A SHOCKING PICTURE.

The New York *Evening Gazette*, the ten-table organ of the metropolis, and the pet of social aristocracy, makes a shocking disclosure as to the nastiness of the hotels and restaurants which form so prominent a feature of the great city. It declares that with all their external splendour, all their marble and silver, their lace and their tapestry, they are internally filthy. All are alike unclean—St. Nicholas, Metropolitan, Fifth Avenue, and restaurants of all grades and degrees. If you enter their kitchens you will find them swarming with rats and roaches. You will see swarms of fat roaches crawling over piles of food. You will see cooks grasping a clump of roaches with the same hands which a moment after plunges into a dish that is soon to be called dainty. See that perspiring negro roll up his sleeves and dive his dirty arms into a jar of pickled tongues, and draw up one with the same hand which a few moments before was getting together a mass of filth for the soap fat man. There goes a delightful little lamb's tongue to the fair guest! Look around at the disgusting piles of this and that, and eat if you can. Oh, horrible! It were impossible to tell one half the story. Dirt, grease, sweetmeats, roaches—and yonder, in the corner, a huge rat walking out to a plate of "dainty morsels" to this evening repast! Say you this cannot be so. We tell you it is so in the kitchen of almost any hotel and restaurant in the city.

The *Gazette* states that not long ago an old restaurant—and one which had been reputed for nicety—was remodeled for a new business. The discoveries made by taking away the boards and clearing up the refuse are represented as nauseating and horrible. The walls were one dense black mass of roaches. Underneath, overhead, and everywhere they were accumulated in solid masses. The workmen would not touch such filth, and finally dogs were sent in to despatch them. It is impossible to describe the filthiness of these places. Five times out of ten some negro's hand have been all over and through the dishes that are passed to you so elegantly. Five times out of ten the wretched cook lets drop the perspiration from his face into the very soup which is brought to you with such charming grace. Five times out of ten the steak which you are served with has made two or three former appearances. Roaches crawl all over and under and through everything. They have to be shaken off from the rolls before they are carried to the guests.

"In this article," continues the *Gazette*, "we do not confine our criticism to second-class saloons and restaurants. We do not mean the Nassau street lunches, where the refuse of the hotels is served up regularly to hungry patrons. We mean the most reputed places in all of the town. From one end of the city to the other their kitchens are an abomination and a shame. We may say it in all honesty that we do not believe the hotels could keep one-half their rooms filled, or save themselves from grevious losses, if they should once give their patrons a look among their cooking apartments. The dining becomes superb just in the proportion that the kitchens become vile. We do not detail the horrors. But we do say that it is filth and uncleanness everywhere. Probably the most revolting of all the restaurants that have ever deceived the wealthy of the city with a guise of elegance was the Taylor's corner, of Franklin st. and Broadway. Here any individual disposed to pay for it, could eat his peck of dirt at a single sitting. We speak of it without compunction, as it is now a matter of the past. The most horrible of all existing saloons, we believe, to be those down town affairs, where gentlemen get their dinners and lunch. We took a look behind the scenes of one of the most famous of these, and saw enough to cure us of any desire for lunch for some time to come. The word horrible will not suffice to describe the terrible things brought to our view. Even the servants can hardly exist in the steam and dreadful odors which prevail. The dishes are never fully washed, the knives and forks are seldom cleaned, in fact, it is as bad as anything can be imagined."

Verily this is a dreadful picture, especially for us poor provincials, who, when we visit the metropolis, have to depend entirely on hotels and restaurants for our daily food. Let us hope that it is somewhat overcharged, or let us believe, at least, that our favorite resort is an exception to the general nastiness, and take our meals with what happiness we may, regardless of rats and oblivious of roaches.

