

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1891.

VOL. 28.—NO. 125

"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—ESOPHUS.

NEW SERIES.

CALENDAR FOR OCTOBER, 1891.

MOON'S CHANGES.

1st day, 2nd day, 8h., 48.4m. p. m., NW, above horizon.

3rd day, 10th day, 6h., 44.3m. p. m., S, above horizon.

4th day, 17th day, 9h., 32.5m., a. m., W, above horizon.

5th day, 24th day, 9h., 44.7m., a. m., SW, above horizon.

Day of week	h	m	more	after	h	m
Thursday	6	3	36	4	17	31
Friday	4	34	5	29	11	30
Saturday	6	33	6	23	11	30
Sunday	7	31	7	26	10	24
Monday	8	29	8	31	0	20
Tuesday	10	27	9	38	0	34
Wednesday	11	24	10	46	1	14
Thursday	12	21	11	54	1	55
Friday	14	19	1	56	3	57
Saturday	16	17	2	45	5	24
Sunday	18	15	3	23	6	52
Monday	19	14	3	54	8	21
Tuesday	20	12	4	20	8	53
Wednesday	22	10	4	43	9	49
Thursday	23	8	5	4	10	23
Friday	25	6	5	26	11	2
Saturday	27	4	5	52	11	41
Sunday	29	3	6	21	12	35
Monday	30	1	6	58	1	32
Tuesday	31	59	7	45	1	55
Wednesday	32	57	8	41	2	50
Thursday	33	56	9	44	3	55
Friday	34	54	10	57	6	10
Saturday	36	52	11	50	6	21
Sunday	37	51	11	50	7	13
Monday	39	49	1	3	8	13
Tuesday	40	48	3	7	8	52
Wednesday	42	46	3	10	9	27
Thursday	43	44	4	21	10	0
Friday	44	43	5	17	10	32
Saturday	45	43	5	17	10	32

W. W. Clarke's Steamship Agencies.

S. S. FASTNET, HALIFAX TO DEMERAR

E. N. Crewes, Commander. WILL sail for Halifax every THURSDAY AFTERNOON, at 4 o'clock calling at the following ports:—

Souris, Port Hastings, Port Hawkesbury, Arichat & Canso.

Returning will leave Halifax every MONDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock, making the same calls.

FURNESS LINE, S. S. ALPHA,

NEIL HALL, COMMANDER. WILL SAIL FOR London and Halifax. Bermuda, Turk's Island and Jamaica.

The 15th of Every Month.

FROM LONDON. S. S. HISTORIAN, September 16th. DAMARA, October 1st. OTTAWA, 15th.

S. S. BETA, A. N. SMITH, COMMANDER.

Will sail for Havana the 1st of Every Month.

Charlottetown to Pugnash.

MES S. MAYFLOWER is intended to make trips between above ports every other day.

London Agents:— THOS. RONALDSON & SON, 34 Leadenhall Street, London, E. C.

PICKFORD & BLACK, W. W. CLARKE, Agents at Halifax. Agent at Ch'town, P. E. I.

September 9, 1891—1w dy then eod

Great Bargains in Furniture.

\$14,000 WORTH!

IMMENSE STOCK! BEST QUALITY!

At Prices to Suit Everybody.

SELLING OFF!—New and Fashionable Drawing Room and Parlor Suites, Bedroom Suites, Mirrors, Chairs, Bedsteads, Tables, Washstands, Window Blinds, Window Poles and all kinds of Window Furniture.

Lounges, Easy Chairs, Rattan Chairs, Feather, Hair, Flock and Wool Beds, Mattresses, Pillows, etc.

Gilt Moulding, every style, cheap. Call and examine.

JOHN NEWSON.

Charlottetown, June 4, 1891.

NEW OVERCOATINGS.

We have in stock the best line of Overcoatings ever shown by us, in Beavers, Melton Pilots, Kerseys, Cheviots, Elysians, Naps, etc.

Prices the lowest possible. Fit, Style and Workmanship guaranteed.

Parties in need of Overcoats or Reefers should see our stock before purchasing.

JOHN McLEOD & CO., UPPER QUEEN STREET.

Charlottetown, Sept. 23, 1891.

GEO. H. COOK, PHOTOGRAPHER

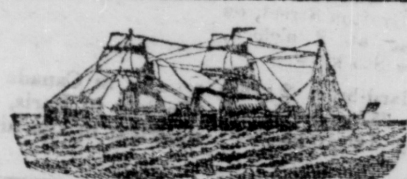
HAVING secured the services of Mr. CLOUD HILL, for many years Chief Operator with Hills and Saunders, and Jabez Hughes of Ryde Photographer to the Queen and Royal Family, persons wishing high class Photos taken would do well to call and see specimens.

