

entered for consumption, \$123,137,019; duty, \$23,172,308.97.

The value of the exports by countries were as follows:

Great Britain	\$17,154,217
United States	41,668,673
France	4,617,750
Germany	133,997
Spain	164,925
Portugal	179,543
Italy	218,113
Holland	27,509
Belgium	193,705
Newfoundland	2,187,338
West Indies	3,125,021
South America	1,459,957
China and Japan	105,338
Australia	375,665
Other Countries	451,473

The value of goods entered for consumption (i. e., goods actually consumed in Canada), was by countries as follows:

Great Britain	\$32,052,465
United States	58,032,333
France	2,216,480
Germany	1,869,154
Spain	584,972
Portugal	63,349
Italy	104,441
Holland	297,501
Belgium	415,407
Newfoundland	765,935
West Indies	4,869,260
South America	1,464,681
China and Japan	1,645,254
Switzerland	336,040
Other Countries	886,057

The relative bearing of the Customs Tariff upon the commerce of each Province is given as follows:

Ontario	P. C.
Quebec	17.16
Nov. Scotia	16.54
New Brunswick	18.27
Maine	21.73
British Columbia	18.92
P. E. Island	24.48
Dominion	17.52

It should be borne in mind that the percentages here given are based upon the value of all goods imported—dutiable and free; and the proportion of free goods imported to one Province in excess of another will so far lessen the percentage of duty. So, also, the Province importing the largest proportion of goods subject to the higher rates of duties, such as spirits and tobacco, will show a proportionately higher average percentage.

THE INLAND REVENUE REPORT.

The revenue of the Inland Revenue Department in 1883 was \$6,877,259, as against \$6,610,222 in 1881-2 as follows:

Excise	\$6,982,796.00
Public Works	510,969.00
Cutting Timber	49,560.00
Bill Stamps	45.00
Weights and Measures, Gas and Law Stamps	34,889.00

The following statement exhibits the details of Excise Revenue accrued during the past year as compared with 1882:

1882.		1883.	
Spirits	\$3,555,400	\$3,002,867	
Malt Liquor	6,125	6,150	
Malt	387,597	405,023	
Tobacco	1,903,895	1,886,202	
Petroleum	23,884	25,216	
Manufactures in Bond	33,603	36,715	
Seizures	11,090	5,241	
Other Receipts	14,458	15,282	
Total	\$5,936,142	\$6,282,796	

The spirits manufactured during the fiscal year amounted to 4,281,208 proof gallons as against the production during the preceding year of 4,028,847 proof gallons, and an average annual production for the four preceding years of 3,434,527 proof gallons.

In the production of these spirits 76,796,094 lbs. of grain were used, of which 57,196,388 lbs. consisted of Indian corn, 14,147,764 lbs. consisted of rye, and 3,754,966 consisted of malt.

The quantity of spirits taken for consumption was 3,847,789 proof gallons, being 672,793 proof gallons in excess of the average quantity taken for consumption during the preceding four years.

The quantity of spirits in bond at the end of the fiscal year, namely 1,841,123 gallons exceeded the quantity in bond at the commencement of the year by 198,546 gallons.

The export of spirits, though in excess of each of the three preceding years, is largely under that of 1877-78 and 1878-79.

The quantity of malt manufactured during the fiscal year was 85,516,222 lbs., as against 70,507,220 lbs., for the year 1881-82, and an average of 60,717,805 lbs. for the four preceding years. Of this quantity 29,587,285 lbs. were taken for consumption, and 46,882,486 lbs. exported. The increased consumption of malt as compared with the average of the four preceding years, is slightly under 8,250,000 lbs., equivalent to 242,283 bushels, while the increased export is equivalent to about 512,000 bushels.