The President's proclamation of amnesty is an opening and extending of his proclamation of pardon, dated May 29th, 1865, and embraces the entire population of the Southern and once rebellious States, save only certain individuals connected with the Confederate Government, army or navy, such as did not treat the Union prisoners as prisoners of war, and such as are in civil, or military, or naval confinement, or held to bail by the United States, or directly or indirectly connected with the assassination of the late President. The terms are generous, and offered in obediedce to a wise sagacity, large conceptions of statesmanship, and a broad humanity. The considerations leading the Executive to this step are clearly and carefully recited in the preamble to the offer of amnesty, and must commend themselves as wholly conclusive to every balanced and really patriotic mind. The South can never again become part of the Union until this weight of disqualifications and impugned guilt is removed, and the active rights and responsibilities of citizenship are resumed. The country will be a desolation until the disabilites of its citizens are made to disappear. It may as well be without a population. Better so, in fact, than with one groaning under the exactions of a changing tyranny, in doubt as to its future, without means or hope, impoverished and discouraged, and compelled to feel that the very restoration of prosperity is to depend on its absolute submission to the rule of a party which it abhors from instinct as well as reason. The opinion obtains that the amnesty will not cover cases which still remain out side the line of the registration requirements; but such have their remedy before the constituted Courts. This decisive step of the Executive removes the last obstacle to the complete restoration of the Southern people to their suspended rights and does all that can be done by that branch of the Government to make the male portion of the population citizens. Nothing but representation is denied them, and that the people of the country will in due time instruct Congress to concede with no further delay.—*Boston Post.*

THOMAS CARLYLE ON REFORM.—The August number of *Macmillan's Magazine* contains an article which, though published anonymously, is supposed to be from the pen of Thomas Carlyle, on the subject of the Reform Bill and its possible results. It is entitled, "Shooting Niagara; and After?" He says,

"There probably never was, since the heptarchy ended, or almost since it began, so hugely critical an epoch in the history of England as this we have now entered upon, with universal self-congratulation and flinging up of caps, nor one in which—with no Norman invasion now ahead, to lay hold of it, to bridle and regulate it for us (little thinking it was for us), and guide it into higher and wider regions—the question of after death or of nobler new life for the poor country was so uncertain. Three things seem to be agreed upon by gods and men, at least by English men and gods; certain to happen, and are now in visible course of fulfilment.

"1. Democracy to complete itself; to go to the full length of its course, towards the bottomless or into it, no power now extant to prevent it or even considerably to retard it—till we have seen where it will lead us to, and whether there will then be any return possible, or none. Complete 'liberty' to all persons; counts of heads to be the divine court of appeal on every question and interest of mankind; count of heads to choose a Parliament according to its own heart at last, and sit with penny newspapers zealously watching the same; said parliament, so chosen and so watched, to do what trifle of legislating and administering may still be needed in such an England, with its hundred and fifty millions 'free' more and more to follow each his own nose by way of guide post to this intricate world.

"2. That, in a limited time, say fifty years hence, the church, all churches and so called religions, the Christian religion itself, shall have deliquesced—into 'liberty of conscience,' progress of opinion, progress of intellect, philanthrophic movement, and other aqueous residues of a vapid, badly scented character; and shall, like water spilt upon the ground, trouble nobody considerably thence forth, but evaporate at its leisure.

"3. That, in lieu thereof, there shall be free trade, in all senses, and to all lengths: unlimited free trade—which some take to mean 'Free racing, ere long, with unlimited speed, in the career of cheap and nasty: this beautiful career, not in the shop goods only, but in all things, temporal, spiritual, and eternal, to be flung generously open, wide as the portals of the universe; so that everybody shall start free, and everywhere, "under enlightened popular suffrage," the race shall be to the swift, and the high office shall fall to him who is ablest, if not to do it, at least to get elected for doing it."

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

5 EXPERIENCED FISHERMEN, for Boat Fishing. Also 2 ABLE SEAMEN, and a capable STEWARD, for the new Packet Schooner "Alice Myrick." Apply to

I. C. HALL.

Ch'town, Sept. 18, 1867.

AGRICULTURE AND Local Industry.

