

a notice of Mr. Macaulay, by the subjoined reference to the Indian difficulties:

"There can be no more welcome addition to the debates of the Upper House than the orations which we trust Mr. Macaulay will occasionally contribute on the few great occasions by which the Lords every session vindicate their position. Although at one time he took a prominent part in the discussions of the House of Commons, his tone of thought and style of speaking were never quite suited to the bustling representatives of the people. It is in the Lower House that Cabinets rise and fall, that public moneys are disposed of, that the chief business of the country is transacted. The members are thus too strictly occupied with passing affairs, too intent upon the result of a division and the fall of a party, to care much for philosophy or history, even if the philosophy be adorned with all the eloquence of Burke and the history be present with all the brilliancy of Macaulay. But while the Commons are all for the present, on the other hand, prescription is the vital air of the Peerage, and in the House of Lords our philosophic historian will find an appropriate audience for that stately eloquence which carries with it so much wisdom. Especially at the present moment must we rejoice at his elevation, in the hope that when we have crushed this Indian mutiny, and the time comes to consider calmly the future of our Eastern Empire, the views of one who has described in most glowing terms how England became possessed of that prize, and who, in the preparation of a Code of Indian Law, has shown that he has most profoundly studied the wants of the Hindoo, will be expressed as he can express them. Not only on our Indian difficulty, but on all questions of high policy, there is not a man in the country whose opinions are entitled to more weight, and who will be more gladly heard. An historian is a statesman on his travels; and while Mr. Macaulay will still travel from century to century and from country to country, we may expect now to have him sometimes at home with us giving his advice in the present need."

MISUNDERSTANDING BETWEEN FRANCE AND DENMARK.—The Zeit of Berlin, of the 5th, mentions that a dispute has arisen between France and Denmark, which has produced an ultimatum on the part of France. The dispute originated in a difference of opinion as to the execution of the treaty for the redemption of the Sound Dues. The French Government wished to pay its quota in Paris, whilst the Danish Government required the payments to be made at Copenhagen.

IMPERIAL AND ROYAL VISITS.—It is now considered settled that the Empress Eugenie will not accompany the Emperor into Germany. The talked-of visit of Prince Albert to the camp at Chalons is also more than doubtful. On the other hand, it is stated that the Queen Victoria and the Prince Consort will, during the first fortnight of October, return at Fontainebleau the visit of the Emperor and Empress to Osborne.

THE CAMP AT CHALONS.—The camp at Chalons was in its full glory on Monday. A sham battle took place with an imaginary enemy hard by, the Emperor commanding his own Guard. The appearance and soldierly bearing of the troops was perfectly satisfactory. His Majesty thoroughly enters into this new phase of his military career, and is evidently pleased with the fine appearance of the troops, and the efficiency of the camp arrangements. It is expected that the Emperor will stay at the camp about a fortnight longer. The Emperor leads a complete camp life; from noon to 3 o'clock, during the exercises, his Majesty is on horseback; the remainder of the day he is engaged in his cabinet. At half-past 6 his Majesty dines, covers being every day laid for thirty. There are about 150 superior officers in the camp, and they are each invited in their turn. After dinner some whist tables are formed, but the party does not remain late, as the Emperor retires to rest at an early hour. Every morning he is engaged in his cabinet. Complaints having reached his Majesty respecting the wine and spirits furnished to the troops, an analysis was ordered, which proved both to have been sadly adulterated. The contractors will be mulcted in heavy penalties, for the Emperor will permit no class of his subjects to be poisoned.

THE TURKISH MINISTRY.—The retirement, or rather dismissal, of Redschid Pacha is confirmed by the Patrie, which also states that Faud Effendi is likely to be his successor.

THE NEW DIFFICULTY WITH PERSIA.—The Siecle says that the real question of difficulty between England and Persia does not relate to the evacuation of Herat, but to the position of the British consuls in Persia. By the recent treaty it was stipulated that the places in which the British consuls were to reside in Persia were to be determined by convention, and in respect to their organization, England was to be placed on the footing of the most favoured nation. This nation is Russia, and it is Russia which is now offering objections and urging Persia to require a modification of the terms of the convention.

