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W. L. COTTON, J. W. MITCHELL,
Manager, Office Sup't.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 8.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
To come into force MONDAY, DEC. 24, 1877

TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	No. 5 EXPRESS	No. 7 MIXED
GEORGETOWN	Dp. 8.55	P. M.
Cardigan	" 9.02	
Mount Stewart Junction	Ar. 10.25	
Royalty Junction	Dp. 10.35	
CHARLOTTETOWN	Ar. 11.46	
	P. M.	P. M.
	Ar. 12.10	Dp. 2.40
	A. M.	
	Dp. 9.00	
Royalty Junction	" 9.25	" 3.05
North Wiltshire	" 10.22	" 4.02
Hunter River	" 10.40	" 4.20
Bradalbane	" 11.18	" 5.00
County Line	" 11.28	" 5.10
	P. M.	
Kensington	" 12.07	" 5.50
SUMMERSIDE	Ar. 12.45	
Wellington	Dp. 2.00	" 6.20
Port Hill	" 2.45	
O'Leary	" 3.28	
Alberton	" 4.43	
Tignish	" 5.45	
	" 6.35	

TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	No. 2 EXPRESS	No. 4 MIXED
TIGNISH	Dp. 8.00	A. M.
ALBERTON	" 8.55	
O'Leary	" 9.52	
Port Hill	" 11.07	
Wellington	" 11.48	
	P. M.	A. M.
	Ar. 12.35	
SUMMERSIDE	Dp. 2.10	Dp. 8.35
	" 2.48	" 9.12
Kensington	" 3.30	" 9.50
County Line	" 3.40	" 10.10
Bradalbane	" 4.20	" 10.48
Hunter River	" 4.35	" 10.50
North Wiltshire	" 5.30	" 11.56
Royalty Junction		
CHARLOTTETOWN	Ar. 5.55	
	Dp. 2.05	" 12.20
Royalty Junction	" 2.30	
MT. STEWART Junc.	Ar. 3.40	
	Dp. 3.50	
Cardigan	" 5.12	
GEORGETOWN.	Ar. 5.40	

SOURIS BRANCH.

Going West.		Going East.	
STATIONS.	No. 5 MIXED	STATIONS.	No. 6 MIXED
	A. M.		P. M.
Souris	Dp. 7.30	Mt. St'w't Jc.	Dp. 3.50
Harmony	" 7.55	Lot 40	" 4.26
St. Peter's	" 9.10	Morell	" 4.32
Morell	" 9.42	St. Peter's	" 5.05
Lot 40	" 9.48	Harmony	" 6.20
Mt St'w't Junc.	Ar. 10.25	Souris	Ar. 6.45

C. J. BRYDGES, Gen. Superintendent, Gov't. Railways.
W. McKECHNIE, Supt. P. E. I., Railway.

Notice to the Public!

SUPPLIES for the "Soup Kitchen" will reach the Committee if left at the Store of Mr. Alex. Horne, Corner of Queen and Fitzroy Streets.
Donations of money will be thankfully received by them through Dr. Dodd and Mr. J. Quirk.
N. B.—Food for the sick carefully prepared by the Committee.
Nov. 30, 1877.

HERRING & HAKE!

30 Bbls. No. 1 HERRING,
25 Qls. HAKE.
For Sale Cheap at
A. McNEIL'S AUCTION ROOM.

—ALSO—
50 BBLs. NO. 1 APPLES!
IN PRIME ORDER, SELLING FAST AT
A. McNEIL'S AUCTION ROOM.

No. 11 Queen St., March 20—6i eod

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SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL . . \$120,000.00.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
ARCHIBALD KENNEDY, Esq., President; JOHN F. ROBERTSON, Esq.; ARTEMAS LORD, Esq.; G. D. LONGWORTH, Esq.; W. E. DAWSON, Esq.; THOMAS MORRIS, Esq.; P. W. HYNDMAN, Esq.
Risks taken daily at their Office, Exchange Building.
FRED. W. HYNDMAN, Secretary.
March 25—ly law

