

# THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 2.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, THURSDAY, APRIL 18, 1878.

NO. 277.

## THE DAILY EXAMINER

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## PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RAILWAY.

### TIME TABLE NO. 8. WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

To come into force MONDAY, DEC. 24, 1877

#### TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	No. 5 EXPRESS	No 7 Mixed
GEORGETOWN	Dp. 8.48	P. M.
Cardigan	" 9.02	
Mount Stewart Junction	Ar. 10.25	
Royalty Junction	Dp. 10.35	
	" 11.46	
CHARLOTTETOWN	P. M.	P. M.
	Ar. 12.10	Dp. 2.40
	A. M.	
	Dp. 9.00	
Royalty Junction	" 9.25	" 3.05
North Wiltshire	" 10.22	" 4.02
Hunter River	" 10.40	" 4.20
Bradalbane	" 11.18	" 5.00
County Line	" 11.28	" 5.10
	P. M.	
Kensington	Ar. 12.07	" 5.50
SUMMERSIDE	Ar. 12.45	
	Dp. 2.00	" 6.20
Wellington	" 2.45	
Port Hill	" 3.28	
O'Leary	" 4.43	
Alberton	" 5.45	
Tignish	" 6.35	

#### TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	No. 2 EXPRESS	No. 4 MIXED
TIGNISH	A. M.	
ALBERTON	Dp. 8.00	
O'Leary	" 8.55	
Port Hill	" 9.52	
Wellington	" 11.07	
	" 11.48	
SUMMERSIDE	P. M.	A. M.
	Ar. 12.35	
	Dp. 2.10	Dp. 8.35
Kensington	" 2.48	" 9.12
County Line	" 3.30	" 9.50
Bradalbane	" 3.40	" 10.10
Hunter River	" 4.20	" 10.48
North Wiltshire	" 4.35	" 10.50
Royalty Junction	" 5.30	" 11.56
CHARLOTTETOWN	Ar. 5.55	
	Dp. 2.05	" 12.20
Royalty Junction	" 2.30	
MT. STEWART Junc.	Ar. 3.40	
Cardigan	Dp. 3.50	
GEORGETOWN.	" 5.12	
	Ar. 5.40	

#### SOURIS BRANCH.

#### Going West. Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 5 MIXED	STATIONS.	No. 6 MIXED
Souris	A. M.		P. M.
Harmony	Dp. 7.30	Mt. St. w't Jc	Dp. 3.50
St. Peter's	" 7.55	Lot 40	" 4.26
Morell	" 9.10	Morell	" 4.32
Lot 40	" 9.42	St. Peter's	" 5.05
Mt St. w't Jc	Ar. 10.25	Harmony	" 6.20
		Souris	Ar. 6.45

C. J. BRYDGES, W. McKECHNIE  
Gen. Superintendent Sup't P. E. I.,  
Govt. Railways. Railway.

### Notice to the Public!

SUPPLIES for the "Soup Kitchen" will reach the Committee if left at the Store of Mr. Alex. Horne, Corner of Queen and Fitzroy Streets.  
Donations of money will be thankfully received by them through Dr. Dodd and Mr. J. Quirk.  
N. B.—Food for the sick carefully prepared by the Committee.  
Nov. 30, 1877.

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1878.

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Manager Examiner Printing and Publishing Company.  
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Buyers before leaving their measures or orders elsewhere, should inspect our Stock and Prices.

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Charlottetown, March 18, 1878.

## ST. PAUL'S CHURCH

## BAZAAR

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF  
MISS MACDONELL.

THE LADIES OF ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, intending holding a BAZAAR in the

MARKET HALL,

—ON—

Wednesday & Thursday,

The 24th & 25th April,

IN AID OF THEIR CHURCH.

Admittance 25 cents. Children half-price

The following Committee have kindly consented to solicit and receive contributions for that purpose:—

- |                |                    |
|----------------|--------------------|
| Mrs. Bayfield, | Miss S. Longworth, |
| " Ball,        | Mrs. Manning,      |
| " Bolton,      | " Newbery,         |
| " Brown,       | " Osborne,         |
| " Davies,      | " Palmer,          |
| " D. Davies,   | " E. Palmer,       |
| " Dodd,        | " C. Palmer,       |
| " Fitzgerald,  | " G. Peake,        |
| Mrs. Haszard,  | " Pope,            |
| Mrs. Hensley,  | " J. C. Pope,      |
| " Hobkirk,     | " Sneeston,        |
| " Ings,        | " Welsh,           |
|                | Mrs. H. Longworth. |

## NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

### THE SITUATION.

From the Daily Patriot.