THE SUCCESSION TO THE GREEK THRONE.—The present visit of the King of Greece to Germany is understood to be with a view to arrange the succession to the Hellenic throne. It is said that Prince Adalbert has finally refused to conform to the Greek faith, and has declared his ineligibility to the succession. A younger son of the present King of Bavaria will probably be educated in the faith from his childhood, so as to obviate the difficulty.

UNITED STATES.

FAILURE.—The New York Independent gives a list of failures for the week ending Sep. 10th. The number amounts to 69. They are spread over various parts of the country, but the most of them have taken place in New York City and State.

The suspension of Grant, Sales & Ford, and of Starling and McCulloch, produce receivers, is announced. The liabilities of Robertson, Hudson & Cullinan, dry goods dealers, previously announced, are between eight and nine hundred thousand dollars. Frederick G. Swan's liabilities are said to be twelve hundred thousand dollars.

Wm. J. Bell & Co. Bankers with foreign connections, failed to-day.

BANK OF NEW JERSEY SUSPENDED.—New Brunswick, N. J. Sept. 10.—The Bank of New Jersey temporarily suspended this morning, but will probably resume in a few days. The entire liabilities of the Bank are \$200,000, while their means to pay with are over \$50,000.

REPORTED SLAUGHTER OF INDIANS.—St. Louis, Sept. 10th.—The Independence Messenger of the 5th inst. publishes a report that Col. Sumner had overtaken the Cheyenne Indians, who were retreating towards Arkansas, and that a battle ensued between them, which resulted in the indiscriminate slaughter of 400 or 500 Indians, men, women and children. The report is discredited here.

THRILLING SCENE.—The Norwalk, Conn. Gazette says that on Saturday last a runaway horse rushed up Main-street in that town, and ran into the New Canaan stage, in which there were two ladies, a Mrs. Raymond, with an infant in her arms, and Mrs. Husted, wife of the Rev. Mr. Husted, of the Methodist Church, with her three children and another lad. The collision started the stage horses at a furious speed, with all its precious freight of frightened women and children. Mrs. Raymond jumped out with her child in her arms, but struck on her back and head, and was very seriously if not fatally injured. The child was unhurt. But Mrs. Husted, though a small and frail woman, had the courage and presence of mind needed in such an emergency. She did not jump, but with great difficulty kept the children from leaping or falling out, and finally made them lie down on the bottom of the stage. She then climbed forward, seized the reins, which were tied in front, and succeeded in so far controlling the frightened steeds as to avoid collisions or overturns, until they reached New Bridge, a distance of a mile and a half, when she brought them to a stand. Her coolness probably alone saved all on board from severe injury, if not death. Scores of terrified citizens, some of them probably fathers and friends, pursued the stage, but could do nothing to assist its inmates. There probably had not been so many blanched cheeks in

Norwalk since the terrible railroad disaster, as when these horses were seen tearing at such a furious speed with a stage filled with women and little children.

A railroad accident and loss of life occurred on a Philadelphia line on the 5th. An express train ran into a freight train. Three persons were killed and thirteen wounded, some seriously. The cause of the accident is said to be the anxiety of the employees on the freight train to reach the city in time to participate in an excursion, and to do this they violated the time-tables. One of the employees has fled to the woods.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

