

THE DAILY EXAMINER. DECEMBER 20, 1890.

The Royalty Excluded.

THE Sheriff to-day issued his Proclamation for the Scott Act election to be held on the 8th of January. The electors in the Royalty will not be asked to vote this time. No polling places have been fixed outside of the city. We understand that the Sheriff has excluded the Royalty owing to a decision of the Supreme Court, which held that the Royalty was part of Queen's County and not part of the City of Charlottetown. Heretofore the electors of the Royalty have had an opportunity of voting in the city election. This was done as a precautionary measure owing to the doubt that existed as to whether the Royalty belonged to the county or city. The doubt having been removed by the Supreme Court, the reason ceases, and consequently the election will be confined to Charlottetown and Common. The polling places in wards one, two, three and four are the same as under the Dominion election, but in ward five two additional polling places have been opened—one for the eastern portion of that ward, the poll being at Charles McGregor's, St. Peter's Road, and the other at the head of Queen Street, at which latter the electors residing to the east of Queen Street and the west of Great George Street will vote. The other polling places are the same.

The Bye Elections.

THE result of the bye-elections in Quebec and Ontario will chill to the bone the Opposition Party. It proves beyond a doubt that the people of these great Provinces will have nothing to do with a policy which, for the sake of a little present gain—a political mess of pottage—would, beyond a doubt, tend to lessen our trade with Great Britain and the world, to force the Government to raise the tariff to the United States' standard, or else to resort to direct taxation, and, finally, to the sacrifice of the British institutions which we have inherited and cherished, and which we love. The loss to the Liberal Party of a seat like Napierville, and the large gain of the Conservatives in South Victoria, at this juncture, are very significant. The Opposition have contended that their opportunity will come when the Democrats of the States gain power. The recent elections in the States have placed the Democrats within "measurable distance" of office at Washington. The opportunity is, according to the press and the orators of the Opposition, at hand. Yet the people of Napierville and South Victoria have decisively condemned the Opposition policy.

Straws show how the wind blows. It is evident that discussion and thought have convinced the majority of the people of the larger Provinces that the Opposition policy is pregnant of disaster to the Nationality of Canada. No doubt the able administration of Sir John Macdonald has satisfied the people's expectations, and made them, for the most part, politically contented. But we can account for the reverse in Napierville on no other hypothesis than a belief on the part of many Liberals (as well as the Tories) that the Opposition policy is in opposition to the interests of Canada as part of the Empire of Great Britain.

Winter Communication.

It is evident that the problem of continuous and satisfactory communication between Prince Edward Island and the mainland, during winter, has not yet been solved. Several winters past were unusually mild. The Northern Light and the Stanley made trips in these winters, with tolerable regularity. A good many persons seemed to be convinced that nothing better could be done. Steamers it was said, would fulfil all our reasonable expectations. But now this is a winter of the old fashioned kind;—and we have had but five or six mails within the present month, while passengers have been delayed to their annoyance and loss, and hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of produce have been stopped in transit. This will never do.

Judging by present appearances, mails must be brought and sent by way of the Capes, either before the old year has ended or very soon after the new year has begun. We shall, almost certainly, for several months, be practically shut off from the commerce of the world.

This situation and these prospects have caused men to think again about the subway or tunnel. There will probably be, and there ought soon to be, a demand upon the Dominion Government for better means of winter communication than those which are afforded. The terms of union will never, in our opinion, be fulfilled until after a tunnel has been constructed. Senator Howland's efforts have been so far rewarded that the feasibility of the construction of a tunnel is now beyond doubt. We hope soon to obtain an authoritative opinion as to the cost. It is believed that the cost will not, if economy be exercised, exceed the estimate of Walter Shanley, viz: \$5,000,000; and it is hoped that, by using the improved means of construction discovered in recent years, it may be considerably reduced. If the estimate of Sir Douglas Fox should prove to be not in excess of the amount mentioned by Walter Shanley, the matter of the tunnel ought forthwith to be vigorously pressed upon the attention of the Government and Parliament of Canada.

Prince Street School Entertainment.

