

# The Daily Examiner.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free-born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, FRIDAY, AUGUST 15, 1884.

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A Advertising at most moderate rates.  
Contracts may be made for monthly,  
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ments, on application.

### ALMANAC FOR AUGUST, 1884.

MOON'S CHANGES.  
Full Moon, 6th day, 6h. 24 2m. p. m.  
Last Quarter 13th day, 10h. 55 6m. p. m.  
New Moon 20th day, 5h. 41 6m. p. m.  
First Quarter, 27th day, 11h. 29 4m. a. m.

DAY OF WEEK	SUN	MOON	High	Days
M	rises	sets	tides	length
1 Friday	4 47	7 25	3 18	6 31
2 Saturday	4 41	7 23	3 18	6 31
3 Sunday	4 34	7 21	3 17	6 30
4 Monday	4 27	7 19	3 16	6 29
5 Tuesday	4 20	7 17	3 15	6 28
6 Wednesday	4 13	7 15	3 14	6 27
7 Thursday	4 06	7 13	3 13	6 26
8 Friday	3 59	7 11	3 12	6 25
9 Saturday	3 52	7 09	3 11	6 24
10 Sunday	3 45	7 07	3 10	6 23
11 Monday	3 38	7 05	3 09	6 22
12 Tuesday	3 31	7 03	3 08	6 21
13 Wednesday	3 24	7 01	3 07	6 20
14 Thursday	3 17	6 59	3 06	6 19
15 Friday	3 10	6 57	3 05	6 18
16 Saturday	3 03	6 55	3 04	6 17
17 Sunday	2 56	6 53	3 03	6 16
18 Monday	2 49	6 51	3 02	6 15
19 Tuesday	2 42	6 49	3 01	6 14
20 Wednesday	2 35	6 47	3 00	6 13
21 Thursday	2 28	6 45	2 59	6 12
22 Friday	2 21	6 43	2 58	6 11
23 Saturday	2 14	6 41	2 57	6 10
24 Sunday	2 07	6 39	2 56	6 09
25 Monday	2 00	6 37	2 55	6 08
26 Tuesday	1 53	6 35	2 54	6 07
27 Wednesday	1 46	6 33	2 53	6 06
28 Thursday	1 39	6 31	2 52	6 05
29 Friday	1 32	6 29	2 51	6 04
30 Saturday	1 25	6 27	2 50	6 03
31 Sunday	1 18	6 25	2 49	6 02

## THE RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

(Charlottetown Time.)

GOING WEST.	A. M.	P. M.
Charlottetown	6 47	9 12
Hunter River	7 47	10 55
Kensington	8 42	12 22
Summerside	9 07	12 57
Port Hill	10 30	4 15
Alberton	12 05	6 57
Tignish	12 42	7 47
FROM WEST.	A. M.	P. M.
Tignish	2 02	6 47
Alberton	2 40	7 57
Port Hill	4 15	10 25
Summerside	5 17	12 07
Kensington	5 42	1 22
Hunter River	6 07	2 09
Charlottetown	6 02	5 07
GOING EAST.	A. M.	P. M.
Charlottetown	4 17	7 37
St. Peter's	5 27	8 02
Mount Stewart	6 17	9 02
Souris	7 22	12 02
Mount Stewart	5 32	9 07
Cardigan	6 29	10 47
Georgetown	6 47	10 47
FROM EAST.	A. M.	P. M.
Souris	6 47	2 17
St. Peter's	7 52	4 00
Mount Stewart	8 42	5 17
Charlottetown	9 52	6 27
Georgetown	7 27	3 32
Cardigan	7 45	3 57
Mount Stewart	8 42	5 12

## LOBSTERS

LUD. WURZBURG,  
P. O. BOX 543, HALIFAX, N. S.  
(OFFICE—PICKFORD & BLACK'S WHARF)

## Exporter of Lobsters

Samples and quotations solicited.  
Cash advanced on consignments.  
June 23—tl aug 31 pd

## N. J. CAMPBELL,

(Successor to Campbell & Rayden)

## Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,

## SHIP BROKER,

## AND INSURANCE AGENT,

COR. OF QUEEN AND WATER STS.,  
Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

## Importer and Jobber of Choice Groceries and Spices.

General Agent for P. E. Island of the  
British Empire Mutual Life Assurance Com-  
pany, of London, England.  
Special attention given to Auction Sales of  
Lumber, Coal, Fish, Apples and other Fruit,  
Real Estate, Household Furniture, Bankrupt  
and other Stocks, and all kinds of Merchand-  
ise.  
Correspondence and Consignments solicited.  
Returns promptly made.  
March 28, 1884.

