

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

MARCH 13, 1884.

To the Rescue.

The Patriot comes to the relief of Mr. L. H. Davies in the matter of his false telegram from Ottawa for the purpose of influencing the Belfast Election.

On the 13th of February Mr. Davies asked the following question in the House of Commons:—

"Whether the Engineers sent to report upon the wharves and piers of Prince Edward Island last summer have made their report yet? If so, whether the Government intend to take over any and which of the piers in the said Island, and what sums are to be allowed the Province therefor?"

To which he received the following reply:—

"Sir Hector Langevin—In answer to the honorable gentleman, I may say that the Engineers who have been employed under the Chief Engineer of my Department to inspect and report upon the wharves and piers of Prince Edward Island, have made reports to the Department, and that the Chief Engineer is now preparing a report to me on the subject."

This was on the 13th of February. On the day before the election Mr. L. H. Davies telegraphed as follows:—

Ottawa, Feb. 30, 1884. No Pier money granted or proposed. Government refused to say whether any will be Engineers not reported.

The fact remains, therefore, that when Mr. Davies sent the above telegram he knew the Engineers had reported, and consequently telegraphed a falsehood. Further, his object was to convey the impression that the Minister had, on that day, the 20th of February, refused to say whether any money for the piers would be voted or granted.

The telegram was so understood by his friends here, and a most determined effort was made in the Belfast District to induce the electors to accept it in that sense. Every word of the telegram was, therefore, directly false, or used for the purpose of creating a false impression.

Parliamentary Notes.

The Draft Address in answer to the Lieut.-Governor's speech passed the House last night. Among those who particularly distinguished themselves in the debate was Hon. Wm. Campbell, Commissioner of Public Works, who, in a splendid speech, in answer to ex-Speaker Beer, completely refuted every argument and statement of that gentleman.

The Hon. A. J. McDonald brought the new member for Tignish severely to task in the House of Assembly last afternoon. Mr. Matheson had stated in the House, on the previous evening, that when in Ottawa this winter representing the interests of the lobster packers, Mr. A. J. McDonald, M. P., for King's, P. E. I., had refused to accompany the delegates in interviewing the Ministers because his brother (meaning Hon. A. J. McDonald) was opposed to the changes sought for.

CAPE TRAVERSE, March 12, 1884.

A. J. McDONALD: Never knew you were opposed. Offered to accompany delegates. Interviewed Minister.

Mr. Matheson made also another statement to the effect that William Callaghan, Esq., after being in Charlottetown immediately before the Tignish election of last spring, announced, at a public meeting held at Tignish, that the Leader of the Government had assured him that all the interest would be taken off the public lands. We have the best reason for believing that this statement is also untrue.

Then and Now.

The Ottawa Citizen furnishes a few figures showing how wages ruled at Ottawa in 1878, and now. Here they are:—

Table with 3 columns: Item, 1878, 1882. Items include Blacksmiths, Plumbers, Painters, Carpenters, etc.

As to the prices at which the people's necessities were purchased in 1878 and are purchased now, the Citizen gives the quotations as follow:—

Table with 3 columns: Item, 1878, 1882. Items include 20 lbs sugar, 2 lbs tea, 1 dozen eggs, etc.

Again, as to the prices of articles of dress in 1878 and now—the Citizen furnishes the Ottawa quotations as follow:—

Table with 3 columns: Item, 1878, 1884. Items include Calicoes, prints, Delaines, Alpaca, etc.

Should these quotations be correct—and the Citizen challenges anyone to prove that they are not—the people of Ottawa, at least, are not now being ruined by reason of low wages and high prices, though they are subject to the National Policy.

Banks and Bank Stocks.

The following statistics of the Banks of Canada were adduced by Mr. Thomas White, M. P., in the course of his very able speech on the Budget, as a test of the condition of trade:

Table with 3 columns: Dec. 1882, Dec. 1883. Items include Circulation, Loans on stocks, Loans to commercial companies, etc.

The cash resources of the banks increased from \$41,077,273 in 1882 to \$52,184,833—pr nearly \$11,000,000 in 1883.

Then the condition of the exchanges were exceedingly favorable to the banks comprising these two periods. The statement is as follows:—

Table with 3 columns: Dec. 1882, Dec. 1883. Items include Due United States, Due Great Britain, etc.

The deposits were practically maintained during the period. They were as follows:—

Table with 3 columns: Dec. 1882, Dec. 1883. Items include Dominion Government deposits, Provincial Government deposits, etc.

Then as to bank stocks. For eleven banks, viz. Montreal, Ontario, People's, Bankers, Toronto, Jacques Cartier, Merchants, Eastern Townships, Commerce, Quebec and Hamilton, the aggregate value of those stocks on January 2nd, 1879, amounted to \$38,357,000, and on the 2nd January, 1884, to \$48,803,000, or an increase in the value of the stocks of those eleven banks during the period from 1879 to 1884 of no less than \$10,446,000; and curiously enough since this Parliament opened we have had an increase in the value of the stocks of those eleven banks, amounting to nearly \$3,000,000, the exact figures being \$2,977,000.