THE COMMISSIONERS appointed by His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor in Council to carry into effect the intentions of the Legislature relative to the appropriation of last Session for "the encouragement of Agriculture and Local Industry," have ordered a

FAIR and EXHIBITION

to be held in CHARLOTTETOWN on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, the 9th and 10th days of OCTOBER next,

at the new MILITARY DRILL SHED, near Government House—His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief having been pleased to sanction the use of that large and commodious Building for that purpose—at which the following PRIZES will be awarded for the encouragement of Local Industry and Agriculture, viz:—

LIVE STOCK—HORSES.			
Best Entire Horse of any age or breed	£2	10	0
2nd best do do	1	10	0
Best Entire Cart Horse	2	10	0
2nd best do	1	10	0
Best Mare with her Foal	2	10	0
2nd best do	1	10	0
Best Blood Filley, under 3 years old,	2	0	0
2nd best do do	1	0	0
Best Filly under 3 years old	2	0	0
2nd best do	1	0	0
CATTLE.			
Best Bull under 3 years old	2	0	0
2nd best do	1	10	0
Best Bull of any age, any breed	2	0	0
2nd best do do	1	10	0
Best Cow in Milk	2	0	0
2nd best do	1	10	0
Best Heifer in Calf or Milk, under 3 years old	2	0	0
2nd best do do	1	10	0
Best Yearling Heifer	2	0	0
2nd best do	1	10	0
Best Fat Cow	1	10	0
SHEEP.			
Best Ram of any age	2	0	0
2nd best do	1	0	0
Best Yearling Ram	2	0	0
2nd best do	1	0	0
Best Ram Lamb	1	10	0
2nd best do	1	0	0
Best Pen of four Ewes of any age having reared a lamb this season	2	0	0
2nd best do do	1	0	0
Best Pen of four Yearling Ewes	2	0	0
2nd best do do	1	0	0
Best Pen of four Ewe Lambs	1	10	0
2nd best do do	1	0	0
PIGS.			
Best Boar Pig	1	10	0
2nd best do	1	0	0
Best Breeding Sow	1	10	0
2nd best do	1	0	0
Best Pen of three Pigs under 6 months of age	1	10	0
2nd best do do	1	0	0
Best fat Pig	1	10	0
2nd best do	1	0	0
POULTRY.			
Best pair Turkeys, Rooster and Hen	0	10	0
Best three Spring Geese	0	10	0
Best Barn-door Rooster and two Pullets, any breed,	0	10	0
Best three Ducks	0	10	0
Best three Black Spanish	0	10	0
GRAIN.			
Best three bushels Wheat	1	10	0
2nd best do do	1	0	0
Best three bushels two-rowed Barley	1	10	0
2nd best do do	1	0	0
Best three bushels four-rowed Barley	1	0	0
2nd best do do	0	15	0
Best three bushels Oats	1	10	0
2nd best do do	1	0	0
3rd best do do	0	15	0
PEAS & BEANS.			
Best one bushel Peas	0	10	0
Best one bushel White Beans	0	10	0
BUCKWHEAT.			
Best three bushels Buckwheat	0	15	0
2nd best do do	0	10	0
GRASS SEEDS.			
Best 2 bushels Timothy Seed	1	0	0
Best 56 lbs. Red Clover	1	0	0
Best 28 lbs. White Clover	1	0	0
FLAX.			
Best three bushels Flax Seed	1	0	0
2nd best do do	0	15	0
Best sample of Flax in the Straw	0	15	0
2nd best do do	0	10	0
Best sample of Flax Scutched	0	15	0
2nd best do do	0	10	0
ROOTS.			
Best Dozen Swede Turnips	0	10	0
2nd best do do	0	7	0
Best Twenty Field Carrots	0	10	0
BUTTER & CHEESE.			
Best Cheese not less than 20 lbs. weight	1	0	0
2nd best do do do	0	15	0
3rd best do do do	0	10	0
Best Tub of Butter not less than 28 lbs.	1	0	0
2nd best do do do	0	15	0
3rd best do do do	0	10	0
HORTICULTURE.			
Best one dozen Onions	0	5	0
Do do Beets	0	5	0
Do do Parsnips	0	5	0
Do do Carrots	0	5	0
Best three Cauliflowers	0	5	0
Best one dozen Ears Indian Corn	0	5	0
Best Squash	0	5	0
Best one dozen Tomatoes	0	5	0
Do do Mangold Wurtzels	0	5	0
Best three Cabbages	0	5	0
Do do Savoy do	0	5	0
Best half-dozen Roots of Celery,	0	5	0