The production of manufactured tobacco during the past fiscal year was 9,558,652 lbs., as against 10,018,373 lbs. for the year 1881-82, and 8,641,183 lbs. as the average production of the four preceding years. Although the quantity manufactured was somewhat less than that of 1881-82, that taken for consumption was in excess of the quantity so taken during the preceding year. It is probable that the uncertainty which existed in respect of anticipating changes in the Tariff somewhat checked production during the months of February and March, and that the diminution as compared with the year 1881-82 is thus accounted for. The quantity taken for consumption during the past year amounted to 9,896,478 lbs., against 9,113,815 lbs. during the year immediately preceding it and the average of 8,264,421 lbs., of the four years ended 30th June, 1882. The determination of the question in respect of the tariff during the month of April imparted fresh vigor to the trade, and the large quantities entered for consumption during May and June materially reduced the stocks in warehouse at the end of the fiscal year, as compared with those which were held at its beginning.

The export of tobacco amounted to 454,922 lbs., as against an average export of the four preceding years of 348,859 lbs.

Notes.

All the representatives of the Island Province are here—except Mr. James Yeo—whose absence is the subject of much anxious enquiry and comment. The Hon. R. P. Haythorne has been quite ill—having caught a severe cold in a damp and chilly room at the Windsor Hotel. He is much better now. The thermometer here has lately registered from ten to thirty degrees below zero, but the people seem not to mind it much, and it is certain that members of Parliament, at least, have not suffered much on account of the cold.

Hon. Senator Carvell and wife, Hon. Senator Howland and wife, Mr. Brecken and Mr. McDonald are staying at the Russell House, Hons. Senator Montgomery and Haythorne, and Dr. McIntyre are at the Windsor Hotel, and Mr. Davies and his wife have taken apartments at the Royal Exchange Hotel. Mr. Brecken has given notice of a motion that the report of the select committee appointed to consider the question of steam communication between P. E. Island and the mainland in winter and summer be concurred in.

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

JANUARY 28, 1884.

A Mean Attack.

THAT the editor of the Patriot is an unscrupulous opponent, we have long known and believed—that he is thoroughly mean there is abundant proof in the editorial columns of his issue of Saturday last.

When a short time ago, THE EXAMINER contained articles upon a public question, the Patriot, unable to reply to the facts and arguments they contained, launched out into personal abuse of a leading member of the Bar, insinuating what he was afraid to assert, that he was their author. This gentleman promptly denied all knowledge of or responsibility for the articles in question, when he was again assailed, the sanctity of the death-chamber invaded, and he was told in as many words that no one believed him.

In Saturday's issue the editor of the Patriot makes a fierce attack upon the private character of a gentleman whom he suspects only of having written some scathing articles in a contemporary upon his political career. Has the editor of the Patriot no other weapons of warfare than low scurrility and personal abuse? If so, the morality of his press has reached so low an ebb as to cause the most serious apprehensions for the public safety, and he himself will be shunned as is "a certain animal which, when closely pursued, sprinkles its opponent with a fluid not very acceptable to olfactory nerves."

Another Disaster.

In our issue of Saturday appeared the following item among our telegraphic despatches.

"DENVER, COL., Jan. 25. "It is only possible to get very meagre reports of the Crested Butte disaster. The reporting party is busy at the scene."

This, of course, has reference to the short telegram which appeared in THE EXAMINER the day previous. It read as follows:

"DENVER, COL., Jan. 24. "Over fifty men were killed here to-day by an explosion in a mine. None of the bodies have yet been recovered."

Our friend, Mr. J. H. Fletcher, informs us that there is no such place as "Crested Butte" in Colorado. But there is such a place as Crested Butte. This town is but a few miles from Gothic City, where Mr. Fletcher's mines are located, and where he lives when in Colorado.

Crested Butte, he says, is noted for its magnificent coal veins, and only as late as last spring an explosion took place in one of these mines by which two men lost their lives and several others were wounded. It was then asserted that other mines of the Colorado Coal and Iron Company were in a dangerous condition, and fears were expressed that greater accidents would follow. Those fears have been realized in a recent terrible disaster.

