

THE EXAMINER.

VOL 2.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, THURSDAY, JANUARY 10, 1878.

NO. 203.

THE DAILY EXAMINER

Is Published every Evening.

OFFICE:

INGS' BUILDING, CORNER OF WATER AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

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Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, or half-yearly advertisements, on application.

W. L. COTTON, J. W. MITCHELL,
Manager. Office Sup't.

The Weekly Examiner

Is Published every Friday.

OFFICE:

INGS' BUILDING, CORNER OF WATER AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Subscription price, postage prepaid, \$1.00 per year, in advance.

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Contracts may be made for quarterly, half-yearly, and yearly advertisements on application at the office.

W. L. COTTON, J. W. MITCHELL,
Manager. Office Sup't.

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC

WHILE taking this opportunity of thanking our numerous customers for the liberal manner in which they have patronized

OUR NEW STUDIO,

we would inform them that we have now increased facilities for the production of first-class work, and are prepared to make PHOTOGRAPHS of a Style and Quality that has never been before attempted in this City. We have an exhibition, at our Rooms, a large number of Photographs of every variety, including the

BEAUTIFUL PHOTO - ENAMEL

the most beautiful style of Photograph known, possessing a softness and delicacy of coloring that has never been equalled. This elegant picture has become deservedly popular elsewhere, and cannot fail to become so here.

Though the finish of our Photographs cannot be excelled, we would direct attention to the beautiful

Glace' Pictures

which we make. They possess a highly enamelled surface, and are practically indestructible, and will retain their freshness and beauty for any length of time. If they become soiled they can easily be cleaned, as they will not lose any of their beauty by being wet. This valuable quality, combined with their remarkable elegance, make them very suitable for presents; while the difficulty of their production will prevent them ever becoming so common as to lessen their value. Our patrons can have one or all of their Photos finished in this style—an advantage which cannot be obtained elsewhere.

We give special attention to making Groups of Families, Societies, Schools, &c. Our pictures of children are sufficient evidence of our success in this difficult branch of our art.

Our ENLARGEMENTS, finished in India Ink, Pastel, Crayon, Oil and Water Colors, have made a favorable reputation for them selves throughout the Lower Provinces.

Parties intending to have Photographs made will find it to their advantage to sit early, as the number of our customers makes some delay in the delivery of the Photos unavoidable. We prefer to have our sitters come by appointment.

Photographs can be obtained for less money elsewhere; but in this case we ask that quality be given the preference; assuring the public that they will find our charges very moderate.

ROSS BROS.,

Cor. Queen and Dorchester Streets, opposite Connolly's Bank. Sept. 10, 1877—3m eod

Coarse Salt for Packing.

FIFTY TONS Coarse Salt, three hundred Bags do. For sale by

HASZARD BROS. Dec. 8, 1877—1m eod

SWEET ORANGES,

APPLES, Lemons, Grapes, Figs, Nuts, Onions, Raisins, Currants, Spices. All kinds Crackers, Preserves, and the largest assortment of Confectionery to be had on the Island. Fancy Toys, Flour (by the bbl. or lb.), Tea, Sugar, Soap, Candles, Pepper, Mustard, Vinegar, and a variety of Groceries. ALEX. MCKENZIE, Queen Street. Ch'town, Dec. 27, 1877.—tu&fr3w

OLD TYPE.—About 500 lbs. on sale at THE EXAMINER OFFICE.

To Trustees of Country Schools

THE Trustees of several Districts have been applying for school furniture, and in every instance consider the American and Canadian Combination Seat and Desk too expensive. I have just got up a Combination that is stronger, neater, and one-third cheaper than those that have been imported. Call and see samples of the different sizes. City School Trustees fully approve of them.

MARK BUTCHER

Dec. 18, 1877—ex 1m ne a pat pres 4i

GENERAL AGENCY NOTICE.

I BEG to announce to the TRADE of this City, and the Island generally, that on the 14th of JANUARY I will have a complete

ASSORTMENT OF SAMPLES,

of the following lines of Goods for Spring and Summer:

English & Canadian TWEEDS & WOOLLENS, BOOTS & SHOES,

AMERICAN COTTONS, Readymade Clothing

AMERICAN RUBBER GOODS, IN GREAT VARIETY

Tobacco & Cigars, Confectionery, Coffee & Spices, Naval Stores, Teas, Sugars.