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OF ENGLAND.
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Special rates for isolated residences. Losses settled promptly.
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(Above Mr. D. Farquharson's Store),
CORNER OF QUEEN & DORCHESTER STREETS.
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MR. PATTERSON guarantees that no matter how badly faded or stained garments may be, he will restore them to their original color.
JOHN PATTERSON.
Feb. 9—

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25 TONS
Prime Chewing & Smoking Tobacco,
SECOND TO NONE.
Sold at prices to suit the times. Give us a call.
HICKEY & STEWART.
No. 1 Queen St., Ch'town, March 13—1m eod

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC

WHILE taking this opportunity of thanking our numerous customers for the liberal manner in which they have patronized
OUR NEW STUDIO,
we would inform them that we have now increased facilities for the production of first-class work, and are prepared to make PHOTOGRAPHS of a Style and Quality that has never been before attempted in this City.
We have on exhibition, at our Rooms, a large number of Photographs of every variety, including the
BEAUTIFUL PHOTO-ENAMEL
he most beautiful style of Photograph known, possessing a softness and delicacy of coloring that has never been equalled. This elegant picture has become deservedly popular elsewhere, and cannot fail to become so here.
Though the finish of our Photographs cannot be excelled, we would direct attention to the beautiful
Glace Pictures
which we make. They possess a highly enamelled surface, and are practically indestructible, and will retain their freshness and beauty for any length of time. If they become soiled they can easily be cleaned, as they will not lose any of their beauty by being wet. This valuable quality, combined with their remarkable elegance, make them very suitable for presents; while the difficulty of their production will prevent them ever becoming so common as to lessen their value. Our patrons can have one or all of their Photos finished in this style—an advantage which cannot be obtained elsewhere.
We give special attention to making Groups of Families, Societies, Schools, &c. Our pictures of children are sufficient evidence of our success in this difficult branch of our art.
Our ENLARGEMENTS, finished in India Ink, Pastel, Crayon, Oil and Water Colors, have made a favorable reputation for them selves throughout the Lower Provinces.
Parties intending to have Photographs made will find it to their advantage to sit early, as the number of our customers makes some delay in the delivery of the Photos unavoidable. We prefer to have our sitters come by appointment.
Photographs can be obtained for less money elsewhere; but in this case we ask that quality be given the preference; assuring the public that they will find our charges very moderate.

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ROSS BROS.,
Cor. Queen and Dorchester Streets,
opposite Connolly's Bank.
Sept. 19, 1877—3m eod

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1878.

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IN DULL TIMES

—GET THE—

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The debates of the Local Legislature will be carefully and impartially given. Special telegrams and letters from "Our Own Ottawa Correspondent" will contain everything of interest transpiring in the Dominion Parliament.

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For Six Months, \$2.50
For Three Months, 1.25
For One Month,50

ADDRESS,
W. L. COTTON,
Manager Examiner Printing and Publishing Company.
Ch'town, Dec. 6, 1877.

The Political Situation.

WHY THE MACKENZIE GOVERNMENT IS NO LONGER WORTHY OF REFORM SUPPORT.