Special attention paid to beautiful enlarged Portraits on opal and paper, finished monochromes and colors which are greatly admired for truthfulness and delicacy of finish. These really high class permanent Portraits are rapidly taking the place of all inferior kinds, and are produced at prices consistent with conscientious work.

They can be produced from negatives, or taken by us or from any photograph sent however old and faded. Daguerreotypes, Ivory Miniatures, Glass Positives, etc., etc., and will not fail to give entire satisfaction.

Remember the place. Over Apothecaries Hall.

May 9, '91—2w & w 5m



Literary Notes

One of the most most mysterious of all the diseases to which humanity is liable is the tumor, and one of the most dreadful is that particular form of tumor known as the cancer. Concerning these abnormal growths there is still very much to be learned by even the most accomplished scientists, but careful and patient research has brought to light a very considerable amount of knowledge which is of infinite value in connection with their treatment. A popular and practical paper on "The Treatment of Cancers and other Tumors" has recently been prepared by two eminent physicians, Drs. B. Farquhar Curtis and William T. Bull, and will be published in the November number of Harper's Magazine. The object of the paper is to make clear not only what is known about tumors, but what is not known, and thus by leading to an appreciation of the difficulty of making our knowledge of them complete, emphasize the importance of prompt and intelligent medical treatment.

In an article on "The Demoralization of Russia" in the current number of the Fortnightly Review, E. B. Lakin, whose remarkable papers on Russia have been a feature of the Fortnightly for the last two years, and who has drawn the darkest picture of Russian traits and questions in the English language, summarizes the good his earlier articles have accomplished for the Russians. The article on Finance was followed by a decree abolishing the premium on Russian sugar exported to Persia; that on Finland by a ukase giving the assurance, which he had authority to state would satisfy the legitimate aspirations of the Finnish people, viz., a solemn promise that the legislative independence of the principality would be rigorously respected; the paper on Prisons by the creation of a secret commission to report specially on the subject; that on the Racking of Peasantry by a project of a law which will probably receive the imperial signature this year, the object of which is to abolish inhuman slavery, and by another proposal, now under consideration by the ministry, to lessen the burden of local as distinct from imperial taxation. It is not always that the discussion in one country of abuses in another is followed by any improvement, but the Fortnightly's terrible pictures of Russian life have certainly accomplished something toward relieving those down-trodden people.

Though Mr. Gladstone is now in the midst of an active political campaign, he has found time to prepare a paper on "Ancient Beliefs on a Future State," which appears in the Nineteenth Century for October, published under arrangements with the English publishers by the Leonard Scott Publication Co. In the same number Sir Charles Tupper, High Commissioner for Canada, argues for Imperial Federation in a paper entitled "Federation of the Empire: a Colonial Plan." Prof. Goldwin Smith has a lengthy, partly historical, partly argumentative, article on "Disestablishment." Miss Agnes Lambert writes pleasantly of "The Private Life of Sir Thomas More," presenting a quaint picture of medieval life in England. Prof. Rhys discusses "Welsh Fairy-tales" and their ethnographic relations in a popular manner, and gathers some very curious facts in his article. Edward Wakfield has an interesting essay entitled "The Wisdom of Gumbo," under which heading he gives many examples of the proverbs and sayings of the French negroes of Louisiana and the West Indies. The proverbs are given in the native dialect, in French and in English, and the whole forms a valuable contribution to folk literature. W. H. Wilkins discusses "Immigration in the United States," reviewing its past and pointing out its lessons to the English people. It is a well conducted study of a problem which is now one of the most difficult the American people have to deal with. Mrs. E. Lynn Linton continues her remarkable series of papers on working women, devoting her attention this month to "The Wild Women as Social Insurgents." The recent visits of the French fleet to Russia and England furnish a text to the Right Hon. G. Shaw Lefevre for a valuable paper on the "Naval Policy of France," in which he reviews French naval history past and present and points out its opportunities and possibilities for the future. General Sir John Adye writes on "The Military Forces of the Crown," and replies to some strictures of recent military critics on the official management of the British army. Miss Cornelia Sorabji contributes some "Stray Thoughts of an Indian Girl," chiefly on marriage and the position of women in India, which will appeal strongly to the sympathies of Western minds, and the Hon. Emily Lawless tells an old Irish legend in modern prose under the title of "A Bardic Chronicle." Every taste will be satisfied with this great Review, which ably retains its place at the head of the periodical literature of the world.

Dismissal of the Inspectors.

