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THURSDAY



Are you going to a new hat for Easter? If so, you should visit our millinery department.

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Miss Mutch has just returned from New York; where she has been attending the large Millinery opening and studying under the best American Milliners.

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We are now showing a very choice line of fancy straw colors and walking Hats for Easter.

F. Perkins & Co THE MILLINERY LEADERS

ANNUAL Easter Concert!

In aid of the St. Dunstan's Cathedral Building Fund, in Basement of Cathedral, Thursday, April 13th.

- PROGRAMME Opening Selection... Vinnicombe's Orchestra 1. Stately... The Nativity 2. Tenor Solo... 'The Christ Child' with violin obligato Mr Brent McInnis 3. Piano Selection... Misses Carroll, Horns by, Smith and E Caffrol 4. Vocal Solo... Miss Vanierstine 5. Selection... andoline, Banjo, Guitar and Piano-12 ladies 6. Vocal Solo... Miss Hettie Collings 7. Vocal Duett... Messrs Caven and Hermans 8. Reading... Miss Enid McLean 9. Vocal Duett... Mrs D O'M Reddin & Miss W Cotton 10. Selection from students of St. Dunstan's College 11. Vocal Solo... Mrs E H Norton 12. Male Quartette... Messrs Owen, Bayfield, McLean, Earle Selection-Vinnicombe's Orchestra. Stately-The Crucifixion. 13. Vocal Solo... Miss Amy Earle INTERMISSION-CANDY PART II. 1. Reading... Miss Lefurgey 2. Bass Solo... Prof. Caven 3. Ladies' Quartette... Misses Sheyhan, Smith, Hogan & Van Iderstine 4. Baritone Solo... Mr. Chas Earle 5. Violin Solo... Prof. Vinnicombe 6. Selection... from St. Dunstan's College 7. Selection... Mandolins, Banjo, Guitar & Piano 8. Vocal Trio... Miss Smith & Messrs Caven & Hermans Stately... The Resurrection Orchestra, GOD SAVE THE QUEEN Admission 25 and 35c. Positively no encores. Doors open at 7.30. Curtains rises at 8 sharp.

THE DAILY EXAMINER

APRIL 6, 1899.

WHAT DID HE MEAN?

Sir Wilfrid Laurier said in his latest speech that the people of Canada are not now in favor of reciprocity with the United States. The Montreal Star cannot, in view of all the conditions, grasp his meaning when he made this statement. It asks,—

Did he mean that the Canadian people wished to allow American corn to come into Canada free, while Canadian barley cannot get into the United States without payment of a high duty?

Did he mean that our people think American lumber should come into Canada free, while Canadian lumber is taxed two dollars per thousand at the American boundary?

Did he mean that Canadians think that our pulp wood should go freely to the American pulp and paper mills as raw material, while our pulp and paper are shut out of the United States by high duties?

Did he mean that our people wish the Americans to have free access to Canadian logs, while they refuse to buy Canadian lumber?

Did he mean that the feeling in Canada is that American refineries should continue to get Canadian nickel ore or nickel matte, while the United States imposes high duties on refined nickel to prevent refineries being established in Canada?

Did he mean that Canadians think cheap labour should be brought into Canada from the United States, without restriction, while the American alien labour law shuts Canadian workmen out of the United States?

In short, did he mean that the feeling in Canada now is that the United States should get all kinds of favours from Canada, while Canada gets no reciprocal favours from the United States?

The answer to these questions ought to be given in the form of legislation to properly adjust the lopsided conditions of trade existing between the States and Canada.

CORRUPTION IN THE YUKON.