BEES.			
Best Hive Bees	1	0	0
Best Box of Honey	0	10	0
FRUIT.			
Best basket Cooking Apples	0	7	6
2nd best do do	0	5	0
Best Eating Apples	0	7	6
2nd best do	0	5	0
Best basket Winter keeping Apples	0	7	6
2nd best do do do	0	5	0
Best sample Green Gages	0	5	0
Do do Plums	0	5	0
Do do Damsons	0	5	0
CARRIAGES & SLEIGHS.			
Best Double-seated Wagon under Forty Pounds value	4	0	0
2nd best do do do	2	10	0
Best Single-seated Wagon under £25 value	3	0	0
2nd best do do do	2	0	0
Best Family Sleigh	2	10	0
2nd best do	1	10	0
Best Single Sleigh	1	10	0
2nd best do	1	0	0
FARM IMPLEMENTS.			
Best Farm Cart, selling price not to exceed £12	2	0	0
2nd best do do do	1	0	0
Best Iron Plough	1	10	0
Do Wooden Plough	1	10	0
Do Sett of Harrows	1	0	0
Do Horse Hoe	1	10	0
Do Horse Rake, wheeled	1	10	0
Do Threshing Machine	3	0	0
2nd best do	2	0	0
Best Fanners	1	10	0
Do Track Wagon	2	0	0
Do Batt Mill	1	0	0
Do Mussel Mud Digging Machine	5	0	0
Do Broad Axe	0	10	0
Do Narrow Axe	0	10	0
Best collection of Edged and Pointed Tools	1	10	0
Best Iron Spindle	1	0	0
LEATHER.			
Best Side Sole Leather	1	0	0
Do do Upper do	1	0	0
Do Grain Leather	1	0	0
Do Calfskin do	1	0	0
Do Sheepskin with Wool on	0	10	0
Do Side Harness Leather	1	0	0
Do Sleigh Robe	1	0	0
2nd best do	1	0	0
BOOTS & SHOES.			
Best pair Men's Knee Boots	1	0	0
Do do Calf Wellington Boots	0	10	0
Do do Lacing Boots	0	10	0
Do do Elastic side	0	10	0
Best pair Ladies' strong do	0	10	0
Do do light do	0	10	0
HARNESS.			
Best Single Carriage Harness under £15 value	2	0	0
Best do do under £7	2	0	0
Best Cart Harness	1	10	0
Do Plough do	1	0	0
Best Riding Saddle	1	0	0
Best Leather Valise	0	10	0
TEXTILE FABRICS IN WOOL.			
Best 10 yds Black Full-dressed Cloth	1	10	0
2nd best do do do	1	0	0
Best Grey do (dyed)	1	10	0
Best do Wool do	1	10	0
Best Women's wear, plain, 10 yds.	1	10	0
2nd best do do do	1	0	0
Best do fancy patterns	1	10	0
2nd best do do do	1	0	0
Best Gentleman's Plaid	1	0	0
2nd best do	0	10	0
Best Woman's Shawl	1	0	0
2nd best do	0	10	0
Best pair of Horse Rugs	1	0	0
2nd best do	0	15	0
Best pair of Blankets	1	0	0
Best 10 yds mixed fabric Drugget	1	0	0
2nd best do do do	0	15	0
Best Fancy Skirting	1	0	0
2nd best do	0	15	0
Best Hearth Rug	1	0	0
2nd best do	0	15	0
Best Door Mat	0	10	0
2nd best do	0	5	0
Best 10 yds. White Flannel	0	15	0
2nd best do	0	10	0
KNIT GOODS.			
Best pair of Men's Drawers	0	10	0
Do do Under Shirts	0	10	0
Best three pairs Socks	0	3	0
2nd best do	0	3	0
Best three pairs Stockings	0	3	0
Best pair Winter Gloves	0	5	0
Do do Mitts	0	5	0
Best collection of Knit Work	1	0	0
MEASURES, &c.			
Best Nest of Measures, to contain one bushel, ½ bushel and 1 peck	0	15	0
Best Pork Barrel	0	15	0
2nd best do	0	10	0
Best 5 gallon and 10 gallon Keg	0	10	0
Best Butter Firkin	0	10	0
2nd best do	0	5	0
Best pair of Ash Oars, not exceeding 14 feet	0	10	0
Best 1 bushel and ½ bushel Potatoe Baskets of Indian manufacture	0	5	0
Do do of Ozier or other material	0	10	0
FLAX MANUFACTURE.			
Best Samole Grain Sacks	0	10	0
Best half dozen Towels	0	10	0
Best Table Cloth	0	10	0
Best pair Linen Sheets	0	10	0
POTTERY.			
Best Sample of Pottery	1	0	0
Best Sample of 12 Island made Bricks	1	0	0
2nd best do do do	0	15	0
CASTINGS.			
Best Collection of Metal Castings	1	0	0
FURNITURE.			
Best Set of Drawing Room Furniture	4	0	0
Do do Dining Room do	4	0	0
Do do Bedroom do	3	0	0
FISH.			
Best barrel Mackerel, Island catch	2	0	0
Best ½ do do	1	10	0
Best Quintal Codfish	1	10	0
2nd best do	1	0	0