The Upper Hall of Prince Street School was densely crowded last evening, and the only drawback to the perfect enjoyment of the entertainment was the occasional thought of what might happen in case of fire or any accident to alarm the audience. The children, without exception, acted well their several parts, and evidenced careful and assiduous training on the part of the teachers. Those who sang, sang sweetly and well under the direction of Miss Haslam. Great credit is due the committee of management. The receipts amounted to about \$70, and everyone was satisfied and pleased—except those who at times could not see the stage because persons in front of them stood up.

Mr. Chappelle's Statement.

In reference to the alleged refusal of the Lyceum Hall committee to rent the building for the delivery of Rev. Sam Small's lecture, we are requested by Mr. Chappelle to publish the following interview:—

Mr. Chappelle says: "Thursday morning I telephoned Mr. Patrick Connolly as Secretary of the B. L. S., informing him that I wished to engage the Lyceum for Christmas night. He replied 'All right.' I then said 'Let there be no mistake now—have I secured it?' 'Yes' replied Mr. Connolly. I finally said, 'book me then for the hall on Christmas night.' I next proceeded to announce the lecture in the three city papers. Next morning I received a telephone message from Mr. Connolly informing me that at a meeting of the Lyceum hall committee last night they had decided that I could not engage it because Christmas Day was a holy day. 'This,' added Mr. Chappelle, 'I knew to be a mere subterfuge as the hall had been frequently used in the past on Sundays and other holy days. Knowing that the Lyceum was professedly un-denominational I asked the chairman of the committee whether it was sectarian or not. He replied it was not. I then finished by saying, 'You had no power whatever therefore to refuse me the use of it on any night whether that of a holy day or not.'

The chairman of the Lyceum Hall Committee desire THE EXAMINER to state that Mr. Chappelle did not speak to the secretary of the committee in reference to engaging the hall for Christmas night, as stated by him in the Guardian of last evening. Mr. Patrick Connolly is not the secretary, and did not tell Mr. Chappelle he could have the hall for that night, but distinctly told him (Mr. Connolly) would speak to the committee in reference to the matter.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

The Scott Act Campaign.

SIR,—I have every respect for the Hon. Mr. Haviland and his opinions on constitutional questions; but I must take exception to his interpretation of the duty of the Governor General in the event of the Scott Act being defeated on the 8th of January next. The amendment to the Canada Temperance Act, under which the present voting takes place, enacts that when any petition for the revocation of the Order in Council for the bringing into operation of the second part of the Canada Temperance Act is adopted by the electors, the Governor General in Council may at any time after the expiration of thirty days by Order in Council revoke the order bringing the act in force.

It must be borne in mind that the Scott Act is brought into force by virtue of an Order in Council in the first instance and that that order remains in force until revoked. Now, by the Interpretation Act, (Chapter 1 of the Revised Acts of Canada, sec. 7, sub sec. 4) it is expressly enacted that "the expression 'shall' shall be construed as imperative, and that the expression 'may' (shall be construed) as permissive."

There can, therefore, be no doubt but that it is in discretion of the Governor General in Council whether they will, at the end of the thirty days immediately revoke the original order or wait a reasonable time to enable the Local Government to pass a license law. That they would wait cannot be doubted.

I, however, quite agree with you that should the Act be defeated prosecutions will cease, as public sentiment will have pronounced against it, and for that same reason prosecutions will cease should the Act be sustained. Public sentiment is against the Act, and has been for many years. You must bear in mind that, while the Act was adopted in the first place by upwards of 500 majority, at the second voting it was sustained by only 40, while at the third time this was reduced to 16 votes, and this majority may have been, and I believe was, made up by parties in the liquor trade, as the vote in Ward 2 will shew. Why, I remember as far back as the year 1884 being in the Market Hall and hearing the Rev. Mr. Hodgson blame Mr. Fitzgerald with the non-enforcement of the Act. Mr. Fitzgerald immediately took the platform to defend himself. And what was his defence? Not that the Act had been carried out. While admitting that it had not, he advanced as an excuse for the police, that public opinion was not with the Act. If this was true in 1884, how much more truthfully can it be said to-day that public opinion is not with the Act? What have the Scott Act people done since to raise them in the estimation of the thoughtful electors of Charlottetown? Nothing whatever. What can they shew to induce the electors to trust them again? Nothing except a record blurred with broken promises and hypocritical actions. In short, they do not even now promise to take any measures to enforce the Act if again sustained—their sole battle cry being "We will not make the business respectable by licensing it."