The Paris Star, of the 20th, has the following leading editorial:—"For twenty-three long years we have been a staunch and consistent supporter of the men now in power. While they were in the cold shades of Opposition we endorsed the principles which they then advocated, believing them to be in the interests of Canada. We still hold the same views. We heralded their accession to the Treasury benches, after the downfall of the late Conservative Government, as a cause of rejoicing throughout the length and breadth of the land. We then thought that a new era had dawned, and that under a pure Reform Government purity would everywhere prevail, and that the administration of public affairs would be at least honestly and ably conducted. Before the present Government were in power a year, we had reason to have our confidence in them somewhat shaken, but lived in the hope that after a fair start they would at least endeavor, even if they lacked the experience of their predecessors, to carry out honestly what they contended for while in Opposition. But, no! Every session proves most conclusively to us that they have sacrificed every principle they worked so hard for, when eager to obtain the Ministerial benches, and that the best interests of the country have been sacrificed. Incompetency and mismanagement prevail in nearly every department. We believe the Leader of the Government, the Hon. Alexander McKenzie, is an honest man, and although most industrious and plodding, is too easily influenced by the unprincipled and designing men by whom he is from time to time surrounded. No man ever had a fairer opportunity of proving to the world that the Reform Party was the better of the two great parties in the country. Under his management and those who are associated with him, the standard of Reform has been trailed in the dust, and the party which once stood high in the estimation of the people is now a by-word and reproach. We looked for great things from the Hon. Edward Blake, but he is so much inferior to his leader in all that goes to make a politician, instead of a trustworthy counsellor he has been a source of weakness instead of strength. Our debt is increasing at a rate which is well calculated to cause distrust. The deficit, as set forth by the Finance Minister, is enormous, and such as never existed during the worst days of commercial stagnation under the Sir John McDonald Administration. With a stubbornness and foolhardiness almost stoical, they have refused to accept the sincere and patriotic efforts of the present Opposition to re-adjust the tariff with a view of helping our struggling industries, and in this way relieve the great distress which everywhere prevails. Their connection with the coup d'etat in Quebec, when one of their own followers, the Lieutenant Governor, dismissed a Government which were conducting the affairs of the country wisely and well with a majority of over twenty members, purely for political purposes, is a death-blow to Responsible Government, which our forefathers struggled so hard to secure. We have thought it but fair to our readers thus to lay our views before them. The interests of the country demand a change of rulers; party must be sacrificed in the interests of the public weal, and no longer must the interests of the country be sacrificed for the sake of party. We have taken the course we now announce after mature deliberation, and clearly and conscientiously believing that Sir John McDonald is the only statesman able to pilot the ship of state through the present crisis, we will from this time onward support him and Her Majesty's Loyal Opposition with which he is surrounded; and if, when he once more sits on the treasury benches, which we believe he will after the next general election, he fails to carry out the principles for which he is now contending, the most prominent amongst which is that of incidental protection to our struggling industries, we will condemn him as we now do the Hon. Alexander McKenzie."

American Credit.

The London Economist discusses at length the acts relating to the issues of United States Government bonds, the terms of the prospectuses put forth on the negotiations of the loans, and the official interpretations of the authorizing acts, and reaches the following conclusions:—

We have thought it best, in discussing a subject of this importance, to quote the actual words on the documents referred to, and of the authorities cited. We prefer to leave our readers thus free to form their own judgment on the statements placed before them. But no doubt is left on our minds as to what subscribers to the American funded loans, believed they were entitled to receive. They had paid a full price in the value of gold coin, the coin mentioned in the prospectus to each loan, and they justly expect to receive the use of "gold coin" in return. The remonetization of silver by the United States will undoubtedly have the effect of raising the value of silver over the whole world, and there may be eventually a smaller difference between the value of silver and gold than that which exists at the present moment. Silver may come again to hold the proportional value in reference to gold that it did some years since. And in that case the American bondholders, even if paid in silver dollars, might experience no injury. But that is not the question. The question is one of justice, and of a stipulated payment being made as it was stipulated. To fail in any respect in the performance of this would injure, and to a greater degree than can readily be imagined, the credit of the United States; more than this, such an act would lower the credit of representative institutions over the world. From every point of view we should feel a deeper regret than we can well express if the Government of the United States failed in the slightest degree to perform its duty to its creditors.

Wendell Phillips once, as he expected to be called upon to speak at a religious meeting, nudged Frothingham and said, "You speak. I don't know anything about theology. I don't know the Ten Commandments."

Over-Emigration to the States.

In a letter to the Board of Trade, Mr. E. Winslow, the General Agent of the Boston (U. S.) Industrial Aid Society, states that in consequence of the false representations of the steamship agents that men and women are much wanted in Boston at high wages, many persons have given up good situations and become paupers in that place. Mr. Winslow had been, therefore, requested by the managers of the Society to write to the Board of Trade and ascertain the best way to counteract the false representations of those who only care to obtain the passage of money or a commission. The Echo, commenting on the matter, thinks that with the exception of "strips of land" near the River Congo, in Africa, there seems now to be no field left, anywhere, for emigration.

A Sad Story.