St. John, N. B., Sept. 19. FIRE.—ABOUT FORTY HOUSES BURNED, ESTIMATED LOSS £15,000.—Yesterday morning about 1 o'clock the alarm was again rung, and the illuminated skies showed that Portland was this time the scene of the conflagration. The fire first appeared on the premises of a man of the name of Dawson, who kept a boarding-house a few doors above Mr. Smith's ship-building yard on the Main-street, side next the river. By the time the engines reached the spot, this, and a house on either side of it, were in flames, but few of the people in the vicinity seemed to realize the danger that existed. Unfortunately the tide at the time was out, and through the apathy or nigardliness of its leading inhabitants Portland is not yet provided with water-mains. The engines therefore could do no good, but by three of them connecting their hose together, and thus pumping the water for a long distance, and as this required a unity of action which there seemed no one present capable of commanding, the flames were allowed to proceed unmolested with their work of destruction. In the course of about an hour, engines No. 1, 6 and 4 got connected, and, by their exertions, in a short time checked the progress of the fire in the direction of the City, and saved a fine new ship on the stocks, in Mr. Smith's yard. In the other direction the conflagration went on without hindrance, consuming the whole range of houses up to Orange corner, and the street leading to Rankin's wharf and back to the next street behind Main-street, thus destroying two entire blocks of closely inhabited buildings. It also at one place crossed Main-street, and consumed four wooden and one large brick house. After the tide rose the engines made every exertion possible to put the fire out, but loud complaints were made of want of co-operation on the part both of the authorities and people generally of Portland.

ERRATA.—In the Examiner of the 21st instant, in the article headed "Review of the Islander on Rural Municipalities," fifteenth line from the bottom of the third column, for "Rescott" read Prescott; and for "£50," in the thirty-sixth line from the bottom, read 50s. CANADIAN.

Died.

At Summerside, on the 22nd instant, of dysentery, in the 48th year of his age, Mr. PATRICK GAFFNEY, tailor. He has left a wife and ten children to mourn their irreparable loss, besides a numerous circle of relatives and friends. He lived in Charlottetown for many years, and was much esteemed as an upright and honest man, and a good member of society, by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance.

Launched.

From the shipyard of Robert Caswell & Bros., at Summerside, on 21 inst., a Brigantine of 200 tons called the "Amoret." At Grand River, from the shipyard of Mr. John Leferg, a Bark of 400 tons, called the "Lucy." Both for J. C. Pope, Esq.

Marine Intelligence.

PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN. ENTERED. Sept. 18.—Bee Outlon, Bay Verte, dealer. Elizabeth, Scott, Pictou; coal Annabella, Le Lachur, Arichat; ballast. 21—Sophia, Deloray, Pictou; 410 bbls. flour. Unicorn, Lutes, Puz-wash; dealer. Lively Lass, Robertson, Pictou; coal. Venus, Beaton, do.; do. Swallow, M'Leen, do.; do. Reward, Macintosh, do.; do. Messenger, Sleeman, Halifax; goods. Caroline, Anderson, Boston; goods. Ocean Queen, Smith, fishing voyage. 22—Sea Star, Webb, fishing voyage. Foam, Malone, do.; do. Mary Louisa, Rodgers, Sydney; coal. Hope, Roberts, Pictou; coal. Blossom, Mason, Pictou; do. CLEARED. Sept. 16.—Schr. Mayflower, Gorrer, Halifax; bals. Lucy, Warren, fishing voyage. Reward, McIntosh, Pictou; oil. Trusty, Webster, Shelburne; do. 18.—Elizabeth, Scott, do.; do. Bee, Outlon, Bay Verte; do. Mary Ann, Nicholson, Pictou; do. Lady Jane Grey, Paul, do.; do. 19—Odessa, Mutch, Sydney; ballast. Brig. Scylla, Pictou, Pictou; dealer. Schr. Elizabeth, McLean, Pictou; bal. 21—Unicorn, Lutes, Sydney; ballast. Brig. Active, Morrison, Fal-mouth; timber, by Keel & Roberts. 22—Virgin, Martel, Halifax; cats. Eglington, Elridge, Boston; whale oil, fish, skins, &c., by W. B. Dean—value £2,287. Sailed from Bequete, on the 27th inst., Brigantine "Amoret," for Liverpool, timber and deals by J. C. Pope, Esq.

Prices Current.