I am also SOLE AGENT for the Lower Provinces for WYATT & Co's (London) CELEBRATED

Pickles, Sauces, Jellies, Etc.,

—AND—

E. James & Son's (Plymouth) celebrated STARCH, BLUE & DOME LEAD.

This Notice is only to the Trade—no Retail orders being solicited or accepted.

Sample Rooms at No. 9 Queen St., over the Office of Messrs. Hyndman Brothers.

JOHN H. CATHRAE, Ch'town, Nov. 23, 1877—w & l: w o

H. VINNICOMBE, PIANO FORTE REGULATOR

ALL parties leaving their orders for Tuning at Bremner Bros. will receive the best attention.

All who have Pianos in Charlottetown would do well to have them tuned by the year, keeping their instruments in perfect order all the time.

A visit once a year at least will be made at all parts of the Island, or other if required Ch'town, July 18, 1877.

BLANK BILL - HEADS, BLANK STATEMENTS,

—AND—

BUSINESS CARDS!

Furnished promptly and cheaply, to order, at the

EXAMINER OFFICE, INGS' BUILDING, Corner Great George and Water Streets.

SEE HERE MEN!

If you want SLEIGHS or CARRIAGES made of best American Wood, in latest style, or your Horse Shod in FIRST-CLASS STYLE, call on the undersigned. All work warranted or no pay.

J. C. KEEFE,

North side Queen's Square.

Ch'town, Dec. 5, 1877.

International Hotel!

(FORMERLY RANKIN HOUSE)

Corner of Pownal & Sydney Streets, CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

Private and permanent Boarders can be accommodated on very moderate terms, during the winter season, at the International.

D. MCISAAC, Proprietor.

Dec. 19, 1877—2m

THE LATEST YET!!

THE new Patent CLOTHES-HORSE, the most complete ever invented, selling cheap. Also WANTED—a first-class Carriage Maker. Apply to

J. C. KEEFE,

North Side Queen's Square.

Dec. 5, 1877.

1878.

THE

Weekly Examiner

FURNISHES MORE NEWS, FOR LESS MONEY THAN ANY OTHER PAPER IN THE PROVINCE.

It Contains Twenty-eight Columns,

nearly every one of which is in closely set READING MATTER.

CONSIDER OUR TERMS:

SINGLE COPIES to the 31st December, 1878—thirteen months—\$1.00 in advance.

SIX COPIES to one address, or addressed separately, as desired, \$5.50 in advance.

TEN COPIES to one address, or addressed separately, as desired, \$9.00 in advance.

FIFTEEN COPIES to one address, or addressed separately, as required, \$13.50 in advance.

TWENTY COPIES to one address, or addressed separately, as desired, \$17.00.

IN DULL TIMES

CHEAPEST AND BEST!

The Weekly Examiner

is acknowledged to be ahead of any other paper in the Province in the item of

LOCAL NEWS,

and is always well filled with

Political, Shipping, Commercial and General Information.

The debates of the Local Legislature will be carefully and impartially given. Special telegrams and letters from "Our Own Ottawa Correspondent" will contain everything of interest transpiring in the Dominion Parliament.

A Good Story will be made a specialty.

The Daily Examiner

Will be sent to any part of the Province, the Dominion, United States or Great Britain on receipt of

For Six Months, \$2.50

For Three Months, 1.25

For One Month,50

ADDRESS,

W. L. COTTON,

Manager Examiner Printing and Publishing Company.

Ch'town, Dec. 6, 1877.

High Gambling in London Clubs.

Gambling is a vice which thrives and grows in spite of the police regulations, legal prosecutions, and daily illustrations of its perils and miseries. An officer, high in Her Majesty's army, had to fly his country in disgrace for cheating at cards. A well known gentleman about town was ignominiously kicked out of a West End Club with two aces up his sleeve. Two or three young men of family were ruined at a Club where play was understood not to "run high," and a disgraceful case of card sharpening came before the courts. For a time it seemed as though these exposures had a deterrent influence on high stakes and unfair players, but the old vice is rampant, and the latest development of club gambling is the formation of a "baccarat" proprietary club, which is beginning to excite public attention, and is likely, I hear, to come under the attention of the police. I have it, on reliable information, that recently a young "Scotch laird," a Colonel in the army, whose name I withhold for the present at all events, lost at his "baccarat" club, at one sitting, \$350,000. His opponent had played with him from nine on Saturday night until four o'clock Sunday morning, when the losses of the young Colonel stood at this enormous sum. "I will go you double or quits," he said with the nerve of a Scotchman, though lacking the proverbial prudence of his race. "No," responded the winner, "I don't think I will; let me ask you one question first, at all events." "Proceed," said the loser. "Supposing I go you double or quits, can you pay £140,000 if you lose?" "Frankly, I cannot," was the reply. "Then we will not double or quits, but we will continue to play until 10 o'clock if you like, and then I leave off." The game went on until 10 o'clock, when the young Scotch laird had reduced his losses to \$30,000, which he paid.—London Letter to the New York Times.