FORMER SUPPORTER.

Sam Small's Lecture.

SIR,—I have heard that Mr. Theo. L. Chappelle tried to secure the First Methodist church and Zion church for Sam Small to lecture in on Christmas night, but was refused both. Is this report true or is it false? I think that the Guardian, the only paper that had enterprise enough to "interview" Mr. Chappelle in reference to the refusal of the Lyceum committee to let him have that hall, should make an effort to find out. The general public is very much interested in such private transactions.

DAREY.

To avoid the rush, we would advise all who want bargains in toys, crockery and groceries to call as early as possible at R. K. Brace's

Anti-Faction Parnell.

SKETCH OF JUSTIN MCCARTHY, THE LEADER—THE BOOKS HE HAS GIVEN TO THE WORLD.

Mr. Justin McCarthy is a native of Cork, where he was born in 1830. Cork, by the way, is the constituency for which Mr. Parnell stands in parliament.

The Irish members know that Mr. McCarthy is at heart a Nationalist of extreme views, in spite of the mild and benevolent air, which has won him warm friends in circles quite out of sympathy with him politically. Though he rarely takes off the velvet glove, the iron hand is there, and on occasion he does not hesitate to show it.

He knows how to wait as well as how to push matters. His easy, oratorical style though, perhaps, better suited for the dinner table than for parliamentary debate, always secures him the ear of the house.

Mr. McCarthy is, perhaps, best known to the American public as a literary man. In early life he became a reporter on the Cork Examiner. While on the Examiner, Mr. McCarthy helped to organize the Cork Historical Society, which was strongly identified with the Young Ireland movement of 1848.

In 1853 Mr. McCarthy went to Liverpool, where he obtained an engagement on the reporting editorial staff of the Northern Times. His next movement was to London, where he was engaged as parliamentary reporter for the Morning Star. He subsequently became foreign editor, and in 1864 editor-in-chief.

The Star was the only one of the London papers, which, during the American civil war, took the side of the union. In 1868 Mr. McCarthy resigned his post on the Star, and paid a visit to the United States. His reception was a most cordial one.

Though he wrote a good deal, he chiefly employed himself in lecturing. On his return to England, Mr. McCarthy was offered an engagement as leader writer on the Daily News.

His first novel, The Waterdale Neighbors, was published in 1867. To this have succeeded My Enemy's Daughter 1869, Lady Judith 1871, A Fair Saxon 1873, Linley Rochford 1874, Dear Lively Diddam 1875, Miss Misanthrop 1877, Donna Quixote 1880, the Comet of a Season 1881, and the Maid of Athens 1884.

He has also written several short stories, among which might be named The Commander's Statue 1879, Matty of Greysparkle 1881, and Paul Massie. He has also written a volume of critical essays entitled Con Amore 1869; and Prohibitory Legislation in the United States.

Mr. McCarthy's most important work is A History of Our Own Times 1878-80, being an account of what happened in England from the accession of Queen Victoria 1837 to the general election of 1880.

It is a fit follower of Hume and Macaulay, and the book has made him famous in the world of letters. He has also written a short History of our own times 1884.

He has, in addition, written A Short History of the Epoch of Reform, the period between 1840 and 1850, published in 1882. He has also published a series of essays entitled Modern Leaders. He is engaged on a History of the Four Georges.

TUESDAY, December 30th.

Christmas Concert

EPWORTH LEAGUE

SUNDAY SCHOOL

Methodist Brick Church.

An attractive Programme has been prepared. Full particulars later. dec20—st f

Y. M. C. A.

Sale of Papers and Magazines POSTPONED.

THE Sale of Papers and Magazines is postponed until TUESDAY EVENING NEXT, the 23rd inst, at 8 o'clock, in the Y. M. C. A. Reading Room, when will be offered all the leading Magazines and Papers—English, American and Dominion.

R. M. BARRATT, Secretary. dec20

Y. M. C. A. Annual Meeting.

THE GENERAL ANNUAL MEETING of the Members of the Young Men's Christian Association will be held in the Hall of the Association, Queen Square, Charlottetown,

On Monday, 29th December, AT 7.30 O'CLOCK, P. M.,

for the purpose of receiving the Report for the past year, electing an Executive Committee for the ensuing year, and the transaction of other important business.