## OAKLAND HOUSE

(Formerly Queen's Hotel)  
KING STREET, WEST.

HAVING engaged the premises formerly  
known as the "Queen's Hotel" on King  
Street, the subscriber has had the same thor-  
oughly renovated and painted, and is now  
prepared to accommodate permanent and  
transient Boarders at reasonable rates.  
Good stabling in connection.  
A. CLARK.  
Ch'town, Aug 7—51 wkly 5i

## WEST & RENDELL,

Commission Merchants,  
St. John's, Newfoundland.

Consignments solicited. Liberal advances  
made.  
July 25, 1884.

## W. WHEATLEY,

(OF WHEATLEY & SONS, CHARLOTTETOWN,  
P. E. ISLAND)

## Commission Merchant,

269 BARRINGTON STREET,  
HALIFAX, N. S.

Special attention given to the sale of  
P. E. Island produce.  
April 24, 1884.

## SULLIVAN & MACNEILL,

## ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Solicitors in Chancery,  
NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c.

OFFICES—O'Halloran's Building, Great  
George Street, Charlottetown.  
Money to Loan.  
W. W. SULLIVAN, Q. C. | CHESTER B. MACNEILL  
Jan. 18, '83.

## McLeod, Morson & McQuarrie,

## BARRISTERS

—AND—

## ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

Office in Old Bank,  
(UP STAIRS).

Ch'town, Feb. 21, 1884.

## L. ARTHUR & CO.,

## GENERAL

## Commission Merchants,

121 ATLANTIC AVENUE,  
(ROSS MARKET)

## BOSTON, MASS.

Eggs and Produce a Specialty.  
May 15, 1884 wkly 1f

## CAIRNS' MARBLE WORKS.

MR. CHARLES CAIRNS, in returning  
thanks to the public for the liberal  
patronage extended to him, begs leave to in-  
form his old customers and the public generally,  
that he has taken into partnership Mr.  
Malcolm McLean, and that hereafter the  
business will be carried on under the title of

## CAIRNS & CO.,

## Marble & Stone Cutters.

They have on hand a fine stock of Mon-  
uments, Tablets and Headstones, in Italian and  
American Marble. They are of the latest de-  
signs, and at prices to suit all.  
C. CAIRNS,  
M. MCLEAN.  
Ch'town, June 30, 1884—pres n e p a s j w p

## MONCTON

## Sash and Door Factory.

MR. P. LEA, in returning thanks to the  
public for the liberal patronage extended to  
him while in business in Charlottetown,  
begs leave to inform his old customers and  
the public generally, that he, in company  
with Mr. William Rogers, has appointed

## Messrs. B. Williams & Co.

Lumber and Coal Dealers, Pownal Wharf,  
Charlottetown, our agents, who will keep  
constantly on hand a full supply of Mill-  
ings, Window Sashes, Doors, etc., at

## LOWEST CASH PRICES.

All orders entrusted to them will receive  
prompt attention.

## LEA & ROGERS,

Moncton, N. B.  
Sept. 5, 1883.—2aw vly

## APPLES, APPLES, APPLES.

## CHARLES DONALD & CO.,

79 Queen St. London, E. C.

Will be glad to correspond with Apple Grow-  
ers, Merchants and Shippers, with a  
view to Autumn and Spring  
business.

They will also give the usual facilities to  
customers requiring advances. aug1

## Mount Allison College,

Sackville, N. B.,  
J. R. INCH, M. A., LL. D.,  
PRESIDENT.

THE first term of the Collegiate year 1884-5  
will begin on Thursday, Sept. 11th.  
Matriculation examinations begin on Friday,  
Sept. 12th, at 10 o'clock, a. m. Two prizes of  
the value of Thirty and Twenty Dollars  
respectively will be offered for competition at  
these examinations.  
For calendar containing full particulars as to  
courses of study, expenses, etc., address  
the President of the College.  
Sackville, July 28, 1884. aug1—4w mwf

## MOUNT ALLISON

## WESLEYAN ACADEMY,

Sackville, N. B.