BOMBAY, April 17.

Two field batteries and a division of native infantry, with field artillery, are under orders for the Mediterranean.

VIENNA, April 17.

The Political Correspondence states that the Roumanian Government has been informed that twelve thousand Russians would occupy the principality.

The Russians are securing their communications around Bucharest and Plajesti and towards the Danube.

The Servian Government has decided to remain neutral under all circumstances.

Bismarck continues his efforts as a mediator, and recommends that fresh negotiations be opened between the Powers. He is also endeavoring to obtain simultaneous withdrawal of the British fleet from the Sea of Marmora, and the Russians from the neighborhood of Constantinople.

NEW YORK, April 17.

The Russian Count, Boadiseo, says he knows of no Russian privateers being fitted out in this country. He says that a company was formed in Russia to purchase vessels here in case of war, but the vessels would have to be taken to a Russian port to be manned.

Sir John A. McDonald on the Address to the Governor General.

SIR JOHN McDONALD—Like the hon. the First Minister I rise with mingled feelings of regret and pleasure to second this resolution. Like him, like the people of Canada, and like the members of this House, I feel the greatest regret at the approaching departure of the illustrious representative of our Sovereign in this country. But I rise with pleasure to express in my humble way my great appreciation of his great qualities as the representative of our Sovereign during the six years he has fitly and fully represented the dignity, the responsibility, the power, and the influence of the Crown. Like the hon. the First Minister, I would say that the office of Governor General is not a mere formal office. It is one of great power. It is one of great dignity. It is one of the greatest responsibilities; and the Governor General is a person elevated, like the Sovereign, far above the shifting party politics of the day. He is at the helm of State. He guides, advises, warns, and counsels; and he, while others, absorbed in party politics, may forget for the moment the great interests of the country, has only one object before him, and that is the common interests of all. That is a duty thrown by the Sovereign upon her representatives, and everyone must admit, and every one cheerfully admits, that the duty has been fully and ably performed by the Earl of Dufferin. (Applause.) It is especially important on this continent, where Republican institutions prevail, that monarchy should show its beneficent side, and if ever monarchy was rendered pleasant, if ever the principles of monarchy were vindicated, and the usefulness of monarchical institutions fully vindicated, they have been vindicated in the manner in which the representative of the monarch has performed his duties during the last six years. And so it is that feelings of regret prevail on both sides of this House, and among both political parties into which this country is divided, at the approaching departure of his Excellency, and that they unite, as I know they do cordially, sincerely, and from the bottom of their hearts, in their tribute of respect and affection to the Earl of Dufferin. (Hear, hear.) As the honorable the Prime Minister has said, the address would not be perfect if it did not contain our sentiments towards his Excellency's consort. Under a Government like this, under monarchy, and in a country governed by monarchical institutions, the consort of the sovereign, or the consort of the representative of the sovereign, always holds and must be held to assume, a political character; and that illustrious lady, as the Prime Minister has truly said, has fitly and well seconded the efforts of the Governor General to maintain the dignity, the honor and the popularity of the position which they have held. While we regret, sir, that so soon we are to be bereft of the presence of these two illustrious personages, we have the consolation, to which my hon. friend opposite alluded, that we have not lost their services forever. Fortunately, the Governor General is still a young man, is still in the prime of life. Although ripe in experience gathered from many lands, and through holding many positions, he still a young man, and we may look forward to many years of his influence in a higher position, high as his present position is, in the counsels of the Mother Country. He has won, as we all know, and we have evidences of it from the honor that has been conferred upon him since he has been Governor-General, the confidence of the illustrious Lady he represents. Any one who reads the press knows that he not only has the confidence of that fourth estate in England, but that of the Sovereign; and with the Sovereign and the Press, both fully appreciating his great qualities, he will, I am satisfied, if Providence spares his life and health, for many years hold as high a position as, aye and a still higher position, than he is about, to our infinite regret, to vacate. As this address says, truly we every one of us know that wherever he goes, whatever position he may be