CHARLES PALMER, President. R. M. BARRATT, Secretary. dec20—dy

WANTED.—A Housemaid. No washing. Apply to Mrs. STRICKLAND, Fitzroy Street. dec20—lf

THE LARGEST

BEST STOCK

WE HAVE EVER SHOWN OF

WATCHES, in Gold and Silver, for Boys, Girls, Ladies and Gentlemen.

CLOCKS, in Marble, Imitation Marble, Antique Oak, Walnut, Nickel, etc.

JEWELRY in all of the newest and best designs.

In SOLID SILVER and SILVER-PLATED GOODS we have almost everything imaginable.

We have also added a fine assortment of GOLD AND SILVER CANES, which make a suitable Present for a Gentleman.

We have placed a Bargain Counter in our Store filled with VASES, LUSTERS, FLOWER HOLDERS, etc., which will be sold regardless of cost.

A Special Discount will be allowed Cash customers for Ten Days from this date.

W. W. WELLNER. Ch'town, Dec. 20, 1890—dy tl mas

A FEW OF THE Xmas Presents

WATSON'S DRUG STORE.

IN ORDER TO CLEAR, during the Holiday Season, Liberal Discounts will be allowed upon the already low prices.

Handkerchief and Glove Boxes, Collar and Cuff Boxes, Brush and Comb Cases, Odor Cases, Dressing Cases, Scissor Cases.

Hand Mirrors in great variety, Leather Photo Screens, Satin-Lined Work Baskets, Electric Gas Lighters, Silver, Cut Glass and Porcelain Smelling Bottles.

Plush and Leather Music Rolls, Vases and Hanging Flower Pots, in the New Bronze Ware.

Cigar and Cigarette Cases and Holders. The largest assortment of beautiful Pipes ever in the city.

Inspection will prove that we have the largest and best stock of Perfumes at wonderfully low prices.

Jewel Cases, Blotter Portfolios, Handsome Playing Cards, Writing Desks and Cases, Infants' Hair Brushes, Gold and Silver-Headed Walking Sticks.

Tobacco Jars, Leather and Silver Flasks, Shaving Mugs, Pocket Magnifying Glasses, Plush Tobacco Pouches, Cut Glass Cologne Bottles, Large Leather Wallets, Silver-Backed Brush and Mirror Sets, Thermometers.

and many other smaller articles suitable for Presents to Men, Women and Children. No trouble to shew goods.

W. R. WATSON, Queen Street. Ch'town, Dec. 17, 1890—dy tl 25th

NEW GOODS

Holiday Trade

SANDERSON & CO'S.

New Layer Raisins,

New Valencia Layer Raisins,

New Cooking Raisins,

New Currants,

Nuts and Confectionery,

New Dates,

New Figs,

New Stewing Prunes,

New Lemons,

New Florida Oranges.

—ALSO—

A large stock of Pink Table Jelly (assorted flavors), Kellier's Jams and Jelly, Raspberry Vinegar, Van Houtan's Cocoa, Fry's Chocolate and Cocoa, Rowntree's Chocolates and Confectionery, Fine Scotch Oatmeal (in 7 lb. tins), English Golden Syrup (superior quality).

Our Choice Blended 32 Cent Tea has become very popular, and our 24 Cent Tea continues to keep away ahead of everything in the market.

SANDERSON & CO., Newsom's Block, South Side of Queen Square, Opposite Post Office. dec11—dy lm cod wky

AGENTS wanted immediately, in Town and Country, to canvass subscribers for the "Catholic News," New York, the best Catholic paper in America. Subscription, \$1.00 a year. Twenty per cent. paid to Agents. Write immediately to "Catholic News," 111 Barclay Street, New York, for samples and list. dec15—3f

SATURDAY!

Special Bargains in Shawls and Wraps! BEER BROS.



GREAT SENSATION

BAZAAR COMPANY'S STORE

What a Tremendous Spread of Xmas Goods, selected from the Best Makers in the World!

WE CAN SUPPLY YOU with Cups and Saucers, Rose Jars, Biscuit Boxes, Cheese Dishes, Butter Dishes, Albums, imported direct from Germany; Vases, Toilet Sets, Inkstands, from Bohemia; Tumblers, Wine Glasses, Purses, Toys, from France; Leather Goods, Books and Cards from Great Britain; Plush Goods, Mirrors, Games and good Toys from the United States; and last, but not least, Presbyterian and Methodist Hymn Books, School Books and Stationery from "this Canada of Ours."