Bank Breakers.

Robert Scott and James Dunlap, the noted New York bank-breakers, whose latest effort was the robbery of the Northampton Bank of \$1,500,000 in money and negotiable securities, celebrated the advent of 1878 by commencing a career of twenty years' incarceration at hard labor in the Massachusetts State Prison. Their crime, committed two years ago this month, together with the attending circumstances and subsequent events of two trials, was one of the most remarkable of its class on record. The robbery was committed on the night of the 27th of January, 1876, when the burglars entered the house of cashier Whittlesey, masked, and, under cover of pistols, persuaded him to repair to the bank, unlock the vault, and surrender the contents. The cashier was then conducted home, and, together with his family, securely bound and gagged, when the robbers made good their escape from the quiet and sleeping town. It was a long time before any trace was had, but at length Scott and Dunlap were arrested, through the efforts of some New York detectives, who were put on the track of them through an associate of the robbers, named Edison, who turned State's evidence and secured their conviction and his own escape. This Edison, it should be explained, probably conceived the idea of the robbery upon information of the bank and premises, which he gained some months before while acting in the capacity of a mechanic in repairing the locks of the vaults.

THE PLUNDER STILL HELD BY THE ROBBERS. One remarkable feature of this robbery is that the proceeds of it are still retained by the prisoners or their friends. Not a single dollar of the \$1,500,000 has been "turned up," nor is it likely to be unless the accused are granted a full pardon, which, of course, is not probable. The bank officers and numerous private depositors who lost heavily by the affair, were anxious for some sort of a compromise looking to a restoration of the funds at the expense of a mitigation of sentence, but the sudden action of Judge Rockwell, in pronouncing sentence, cut short all overtures in this direction. The bank people and other sufferers feel very sore over the matter, but the general community can hardly fail to rejoice at it as a signal triumph of justice over the temptations of large private interests.

A CAREER OF CRIME.

Although so young both Scott and Dunlap, as well as Edison, through whom they were convicted, have been identified with some of the principal bank robbers in the country, and Scott once "did time" in the Illinois prison for a job in that State. During a three years' compact the gang made attempts on the Elmira (N. Y.) Bank, the First National Bank of Quincy, Ill.; the First National Bank of Saratoga; the Long Island National Bank of Brooklyn, the Covington (Ky.) National Bank, the Third National Bank of Syracuse, the Rockville (Conn.) National Bank, the First National Bank of Pittston and the Northampton National Bank. At Quincy, Covington, Pittston and Northampton the thieves were successful. The Wilkesbarre Bank was at one time under consideration, but Edison, on inspection, found that the chances were not very good and told his fellow burglars so; while Nantucket escaped visitation through a storm which nearly shipwrecked the thieves. Edison got \$7,600 out of the Quincy robbery, \$1,200 from Northampton, and only \$850 from Pittston. The thieves had a falling out in 1874 and again last year after the Northampton robbery.

The World's Fort Walsh special gives particulars of a treacherous butchery of five Nez Perces by Assiniboinis, who welcomed them after their escape with two women and children from Chief Joseph's camp. One of the children was also killed and the women were subjected to fearful torture and outrage. One woman escaped and the other was protected by the Canadian police.

Don Carlos—who is travelling incognito in Italy—has been robbed of his Collar of the Golden Fleece, an ornament valuable not only in the pecuniary sense, but historically, as having been made in 1430, for Philip, Duke of Burgundy, on the occasion of his founding the order in celebration of his third marriage. Don Carlos always carried it about him, and when he opened his trunk at Milan, he found the case empty.

A Body that was Really Petrified.

From the Raleigh Observer.

