

NURSING MOTHERS

want Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil, almost without exception. So before they get to be mothers, eating for two is no small tax, continued for months.

The emulsion not only is food itself; it gives strength for digesting usual food.

If the milk is scanty or poor, the emulsion increases supply and enriches quality.

We'll send you a little to try if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.

White's Caramels and Snowflake Chocolates

Can be had at any following first class store
T. J. Morris
D. L. Hooper
W. Pickard & Co.
W. A. Hutcheson
W. F. Carter
Stewart & Gates
Sanderson & Co.
J. D. McLeod &
R. H. Mason,

ODD THINGS IN 'BOXER' LAND.

(Annetta Halliday, Antona, in 'Ledger Monthly'.)

At Shanghai, and in reach of all the treaty ports, the foreign residents have reared a small western city, with European buildings, finely built roads and every sanitary improvement. But the Chinamen goes on building in his ancient manner, with a most profound veneration for the styles of his ancestors, with which no idea of a barbarian could possibly be worthy of comparison.

All houses are foundationless, and being one story high and upon the ground floor, are invariably damp. Wooden pillars support the roof, the spaces between them being carelessly filled with brick, and, in accordance with most things Chinese, which are always the reverse of the western custom, the roof is built first. To the massive weight of the roof is due the fact that the walls do not topple over, as the pillars, instead of being sunk, are merely placed upon stone blocks and held in position by the weight of the roof, which is the only portion at all ornamented, although occasionally, in religious or official residences, the pillars are carved with dragons and serpents.

The houses of the wealthy are usually constructed around two, and sometimes three courtyards, corresponding to this feature of Spanish architecture, the courtyards being one behind the other and merging finally into a garden or park.

Windows invariably face inward upon these courtyards, with trees and flowers. A screen is always placed before each doorway. The damp rooms are uncarpeted, and were it not for the practice of spending much time upon divans, and also because of the wad-

PACKING APPLES FOR EXPORT.

So much has been said and written about the importance of packing apples carefully and honestly that it might seem almost like a useless repetition to refer to the subject again. Yet the conditions this year are somewhat unusual and it is therefore worth while to study them with unusual care. The facts are about as follows—The world's crop of apples is an exceptionally large one, perhaps the largest in the history of the industry, and this in spite of the large quantities that were blown from the trees during the recent high wind. On the other hand the crop of Nova Scotia is probably not so large as last year and certainly not of as high quality. The black spot has been unusually prevalent the past season and apples are spotted and cracked as they have not been for some years, and everyone who has had the least experience in packing such fruit knows that it is well nigh impossible, even with the best of intentions, to exclude all unsound fruit. As a result of all this our Nova Scotia growers will have more rivals against whom they must compete in the English markets, yet their goods which they offer will not be up to the standard in quality.

In view of this fact it behooves every orchardist to sort and pack his apples with unusual care and to send forward only the best. It is quite probable that he will receive as much money for his crop if he ships only those that are sound and unblemished, packing them as no. 1s and 2s (it is a mistake to send unsound fruit or "drops" as no. 2s or any other number) and disposes of the less desirable grades in local markets and at canning establishments. And it is undoubtedly true that by so doing the reputation

worthy of careful thought. The large crop and comparatively low price of apples will mean that they will find their way into parts of England and other European countries which have not heretofore received any Canadian fruit. If these trial shipments shall open in attractive condition there will be a demand for more, and this demand will continue another season even though prices may be somewhat higher. But if these first shipments of our fruit shall prove poor, dishonestly packed and generally unsatisfactory, the result will be that we shall have no further demand from that quarter either this year or future years, at least till this first impression has been removed.

What is to be the result of this year's sales? Fair prices for our fruit, an enlarging of our markets, and bright prospects for the future? Or a demoralized market this year and a prejudice against our fruit which it will take years to overcome? It is the fruit growers themselves who must answer this question!

F. C. SEARS,
School of Horticulture, Wolfville,
Nova Scotia.

THE MUD AT NOME.