JUST OPENED—A Magnificent Stock of New Goods. BARGAINS this week and next.

Largest Stock!

Lowest Prices!

Prettiest Goods!

See our 15 cent Cup and Saucer. Get a pair of the prettiest VASES in town, only 15 cents per pair. Now, come right along to the BAZAAR STORE and get your Presents for your friends, and you may rest assured that what you have bought will please both you and the persons to whom you give it.

BAZAAR COMPANY. Charlottetown, December 19, 1890.

Haszard & Moore.

OUR HOLIDAY STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE,

—AND COMPRISES SOME OF THE—

Latest Novelties from the English and American Markets.

WE CAN NAME BUT A FEW of our many nice things:—JAPANESE WARE, in Fancy Plates, Bowls, Cups and Saucers, Vases, Biscuit Jars, Rose Jars, Trays, Baskets, Jewel Cases, etc. ZYLONITE GOODS, in Balls, Tops, Collar and Cuff Boxes, Photo Frames, etc. Photo Albums, Screen Albums, Stamp Albums, Writing Desks and Writing Pads, Card Cases. STEEL ENGRAVINGS, ETCHINGS, ARTOTYPES and LARGE PHOTOS—ask to see them. PHOTO FRAMES, all sizes, from Sunbeam to Cabinet. PURSES and POCKET BOOKS for Ladies, Gents and Children. CHILDREN'S BOOKS and PRESENTS without end. Books for young and old, including the works of all the best poets.

We have the LARGEST STOCK OF BIBLES in the city. XMAS BOOKLETS and CARDS from the best artists, including Prang. Come and see our goods.

HASZARD & MOORE, Charlottetown, Dec. 5, 1890—w f s BROWN'S BLOCK.

Mail Contracts

TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon on FRIDAY, 20th February next, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails on proposed contracts for four years, from 1st of April next, over each of the following routes, viz:—

Appin Road and Bonshaw. semi-weekly
Dalington and Kelly's Cross. tri-weekly
Dundas and Mount Hope. tri-weekly
Glen William and Murray River. semi-weekly
Mill River and Railway Station. do
North Lake and Souris East. tri-weekly
North River and South Wiltshire. do

Printed notices, containing full information as to conditions of proposed contracts, may be seen, and blank forms of tender may be obtained, at the Post Offices at which the services commence and terminate, or at the office of the subscriber.

F. DE ST. C. BRECKEN, Asst. P. O. Inspector. Post Office Inspector's Office, Ch'town, P. E. I., Dec. 20, 1890

P. E. ISLAND RAILWAY

Christmas Excursion.

RETURN TICKETS will be issued at One First-Class Fare to and from all Stations on this Railway on December 21st and 25th, good to return up to and on January 5th, 1891.

J. UNSWORTH, Superintendent. Railway Office, Charlottetown, December 19, 1890. all ps dy & wky

WANTED.—A girl for general housework in a family of three. Apply at office. dec19—3f

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT

MR. JOHN BURROWS, of Highfield, Lot 33, Blacksmith, has this day made an assignment to me for the benefit of his creditors.

The Deed of Assignment is open to inspection at my office, Cameron Block, Charlottetown.

A meeting of the creditors of Mr. Burrows will be held at my office on THURSDAY, the Eighth day of January, 1891, at 12 o'clock, noon, when I hope to be in a position to report on the condition of the Estate.

All persons indebted to the Estate are requested to make immediate payment to me.

JAMES H. GOOD, Assignee. Ch'town, Dec. 18, 1890—dy 6i wky 2i

S.S. "WILLIAM."

ANY PERSON having unsettled claims against the above Steamer previous to December 3rd, inst., will please furnish same at once to the undersigned.

R. McMILLAN. dec19—1w pat

WANTED.—A good servant for general housework. High wages to a suitable person. Mrs. Wm. Weeks, Brighton. dec19

CONSIGNEES having any claims against the Steamers of the Black Diamond Line, will please present the same on or before the 20th inst., at the office of PEAKE BROS. & CO., Agents. dec12—1w