THIS English institution imparts a thor-  
ough and practical education, and  
prepares students for college matriculation  
and for the civil service examinations. Stu-  
dents have the privilege of attending any  
classes and lectures in the College for which  
they may be prepared, without having passed  
the matriculation examinations. The Acad-  
emy building is new, commodious, and pro-  
vided with all the accessories of a pleasant  
home. The next term begins on Thursday,  
Aug. 28th. For a calendar containing full in-  
formation as to expenses, etc., apply to  
THOMPSON L. DAVIS, B. A.,  
Head Master.  
Sackville, July 28, 1884. aug1—4w mwf

## Credit Foncier Franco-Canadien.

LOANS on Mortgage for periods not exceed-  
ing 10 years, without Sinking Fund,  
and from 10 to 50 years with Sinking Fund.  
The borrower is privileged to pay off his  
loan, in whole or in part, at any time.  
Circulars giving detailed information can be  
obtained on application at the office of Messrs.  
Sullivan & Macneill, Solicitors, Charlottetown.  
W. W. SULLIVAN,  
Agent for the Company.  
July 30—pat dy & wky pres sun jour 4i.

## STEAM BOILERS

## FOR SALE.

(SECOND-HAND.)  
ONE Horizontal 45-horse power, with 54  
3-inch tubes, and in every respect a  
first-class boiler.  
One Upright Tubular, 10-horse power,  
with fire box attached, suitable for a lobster  
factory.  
Both these boilers are ready for steaming,  
and will be sold at a bargain.  
Apply to  
CHARLOTTETOWN WOOLLEN CO.  
July 19—1m wkly 1m

## PICNICS!

—AND—  
Public Gatherings,

Of all kinds, supplied with all suitable  
Refreshments, at the cheapest prices, on  
application to  
VATCHER, MURPHY & CO.,  
at the Star Confectionery, or at the "Little  
Shop around the Corner," Great George St.  
Vatcher, Murphy & Co. manufacture all  
the articles they furnish, from the best and  
purest materials, and, with their experience,  
guarantee satisfaction.  
Fruit Cake,  
Plain Cake,  
Pastry,  
Washington Pies,  
Sponge Cake,  
&c., &c., &c.

of the best quality, will be sold,  
at cheaper prices than by any other concern on  
the Island.  
As V. M. & Co., have already entered into  
several large contracts for Teas for the coming  
season, committees and others will please  
call or write early for prices and terms.

## CONFECTIONERY,

Pure and unadulterated, (no imported trash),  
at the cheapest rates.  
June 16.

## ICE CREAM.

ORDERS for Ice Cream, by the quart or  
gallon, should be left at "The Little  
Shop around the Corner," or at "The Star  
Confectionery," 24 hours ahead of the time it  
is wanted, so as to insure a supply of Fresh  
Cream. Made from pure cream, with superi-  
or flavors, and porcelain-lined cans for con-  
taining it. The purity, sweetness and whole-  
some quality of the Ice Cream furnished is guar-  
anteed.  
July 5, 1884.

## ELEVEN REASONS

## Why the Liberal-Conservative Can- didate Should be Elected.

1. Because no interest can be pro-  
moted by the election of an opponent of the  
Government.

2. Because no interest in the County  
demands a contest at this juncture but  
that of Mr. L. H. Davies; and electors  
should show Mr. Davies and all other  
factious politicians, that they do not care  
to be put to the expense and loss of time  
involved in an election when there is no  
necessity for it, and no public good to be  
promoted or gained.

3. Because there is in Mr. Welsh's  
"Independent candidature," at the  
instance of "red hot Grits," an attempt  
to play fast and loose with the County  
which should be punished.

4. Because the Liberal-Conservative  
Government, led by Sir John A. Mac-  
donald, have acted in a more friendly  
spirit towards the Island than their  
opponents have acted.

5. Because the Liberal-Conservative  
Government gave the Cape Traverse  
Railway in spite of the protests of Mr.  
McKenzie that the Dominion had "done  
very well for the Island" and had  
"carried out the Terms of Union to the  
utmost possible extent."