'Beware of the mud' is a motto to which visitors of Cape Nome must keep well in mind. Getting into the mud at Nome is something like falling through the ice when you are skating, for you have to be hauled out by means of ropes and planks. A correspondent of a New York paper relates the following story:

'One day I saw a young man stuck fairly to his middle, over his hip rubber boots, in the midst of the town, and in front of the principal street saloon. A crowd of onlookers alternately jeered and encouraged him, but he was unable to lift either foot, and seemed permanently located. Another man, with more charity than wisdom, attempted to wade to his rescue, but was near getting stuck himself, and escaped with only one rubber boot, where he had gone in with two. Just then an old-timer came along on horse-back, his broncho picking the best of the way instinctively, as bronchos will. The crowd urged him to use the lariat which he carried on the horn of the Mexican saddle, and the mired one, seeing no other hope, consented. The

plainsman settled the lariat well over the shoulders of the man in the mud, took a turn about his saddle horn and started the horse. The man in the mud came out, on his back, ploughing a long furrow in the mire, and leaving one boot behind, mistimed with that of his other would-be rescuer, as a foundation for future Nome pavement. He was pretty well frightened, and resembled nothing which I have ever seen before either in the heavens above or the earth beneath.'



Baby's Own Soap.
He ran a mile,
and so would many a young lady, rather than take a bath without the "Albert"

It leaves the skin wonderfully soft and fresh, and its faint fragrance is extremely pleasing.
Beware of imitations.
ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO., Mfrs.
MONTREAL.

PICKLING VINEGARS.

X X X Malt—48c per gal.
Best English Malt—72c per gal.
French White Wine—60c per gal.
X X X White Wine—48c per gal.
Cider Vinegar—40c per gal.

Special low prices for large quantities. Also all kinds of Whole and Ground Spices, Tumeric, etc., for pickling purposes at lowest prices

Beer & Coff

Silver Spring Brewery,
SHERBROOKE, P. Q.

S. C. NUTTER, Prop.
Ale and Porter of this Brewery are vastly superior to the goods produced by any other Brewery in the Dominion, and in order to give everyone a chance to sample them, we beg to quote the following low prices for cash.
Per bbl. \$16.50
Per half do. 8.25
Per 1/2 do. 4.12
Per doz quarts. 1.51
Per doz pints.81

Delivered in any part of the city, steamers or trains.
A MACDONALD.
Sole Agent for P. Q.

Delivered in any part of the city, steamers or trains.

Plant Line TO BOSTON

TO BOSTON
Commencing Oct. 16th 1900

S. S. Halifax

Will leave Charlottetown at NOON on TUESDAY.

Passengers leaving Charlottetown on Wednesday mornings make close connection at Halifax for Boston.

AUTUMN EXCURSIONS.

Special Return Tickets now being issued at Reduced Rates.

For tickets, rates and all information apply to
W. W. CLARKE, Agent
Charlottetown
H. L. CHIPMAN,
Manager, Apl 24th.

Misty Vision



Comes with advancing years, but can be cleared by properly fitted glasses. Spectacles are our specialty. When we fit them, they give satisfaction. Eyes examined free.

G. F. HUTCHESON,

Watchmaker & Jeweler.

Matchless Blend Tea

the best 25 cent Tea on Earth,

If you want to use the best 25 cent tea you'll have to use Matchless Blend

Our sales of this tea have been something marvellous. They have increased every week since we first began to sell it—and they're increasing yet.

Try a pound of Matchless!

Remember we are sole agents. You can't get the best 25c tea anywhere else.

Jenkins & Son

Charlottetown.

Sir Louis Davies and the Secrecy of the Ballot.

This section of the Dominion Election Act was in the bill as it was introduced by the Government of which Sir Louis is a member; and the Patriot declares that it "practically destroys the secrecy of the ballot."

"In the Province of Prince Edward Island, if any person desires to vote, whose right to vote is objected to on the ground of want of qualification, and if a candidate or any agent of a candidate or (in the absence of such agent) any elector acting in the interest of a candidate, so objects in the presence of the elector, the deputy returning officer in addition to placing his initials on the back of the ballot paper, as provided by section 70, shall also place on the back thereof a number corresponding to that placed opposite the voter's name on the poll book.

