St. Lawrence Marine Ins. Co. OF P. E. ISLAND.

SUBSCRIBED; CAPITAL . . \$120,000.00.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS: ARCHIBALD KENNEDY, Esq., President; JOHN F. ROBERTSON, Esq.; ARTEMAS LORD, Esq.; G. D. LONGWORTH, Esq.; W. E. DAWSON, Esq.; THOMAS MORRIS, Esq.; P. W. HYNDMAN, Esq.
Risks taken daily at their Office, Exchange Building.
FRED. W. HYNDMAN, Secretary.

March 25—1y 1aw