These facts and figures are certainly very reassuring.

The cost of dogs in the State of Iowa is estimated at \$900,000 per annum. The amount appropriated to school purposes is less than \$450,000. The annual cost of maintenance of dogs in Tennessee is put down at \$9,000,000, of schools, \$3,000,000. In the Northern States the annual cost for the support of dogs is set at \$33,000,000—a sum sufficient to purchase 132,000 school libraries of 200 volumes each.

Twenty per cent discount on Ladies' Kid and Goat Socks—Dunlop, Gore & Co.

PARLIAMENTARY CORRESPONDENCE.

Ottawa, March 4.

THE BUDGET.

Mr. Thomas White is, to-day, engaged in refuting the conclusions of Sir Richard Cartwright—(1) that it had been better to "have borrowed \$300,000,000 or \$400,000,000, and cast the money into the sea," than that, instead of himself, the present Government should have to regulate the finances of Canada during the past five years; and (2) that "the public morality of Canada is painfully low and its public opinion painfully weak."

Another chapter on farming, a subject of even greater importance to them than that of political finance. Mr. W. H. Lynch, the well known Canadian dairy specialist and authority, has been telling the Committee on Immigration and Colonization, somewhat of his excellent ideas about

BUTTER AND CHEESE.

Dairying, he says, is divided into two branches—butter making and cheese making; and, as to manufacture into private dairies and factories. Each branch has its relative advantages. For instance, cheese making turns the whole milk product into a marketable form; but it is more exhaustive to the soil than butter making.

BETTER MAKING IS ESSENTIALLY A HOME INDUSTRY.

and supported his claim by statistics, as well as theory. Seventy four per cent. of all the dairy products of the United States to-day is butter made in the home dairy. When asked what he hoped for the cream-gathering system, he said it would serve a good purpose in localities where the peculiar conditions demanded such a system, but he would not claim for it more than a temporary character.

MECHANICAL APPLIANCES, OR HELPS.

Denmark had arrived at her favorable position through a long course of education under Government auspices, at great expenditure of both time and money. Even then, for good results, improved implements were largely used. But the better way is to eliminate the need of skill, wherever it is possible, by mechanical helps. Here followed a description of the process as it bore illustration to this fact; and to the minds of the gentlemen of the committee, seemed conclusively to prove that this somewhat novel position is the true one, and has an important meaning for Canada, at this crisis in the dairy industry.

tion was well answered and the answer applauded. The cheese industry in Ontario has brought hundreds of thousands of dollars to the Province. The success of the industry has been largely owing to Government aid to two Provincial Associations. And all the Government expenditures for the past ten years in this direction have been enough to build a mile of railway across the prairie. The evidence of Prof. Arnold of the day before, and of Mr. Lynch yesterday, is considered of so much value that it is to be published and distributed gratuitously all over the Dominion. This is a good move—one which will be popular.

AN AGRICULTURAL SYSTEM FOR CANADA.

Mr. J. X. Perrault, well known in the Province of Quebec as a scientific and professional agriculturist, was examined before the Agriculture Committee this forenoon. Having travelled through Europe, and visited the best Agricultural Colleges and schools of the old world, he said that he was in a position to state that the agricultural industries of the United States are the best in the world. The Agricultural Bureau at Washington issues yearly a very great number and variety of works on practical agriculture; and he suggested that it would be a good idea to publish a digest of them for distribution throughout Canada.

"Wit and Humor."

A LARGE number availed themselves of the opportunity of attending the reading of Mr. J. H. Fletcher's second paper on the subject of American Wit and Humor, on Tuesday night last, before the Literary and Scientific Society, in the parlour of the Y. M. C. A., spent a most enjoyable evening.

For some time the subjects that were discussed by that society have been of a serious nature. The subject of Wit and Humor, treated of last night, was hailed with great delight, as it signified a change from the ordinary routine, and under the master hand of Mr. Fletcher could not fail to be a success.

His quotations were very aptly applied and the papers were in every respect a good one and showed a familiar knowledge of the subject, and a considerable amount of reading and research on the part of Mr. Fletcher.

A lengthy and very interesting discussion followed, in which Mr. Newson, Dr. Beer, S. S. Peterson, Alex. McKinnon, T. A. McLean, Mr. Grange, J. H. Good and others took part.

The humor of the different nations was well represented, especially that of the Irish and Scotch, but the general impression seemed to be that for a real good laugh, which was expressed as being equal to a course of pills, even by the Doctor, we would have to come to American wit.

After the discussion was over Mr. H. C. McDonald, in a neat and pointed speech, expressed his regret that Mr. Fletcher was about to take his final departure from amongst us. He showed how deeply indebted we were to him not only for the benefit he has conferred upon us by his admirable papers on Wit and Humor, but also for his lectures on Unworned Heroism, that has delighted many an audience, and other subjects that are equally interesting.