Mr. Fletcher states that he is personally acquainted with most of the men who work in these mines, and that among them were several Islanders. He therefore fears that when the particulars are fully received it will be found that among the dead will be several of his Island friends, as well as others with whom he was well acquainted.

LOOK OUT for "yarns" from the Patriot office until the Belfast Election is over. "The Local Government is sick" says the organ on Saturday last. This item is very like the telegram sent from the same office to the different polling divisions of Tignish, on the morning of the election in that constituency last spring: "Government floored, attempted business, quorum, House collapsed." In inventing "yarns" of this kind, the editor of the Patriot is not by any means "incapable." The sickest man politically we know of, occupies the editorial chair of the Patriot.

THE Grit meeting held at Eldon on Thursday last, nominated Mr. Duncan McMillan of Wood Islands as the Opposition Candidate. Mr. McMillan's best friends in the district are those who will vote for leaving him at home.

Supreme Court.

MONDAY, Jan. 28. The Court met at 12 o'clock noon, to-day. In the case of the Queen vs. Hugh McPherson, found guilty of larceny, the prisoner was sentenced to six months' imprisonment in the common jail. The Court are now engaged in hearing counsel on behalf of Capt. D. McIsaac, for his discharge from Queen's County jail, where he is now detained at the suit of two of his seamen, for the recovery of their wages.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER.]

A Hurricane in Great Britain—Great Damage Done.

LONDON, Jan. 27. The wind blew a hurricane all night. Much damage was done in London. Many persons were killed and injured. Telegraph wires to the Continent and Atlantic cables were interrupted several hours. Reports from all parts of the United Kingdom agree that the gale of Saturday was unparalleled in severity. At Hastings the sea washed over the streets making walking dangerous. The tides were very high in many places, which together with the gale did much damage.

The Grand Trunk Disaster.

TORONTO, Jan. 26. At the Criminal Assizes yesterday, Geo. Barber was placed upon trial charged with manslaughter, in having through negligence, caused the death of James White and twenty-eight others on the 22nd inst. It is said one of the jury wanted a verdict of guilty. After being out half an hour the jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

A Terrible Affair.

PLANTAGENET, ONT., Jan. 26. A terrible affair occurred in the village of Cunan last night. Mr. Beaulieu died on Thursday, and the body was laid out for burial. Last night the house took fire and was totally consumed and the body could not be saved, and was burnt also. It is supposed that the fire originated from candles being placed too near the drapery.

A Collision—22 Men Drowned.

LONDON, Jan. 27. The ship "City of Lucknow" and "Simla," engaged in the Australian trade, collided yesterday in the English channel. The "Simla" sank. The steamer "Swansey" saved seventeen lives. Twenty-two men are known to have been drowned. The "City of Lucknow" has arrived at Gravesend.

A Prison Burned.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., Jan. 26. A fire broke out in the State Prison at Stillwater, at midnight last night, and despite every effort all the buildings were destroyed. The prisoners, including the Younger Brothers, were taken out and placed under a strong guard in the yard.

The Egyptian Difficulty.

LONDON, Jan. 26. The Times correspondent says that Gen. Gordon shares fully Sir Evelyn Barry's views in regard to the necessity of a withdrawal from Khartoum of the sole alternative. Gen. Gordon is willing to recommend the retention of Soudan, and if Great Britain will pay for its reconquest, will undertake to govern the country.

The Effect in Paris.

Paris, Jan. 27. A destructive storm raged last night severing railway and telegraphic communication in all directions. The gale has blown down telegraphic wires and done much other damage. Many persons have been injured while walking in the street.

Fatal Explosion.

READING, PA., Jan. 27. A box of giant powder cartridges, in a railway train, exploded yesterday, killing one man and fatally injuring another.

A Village on Fire.

VIENNA, JAN. 27. A despatch received here early this morning reports the Austrian Village of Bransdorf on fire and a violent gale blowing.

The Crested Butte Disaster.