CHARLOTTETOWN MARKETS, SEPTEMBER 26, 1857. PROVISIONS. Beef, (small) # lb. 3d @ 5d Partridges, each ... 9d @ 1s Do. by qtr. # lb. 3d @ 4d Turkeys, each ... 4s @ 7s 6d Mutton, # lb. 3d @ 5d Fowls, each ... 9d @ 1s 6d Veal, # lb. 2d @ 4d Fish. Pork, # lb. 5d @ 6d Codfish, # qt. none Do. (small) # lb. 7d @ 8d Salmon, # lb. 8d Lamb, # lb. 3d @ 6d Herrings, # bbl. 30s @ 40s Butter, # lb. 1s 2d @ 1s 6d Mackerel, # doz. 2s @ 3s Do. by tub, # lb. 1s 2d LUMBER. Cheese, # lb. 3d @ 6d Boards, (hemlock) 4s @ 5s Pearl Barley, # lb. 2d @ 2s Do. (spruce) 5s @ 6s Lard, # lb. 7s @ 8s Do. (pine) 7s @ 8s Ham, # lb. 9d @ 10d Shingles, # M. 7s @ 9s Flour, # lb. 2d @ 3d Laths, ... 2s @ 3s Oatmeal, # lb. 1d @ 2d SUNDRIES. Eggs, # dozen 8d @ 9d Timothy seed, # bus. none Rabbits, each ... none Cloverseed, # lb. none Wool, # lb. 1s 3d Potatoes, # bush. 1s 6d @ 1s 9d Hay, # ton. 70s @ 80s Carrots, # bush. none Straw, # cwt. 1s 3d @ 1s 6d Peas, # quart. none Homespun, # yard. 3s 6d @ 5s Turnips, # bush. 1s 3d @ 1s 6d Tallow, # lb. 10d @ 1s Cordwood, # cord. none Wheat, # bushel. none Apples, (P.E.I.) # bus. 6s @ 8s Barley, # bushel. 4s 6d @ 5s Calf-skins, # lb. 9d @ 10d Oats, # bushel. 2s @ 2s 3d Hides, # lb. 5d @ 6d

The great plague of London is said to have commenced with one individual sufferer, and as it went on devastating the metropolis until scarcely one soul out of four breathed the sad life-giving air in the present day with sections of the community, disease rods itself into one member, and it goes throughout a family, particularly if it be fever, but by a steady perseverance in a course of Holloway's Pills, all this is prevented, the blood being purified by them, it is impossible that any disease, however contagious, can attack any one whose health is thus fortified by the tonic and purgative action of these celebrated Pills. 39

LIVER COMPLAINT.

This dangerous and often fatal disease had long baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians, when the discovery of Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills solved the difficulty, and presented to the world the Great Specific, which has attained such wide-spread celebrity for its certainty of cure. This successful remedy was the result of many years' study, in which the symptoms were narrowly observed, and are thus described by the Doctor himself:—"Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.—Pain in the right side, and sometimes in the left, under the edge of the ribs—the patient being rarely able to lie on the left; pain sometimes under the shoulder-blade, frequently extending to the top of the shoulder—often mistaken for rheumatism in the arm; sickness of stomach, and loss of appetite, bowels mostly constive, but sometimes alternate with lax; dull, heavy sensation in the back part of the head; loss of memory, with uneasiness of having neglected something; sometimes dry cough; weariness and debility; nervous irritability; feet cold or burning, and prickly sensation of the skin; low spirits, lassitude, with disinclination to exertion, although satisfied it would be beneficial. In fact, patient distrusts every remedy."

"Have you any, or all of these symptoms? If so, you will find a certain remedy in Dr. M'Lane's Pills. Prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh. Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Liver Pills and Vermifuges in comparison are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge and his celebrated Liver Pills can now be had at all respectable drug stores. None genuine without the signature of FLEMING BROS. [9]

New Advertisements.

HORTICULTURAL SHOW

To be held at the Temperance Hall.