Here are sub-sections 5 and 8 of section 96, safeguarding the secrecy of the ballot, with Sir Louis Davies' attempted amendment in italics:—

Sub section 5. No candidate, officer, clerk, agent or any other person shall communicate at any time to any person any information as to the number on the back of the ballot paper given to any voter at a polling station, except to a court or judge lawfully requiring him so to do or attempt to ascertain at the counting of votes the number on the back of any ballot paper; *but this provision shall not apply to ballots marked in accordance with sections 67 and 74 of this Act.*

Sub sec. 8. Everyone who violates any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of an indictable offence, and liable to a penalty not exceeding two hundred dollars, and to imprisonment for any term not exceeding six months, with or without hard labor, in default of payment of such penalty.

ded soles of Chinese shoes, it would be impossible for the inhabitants to enjoy any degree of health.

Bedclothes are all wadded, but pillows are hard, round cylinders of wood, which nevertheless, seem delicious comfort to the Chinamen. Chairs are universally in use, the opulent employing ebony, redwood, and rosewood for furniture, while bamboo is the material for the household needs of the vast majority of China's swarming millions. The most artistic feature of the Chinese house is the fine, lattice-like wood-carving used for cornices, and bordering of rooms and doorways.

Tables, highly carved, and holding odd shaped vases, in which are dwarfed flowers and shrubs, are in general use. One spray of blossoms is considered a bouquet; massing of flowers is deemed vulgar.

Carved shelves contain books. Writing-tables are supplied with pen and ink. The walls are hung with fans and pictures, which, apart from their artistic merit, are usually inscribed with a poem in Chinese characters, a poem or a poet being always sure of welcome and appreciation in the Flowery Kingdom.

The gardens of the wealthy frequently contain an artificial lake and hills, arbors, tiny fantastic Buddhist temples, and tea-halls where the master entertains his friends.

It may be interesting to remark that since the introduction of kerosene oil as an article of commerce, in 1822, the Chinese houses have emerged from the candle semi-darkness which enveloped them for centuries, and are now brilliantly lighted with oil lamps.

of Nova Scotia fruit will be kept at its present high standard, and the future prospects of the trade thereby improved. Indeed some growers, whose opinion is entitled to great respect, have gone so far as to say that it would in the end be better for the apple growers if the present crop could be destroyed altogether. This may be taking a somewhat pessimistic view of the situation, yet it undoubtedly rests with the growers themselves to determine how much ground there is for this opinion.

Another feature of the question is

Save Your MONEY.

To save your money, by getting more for it, ask your dealer in medicine to show you the new 50 cent size bottle of JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT. It contains over three times as much as the old 25 cent style, which is a great saving to those who use this valuable family medicine. The superior quality of this old Anodyne has never been equaled.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Fifty years ago this month, Dr. Johnson left with me some Johnson's Anodyne Liniment. I remember him distinctly, and could tell you just how he was dressed on that day. I have sold Johnson's Liniment ever since. Can truly say it has maintained its high standard from that time to this. No medicine today possesses the confidence of the public to a greater extent. JOHN E. KAY, North Waterford, Me., Jan., 1851.

As a family remedy it has been used and endorsed for nearly a century. Every Mother should have it in the house for many common ailments. Internal as much as External. Our book on INFLAMMATION free. Price 5c and 10c. F. S. Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass.

A Well-Known Beachville Lady Cured of Catarrh in its Worst Form After Years of Suffering.

JAPANESE CATARRH CURE CURES.

There are hundreds of so-called catarrh cures, but those who have tried them all proclaim Japanese Catarrh Cure the only real and permanent cure.

Miss A. Nott, Beachville, Ont., writes:—"I feel so gratified for the invaluable benefit derived from Japanese Catarrh Cure that I would like to make this wonderful medicine known to all who suffer from this most annoying and disagreeable disease. I had catarrh for years. There was almost a constant frothing in my throat, and my breath was very objectionable to others. Nothing I could get gave me any permanent relief until I used Japanese Catarrh Cure. I used in all six boxes, and it worked wonders in my case. I have not now the least symptom of catarrh, and cannot praise this remedy too highly."

Japanese Catarrh Cure is the only permanent and guaranteed cure for catarrh. All druggists sell it, 50 cents, or mailed, postpaid, by The Griffiths & Macpherson Co., Limited, 121 Church St., Toronto.

Choice Gravenstein Apples

\$2.00 and 2.25 per bbl.

Those desiring a nice bbl of apples can obtain them from us at this low price. Call and see them.