N. B. No Prizes will be awarded to imported Stock

Other Prizes, besides those above enumerated, will be given at the recommendation of the Judges.

A PLOUGHING MATCH, in connection with the Exhibition, will also take place, notice of the time and place for which will be given in due time.

The Commissioners will endeavour to make arrangements with the P. E Island Steam Navigation Company for the conveyance of articles for Exhibition from Prince and King's Counties.

Further particulars relative to admission, &c, hereafter.

By order,
A. McNEILL,
Secretary to Board of Commissioners.

Charlottetown, Aug. 19, 1867.

FALL GOODS.

BY various Ships from ENGLAND, Steamers from BOSTON and HALIFAX, I have received my

FALL & WINTER STOCK,

consisting in part of

26 Casks & Cases General Ironmongery.

1 Cask Cutlery,
1 do Traces,
1 do Shovels,
1 do Hoes,
1 do Sheet,
26 Boxes Tin,
236 pieces Plough Metals,
16 Tons Nails & Spikes,
23 bundles Spring Steel,
15 do Shoeing do
3 do Cast do
7 do Blister do
18½ Tons Iron,
1 Cask Cart Boxes,
1 do Bolts & Nuts,
1 do Screws,
1 do Files,
1 Box Axles,
5 Pairs Bellowes,
1 Basket Vices
158 Kegs Paints,
12 Drums Varnish,
6 do Turpeuzine,
2 Casks do
4 do Putty,
1 do Venetian Red,
1 do Yellow Ochre, Vermillion, Prussian Blue, Drop Black, Umber, De Sienna,
4 Hhds Paint Oil,
1 do Olive do
2 Bbls Seal do
1 do Lubricating Oil,
10 do Kerosene Oil,
111 Boxes Glass,
2 Crates Scuttles,
1 Case Shoemaker's Thread
1 Bale Curled Hair,
1 Cask Glue,
3 do Dyewoods,
250 lbs. extract Logwood,
5 Bales Rope.

These goods have been well bought, and with Stock on Shelves and in Warehouse, form a very large assortment, and are offered at my usual low prices—either wholesale or retail—for Cash.

W. E. DAWSON.

Great George Street, Dec. 3, 1866.

Carlton's Condition Powders!

FRANCIS S. LONGWORTH,
Barrister and Attorney-at-Law,
OFFICE—PAVILLION HOTEL,
(next door to Hon. Joseph Hensley's)
Charlottetown, - - - P. E. Island.
Jan. 14, 1867.