placed in, he will always have a kindly remembrance of the Dominion of Canada. He knows quite well with what a feeling of affection the people of Canada regard him, and he would be less than man, or more than man, if he did not return that feeling, but we know that he will do it. (Applause) It is fortunate he is so young a man. If we look back as I can, it will be seen that it is our mishap that of all the representatives of the Sovereign that have governed the old Provinces of Canada there is only one still left, and he, from the position he at present holds, is deprived of the opportunity, whatever the desire to do, so may be, of standing as the advocate of the future interests of Canada. But, with a certain future, if God spares him, and health before him, we know we shall have in the great sphere of usefulness that is open for him when he leaves this country, after such a successful reign, for reign it was, a powerful, firm, and sincere advocate of the best interests of the Dominion in the Earl of Dufferin. (Applause.) These sentiments, I believe, must impress themselves, and do impress themselves, upon the hearts and reasons of every one. With these remarks, I have the greatest pleasure in seconding the resolution of the hon. the Prime Minister.

### The Quebec Affair.

LAFLAMME SAVED AS BY FIRE—PROPOSED PURCHASE OF BRANCH OF GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

OTTAWA, April 15.—Parliament was disorganized a good deal during the long sitting of Friday and Saturday, but such libellous statements concerning members, as the Government print, are discreditable to those who print them. The statement that Sir John, Plumb and Macdougall were drunk was utterly untrue. Sir John retired to sleep about 8 o'clock and slept till the afternoon, as did many others. If drunkenness was to be charged at all, surely it would be on the Ministerialists, who sang songs and conducted themselves like noisy children all night and all day Saturday.

In the Supreme Court, judgment was delivered in Lafamme's case, sustaining him in his seat. It was concurred in by Tachereau, Fournier and Henry, and given against him by Chief Justice Richards and Strong. Richey did not give any opinion, not having heard the case. In the Senate, this afternoon, Senator Campbell moved resolutions the "Quebec affair," even in stronger terms than Sir John's resolutions. The debate continued in the Commons, and a division will be taken in both Houses tonight.

In the Commons, Mitchell announced that he would on speaking on the Quebec resolutions at ten o'clock before the vote is taken. Mackenzie introduced resolution authorizing the Government to enter into negotiations for obtaining possession of the Quebec branch of the Grand Trunk R. R., subject to Parliament's ratifications, and Sir John pointed out that this was superfluous as the Government already had the power. McKenzie accused Sir John of being hostile to the plan.

Sir John and Peter Mitchell both protested that they were strongly in favor of it. McKenzie was then compelled to hear Holton declare his opinion that it would be no good to the country and that McKenzie's resolution was premature. Blake also condemned it and in effect advised its withdrawal. McKenzie then sulkily withdrew his resolutions.

After recess Mitchell spoke for half an hour most eloquently on the Quebec resolution and the vote was then taken, resulting for Sir John's motion, 70 against 112, majority 42; absent 25. Blake was absent and it is said he dislikes the necessity of defending this outrage.

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### Legislative Deadlock.

There is a deadlock between the Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly of Victoria. The Upper House refused to grant the supplies, whereupon the Premier advised the Governor, Sir George Bowen, to dismiss a large number of public officials. Sir George at once signed a proclamation which appeared in the Gazette, dismissing them. On being interrogated on his course Sir George replied "that the Governor must act on the advice of his Ministers in all matters where Imperial interests are not concerned," and the English Government applauds his action. What "Imperial interests were concerned when M. de St. Just dismissed M. DeBoucherville?"

The London Times of the 20th ult., in a grossly ignorant article on the Fishery Arbitration, says among other things, "the British, or rather the Canadian case, was conducted by Mr. Ford, formerly Secretary of Legation at Washington, and by counsel representing the Maritime Provinces." As a matter of fact, Mr. Ford was a very junior counsel. When Dana, one of the American lawyers in the case, was entertained at Boston, he said, "Thompson, a young Halifax lawyer, 'ran' Canada's case with extraordinary ability, while poor Ford, from Downing street, sat in dumb inanity twirling his eyeglass and thinking of Rotten Row." This was coarse, but true.

HONG KONG, April 11.—Famine and distress are unabated. Governor Hennessy, of Hong Keng, gives \$10,000 of the public funds towards the relief of the sufferers.