

The Daily Examiner.

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NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, SATURDAY, JULY 16, 1881.

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Advertising at most moderate rates.
Contracts may be made for monthly,
quarterly, half yearly or yearly advertise-
ments, on application.

Prince Edward Island RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 16.
Summer Arrangement.

To take effect on the 23rd May, 1881.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	EXPRESS.	MIXED.	MIXED.
Souris	Dp 6.30am	Dp 2.15pm	
Bear River	" 7.04 "	" 3.00 "	
St. Peter's	" 7.44 "	" 3.52 "	
Morell	" 8.03 "	" 4.25 "	
Mt. Stewart	Ar 8.40	Ar 5.35	
Georgetown	Dp 7.30am	Dp 3.10pm	
Cardigan	" 7.40 "	" 3.36 "	
Mt. Stewart	Ar 8.40	Ar 5.00	
Mt. Stewart	Dp 8.45am	Dp 5.30pm	
Bedford	" 9.14 "	" 6.07 "	
York	" 9.31 "	" 6.30 "	
Royalty Jc	" 9.45 "	" 6.45 "	
Ch'town	Ar 10.00	Ar 7.10	
Ch'town	Dp 6.30am	Dp 9.20am	Dp 4.35pm
Royalty Jc	" 6.45 "	" 9.40 "	" 4.56 "
N. Wiltsh'e	" 7.23 "	" 10.45 "	" 5.47 "
Hunter R'r	" 7.35 "	" 11.00 "	" 6.03 "
Bradalba'e	" 8.02 "	" 11.37 "	" 6.39 "
Co'ty Line	" 8.10 "	" 11.47 "	" 6.52 "
Kensington	" 8.39 "	" 12.25pm	" 7.28 "
Summ'side	Ar 9.05	Ar 1.00	Ar 8.00
Wellington	Dp 9.25	Dp 2.45	
Port Hill	" 10.02 "	" 3.30 "	
O'Leary	" 10.35 "	" 4.25 "	
Alborton	" 11.32 "	" 5.42 "	
Tignish	" 12.20pm	" 6.45 "	
Tignish	Ar 1.00	Ar 7.35	

TRAINS GOING EAST.

STA.	EXPRESS.	MIXED.	MIXED.
Tignish	Dp 2.00pm	Dp 6.45am	
Alborton	" 2.40 "	" 7.40 "	
O'Leary	" 3.25 "	" 8.05 "	
Port Hill	" 4.25 "	" 9.05 "	
Wellington	" 4.55 "	" 10.15 "	
Summ'side	Ar 5.35	Ar 12.00	30 am
Kensington	Dp 6.00	Dp 1.05pm	Dp 6.00
Co'ty Line	" 6.25 "	" 1.40 "	" 7.06 "
Bradalba'e	" 6.52 "	" 2.17 "	" 7.40 "
Hunter R'r	" 7.20 "	" 3.05 "	" 8.02 "
N. Wiltsh'e	" 7.30 "	" 3.20 "	" 8.58 "
Royalty Jc	" 8.15 "	" 4.15 "	" 9.55 "
Ch'town	Ar 8.30	Ar 4.35	Ar 10.15
Ch'town	Dp 4.00pm	Dp 6.45am	
Royalty Jc	" 4.15 "	" 7.08 "	
York	" 4.25 "	" 7.25 "	
Bedford	" 4.45 "	" 7.47 "	
Mt. Stewart	Ar 5.10	Ar 8.30	
Mt. Stewart	Dp 5.20pm	Dp 8.55am	
Cardigan	" 6.25 "	" 10.16 "	
Georgetown	Ar 6.45	" 10.45 "	
Mt. Stewart	Dp 5.20pm	Dp 8.50am	
Morell	" 5.52 "	" 9.32 "	
St. Peter's	" 6.15 "	" 10.06 "	
Bear River	" 6.55 "	" 11.00 "	
Souris	Ar 7.30	Ar 11.50	

N. B.—The Express Train from Souris and Georgetown connects at Royalty Junction with the Mixed Train from Charlottetown for the West, in the morning; and the Mixed Train from the West connects at Royalty Junction with the Express Train from Charlottetown for Georgetown and Souris, in the afternoon.