F. P. NORTON,
Commission Merchant,
AND
Auctioneer.
GEORGETOWN - - - P. E. ISLAND.
October 24, 1864 1y

CARVELL BROTHERS,
AUCTIONEERS,
GENERAL AGENTS,
AND
Commission Merchants,
Charlottetown, - - Prince Edward Island,
AGENTS FOR:
New York Board of Underwriters,
Boston Board of Underwriters,
Eastern Express Company,
Fairbank's Patent Standard Scales,
Gowrie Coal Mines, Cow Bay, C. B.
Fishwick's Express.

☞ CASH ADVANCES made upon CONSIGNMENTS received, or when sent to their Agents abroad.

April 30, 1866

A. McNEILL,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
MASON'S THREE-STOREY BUILDING,
Dorchester Street.
Charlottetown.....P. E. Island.
July 23. tf

CHARLES QUIRK,
MANUFACTURER
OF
Square Rod, Gents' Bright
AND
Natural Leaf Good Smoking
TOBACCO.
Queen Street,
Charlottetown, - - - - P. E. I.
January 21, 1867 1y

B. WILSON HIGGS,
General Commission Merchant
AND
AUCTIONEER,
Charlottetown, ... P. E Island.
May 27, 1867. 1y

THOMAS W. MAY,
Surveyor and Conveyancer,
Glenstewart - - - Southport.
REFERENCE:
The Surveyor-General, Charlottetown.
June 10, 1867. 1y

R. REDDIN,
Attorney and Barrister-at-Law,
CONVEYANCER, &c.
Office: -- Great George Street, Charlottetown.
(Near the Catholic Cathedral.)
September 3, 1866 tf

CARD.
THOMAS KELLY,
Barrister-at-Law, Notary Public,
AND
CONVEYANCER,
Summerside, - - - - - P. E. I.
Dec. 10, 1866. 1y pd

West India House,
Upper Great George Street.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale, at his Store, the following, viz:

11 Hhds. Strong Demrara SPIRITS,
Hhds. Holland GIN,
Casks Port and Sherry WINE,
Casks Hennessey's Dark & Pale Brandy,
Casks Scotch Whiskey (Prime),
Casks Irish WHISKEY.
50 Doz. Edinburgh ALE, 6 Cases CHAMPAGNE,
40 " Blood's x x x PORTER,
Cases CLARET,
40 Boxes RAISINS, 3 Bbls CURRANTS,
25 ¼ do RAISINS, Bags RICE,
60 Boxes FIGS, Bags PEPPER,
Chests Superior TEA,
Bbls Crushed SUGAR, Casks Washing SODA,
Hhds. and Bbls. P. R. MOLASSES, Hhds and Bbls. P R. SUGAR.
6 Bbls. Kerosene OIL, 6 Bbls. Red ONIONS,
20 Doz. Am. BROOMS, 20 Doz. Am. BUCKETS,

—Also—

A large stock of Spices, Pickles, Fruit, &c., &c., suitable for the season.

The above articles are of the very best description, and will be sold cheap for Cash.

LEMUEL McKAY.

Charlottetown, Dec. 17, 1866.

July 10th, 1867.

Cheap Goods! New Goods!

HEARTZ & SON

HAVE just received by *Java*, direct from ENGLAND, a further supply of

DRY GOODS,

which, owing to the decline in Cotton, they will be able to sell this Importation cheaper than the Stock imported this Spring.

GOODS:—Consisting of Grey, White, Striped, and Painted Cottons, Ginghams, Grey and White Sheeting, Striped Bedding, Cotton, Union and Linnen Ticking, Towels and Towelings, Cheese Cloth, &c, &c.

DRESS GOODS:—French Merino, Circassians, Poplins, Coburgs, Lustres, and Fancies.

CLOTHS:—Fine Cloths, Tweeds, Does, Silk, Mixed, Russel Cord, &c.

SUNDRIES:—Bugle and Straw Trimmings and Ornaments, in Black, White & Mixed; Velvet Trimmings, &c.; Buttons and Clasp Dewdrops, Feathers and Flowers, Corsets, Prunella and Kid Boots, Gents' Hats, Collars, Ties, Braces, Handkerchiefs, &c, &c.