Asheville, N. C., Dec. 25.—It is a fact not generally known that the cemetery of the Methodist Church in Hendersonville, N. C., contains a petrified human body. About the year 1836, Miss Adeline Byers lived with her father, Francis C. Byers, fifteen miles south of this place, in Henderson County. She was a bright, sweet girl, much beloved by all who knew her, and her hand was won by Wm. Pinkney Murray, whom she had known long and well. Soon the nuptials were celebrated, and the bride and bridegroom at once set out in search of a new country, following the setting sun to the Mississippi Valley. There they located and began the journey of life together in real earnest. Prosperity and happiness came to them, until at an unexpected moment death cut down Mrs. Murray in the very prime of life. The disconsolate widower, consigning the body of his deceased wife to the dust, as he supposed, sought "surcease of sorrow" in the wilds of Texas. A few years afterwards Dr. Josiah Johnson, intending to return to North Carolina, whence he had removed with his brother-in-law, Mr. Murray disinterred the body of Mrs. Murray for the purpose of carrying it back with him. Imagine how amazed he was to find it in the coffin just as he had seen it there years before! The same features—almost the very same expression! But what he saw was not flesh—it was solid stone! The whole body had petrified. In that condition he carried it to North Carolina and delivered it to the aged father, Mr. Byers, could hardly doubt that his daughter had come back to him asleep! The news spread that Adeline's body had been turned into a rock, and great was the desire of everybody to see it. Attempts were made, it is said, to steal it out of the cellar where the old gentleman had carefully concealed it, but they were unsuccessful. All through the war it was guarded by the father as the most sacred trust, but few persons being allowed to see it. About six years ago, however, it was quietly buried in the Methodist Cemetery in Hendersonville.

Killed by a Maniac Son.

THE TERRIBLE FATE OF A SUPPOSED NEW YORK LEATHER DEALER.

(From the Kansas City Times.)

There came in on the Kansas Pacific Deputy Sheriff Knowlton, of Sherman County, Kansas. He had in charge a young man named Arthur G. Wells, a maniac. In 1875 a young man arrived at Merryweather's rancho, on Beaver Creek, and applied for work as herder or cow boy. Not wanting any assistance, Col. Merryweather referred the young man to some Texans who were herding about ten miles west. He returned a few days afterwards and applied for board, and offered to attend the cattle herd gratis, if he could be permitted. Being a quiet, honest looking youth, he was permitted to remain in the dugout or cave, and subsequently engaged in herding. He would remain out at night and be absent sometimes for two or three days. He had an abhorrence for writing or reading, and appeared to be always in dread of something. On his return from one of his long trips from the ranch, he brought an old man whom he introduced as his father. They then went away, and after a few weeks' absence returned and seemed to be engaged in purchasing cattle and in herding. They did not want for money, and the old man made frequent trips to Wallace for letters. They soon ceased to excite remark or curiosity among the herders, and were left to themselves.

About three weeks ago the Wells herd, numbering about 150 head of cattle, was then scattered, and without a herder. Last Sunday three cattle men rode down to the Wells camp, in a ravine on Beaver Creek, and were surprised to find three dead ponies and several dead dogs lying in front of the cave, or dug out in the bank. No sign of life was visible outside. The door was found unfastened, and on entering, a terrible scene was witnessed. The headless body of old man Wells was found near the entrance to the cave. The young man was reclining in a berth or bunk in the furthest end of the dimly-lighted den, evidently asleep. When aroused, he sprang from the bed with something in his arms, which was wrapped in a blanket. He attempted to shoot the intruders, but was promptly seized, and in the struggle the head of his father rolled out of the blanket. He was a raving maniac.

An examination of the papers and correspondence showed that the old man was L. A. Wells, formerly dealer in leather and hides, New York City. His son had been accused of some crime—the correspondence and the papers found seem to indicate murder of his wife. His father had followed him out to Kansas and was endeavouring to reclaim his boy, but lost his life in the attempt. He is being taken to New York by direction of his mother, and will be placed in an asylum. He is violent at times, but is closely guarded.

THE King of Italy is very ill. The first intimation was dated Rome, Jan. 6th, and represented that his illness was not serious but prevented his going to Turin. A telegram dated 11.30 p. m., says it has now transpired that the King on Saturday was attacked with a violent fever which produced pleurisy in the right lung. The symptoms cause apprehension, and it may prove a complicated case of miasmatic fever.

A Cuban, charged with wilfully setting fire to the International Hotel, in Port au Prince, has been tried and convicted and sentenced to death. The Spanish Consul interfered and also the commander of the Spanish frigate. The Haytien Government is nevertheless firm in its resolution to carry out the sentence, and it has now been notified by the Spanish representative that if it does the Spanish fleet will bombard Port au Prince in retaliation. Preparations for this contingency are being made in the town.