SANDERSON & CO
Victoria Row Grocers.

SUNNYSIDE DENTISTRY.

Office in New Prowse Block first door to the right up stairs.

Telephone connection.

DR. AYERS

CHARLOTTETOWN—TIME TABLE
(LOCAL TIME.)

Arrival and Departure of Trains and Steamers.

TRAINS

Express leaves for the west..... 8 35 a. m.
Express arrives from the west.. 9 50 p. m.
Accommodation leaves for the west..... 4 10 p. m.
Accommodation leaves for the west..... 6 00 p. m.
Accommodation arrives from the west..... 10 55 a. m.
Accommodation arrives from the west..... 2 25 p. m.
Express leaves for the east..... 7 05 a. m.
Express arrives from the east.. 9 10 a. m.
Accommodation leaves for the east..... 3 00 p. m.
Accommodation arrives from the east..... 4 50 p. m.

STEAMERS

PRINCESS.
Leaves for Pictou every morning at..... 9 30 a. m.
Arrives from Pictou every evening at..... 8 30 p. m.

CAMPANA.

Arrives from Montreal and Quebec every alternate Friday....
Leaves for Quebec and Montreal the following Monday evening.
CITY OF GHEAT.
Arrives from Halifax every Thursday afternoon.....
Leaves for Halifax every Friday 10 a. m.
FERRY BOATS.

"Hillsborough"—Leaves Ferry Wharf for Southport every half hour.

"Southport"—Runs up East River every Tuesday, leaving at 5.30 a. m. and 3 p. m. local. Runs up West River every Friday, leaving at 5.30 a. m. and 4 p. m. local.

"Elfin"—Leaves for Rocky Point daily at 7, 8.30, 9.30, 11, a. m.; 1, 2, 4, 5.30, p. m. local time. Returning, leaves Rocky Point at 8, 9, 10, 11.30 a. m.; 1.30, 3, 4.30, 6 p. m. local time. Sundays leaves for Rocky Point at 9 a. m., 12.45, 2, 4 p. m. Returning, leaves Rocky Point at 10 a. m.; 1.15, 3, 5, p. m.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED

To refund the money when

Remick's Eczema Cure

fails to cure any case of Eczema or Piles, no matter of how long standing.

Forsale only at

Macdonald's Drug Store

NIGHT BELL NURSES REGISTER

Our Boys Are Coming Home

Yes, and a right royal reception they will receive.

It's Coming Home

to our customers every day that they are receiving the best of satisfaction from us. "We sell today so that we may sell tomorrow." If you have not dealt with us before give us a trial. We handle nothing but the best class of goods.

CHOW CHOW AND PICKLES

We have a big stock of spices, vinegars, etc., for making above, 25 doz. Flower Pots for the transplanting season. Try "Red Rose Tea."

R. F. Maddigan & Co

Lower Queen Street.
Free Delivery. Telephone.

Prince Edward Island Railway. THANKSGIVING DAY.

Excursion Return Tickets at first-class rate way fare, will be issued from all stations on this Railway, on October 17th and 18th, good to return up to and on October 22nd, 1900. Tickets are good only for continuous journey in either direction.

G. A. SHARP, Superintendent.
Railway Offices, Charlottetown, September 29th, 1900.

DOMINION ATLANTIC RAILWAY.

and Steamship Lines to Boston via Yarmouth.

The Popular Fast line between Nova Scotia and Boston via Windsor Junction and Halifax

EXPRESS TRAINS leave Halifax daily except Sunday at 6.35 a. m. for Digby and Yarmouth, making connection Wednesday and Saturdays at Yarmouth for Boston.

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP "PRINCE GEORGE"

2400 Gross Tonnage, 7000 Horse Power, the fastest and most powerful plying between the Maritime Provinces and Boston.

Leaves Yarmouth Wednesday and Saturdays for Boston, on arrival of Express Train from Halifax. Returning leaves Boston Tuesday and Friday at 10 a. m.

Passengers arriving in Halifax next day p. m. by Express Train.
For all information, guide book, folders, etc., which will be sent free, write to F. H. ARMSTRONG, general passenger Agent Kennebec St. S. P. GIFFINS, Gen. Manager.
Kennebec St. S., May 26th, 1900.