DENVER, COL., Jan. 27. Twenty-three more bodies have been recovered from the Crested Butte mine.

A Good Walk.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Jan. 27. Wm. H. Croft to-night accomplished the feat of walking 302 miles in 100 hours.

A Colliery Explosion—11 Killed.

LONDON, Jan. 27. An explosion occurred to-day in a colliery in Khouda Valley, killing eleven persons.

Grit Reports.

TORONTO, Jan. 23. A Globe special from Quebec says: "The Ross Ministry is repudiated by nearly the whole local press, Conservative and Liberal. Even the Chronicle regrets its weakness in prestige and talent, and admits that it has widened the deplorable breach in the Conservative ranks. Writs for Montreal East and Sherbrooke have been issued. Strong opposition to the return of the Ministers in both constituencies is expected. Amyot, M. P. is here to-day from Ottawa, to consult Dr. Ross about the desired augmentation of the Dominion subsidy to the Province."

Weather Bulletin.

Probabilities for the next 24 hours for the Maritime Provinces. TORONTO, January 28—10 a. m. Moderate winds, fine weather, not much change in temperature. METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, Charlottetown, 28th Jan. 1884. Highest temperature yesterday + 5.9 Lowest temperature (read at midnight) - 9.0 Lowest temperature this morning - 14.1 Temperature this morning, at 8 o'clock - 12.1 Temperature this afternoon, at 4 o'clock - 5.3

Annual Sale

BEFORE STOCK-TAKING,

AT THE

LONDON HOUSE.

WE SHALL CLEAR OUT

ALL REMNANTS

IN

Every Department,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

GEO. DAVIES & CO.

Ch'town, Jan. 21, 1884.

Our Store Closes Every Evening at Six o'clock (Saturday Excepted).

1884. For the Winter Months. 1884.

W. & A. BROWN & CO. are selling the following lines of

W. Dry Goods, at very low prices, to clear before stock-taking 1st April:

Jackets and Ulsters, Promenade Scarfs, Wool Jackets and Ulsters, Mantle and Ulster Cloths, Overcoatings, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Colored and White Shirts.

Also a special line of Dress Goods, of excellent value, and suitable for the season, reduced to twenty-two cents.

A large stock of Carpets, Oilcloths, Hearth Rugs, Mats, White and Grey Cottons, Sheetings, Pillow Cottons and Linens, Fancy Shirtings, etc., bought very low, and now opened, ready for the early Spring Trade.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

W. & A. BROWN & CO.

Ch'town, Jan. 5, 1884.—dy wkly

THE CHARLOTTETOWN

FLOUR, FEED AND PROVISION,

STORE,

South Side Queen Square, near Queen Street,

HAVE to announce that they have on hand the following goods, which they are prepared to sell at reasonable prices and in quantities to suit purchasers:

Flour (Superior Extra, Strong Bakers' and Patent)

OATMEAL, CORNMEAL, BRAN, SHORTS, OATS,

CRUSHED FEED, either Oats and Barley or Oats, Barley and Corn, APPLES, which will be sold by the barrel or by the pound, at rates very little over barrel prices.

Ch'town, Dec. 18, 1883.

1884. JANUARY. 1884.

Annual Clearance Sale at

J. B. MACDONALD'S.

I AM now having my Annual Clearance Sale, and will CLEAR OUT Wool Goods in

Scarfs, Clouds, Wool Squares, Heavy Winter Cloths, Winter Dress Stuffs, Ladies' Fur Caps and Muffs, Ladies' Fur Tippets, Ladies' Felt and Fur Hats, Men's Fur and Cloth Caps, Men's and Boys' Ulsters, Overcoats and Reefing Jackets, Also Remnants in Cloths, Remnants in Dress Stuffs, Remnants in Prints, and Remnants in Canton Flannel.

These goods must be cleared out and Burgains Extraordinary will be given.

J. B. MACDONALD'S,

Ch'town, Jan. 12, 1884.—2aw wkly. Queen Street.