THE ANNUAL SHOW OF AUTUMNAL VEGETABLES, FRUITS AND FLOWERS, will take place on WEDNESDAY, the 30th September instant. The following are the articles for which prizes will be awarded:

Table listing prizes for Horticultural Show. Categories include Vegetables (Best Cauliflower, Best Broccoli, etc.), Fruits (Best Grapes, Best Peas, etc.), and Flowers (Best Bouquet, Best Dahlias, etc.).

REFRESHMENTS may be procured at a Table in the Room, the proceeds of which will be appropriated towards the funds of the Society. Contributions will be thankfully received by Mrs. Heard and Miss Palmer. All the prizes awarded will be paid in the Hall before the close of the Exhibition. Doors open at 2 o'clock, p.m. Entrance money, 9d. Persons wishing to have their flowers sent for will please leave their names with the Acting Secretary.

By order of the Committee, J. P. PALMER, Act'g Sec'y. Sept. 28, 1857.

Bargains, Bargains.

Unreserved Sale at Auction.

TO BE SOLD, by Public Auction, at Cascumpee Cross Roads, on TUESDAY the 13th day of October next, at the hour of 11 o'clock forenoon, and from day to day till all is disposed of, a valuable and select Stock of English, American and West India GOODS, the property of Mr. MOSES RYAN, consisting in part of—

Cloths and Clothing; Handkerchiefs, in silk and cotton; Ticking and Shirting; Chairs and Bedsteads; Tea and Tobacco; Casks Jamaica SPIRITS, Casks GIN and BRANDY; STOVES, Close, Cooking and Franklin; Curgers and Orleans; Delaines and Cottons, in variety; Hats, Caps and Bonnets; Crockeryware of all kinds; SUGAR and MOLASSES; Looking Glasses, Clocks and Watches; together with other articles in GOODS and HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, too numerous to mention.

Also, at same time and place, that valuable and pleasantly situated HOUSE and LAND, containing 3 acres—is well known as the "American House," situated immediately on the Cascumpee Cross. Dwelling House nearly finished inside, 2 1/2 story high, 28 x 38 feet, to which is joined a smaller dwelling, one storey high, containing a Kitchen, Pantry, Sitting-room, and 3 Bed-rooms; together with Barns, Sheds, and every convenience for a House of Entertainment, which business has lately been prosecuted by the present owner to advantage. There is, also, a never-failing well of water on the premises. This property is so well known that it requires no further comment. Terms liberal and known at sale. Mr. Ryan, intending to remove to Malpeque, requests all persons indebted to him to call and pay their respective accounts before the 10th OCTOBER next, and save expense.

Cascumpee, Sept. 28, 1857. If the day is unfavorable, sale to take place on the next fine day. C. S. HUNT, Auctioneer.

To Freeholders, Merchants, Mechanics, and also the Tenantry on parts of Townships Nos. 53, 57, 58, 59, 60 and 62. TAKE NOTICE!

THE Local Government not being in a position to purchase the above property, I now offer, on advantageous terms, at PRIVATE SALE—

Twenty Thousand Acres

of fine fertile LANDS on these Townships, in LOTS from Fifty to Five Hundred Acres each, or in quantities to suit purchasers. A most favorable opportunity will thus be afforded to Freeholders, with large or small capital, to purchase Farms for their rising families within a limited circle of their own homes.

To the Tenant who may feel anxious to become a Freeholder, whether under a term of one, to Nine Hundred and Ninety-nine years, every reasonable encouragement will be afforded him to purchase out the fee simple of his Leasehold tenure. But Tenants (or individuals) taking forcible possession of private property, and whose object may be to enjoy the same, without payment of rent, or making arrangements for its use and occupation, cannot expect any further indulgence, as the law must of necessity be rigidly enforced against them without any respect of persons—they are therefore earnestly requested to prevent such unpleasant and expensive proceedings being instituted against them for its recovery.

Plans of property may be viewed between office hours, 10 and 3. All letters must be pre-paid to receive attention. WILLIAM DOUSE, Ch. Town, P. E. Island, Sept. 28, 1857.

Keep your money on the Island!

DIXON'S CLOTH MILL.