[Summerside Journal.] In regard to the Inspectors who preceded Messrs. Murray and Curran, the circumstances were entirely different from those under which the late inspectors were superseded. According to the Public Schools Act of 1877, sec. iii., sub-sec. b, the Board of Education have power "to prescribe the qualifications for Inspectors." The Board of that day decided that the qualification should be the possession of a first-class license, which no one will claim was too high, and divided the Province, on Mr. Manning's recommendation, into two inspectorial districts. None of the Inspectors at that time held any license higher than second-class. Yet the Conservative Administration did not dismiss them. On the contrary, they were given an opportunity to qualify for the position. They were allowed to take the first-class examination, practically to undergo a civil service examination, as it were, with the understanding that they should be retained in office if successful, and one of them at least was given two chances to qualify. Not succeeding, they had to be replaced by men who could fulfil the qualifications demanded by the Board. How different has been the action of the present government with regard to the late inspectors. They not only held the prescribed qualifications, but were men of long practical experience as teachers and Inspectors successively, they knew the province and the people and the educational wants of the Island thoroughly, and their official career was without reproach, yet they had to go, simply because they did not see eye to eye politically with the present administration, who cannot overcome their bitter partisanship sufficiently to prevent them carrying the educational system of this province. Their successors are inexperienced, one of them being a mere youth, and no one will pretend that the educational interests of Prince Edward Island have been benefited by the late changes. These are matters of fact which we commend to the attention of the numerous editors of the Patriot, who would do well at the same time to ponder over these words of the Educational Review, in the course of its remarks upon Mr. Nicholson's dismissal: "If efficient officers should be removed simply to make way for no better men who thus want payment for their political services, the government should receive no quarter. The public interests demand, especially in education, that appointments be made solely on account of the fitness of the individual."

Check Reins.

The following from the Ottawa Citizen has been handed in for publication by a Charlottetownian who is working to have check reins abolished: "Considerable attention has lately been given to the merits and demerits of the check or overdraw check, as a bit of harness. Whether or not a horse looks better or worse with an overcheck on or not, whether it is a useful bit of harness, whether its effects upon the constitution and development of a horse are beneficial or injurious, are questions of interest which deserve serious attention. But how many are there who use the check rein merely because others use it because it is the fashion. The highest authority in veterinary science of two continents have pronounced themselves emphatically against the use of the check rein. They have pointed out its injurious effects to the bronchial tubes and other organs in the neck of the horse—retarding respiration, preventing circulation, entailing nervous troubles, and altogether causing an unhealthy effect upon the physical condition and the development of a horse. Therefore it is that many persons have been led to leave off the check-rein, and especially the overhead check, which is the most cruel and injurious form of this bit of harness. Furthermore, fashion for a while sanctioned, as it were, its use, or rather its abuse, and now the news reaches America that at the Royal Mews the Queen has ordered the check-rein to be discarded on account of its cruelty and injurious effects. How many are there now who will follow suit? It is a hopeful sign of the times to see this fashion give way to reason, and not only will Her Majesty's act be favorably considered by the highest authorities on the subject, but also be followed by thousands who are still, at the present time, using check-reins and not knowing why. Whether on cold wintry days or in hot summer and sultry weather, no amount of talking or argument can persuade anybody that the check-rein is either useful or even ornamental. It has been proven to be injurious, and it disfigures the lovely arched character of the typical horse's neck.

THE BIGGEST YET.—The reported sum—forty-five thousand dollars—which J. Malcolm Forbes, of Boston has just given for Nancy Hanks, is the highest price ever paid in this country for a trotting mare or filly. When Robert Bonner secured Maud S., he sent his check for forty thousand dollars to William H. Vanderbilt. That was the figure named by Mr. Vanderbilt and promptly accepted by Mr. Bonner. The mare, you would have brought a larger amount had her owner been willing to sell her to any one. But he wanted her to go into Mr. Bonner's stable and had no desire to make money out of her sale. This was, then, the largest price ever received for a trotting mare, and until the sale of Nancy Hanks was never exceeded, until Mr. Bonner bought Sunol from Senator Stanford for \$41,000. The difference in market value between a mare and a stallion is illustrated by a comparison of the above figures with the highest sum ever paid for a trotting of the latter kind—namely, the hundred and five thousand dollars given for Axtell. This difference is due to the greater earning capacity of the stallion.

SMALL POX.—Small pox is spreading in Quebec. According to a despatch of the 19th, two more cases have appeared at Nouvelle, opposite Dalhousie.

MARY, before you put baby in the bath, use the thermometer to get the temperature of the water. "It's no use," says Mary, "for sure if the water's too hot the baby will all be red; and if the water's too cold the baby will all be blue—and that's all that's about it." If Mary used Campbell's Quinine Wine she wouldn't be so cranky.

ISLAND OYSTERS.—The Moncton Times says: "Between four and five hundred barrels of oysters were shipped by steamer from Summerside on Saturday. Every day hundreds of barrels of these luscious bivalves are exported from P. E. Island to the provinces.

The gabbling goose by the fruit-field fence; The guinea-fowl back of the barn; The kitten that plays with a glee intense While grandmother winds the yarn.

Don't be a goose. Use Campbell's Quinine Wine.