The next paper will be read by Mr. T. A. LePage. The subject will be made known through the papers in due time.—COM.

Our Advertisers.

The concert to be held in the Market Hall, on St. Patrick's evening, promises to be an excellent affair. The programme is large, and consists of vocal and instrumental selections by some of our most popular amateurs, and an address by F. J. Conroy, Esq.

Palmer & McLeod want to sell or let the late Allan McNeill's homestead in the Royal, fronting on Malpeque Road.

J. A. Chipman & Co. are offering choice brands of flour for sale. Their office is opposite Rankin House.

Albert Simpson and John Simpson notify all persons indebted to the estate of the late Alexander Simpson, of Hope River, that an immediate settlement is necessary.

FOR SALE OR TO LET, LATE ALLAN McNEILL'S HOME-STEAD, in Royalty, fronting on Malpeque Road, containing about eight acres, with Dwelling House and Barns. Enquire at office of PALMER & McLEOD.

FOR SALE OR TO LET, THE Subscriber hereby offers for sale to let his Residence and Model Livestables, together with all Furniture and Outfits.

FOR SALE OR TO LET, THE best producer yet tried on the Island. Call and examine and see testimonials at my Furniture Store, J. D. McLeod's corner.

FOR SALE OR TO LET, I AM selling the balance of my Furniture saved from the fire of the 20th ult., at J. D. McLeod's corner, Queen Street, at a reduction of from twenty-five to fifty per cent. below usual prices.

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E. W. TAYLOR, WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

Queen Street, Next Door to W. B. Watson's.

WILL BE OPENED ON MONDAY NEXT.

A LOT OF SILVERWARE, JEWELRY, WATCHES & CLOCKS,

SLIGHTLY DAMAGED AT LATE FIRE.

Will be Offered at a Great Reduction.

Charlottetown, March 8, 1884—31 cent w/ky 21

DESBRISAY & ANGUS,

AGENTS OF THE

QUEEN AND AGRICULTURAL INSURANCE COMPANIES,

WHILE thanking the Citizens of Charlottetown for their past patronage, and assistance during the late fire, have to announce that they have taken the office in

Stevenson's Building,

CORNER QUEEN AND SYDNEY STREETS,

Where they are prepared to do business.

Ch'town, Feb. 22, 1884.

AUCTION ! FOR SALE.

Hay, Straw, Seed Wheat, Oats,

I AM instructed by MR. HENRY BEER to sell by Auction, at his farm "Belladune," Lot 48, 14 miles from Southport, on

Saturday, the 15th of March Next,

AT TWO O'CLOCK, P. M., ABOUT

25 tons Hay, 8 tons Straw, 300 bush. Seed Wheat (White Russian), 300 bush. Oats.

TERMS AT SALE.

WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.

Ch'town, March 7, 1884.—w/ky 21

Ash Hoops For Sale

THE Subscriber has a quantity of the above on hand. Orders left at his store Wellington Street, or at the Store House, Charlottetown, will be attended to.

JOHN B. STUART, Southport, Lot 48.

March 7, 1884.

Brick Yard To Let.

THE Montrose Brick Yard, (1/2 miles from T. Southport) together with Dwelling House, Stable, 6000 lbs. Coal, etc.

For particulars apply on the premises to JOHN B. STUART, Southport, Lot 48.

March 4, 1884.—2w w/ky 21 pd

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

TO be sold by AUCTION, on the premises, on

Friday, the 4th of April next,

AT TWELVE O'CLOCK,

if not previously disposed of by private sale, all that plot of land situated on Kent Street, the former site of the "North American Hotel," measuring forty-two feet on Kent Street and extending back 160 feet, together with all the stone, etc., in the cellars and roof. This affords a good opportunity for any person wishing to invest in a hotel, it having been used for such for the last forty years.

Terms cash and made known at sale.

WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.

Ch'town, March 10—31 w/ky 11 sale

The Great Sale of Cotton Goods at the London House will be continued for 30 days, for cash, at a still further reduction in prices.

March 7, 1884.

WHITE RUSSIAN SEED WHEAT.

THE best producer yet tried on the Island. Call and examine and see testimonials at my Furniture Store, J. D. McLeod's corner.

JOHN NEWSON, Ch'town, March 8.

BARGAINS.

I AM selling the balance of my Furniture saved from the fire of the 20th ult., at J. D. McLeod's corner, Queen Street, at a reduction of from twenty-five to fifty per cent. below usual prices.

JOHN NEWSON, Ch'town, March 8.

"KENSINGTON FARM."

NOTICE is hereby given, that whereas trees have lately been cut down and others wantonly injured, and fences destroyed on the "Kensington Property," near the city, the subscriber, who is the owner of the said property, will cause to be felled all persons found in any way trespassing thereon.

The part of this property fronting on the Hillsborough River will be leased for farming purposes for a term of years.

MICHAEL DEAZELEY, By his Attorney G. W. DEBLOIS.

Ch'town, Jan. 29, 1884.—1f