6. Because, notwithstanding the false  
statement of Mr. Blake that the Domi-  
nion is losing millions of dollars by the  
Island, the Government continue to  
make liberal grants for the maintenance  
of our Railway, etc.

7. Because the general policy and ad-  
ministration of the Government are  
admirable, and have been followed by  
results which, when compared with the  
"fly-on-the-wheel" policy and adminis-  
tration of the Grits, are truly splendid.

8. Because the honor of the country  
has been saved, and our Great Lone  
Land opened up for British settlers,  
without loss to the tax-payers, by the  
construction of the Canadian Pacific  
Railway—a gigantic task, successfully  
undertaken by the Government, though  
their predecessors had repeatedly failed  
in it.

9. Because we are more likely to ob-  
tain Reciprocity by supporting the pre-  
scent policy of the Government than by  
throwing our markets open to the  
Americans free gratis for nothing, and  
going down on our knees to beseech  
them to give us fair trade in return.

10. Because the country is prosperous  
under the Liberal-Conservatives, and  
does not need "Independent—Grits" to  
assist in its Government.

11. And because, while trade has  
been expanding, and while the wages of  
the people have been increasing, the prices  
of most of the commodities of life have  
been lowering, and "goods" are now  
"cheaper than ever."

## The Sparkham Fire-Proof

## ROOFING CEMENT CO'Y,

MONTREAL.  
\$60,000 Capital Paid Up.  
ESTABLISHED 1870.

Estimates furnished and contracts taken  
for the best and cheapest Roof in the world.  
Roofs laid by our agents guaranteed for ten  
years.

## GEO. T. MILLER,

General Agent for Maritime Provinces,  
Moncton, N. B.  
July 15—1m

## ATTENTION.

## Picnic and Tea Party Committees.

You can get the best Goods, at the lowest  
prices, at the "City Steam Bakery."  
You can return all Goods not used, if in  
good condition.  
We give satisfaction to our customers, and  
give as references the Committees of the fol-  
lowing Teas and Picnics, supplied last year:  
Ugg Tea,  
Lot 48 Tea,  
Clyde River Tea,  
Eldon Hall Tea,  
DeSable Tea,  
Lot 65 Tea,  
Springfield Tea,  
South Wiltshire Tea,  
St. Peter's Tea,  
Rialto Picnic,  
Benevolent Irish Society Picnic.

## J. QUIRK.

Prince Street, Ch'town, June 17—10w

## LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

### A Misstatement of the Patriot Corrected.

SIR,—In the Patriot report of the  
political meeting at Stanhope, it is stated  
that two thirds of those present were in  
favor of Mr. Welsh. As Secretary of the  
meeting, I wish to correct this statement.  
No decision was taken: but from a careful  
calculation, based on the tolerably well-  
known political views of the electors pre-  
sent, I judge that Mr. Welsh had not even  
a majority. The supporters of the two  
Candidates were as nearly as possible  
equal in number.

I have prepared a pretty full report of  
Mr. Ferguson's speech, which was a very  
able effort, and of the other speeches on  
that occasion, but it is, I fear, too long for  
present insertion. Space for this correction  
is all I have a right to ask.

Yours etc.,  
JAS. C. SHAW.  
(Presbyterian please copy)

### Mr. Laird's Concessions.

SIR,—Mr. Laird favored us last night  
with a little speech in which he conceded  
more points than he would care to ac-  
knowledge. After elaborating upon the in-  
creased expenditures under Sir John's Gov-  
ernment, he says: "true the country is  
increasing and the expenditure must there-  
fore necessarily increase." He also said  
that on account of the millions of Sir John  
now invested in our industries Sir John  
could not afford to accept Free Trade with  
the United States. If Sir John could not  
now afford to accept Free Trade, could  
Mr. Blake or Mr. McKenzie afford  
to accept Free Trade? Would they  
risk throwing the country into bankruptcy?

would they risk being the cause of closing  
up the factories of our Dominion, and  
thereby throwing hundreds out of employ-  
ment? Theory and practice are two differ-  
ent things, and when we see a man preach-  
ing that which he acknowledges would be  
a ruinous policy, one can arrive at no other  
conclusion, than that he is a hypocrite of  
the deepest dye.

Yours etc.,  
JONES.  
August 14, 1884.