We note that some of the papers say that Mr. Sifton has fully and satisfactorily answered the statements of Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper in regard to the administration of the Yukon Territory. This position may be taken as preliminary to a refusal on the part of the Government to grant the public investigation which Sir Charles Hibbert has demanded. But the people of Canada cannot be so easily satisfied that all is well in the Yukon. Sir Charles Hibbert's statements are too important and too definite to be disposed of by a speech of the Minister of the Interior, even if they were not borne out by the declarations of independent men. For instance, the editor of The Nugget, of Dawson City, (who is now in Ottawa) lately declared to a representative of the Montreal Star that—

"The absolute absence of a curty is the one thing that most militates against success in the Yukon district. The administration of the Gold Commissioner's office in Dawson is the most corrupt under heaven. As an instance, I know of one piece of land to which there are four certificates on record, and against one-half of the claims is a bill of sale, carrying two-thirds interest. No person with capital can purchase ground without running a chance of incurring a lawsuit or having a defective title. If a miner records his right to a claim and it proves barren, he is deprived of the privilege of taking up another one in that locality, no matter what sacrifice has been involved in demonstrating that the claim contains nothing. They charge that instead of encouraging the development of the country, the Government have thrown every obstacle in the way, not only through infamous regulations, but also through incompetent officials.

A universal feeling of uncertainty prevailed throughout the whole country, and it was coming to be more and more recognized that to do business, or to obtain any legitimate concessions, a miner had to have a strong pull somewhere. "Go up and down any of these creeks," continued the speaker "and if you can find one man who says he has the slightest confidence in the Government officials in the Yukon, I'll forfeit the claim to my business in Dawson. This is a very strong statement, but nevertheless is substantiated by fact. It is almost impossible to get anything or to conduct business at all with the Government without some crooked work being resorted to."

Besides the corruption, there are Government regulations which hinder the development of the country. It is stated that there are any quantity of moderately rich claims lying idle, simply because under the present regulations it is impossible for them to be worked with any profit.

Complaints of this kind cannot be brushed aside by a Siftonian speech—however mellifluous it may have been in the ears of the Government and their thick and thin supporters. It is pleasing to learn that the Opposition has decided to move for an investigation.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

—A suggestion for Premier Farquharson is contained in a late cablegram from Paris to the effect that since January last a tax of 25 francs has been levied upon unmarried men natives of Madagascar.

—It has been remarked that two week of debate on the address in the House of Commons has produced a situation that may make the talk last another week. The signs multiply that 1899's will be remembered both as an angry and a protracted session of parliament.

—Edward Bok, editor of the Ladies Home Journal, informs literary aspirants that the way to write is first to have something to say, and then say it as well as you can. That is all there is about it. If what you say is something which the world wants to hear, an editor will find it out quick enough when you send him the manuscript.

—A Murray River correspondent of The Guardian writes that people there are much interested in the Scrimgeour bonded warehouse controversy going on in the papers, as Mr. Scrimgeour comes to that locality at least twice a year to see about the bounty money due the fishermen every year. And a great many are enquiring why does the Minister of Marine and Fisheries have such a persistent law-breaker to fill that office when there are so many law abiding men of their party in the county who could do the work just as well and who deserve the office more?

—The London correspondent of the New York Tribune calls attention to the extraordinary change of sentiment in Great Britain on the question of free trade and protection. He says that the imposition of duties on imports has been openly advocated in quarters which have always been regarded, hitherto, as strongholds of free trade orthodoxy. He points out that there has been a complete failure to arouse an agitation against the decision to impose duties on bounty-fed sugars when imported into India. A few years ago, he says, such a proposal would have evoked a storm in England, but now the protests of free traders have fallen flat and elicited no response from the public.

—The Journal reports that it is proposed to form a company, under the joint stock companies act, to be known as "The Summerside Steamship Company, Limited," with headquarters at Summerside, to operate a steamer or steamers on the route to and from Cape Tormentine to West Cape, summer and winter. The capital stock of the Company has been placed at \$8,000, in eight hundred shares of par value of ten dollars each, for the purchase of the steamer Mayflower. Six hundred shares will be offered the public at par on the following terms—25 per cent on allotment, 25 per cent within 30 days from the date of allotment, 25 per cent within sixty days of the date of allotment, and the remaining 25 per cent as soon as called

for by the directors of the Company. The owners of the Mayflower believe that the enterprise will prove a profitable one, and give evidence of their faith in it by agreeing to subscribe two hundred shares of the capital stock in part payment for the steamer, and, as she can be purchased for \$6,400, this leaves only \$1,600 to be paid the owners in cash, the balance, as noted above, being liquidated by paid up shares in the Company.