THIS MILL being now in first-rate order—several recent improvements having been made—the proprietor is enabled to turn out Cloth with despatch, and equal in finish to any Establishment in the Provinces. Cloth left with the Agents will be forwarded weekly by mail, and quickly returned. JOHN DIXON, St. Peter's, Sept. 28, 1857.

AGENTS.—Charlottetown, George T. Hazard, Georgetown, Messrs. Owen & Moore, St. Andrew's, Patrick Griffin, St. Peter's, William Sterns.

For Liverpool direct.

THE Brig. "KATHLEEN," W. P. GREEN, master, will leave Bequete, on or about the 10th OCTOBER, for the above port. Has good accommodations for a few cabin passengers. Apply to Bequete, Sept. 28, 1857. JAMES C. POPE.

TEACHER wanted for the Summerside School. Early application is requested. C. McLENNAN, Wm. McEWEN, Trustees. Sept. 28, 1857. EDW. HENRY.

Bricks.

FROM 50 to 60,000 hard burnt BRICKS, of a superior quality, for sale at the subscriber's premises on Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays; or on the wharf, by the Lighter load of 5,000. July 13, 1857. Pro. Si J. P. BEETE.

LOST, on the 29th July, between Mr. Archibald McNeill's and the Market-square, a SHIPWRIGHT'S BOOK, with an Agreement in it. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at the Examiner's office. August 24.

LOST, between Charlottetown and Bagnall's Inn, Malpeque Road, on the 13th instant, one WELLINGTON BOOT. Whoever will leave the same at this office, will be suitably rewarded. August 17, 1857.

Valuable Brood Mares, Colts, &c.

THE Subscriber has been instructed to sell by AUCTION, on WEDNESDAY, the 30th instant, on the Market Square, the following lot of valuable

MARES & COLTS,

being the property of a Gentleman about leaving the Island, 1 Very fine dark Bay MARE, 9 years old, believed, in foal by "Eclipse." 1 very fine Gray MARE, do. do. by "Saladin," 1 handsome Saladin FILLY, rising 3 years old, 1 do. Bay COLT, half blood, by Eclipse, rising, 2 years old, 1 do. Yearling COLT, from Gray Mare, by Eclipse, 1 do. do. Wax Work. TERMS OF SALE.—£10 and upwards a credit of Six months will be given upon approved Notes of Hand. JAMES MORRIS, Auctioneer. Charlottetown, September 21, 1857. 1st & Mon

Auction!

TO BE SOLD by Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 30th September, at 1 o'clock, on the Market-square—ROBERTSON'S BROWN FILLY "KATIE," three years old, got by Saladin. Her dam is a first-rate and well known Mare. This Filly took the first prize for half-bloods last year. She stands sixteen hands high—is handsome, well-made and fit for saddle or harness. Also—One stout Bay Farm HORSE, sired by a half-bred Columbus seven years old, warranted sound—stands fifteen and a-half hands high. ALSO—A few Ram and Ewe LAMBS of the Leicester Breed—the same as took the Ram Lamb prize last year. Six months credit will be given, on approved notes, for any sum above £5. JAMES ROBERTSON, St. Peter's Road, Sept. 7, 1857.

RARE CHANCE FOR SPECULATORS.

Valuable Business Stand.

THE Subscriber has been instructed to offer for Sale at PUBLIC AUCTION, on THURSDAY, the 1st day of October next, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, that well finished TWO STOREY HOUSE, situated on Kent Street, formerly occupied by Mr. H. W. LOBBAN as an Auction and Commission Mart. The above property is a good Business Stand, and can be viewed at any time previous to the day of sale. Terms Cash. A good title will be given. Sept. 14, 1857. JAMES MORRIS, Auctioneer.

St. John, N. B., March, 1856.

Messrs. FELLOWS & CO. This is to certify that my little boy, aged six years, having been much troubled with worms, of late, I administered four of your Worm Lozenges, as per directions, and in nine hours after he passed several large worms. These Lozenges are particularly valuable, as the children are fond of them. You are at liberty to use this for the benefit of others.