TERPSICHOE HALL.

"Nothing appears to me to give children so much confidence, and so to raise them to the conversation of those above their age, as dancing. I think they should be taught to dance as soon as they are capable of learning it; for though this consists only in outward gracefulness of motion, yet I know not how, it gives children many thoughts and carriage more than anything."—Locke on Education.

Are noon Dancing School,

ARE Subscriber, while returning thanks for past favors, begs to inform the gentry of the city and vicinity, that the second and last term for the season will commence on THURSDAY NEXT, the 31st inst. Hours from 3 to 5 p. m. E. BURRIS. Jan. 26, '84—dly 21, w. li.

TEACHER WANTED.

A TEACHER WANTED for the Hunter River School. Male preferred. A liberal supplement given. Apply to

JOHN WAYE, PATRICK HUGHES, Trustees. Hunter River, Jan. 26, '84.—wkly 1d.

Scholarship Examination.

AN examination for the "Daniel Hodgson A. Scholarship," for King's College, Windsor, will be held in Charlotte town, in June next. Candidates must be natives of and residents in P. E. Island, under 30 years of age, and not already matriculated in members of any University. The subjects of examination will be as follows: Homer Iliad I, or Xerophon Anab II; Cicero pro lege, Macil, a. and Iliacos Odes I; Latin Composition; The ordinary Rules of Arithmetic; Vulgar and Decimal Fractions; The four Elementary Rules in Algebra; Euclid I and II. In English Orthography, Writing from Dictation, the Grammatical Structure of the Language, Outline of History of England, and General Geography.

The Scholarship is of the annual value of \$125, and will be tenable for three years. For further particulars apply to

GEORGE W. HOBG'ON, Hon'y. Sec'y. Trustees. Jan. 25, 1884.—wly dly oaw lin pat j.

LECTURE

BY—

REV. J. BURWASH, A. M., Second Methodist Church, ON THE EVENING OF

Monday, January 28th.

Subject:—"FUR & WATER."

In connection with this Lecture some experiments will be performed, showing the character of the water in some of the city wells; also, from Spring Park and Winter River. Admission 10 cents. Lecture to commence at 8 o'clock. Ch'town, J. n. 22, '84—

"COMMON SENSE."

J. H. FLETCHER, ESQ.,

LECTURE

ON THE ABOVE SUBJECT, UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE

Catholic Literary Union

St. Patrick's Hall,

Tuesday, 29th Instant.

Doors open at 7.30. Lecture at 8 o'clock, P. M. Admission 10 cts. Reserved Seats 15 cts. Tickets for sale at Frazer & Reddin's Drug Store and Apothecaries Hall. THOMAS CURRAN, Secretary. Ch'town, Jan. 23.—6in.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY will be held at the office of THE EXAMINER newspaper, on WEDNESDAY, the 30th of January, inst., at the hour of eight o'clock, in the evening.

N. A. MITCHELL, Secretary. Ch'town, Jan. 17, 1884—wkly.

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

FOR SALE CHEAP.—Second hand Cottage Piano in good order. Apply at EXAMINER office. [Jan 28 li.]

LOST.—On Saturday night, on St. Peter's Road, a Fur Hat. The finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at Worth's Livery Stable, Prince Street [Jan 28 li.]

WANTED.—A Cook and Housemaid in a small family. References required. [Jan 28.]

LOST.—On Wednesday morning, a red Morocco Purse with steel clasp, containing notes and silver, etc. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at this office. [Jan 28.]

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—A good Cook Reference required. Apply at the Revere House. [Jan 22]

WANTED.—A Man for general work. References required. Apply at the Revere House. [Jan 22]

FOR SALE CHEAP.—Second Hand Stoves at A. McNEILL'S Auction Room. [Jan 28]

BOARDS.—Mrs. Robert Rodd, has removed to the house of Mr. C. Hearty, Easton Street, where she can accommodate number of Boarders, on reasonable terms. [Jan 28]