L. B. ARCHIBALD,
Superintendent.
Railway Office, Ch'town, M. V. 21, 1881.



JOSEPH GILLOTT'S
STEEL PENS.
BY ALL DEALERS THROUGHOUT THE
WORLD.

BENZ. F. GRAFTON, STORY B. LADD
HALBERT E. PAINE
Littl's Commissioner of Patents.
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PAINE, GRAFTON & LADD,
Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors of American
and Foreign Patents.
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Practice patent law in all its branches in
the Patent Office, and in the Supreme and
Circuit Courts of the United States. Pamph-
lets sent free on receipt of stamp for
postage.

PERKINS & STERNS

BEG to inform their customers, and the public generally, that they have completed their Spring Importations, and are now ready with an

Extensive Show of New Goods

SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON'S TRADE.

Our Stock is first-class in every particular, and we only ask an inspection of the same to convince you that we are giving the Newest and best Goods at the lowest prices.

NEW STRIPED AND CHECKED SILKS,	NEW SCARFS,
NEW BUNTINGS,	NEW LACE GOODS,
NEW GRENADINES,	NEW FRILLINGS,
NEW PRINTED CAMBRICS,	NEW RIBBONS,
NEW PRINTED SATIN.	NEW FRINGES.

Newest Hats and Bonnets of Every Description. Latest Novelties in Dress Goods, Prints Ribbons, Ties, Gloves and Hosiery. Large Display of Feathers and Flowers.

AN IMMENSE VARIETY OF CLOTH AND TWEEDS AT VERY LOW PRICES.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS. ROOM PAPER.

NEW GOODS BY EVERY STEAMER.

Charlottetown, May 19, 1881.

PERKINS & STERNS.

FIRE! MARINE! LIFE!

HORACE HASZARD,

General Insurance Agent,

—REPRESENTING—

Commercial Union Fire Assurance Company, of London, Eng.,

CAPITAL, £2,500,000 STG.

Western Fire Assurance Company, of Toronto, Ont.,

CAPITAL, \$800,000.00.

British America Fire Assurance Company, of Toronto, Ont.,

CAPITAL, \$500,000.00.

Sun Mutual Life & Accident Insurance Company, of Montreal,

CAPITAL, \$500,000.00.

MARINE INSURANCE ALSO EFFECTED.

Risks taken on all descriptions of Property at LOWEST RATES.

Office—Corner of Queen and Lower Water Streets.

Charlottetown, April 4, 1881.—If

SUMMER RESORT!

SEASIDE HOTEL

RUSTICO BEACH, P. E. ISLAND.

THIS BEAUTIFULLY-SITUATED and well-known establishment will be open from JULY 1st till SEPT. 10th for the accommodation of Guests and Visitors.

Rates—\$1.75 per day; \$10.00 per week; \$32.00 per month.

To reach the Hotel a Coach will leave Charlottetown every Wednesday and Saturday evening, calling for Guests; returning every Thursday and Monday morning, at 9 o'clock, a. m.

Also, arrangements have been made with Mr. Bagnall to meet Trains from all points at Hunter River, for passengers to Seaside—seven miles. Address,

JOHN NEWSON & CO.,

Charlottetown.
June 28, 1881.

FRANKLIN HOUSE.

A SUMMER HOTEL NOW OPEN. Built on high land, it commands a splendid view of the city, and is one of the healthiest sites on the Island. Connected with this House are pleasant grounds, well wooded. If you want cool rooms and quiet surroundings, patronize the FRANKLIN. The dust nuisance will not trouble you when staying at the FRANKLIN. Guests at the FRANKLIN have the exclusive use of the Bath House on the private Beach near the FRANKLIN. Terms very moderate.
N. B.—This is a Temperance House.

H. F. COOMBS,

Charlottetown, June 15, 1881.

How to Get an Education.

1. Resolve to have an education.

"Where there is a will there is a way." Says Burke: "The lovers of wisdom will be wise." Matthews says: "If a person does not obtain an education, it is a proof that he did not intend to have one."

2. Go to school if you can.

A person can learn better at school than he can at home. At school, study is business. In study, method is everything. The best teachers can show the best methods.