P. S.—The above, along with Stock on hand, will be sold, wholesale and retail, cheap for Cash.

HEARTZ & SON.

July 15, 1867.

NEW GOODS!
FOR
SPRING & SUMMER, 1867,
AT
Glasgow House.

THE Subscriber begs to acquaint his customers, and the public, that he has, by the *Undine* and *L. C. Owen* from Liverpool, *Empress* and *County of Pictou* from Glasgow, and *Abeona* from London, completed his SPRING IMPORTATIONS, which comprise the usual assortment of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
GROCERIES, &c. &c.

which are now ready for Sale.

FREDERICK LePAGE.

Charlottetown, June 3, 1867.

TOWNEND'S HATS AND CAPS.

A LARGE STOCK of the above, received ex "LOTUS," from LONDON, of the newest STYLES and SHAPES—

Good Silk HATS, 7s 6d to 14s.
Paris Velvet do, 20s 27s 6d.
Townend's best do, 32s 6d.
Boys & Gent's. FELT HATS, in great variety.
A large Stock of Tweed and Cloth CAPS,
And also in Ladies' STRAW HATS, &c. &c.

G. & S. DAVIES.

Charlottetown, June 7, 1867.

18, Trafford Chambers,
South John Street, Liverpool.
January 1st, 1867.

J. T. THOMAS begs to inform his friends that he has this day taken into Partnership his son, JOHN T. THOMAS, JUNR.

The business will in future be carried on under the style or Firm of

THOMAS & SON,
MERCHANTS.
Liverpool & Prince Edward Island.
Jan. 28, 1867 tf

Packet between Charlottetown
AND
CASCUMPEC.

THE Schooner "JOSEPHINE" having secured the Government Contract to run as a PACKET between CHARLOTTETOWN and CASCUMPEC, will, for the remainder of the Season, run once a fortnight between the above mentioned Ports, for the conveyance of FREIGHT and PASSENGERS, remaining at each place for forty-eight hours on every trip. The "Josephine" is a staunch vessel, well fitted, has good accommodations for Passengers, and is in all respects well adapted for the route.

I. C. HALL, ESQR. Agent for Charlottetown: HERBERT BELL, ESQR, Agent for Cascumpec.

Ch'town, June 24, 1867. 3m

MAILS.
New Summer Arrangement.

THE MAILS for the United Kingdom, the neighbouring Provinces, United States, &c., will, until further notice, be closed at the General Post Office, Charlottetown, as follows, viz:—

For Canada, New Brunswick and the United States, via Shediac, every TUESDAY and FRIDAY evening at 8 o'clock.

For Nova Scotia, via Pictou, every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY evening at 8 o'clock.

For Great Britain, Newfoundland and the West Indies, every alternate MONDAY and WEDNESDAY evening at 8 o'clock, as follows, viz:—

Monday, June	17	Monday, Sept.	9
Wednesday, "	19	Wednesday, "	11
Monday, July	1	Monday, "	23
Wednesday, "	3	Wednesday, "	25
Monday, "	15	Monday, Oct.	7
Wednesday, "	17	Wednesday, "	9
Monday, "	29	Monday, "	21
Wednesday, "	31	Wednesday, "	23
Monday, Augt.	12	Monday, Nov.	4
Wednesday, "	14	Wednesday, "	6
Monday, "	26	Monday, "	18
Wednesday, "	28	Wednesday, "	20

Mails for Summerside and St. Eleanor's, to be forwarded per Steamer, will be closed every TUESDAY and FRIDAY evening at 8 o'clock.

And Mails for Georgetown and Souris, per Steamer, every FRIDAY evening at 8 o'clock.

Letters, to be registered, and Newspapers must be posted half an hour before the time of closing the Mails.

THOMAS OWEN,
Postmaster General.

General Post Office, Ch'town, 10th June, 1867 } isl

Grain! Grain! Grain!

THE highest price given for BARLEY and OATS, at

Coles's Brewery and Distillery,

☞ Constantly on hand, at prices cheaper than can be purchased in the market, the best of Rum, Brandy, Gin, Whiskey and a superior article of Malt Whiskey. Also—X, XX, and XXX Ale.