—Commenting upon the danger of a panic consequent upon an alarm of fire at the Opera House during the progress of an entertainment or any public gathering therein, the Guardian says: The public safety imperatively demands that sufficient avenues of escape shall be provided and always ready for instant use especially when a large body of people are present in the Opera House. We are told that there is always some person in the Opera House on such occasions with a key to the side doors and ready to open them if occasion requires. This does not meet the case. When, in case of panic, hundreds of people are struggling to make their escape is no time to begin the unlocking of doors. It might not even be possible for the man with the key to reach the door at such a time. And the knowledge that these doors are usually kept locked, even when large assemblies are in the hall, produces that sense of insecurity that is most likely to cause a panic should a sudden alarm, as of fire, at any time occur.

OBITUARY.

Peacefully passed away at Falconwood, on Tuesday, March 28th, 1899, Mr. E. J. Macdonald, Maroon of the Hospital for the Insane, after an illness of several months, which she bore with exemplary patience and Christian resignation. Everything was done which the best medical skill and family affection could devise, to alleviate her sufferings and effect her recovery. But all was of no avail, and she at last yielded up her soul to God who gave it, and her body to the dust from whence it was taken. Almost the last words she uttered to her fellow officers were: "Keep cheerful, keep cheerful, I shall not be long with you." For the last seventeen years, the writer was intimately acquainted with her, and she can truly say that she discharged the very arduous duties of her position faithfully and well. In the words of another, "Her death will be sincerely regretted by many friends, and it, moreover, involves a distinct loss to the public service. Mrs. Macdonald was competent and active, kind and popular, a woman of prov d ability and character. It will be difficult to find a person who will so well fulfil the duties of the responsible position which she, for many years, held in the hospital."

She had a strong sense of justice, and an utter abhorrence of anything like injustice, especially towards her proteges, the inmates of the institution, who regarded her as a mother indeed as she was in fact the matron. On Wednesday a number of the patients expressed a desire to see the remains, when that desire was at once complied with, and, upon their being asked who it was? it was pathetic in the extreme to hear several of them exclaim, "mother," "mother," "mother." As an evidence of the high esteem in which she was held may be mentioned the numerous floral gifts contributed. Among others, crosses by Mrs. (Dr.) E. S. Blanchard and Mr. C. D. Rankin; crescents by Messrs. Wm. McPhail, R. MacPherson, L. C. Worthy and the Y. P. S. C. E. of Zion Church; a potted flowering plant by Miss Mary MacCarron; wreaths by Mrs. Malcolm MacLeod, Mrs. Geo. A. B. Macdonald, Mr. G. Waller and Mr. L. G. Wear.

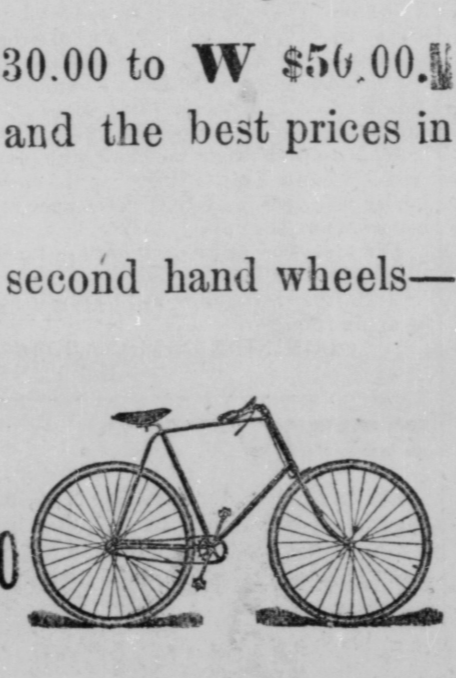
On Thursday at 1.30 p. m., Rev. Mr. Fullerton conducted the services at the house, when the remains were accompanied by a large number of friends to Zion Church where services were conducted by the Rev. Mr. Thompson, a large audience being in attendance. Thence the funeral proceeded to the People's Cemetery. The pall bearers were: Messrs C. D. Rankin, G. Davison, S. Lowe, J. T. McKenzie, G. Hughes and Samuel McDonald.