The best place to buy clothing, the London House corner—Harris & Stewart. o2l d2w eod

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How are you? Nicely, Thank You. Thank Who? Why the inventor of SCOTT'S EMULSION

Which cured me of CONSUMPTION. Give thanks for its discovery. That it does not make you sick when you take it. Give thanks. That it is three times as efficacious as the old-fashioned cod liver oil. Give thanks. That it is such a wonderful fish product. Give thanks. That it is the best remedy for Consumption, Scrophulous, Bronchitis, Wasting Diseases, Coughs and Colds. Be sure you get the genuine in Salmon color wrapper; sold by all Druggists, at 50c. and \$1.00. SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville.

MONEY TO LOAN.

PARTIES desiring to borrow money on either City or Farm Property, in sums of from TWO to THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS, can obtain the same on the most reasonable terms and at a low rate of interest by applying to JAMES H. REDDIN, Solicitor, Cameron Block. oct2—3m

TEETH

\$3.00 and \$6.00 PER SET. First-class material and workmanship. Teeth filled at reasonable rates.—DR. J. P. MURRAY, Queen Street. 2m eod & w 2w

4 O'CLOCK, P. M.,

Will be the Hour of Sailing of the

Boston Steamers

FROM CHARLOTTETOWN, Commencing Thursday, 1st Oct. sept23—1m 2w

HARTSHORN'S SELF-ACTING SHADE ROLLERS

Be wary of imitations. NOTICE AUTOGRAF OF HARTSHORN'S LABEL OF THE GENUINE. Lowest priced. HARTSHORN. Insist upon having the HARTSHORN, SOLD BY ALL DEALERS. Factory, Toronto, Ont.

Davies' New Drug Store.

WE are now fully opened for business, and invite the public to come and inspect our new Store.

Our stock of Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Fancy, Toilet and miscellaneous articles has been doubled, and the public will not find a more complete stock in any Drug Store on the Island.

We are carrying a very choice line of French, English and German Perfumes, also in Fancy Soaps.

We have also added to the attraction of our new Store an elaborate Soda Fountain, the finest ever imported to Charlottetown, where the popular beverages of the season are dispensed. An important point with our beverages is that the Syrups run through the Fountain are made with genuine Fruit Juices, not artificial flavors.

The choicest brands of Havana Cigars in the city, Tobacco, Cigarettes, Pipes, Tobacco Pouches, etc. Give us a call. aug22

Harry L. Heartz

WILL take a limited number of Pupils on PIANO or ORGAN. For terms, etc., apply at MRS. C. V. Mc-GREGOR'S, on Prince Street, Charlottetown. sept5—eod tf

STEAMER HEATHER BELLE.

1891 1891 Fall Arrangement.

ON FRIDAY AFTER FRIDAY, October 9th, the Steamer "Heather Belle," Hugh McLean, Master, will run as follows: Will leave Orwell Brush Wharf for Charlottetown every Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday mornings, at 7 o'clock, calling at Hickey's Wharf.

Will leave Charlottetown for Hickey's and Orwell Brush Wharves same evening, at 2 o'clock, remaining at Brush Wharf every Tuesday and Wednesday night, and on Thursday night returning to Charlottetown, arriving at 8 o'clock.

Friday, will leave Charlottetown for Cranberry Wharf, East River, at 5 o'clock, a. m.; leaving Cranberry Wharf for Charlottetown at half-past seven o'clock, a. m., calling at Hickey's Wharf.

Leaving Charlottetown for Hickey's and Cranberry Wharves at 2 o'clock, p. m., returning to Charlottetown same evening.

Every alternate Friday, Steamer will go to Mount Stewart.

Saturday, will leave Charlottetown for Crapaud at 8.30 o'clock, a. m., leaving Crapaud for Charlottetown about 1 o'clock, p. m. L. C. OWEN, Agent.

Ch'town, Oct. 5, 1891.

NASAL BALM

SOOTHING, CLEANSING, NEVER FAILS HEALING.

Instant Relief, Permanent Cure, Failure Impossible.

Many so-called diseases are simply symptoms of Catarrh, such as sneezing, itching, itching of nasal, foul breath, watering and itching, general feeling of debility, etc. If you are troubled with any of these or kindred symptoms, you have Catarrh, and should lose no time procuring a bottle of NASAL BALM. Be warned in time, neglected cold in head results in Catarrh, followed by consumption and death. Sold by all druggists, or sent, post paid, on receipt of price \$1.00, by addressing FULFORD & CO., Brockville, Ont.

CATARRH

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST.

WYMAN'S GOLD MEDAL

ESSENCES and SPICES ARE THE BEST.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING

EPPS'S COCOA

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle poisons are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in packets, by Grocers, labelled thus: JAMES EPPS & CO., Homoeopathic Chemists, London, England. oct 12—1 yr dy & wky