3. Use the spare moments of time, when not at school, in gaining information.

Elihu Burrit acquired a knowledge of eighteen languages by improving fragments of his time while working as a blacksmith.

Franklin became one of the wisest men of his age, by studying during the fragments of time, while engaged as a printer.

4. Give undivided attention when you study.

"Genius," says Helvetius, "is nothing but continued attention." Dickens says: "The one serviceable, safe, remunerative, attainable quality in every study, is the quality of attention. My own invention, or imagination, would never have served me as it has but for the habit of patient, daily, toiling, drudging attention."

5. Be thorough.

Sir Edward Sugden being asked the cause of his rapid rise in profession, replied that "when he learned a thing once, he learned it forever."

6. Let no day pass without learning one new truth.

The largest fortune is made up of cents; the highest mountain is composed of grains; the widest ocean is formed of drops; the greatest store of learning consists in individual truths.

7. Do not get discouraged.

"A solid character is not the growth of a day. The mental faculties are not developed without long and laborious culture."

No one knows how much he can do till he has tried."

It is not talent that men lack, but purpose.

8. The three steps in gaining an education are intention, attention, retention.

You must intend to get it; you must attend while getting it; you must retain as you get it.

Dr. Arnold declared that "the difference in boys consists not so much in talent, as in energy."

Sir Thomas Foxwell Buxton says: "The great difference between men, between the great and the insignificant, is energy, invincible determination, an honest purpose once fixed, and then death or victory."

Out Door Exercise.

Dr. Felix L. Oswald, writing to the "Popular Science Monthly," says that "the surest of all natural prophylactics is active exercise in the open air. Air is a part of our daily food, and by far the most important part. A man can live on seven meals a week, and survive the warmest summer day with seven draughts of fresh water, but his supply of gaseous nourishment has to be supplied at least fourteen thousand times in the twenty-four hours. Every breath we draw is a draught of fresh oxygen, every emission of breath is an evacuation of gaseous excrements. The purity of our blood depends chiefly on the purity of the air we breathe, for in the laboratory of the lungs the atmospheric air is brought into contact at each respiration with the fluids of the venous and arterial systems which absorb it and circulate it through the whole body; in other words, if a man breathes the vitiated atmosphere of a factory all day, and of a close bedroom all night, his life blood is tainted twenty thousand times in the course of four hours with foul vapors, dust, and noxious exhalations. We need not wonder, then, that ill-ventilated dwellings aggravate the evils of so many diseases, nor that pure air should be almost a panacea. Outdoor life is both a remedy and a preventative of all known disorders of the respiratory organs; consumption, in all but the last stages of the deliquium, can be conquered by transferring the battle-ground from the sick-room to the wilderness of the next mountain range, asthma, catarrh, and tubercular phthisis are unknown among the nomads of the intertropical deserts, as well as among the homeless hunters of our northwestern territories. Hunters and herders who breathe the pure air of the South American pampas, subsist for years on a diet that would endanger the life of a city dweller in a single month. It has been repeatedly observed that individuals who attained to an extreme old age were generally poor peasants whose avocations required daily labor in the open air, though their habits differed in almost every other respect; also that the average duration of life in the various

countries of the Old World depends not so much on climatic peculiarities or their respective degrees of culture as on the chief occupation of the inhabitants; the starved Hindoo outlives the well-fed Parsee merchant, the unkempt Bulgarian enjoys an average longevity of forty-two years to the West Austrian citizen's thirty-five."

Humorous

"Beef," said a butcher, "has never been so high since the cow jumped over the moon."

It was an apt answer of a young lady who, being asked where was her native place, replied: "I have none. I am the daughter of a Methodist minister."

A punster was once thrust into a closet, with a threat that he would not be released until he made a pun. Almost instantaneously he cried "Open the door."

"What is that dog barking at?" asked a fop, whose boots were more polished than his ideas. "Why," said a bystander, "he sees another puppy in your boots."

"Are those bells ringing for fire?" inquired Simon of Tiberias. "No, indeed," answered Tibe; "they ab got plenty of fire, and the bells are now ringing for water."

A servant girl broke a lamp-chimney. On being reproved, she said sulkily, "Well, I done care; everybody knows that a lamp-chimney always breaks the first time it is used!"