TERRIBLE REALIZATION OF A MOTHER'S DREAM.
ST. THOMAS, Que., March 21.—The family of Mrs. Connell, of this town, have suffered in a heartrending manner during the past fortnight. Jesse McConnell, brakeman, was killed ten days ago at Harwich, by falling between the cars, and was brought home terribly mangled. The mother took it to heart, and it was feared would lose her reason. After partially recovering, she dreamt she saw two coffins, in which were her two sons, and fearing for the safety of the other, also a brakeman, she telegraphed to him, asking if he was all right, and wishing him to come home. He replied he was all right, and would be home in the morning, and intended to quit railroad-ing. On his return trip he was crushed to death coupling cars at Brighton. The body was brought home the night before last, and buried yesterday. The two daughters are almost helpless, and it is not expected the mother will recover her reason. The deepest sympathy is felt for the family in their terrible calamity, and is being manifested in a tangible way by the citizens generally.

KRUPP.

A summary of the annual report for 1877 of the gigantic manufactories belonging to the renowned firm of Krupp, at Essen, has just been published. The refined and cast steel fabrication employs no less than 8,500 men, 298 steam engines, with about 11,000 horse power, and 77 steam hammers. Every twenty-four hours it turns out two and a half German miles of railway rails together with a corresponding amount of wheels, springs, axes, and the metal work of the carriages. So much is done by this famous firm in the service of peace. For war business it every month completes 300 cannon of diverse calibre. Since 1847 it has turned out more than 15,000 cannon. Twenty-one thousand gas flames are lighted every night. A railway of 37 miles in length, employing 24 locomotives and 700 cars, facilitates the internal intercourse, and the establishment contains 44 telegraph stations within its boundary. Apart from its stupendous manufactures, the firm employs 5,300 workmen in its mineral works, in coal and iron. The forces of the firm are served by 700 workmen. Messrs. Krupp have built 3,277 dwelling houses, which are at present inhabited by 16,200 persons; including work people and their families, and 22 shops for groceries, meat shops, furniture, and similar daily needs. It has provided for education by the erection of four elementary schools of 21 classes, and industrial school for girls, and a school for adult women, which are visited by thousands of learners, and provided with first-rate teachers.

THE CAPE WAR.

A telegram from Ibeka says that Captain Upcher's column was attacked at daylight, on the 7th inst., by Krel and Sandill. The Caffres, who were in three divisions of 3,000 men, were entirely routed, losing 200 men. This is believed to be the most decisive fight that has yet occurred, Krel having fled and Sandill being pursued. Captain Charles Boyes has been killed in the Chichaba bush. Gongale has been driven back by the Burgher forces and seriously wounded. Forty men flying to the Outas location were met by Lieutenant Tripp and every one shot.

Startling news comes from Battleford. It would seem that Sitting Bull is employing his ingenuity in forming a confederation of Sioux, Blackfeet and Cree Indians, with a view to inaugurating an active campaign so soon as the weather will permit. Sitting Bull is evidently bent on mischief, and we would recommend the Government, as the last means of preventing trouble, to dispose of him to Barnum at a reasonable figure.

The Rev. C. A. Leveson, of St. George's, Camden Hill, London, assigned his pew rents and fees as a security for a loan of \$4,800. Subsequently his affairs came into liquidation, and the Registrar of the Bankruptcy Court, Mr. Spring Rice, decided, upon the application of the trustee, that the assignment was of no force, as the pew-rents could not be attached. The Court of Appeal confirmed the opinion of the Registrar.

Anderson, of Returning Board notoriety, has been released by the action of the Supreme Court of Louisiana upon a technicality. It seems that he was accused of trifling with the Verona parish returns, and was convicted of forging or altering the "consolidated" returns.

A dispatch from Montreal announces that "John Phelan, Lachine Canal Contractor, who on Thursday last drew \$12,000 in Ottawa to pay his men on the canal, has undoubtedly absconded with the money, leaving about 200 poor laborers without a cent of their last month's wages.

Cooper, Fairman & Co., of Montreal, have put their estate into insolvency. They owe everybody they had dealings with, and left the Banque du Peuple for \$5,000.
"Tom Collins" has been heard from. He keeps a tavern in Toronto, and O'Donovan Rossa was his guest during the recent riot.