Charlottetown, June 20, 1866.

Notice to Mariners.

THE exact position of the Fixed White Light at the North Cape of Prince Edward Island is

Latitude N.	Longitude W.
47 ° 3 ' 40 "	63 ° 59 ' 19 "

Elevation Eighty feet.

JNO. WM. MORRISON,
Asst. Col. Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, April 29, 1867. }

IRON.

230 BARS 1 inch ROUND IRON. For sale cheap for cash.

G. & S. DAVIES.

Ch'town, June 24, 1867.

To Anglers.

FISHING TACKLE in all varieties for sale at the CITY DRUG STORE, VICTORIA BUILDING, Queen Street.

W. R. WATSON.

May 20, 1867.

VACCINATION.
Charlottetown and Royalty.

THE "Act to promote Vaccination" requires that all persons residing in Charlottetown and Royalty, above the age of three months, shall be Vaccinated by a duly qualified Medical Practitioner, (unless they have had the Small Pox); and that there may be no warrantable excuse for not obeying the Law, the Act provides that the Superintendent of Vaccination shall Vaccinate those who may apply to him for that purpose, without any charge.

I therefore hereby give notice, to all whom it may concern, that I will attend at the Dispensary, on the afternoons of Tuesday and Saturday, at 3 o'clock, until further notice, to Vaccinate all persons not successfully Vaccinated, who shall then appear there.

H. A. JOHNSON,
Superintendent of Vaccination.

June 24th, 1867.

TO HEADS OF FAMILIES.

JUDSON'S
Mountain Herb
PILLS.

The Best Family Medicine in Existence.

Prepared from simple Roots and Herbs that grow upon the Mountains and in the lovely VALLEYS OF MEXICO, where the mighty Cordilleras raise their cloud-piercing heights.

By cleansing and *Purifying the Blood*, they not only Cure but prevent nearly

ALL DISEASES.

They are the remedy the bounteous hand of nature has provided for all Diseases arising from

IMPURE BLOOD.

The name of those diseases are legion. JUDSON'S PILLS are the Best Remedy in existence for the following Diseases:

BILIOUSNESS,

Scrofula, Worms, Headache, Indigestion, Liver Complaint,

Dyspepsia,

Loss of Blood, all derangements of the Stomach and Bowels.

SKIN DISEASES.

Costiveness, Colds, Diarrhœa, Fever and Ague, Kidney Diseases, Chest Diseases. They are the BEST FEMALE MEDICINE KNOWN.

Remove the cause and you cure the disease. Bad blood is the great cause of disease; these Pills cleanse and purify it so thoroughly that disease, having nothing to feed upon, must take flight.

Get our Almanac

From any Druggist, and read the history of this Wonderful Discovery; or, as PROOF CONCLUSIVE, buy and try one box of the Pills and you will be satisfied they are

All we claim

them to be.

Put up in Boxes containing 40 Pills.

Price, 25 Cents per Box.

☞ The outside is a Red Wrapper with Black Letters, with our fac-simile signature on it.

ASK FOR
JUDSON'S
Mountain Herb Pills,

And for *The Rescue Tula* Almanac. We also send them by Mail, postage paid, for 25 cts per Box.

B. L. JUDSON & CO.
PROPRIETORS.
106 FRANKLIN-ST, NEW YORK.

☞ Sold by all Dealers. [July 1, '67. 4m

CHILDREN TEETHING

MRS. WINSLOW,

An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, presents to the attention of mothers her

Soothing Syrup,

FOR CHILDREN TEETHING,

which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain and spasmodic action, and is

SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS.

Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and

Relief and Health to your Infants.

We have put up and sold this article for over thirty years, and can say, in confidence and truth of it, what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—never has it failed, in a single instance, to effect a cure, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it; on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of highest commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "what we do know," after thirty years' experience, and pledge our reputation for the fulfilment of what we here declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skilful nurses in New England, and has been used with never-failing success in

THOUSANDS OF CASES.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve

GRIPING I