MATTHEW HARRISON.

St. John, N. B., March 10, 1856.

Messrs. FELLOWS & CO. I divided the box of Worm Lozenges I bought of you amongst four of my children, and from what I can judge, about Two Hundred Worms were passed by them. One child passed nearly HALF that number! I am, &c., JAMES T. DAVIE, Parish of Springfield.

FELLOWS' WORM LOZENGES ARE SOLD BY ALL APOTHECARIES.

Salt! Salt!

HOURLY expected, ex "Water Lily," from Liverpool, 3,000 bushels SALT, which will be sold by Auction immediately on arrival, of which due notice will be given. Apply to Charlottetown, Aug. 24, 1857. A. H. YATES.

Ship Bread.

100 BARRELS superior SHIP BREAD for sale cheap by Peake's Buildings, May 25. SAMUEL A. FOWLE.

WOOL, WOOL.

ANY QUANTITY, washed and unwashed, will be paid for in Cash, at the highest market rates, by the subscriber, at his Warehouse, Peake's Buildings. May 18, 1857. SAMUEL A. FOWLE.

To Ship Builders, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, and Others.

FOR SALE.—English & Scotch Common iron, Refined iron, Hoop iron, Sheet iron, Plate iron, Thimble iron, Cast steel, German steel, Bilster steel, Spring steel, Plough mounting, Cart axles, Cart boxes, Cart pipes, Anvils, vices, White lead, Black paint, Red paint, Green paint, Lined oil, Machinery oil, Turpentine, Red ochre, Patent knotting, Windlass gear, Hawse pipes, Convex clench rings, Scupper lead, Tar, Pitch Rosin, Oakum, cordage, Lutharge, whitening, Spikes, Nails, Chisels, gouges, Augers, planes, Hinges, braces, Screws, locks, Saws, zinc, Tin, Gig pipes, Bellows, Red lead, Yellow paint, Blue paint, Sweet oil, Lard oil, Roofing oil, Window glass, Yellow ochre, Coach varnish.

—ALSO—A few Crates of EARTHENWARE, suitable for the Trade DUNCAN, MASON, & Co. Charlottetown, May 25, 1857.

NEW GOODS! SPRING 1857.

EX "Isabel" from Liverpool, "Europa" from London, and "Galena" from Boston, the subscribers have received 465 packages of Merchandise, and 12 tons Bar Iron, which, with their stock on hand, they offer for sale at their usual low prices for prompt payment. Wholesale customers supplied at low rates. The present importation consists of—70 chests prime Congo TEA, 5 trunks Boots and Shoes, 2 cases ready-made Clothing, 1 case Gloves, 6 bales Cotton Warp, 1 do Shawls, 3 do Clothes and Summer 1 do Hosiery, [wars], Coatings, 3 do Haberdashery & small 4 bales grey Calico, 1 case straw and silk Bonnets, 2 do white do 2 do Millinery, 2 do printed Calicos and 10 bbls. crushed Sugar, Delaines, 1 bbl. Currants—crop of 1856, 4 bales striped Shirtings, 2 cases prime Malt Vinegar, 1 do Carpets & Woollens, 2 hds. Lined Oil, 2 do corn and flour Sacks, 40 kegs London White Lead, 21 trunks American summer 2 cases Putty, Hats, in Panama, Loughorn, Packages Indigo, Starch, Blue, Palmleaf; and light shades, Nutmegs, Alleppey, Washing in wool, Kossuth and other Soda, Pepper, Ginger, Corks, styles, Washing Powders, &c. &c. 2 cases Townsend's silk and Kags Hall's Powder & Mustard, velvet Hats, 16 hds. Spring Steel, Cases Ladies' Dress materials 50 bags out Nails, and Robes in Silks, Poplins, 20 packages Ironmongery, Barages, Muslins, Balca-Casks patent Shot, Nos. 56 G. rines, &c. BBB and I to 10. June 15. 10w D. & G. DAVIES.