At the complimentary dinner given by the Atalanta Boat Club of New York to Edward Hanlan, the champion sculler, the toast of the evening was—"Edward Hanlan, the noblest Rowman of them all."

An old man who had been badly hurt in a railroad collision, being advised to sue the company for damages, said, "Wal, no, not for damages; I've had enough of them; but I'll just sue 'em for repairs."

Rector's wife, severely:—"Tommy Robinson, how is it you don't take off your hat when you meet me?" Tommy: "Well, marm, if I take off my hat to you, what be I to do when I meet the parson himself?"

P. T. Barnum once exhibited an alleged gorilla, which a visitor declared not to be a gorilla, for the reason that it had a tail. "That," rejoined the eminent showman, "has nothing to do with it. The tail is sewed on."

The builder of a church in a London suburb recently, on returning thanks for the toast of his health which had been proposed, remarked with much candour, "I fancy I am more fitted for the scaffold than for public speaking."

George Eliot did not care a great deal for jokes, but she always relished one that referred to one of her own volumes. It is the well-known story about an ignorant English bookseller who put up the notice: "Mill on the Floss; Ditto on Political Economy."

Dr. Thomas Chalmers was a very bad writer. He used to write home to his parents, but when his letters arrived there they could not be read. His mother used to say, "Never mind, just let them lie on our Tam come home, and he'll read them to us himself."

Practical Farming.

REASONABLE HINTS.

On every farm there is more or less of "swamp muck," the value of which only a few farmers properly estimate. Now is the time in the Province of Quebec, particularly—between spring's work and haying—and also in "dull weather" during haying—for every farmer to haul such muck and put it into the hog yard, say about 8 or 10 loads for every hog that he keeps therein, and the porkers, young and old will work it over and over pretty thoroughly during the summer. By this means the farmer may cheaply have more than quadrupled his quantity of manure of the very best kind for raising Indian corn the next season.

Let each farmer also put several loads of the same muck on the floor of the shed where his hen's &c., roost, and where his geese and ducks are housed over night, and he will thus have several loads of manure for his next season's crops—nearly equal to guano.

Let each farmer also stow under cover several barrels of thoroughly sown dried soil, and throw a few shovelfuls of it, daily into the "water-closet," and he will thus have a considerably large quantity of completely deodorized manure of the highest value, of which nearly all is now lost throughout the country.

Soils must be fed if they are expected to continue producing good crops, and we have indicated above how every farmer may, at a very trifling cost of labor, very greatly increase his available quantity of soil nourishment and plant-food.

A Good Account.

"To sum it up, six long years of bed-ridden sickness and suffering, costing \$200 per year, total \$1,200—all which was stopped by three bottles of Hop Bitters taken by my wife, who has done her own house-work for a year since, without the loss of a day, and I want everybody to know it their benefit."

"JOHN WEEKS, Butler, N. Y."

BRITISH WAREHOUSE,

Queen Square.

WE have opened and are now showing the largest and cheapest stock of

BRITISH AND FOREIGN DRY GOODS

Ever offered by us to the Public.

Complete in Every Department

Selected by One of the Firm on the Very Best Terms.

We offer them at unusually low prices to all who may favor us with a call.

A superior article of TEA always on hand.
W. & A. BROWN & CO.
May 30, 1881.

SIGN OF THE Blue Flag,

No. 53 QUEEN STREET.

HAVING REMOVED FROM STAMPEE'S CORNER, we offer the

Balance of our Large Stock

—OF—
BOOTS AND SHOES

AT A SACRIFICE!
The Stock must be cleared out.

E. W. SMITH,
Charlottetown, July 5, '81—4i wklly

BARGAINS

—TO—
CASH CUSTOMERS

—IN—
All Classes of Goods,

As I am anxious to reduce my Stock.

R. W. TREMAINE,
June 1, '81. 83 Queen Street.

W. C. BISHOP,

SHIPPING

—AND—
FORWARDING AGENT.

MARINE INSURANCE BROKER,
—AND—
General Commission Agent.

80 BEDFORD ROW,
P. O. BOX 1 HALIFAX, N. S.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION given to the Shipment of Lobsters and other Canned Goods, and collection of Custom Drawbacks thereon.

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