### A "Defensive Tariff."

SIR,—It was amusing on Wednesday  
night to listen to Mr. Paterson trying to  
explain away the true meaning of the  
extracts of speeches made by himself in  
favor of "A Defensive Tariff," and which  
you printed in Wednesday's paper. He  
little thought that so many Islanders took  
such extreme views with reference to  
"Free Trade." He had little idea that  
the policy of the Grits of this Island  
is, as Mr. Laird said on Wednesday  
night, absolute Free Trade "which is  
the glory of the Old Country." True,  
he was in a difficult position, and did  
not feel altogether at home, differing,  
as he does, so widely from the policy  
advocated by Island Grits. As far as I  
can judge from his remarks on this point,  
all that seems to be necessary in order to  
meet his views, is to call the "National Policy"  
a "Defensive Tariff." He believes Can-  
adian manufacture should be defended  
against the American manufacturer, and  
in doing this, in his own words, he says  
the result would be—"It would simply re-  
move the competition from the American  
manufacturer to our own, the consumer  
receiving the benefit of the same, but the  
country being enriched by the industries."  
He opposes the N. P. because it prevents,  
he says, any importation, and thereby  
cuts off a means for raising a tariff  
revenue; but if his "Defensive Tariff"  
would meet with such success as he seems  
willing to predict for it, how much, I ask,  
if a revenue would be derived from that  
quarter. The balance of his speech was  
merely a rehash of Grit arguments which  
have been satisfactorily answered as often  
as they have appeared.

### The Fishery Bounty.

SIR,—I heartily approve of your course in  
exposing Dr. McIntyre's attack in the  
House of Commons last session, on the men  
of this Province, who he charged with hav-  
ing sent to Ottawa fishery bounty claims  
when they had not taken the quantity of  
fish required. There is no doubt but this  
statement of the Dr's, made from his place  
in the House of Commons, has had a bad  
effect on the distribution of the bounty in  
this Island; not only in causing delay but  
also in reducing the amounts paid to the  
fishermen.

The Government would naturally object  
to paying the bounty to those who were  
not entitled to it, when told they were  
doing so by so high an authority as the  
member for King's County. If such state-  
ments were reported to any great extent in  
the Commons it would not be surprising if  
the bounty were withdrawn altogether.

I notice that both the Patriot and New  
Era have taken great pains to show that  
Dr. McIntyre did not use the words attrib-  
uted to him, and to prove their case  
publish in full the speech made by him on  
those occasions. Evidently the Editors of  
that publication of the speech shows clearly  
that you did not misquote the Doctor, and  
fully substantiates your charge against him.  
The portion of the Doctor's speech which  
his friends contend is not an attack upon  
the men of this Island reads as follows:  
"I know some cases myself of men having  
been induced to send in reports in order to  
get the bounty when they had really no  
right to receive it, not having taken the  
full quantity of fish required. So far as I  
can learn, I know of only one case in my  
section of the County, perhaps in the whole

County, of a fisherman not having taken a  
sufficient quantity of fish to entitle him to  
the bounty."

You will please notice that the Doctor  
makes a distinction between the men of the  
country and the fishermen. He knew  
cases, he said, where men sent in reports to  
obtain the bounty when they had no right  
to receive it. But he only knew of one  
case of a fisherman who had not taken a  
sufficient quantity of fish to entitle him to  
the bounty. The latter statement is no  
doubt correct. The fishermen of Prince  
Edward Island, with perhaps a few excep-  
tions, take a sufficient quantity of fish to  
entitle them to the bounty. But there are  
others—the men of the country—who, the  
Doctor knows, sent in the reports to get  
the bounty when they were not entitled to  
it. The Doctor did not say how many  
of this class there were. There may  
only have been a few and there may have  
been a great many. If the Doctor's state-  
ment were correct those men were guilty of  
gross fraud and it was the duty of the Gov-  
ernment after being notified by Dr. Mc-  
Intyre in so public a manner to enquire in-  
to the matter and see that the money was  
not paid to those men. It is quite possi-  
ble in distributing this money a few fraud-  
ulent claims may have been paid, but I do  
not think that this Island has received  
more in this way than the other Maritime  
Provinces. Last fall it was alleged  
that several bad claims were  
sent in from Nova Scotia and New  
Brunswick, and I understand the Gov-  
ernment had a special agent investigating  
them. Yet we do not find any