To the bereaved husband and daughter, and other relatives we tender our sincere and heartfelt sympathy.—Com. (Guardian and Patriot please copy.)

OUR 1899 Bicycles Range in price from \$30.00 to W \$56.00. We have the best wheel and the best prices in the province. We have some second hand wheels—will sell them low. Mark Wright & Co HOME MAKERS.....



OUR 1899 Bicycles



Perrin - Freres OF CRENOBLE FRANCE, WORLD FAMOUS PREMIER QUALITY Real French Kid Gloves

That for fit, shape, style and general excellence there is no better made. They have the new new 2 clasp fastenings with the latest Paree point or embroidered backs, very chic, in shades of white, pearl, primrose, tau, brown, black embroidered in white, and white embroidered in black.

- EASTER Ladies' 8 fold silk NECKWEAR stocks in all the new spring shades, a prevailing New York fashion MEN'S Silk Scarfs in new SCARFS spring designs and colourings, 4-in-hand, Puff string and other styles. Easter Neckwear, and Men's New Hats Easter Hand-kerchiefs Swiss embroidered Handkerchief. Ladies' Umbrellas, New Waterproofs

SPECIAL Boys' and Men's White Shirts, all sizes, 35c each or three for \$1.00.....

Jas. Paton & Co

Housecleaning.

As the spring housecleaning season is approaching it's wise for the ladies to consider how they are going to attain the best results. Take the advice of millions of people in all parts of the world and use nothing but.....

"Sunlight" & "Lifebuoy" Soaps

which are sold at 5c per twin bar. Each bar of these world renowned Brands carries with it a \$5000 guarantee of absolute purity. They will remove the dirt quickly and easily and leave a pleasant, sweet odor about the house, and will not run paint work as do "Washing Powders, and adulterated soaps.

"LIFEBUOY" is a carbolic disinfectant soap, and is strongly recommended for killing all disease germs. Use plenty of it and be healthy.

You want a Perfect Home Dye You get it in MAYPOLE SOAP MADE IN ENGLAND. WASHES and DYES ANY MATERIAL ANY COLOR. Sold Everywhere. Mrs. W. WILSON, 1234 Cadieux St., Montreal, says: "Having thoroughly tested Maypole Soap, I find it just as represented."

Tenders for Coal TESTIMONIAL CHARLOTTETOWN, March 27, 1899 James Waddell, Esq., Dear Sir: Now that the skating season is drawing to a close I desire to express to you my thanks for the Electric Light service your company provided me with this winter in the Hill-street rink. Never did the light fail, and it has invariably been so brilliant and satisfactory one, in fact from my experience with the rink during the past eleven years, I would unhesitatingly say that your light is far ahead of any other system of light ever used in the building, either for skating or for hockey. I remain Yours truly A. A. BARTLETT

Sealed Tenders will be received at the office of Commissioners of Sewers and Water Supply, until noon, on Wednesday 12th inst for delivery at the Pumping Station of 350 TONS OF ACADIA ROUND COAL. Said coal to be of best quality of this years mining, to be weighed on city scales, and be delivered early in May, July, and September, in about equal quantities, in each of said months; ton to consist of 2240 lbs. Tenders to state price for screened coal and the quality and delivery of the coal to be subject to the approval of the Superintendent of the Works. The Commissioners do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender. By order D. McLEAN Secretary. Office of Commissioners of Sewers and Water Supply. City Hall, April 6th 1899.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF KIPLING'S WORKS HAZARD & MOORE PLEASANT HOME WORK FOR MEN OR WOMEN; day or evening. No canvassing or experience needed; plain instructions and work mailed on application for position. Address Memorial Co, London. 81 FIRST CLASS BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES.—I have for sale two monarch pool tables and one billiard table—ivory balls with cues, racks, etc. complete, all in good order, will be sold very cheap. Apply at the Hub Billiard Hall or to P. Burke P. O. Box 62 Charlottetown 81 mo MILLINER WANTED.—A good milliner for a Charlottetown Dry Goods store. apply at once, address Dry Goods P. O. Box 117 city 31