THE DAILY EXAMINER.

AUGUST 26, 1892.

The Dairy Industry.

ADVANCE sheets of the annual report of Professor James W. Robertson, Dairy Commissioner, have been received by THE EXAMINER. These sheets give particulars of the winter dairying at Mount Elgin and Woodstock Dominion Dairy Stations, up to the 30th April of the present year. It appears that some of the butter made at these stations and sent to Great Britain was held in warehouse at Liverpool and elsewhere by the consignees longer than it should have been, and, in consequence it came into competition with the grass-made butter of England and failed to realize a price which was quite satifactory. Then too, there were complaints concerning the quality of a few lots of the butter as a result of the development of a flavor which seemed to come from the feeding of roots which had been kept badly during the winter. However, this will likely not occur again.

In connection with the butter shipments and dairying in general the Commissioner makes some remarks and suggestions which we reproduce in full :

"I had the honor to recommend to the Minister of Agriculture that the patrons of the Mount Elgin Dairy Station be paid for the butter which was manufactured to the end of February at 24 cents per lb ,and for the butter manufactured during March and April at 21 cents per lb.; and that the patrons of the Woodstock Dairy Station be paid for the butter which was manufactured to the end of February at 22 cents per lb , and for the butter which was manufactured during March and April at 21 cents per lb. . . . It is my opinion that the butter could have been sold to realize these prices for the patrons, had it been sold without any regard to advertising the growing importance and possibility of developing a large trade in winter made butter with Great Britain in the near future. These prices should be satisfactory to the patrons, as the result of the first experiment in this direction, and I am confident that in coming years, with market prices equal to those which prevailed during the winter of 1891-92,our winter made butter from creameries would command a relatively higher price. The experience of the one season has brought to light a few facts which I take the liberty of emphasising here for the benefit of those farmers and factorymen who intend to continue or to commence this branch of dairying:—

I. An abundant supply of succulent feed should be provided for the cows for fall, winter and spring. Corn ensilage is cheapest and best; corn fodder comes next in point of economy and suitability; carrots, mangels,or sugar beets, with hay, straw and bran or meal,make excellent rations, but they cost too dear for profit.

II. Where these feeds have not been provided by the patrons, to alter a cheese factory and equip it for winter butter-making would only invite failure and create dissatisfaction.

III. As far as practicable, milking cows should be kept in stables where the temperature is comfortable,—never below 45° and never above 60° Fahr.

IV. The milk from a few fresh-calved cows imparts such a quality to the flavor of the whole quantity of butter, which may be made in a creamery from November to March, as will increase its value in the British market by from 1 to 4 cents per pound.

V. To supplement the general directions which are contained in my Annual Report, I will furnish specific information, to those who apply by letter giving the plans of buildings and other particulars, on the details of effecting the alterations in cheese factories, on the most suitable packages in which to put the butter, on the engagement of competent butter-makers, and on the shipment of butter to the British market from those factories whose managers desire to dispose of the product in that way.

VI. It will be better policy to delay for a year the altering of a cheese factory and its equipment for butter-making during the winter, than to begin this new business before the manufacturer and patrons are both quite ready to conduct it with success.

Speaking of the work done during the year the Commissioner says :

"During the year an increasing interest in dairying and its allied branches of farming has been awakened and maintained in all the provinces. Upon your (Minister of Agriculture) recommendation the Government approved of the plan for the establishment of Experimental dairy stations in different parts of Canada, as outlined in the memorandum which I had the honor to submit on 5th January, 1891, and parliament made adequate provision for the maintenance of that work in the appropriations for the year.

. . . . . .

"It was considered expedient to undertake some work of instruction at the cheese factories and creameries in the different provinces, before the dairy station could be established with advantage. In pursuance of that plan, 194 cheese factories and creameries were visited by my assistants.

. . . . . .

"As soon as practicable an effort was made to follow out the original plan of Experimental Dairy Stations in reference to winter butter-making. At the close of the ordinary cheese-making season, arrangements were made with the proprietors and patrons of two cheese factories to alter their factories, fit them up for the manufacture of butter, and run them as creameries during the winter. Full particulars of the alterations which are necessary to equip cheese factories as creameries are given hereafter.

Some comments on the quality and condition of the butter shipped to England from Mount Elgin creamery, will be found below. Messrs. Clement & Son, Glasgow, say :

"I am glad to say your first shipment of butter, marked E X 1, gives good satisfaction, notwithstanding we have to contend against the name 'Canadian,' which has to fight against the prejudice of shopkeepers that are only used with stale, stored goods. We have sent samples to Leeds, Bristol, Leith, Dundee, &c, besides our own places."

Later on the same firm were heard from again, as follows :

"I hope you will not send any more before the beginning of December. We distributed the first shipment as widely as possible, to get the opinion of different districts, and from some of them we have not got returns yet. In England, especially, it is very difficult to introduce anything new, but I am quite satisfied that if the butter was made with a fair proportion of new calved cows' milk, and made in such quantities that it could be shipped every week, that it would bring an equal price to Danish, and find a ready market. The butter trade is an increasing one, and notwithstanding a substitute in margarine, there is an enormous demand for fresh made butter, that will always command a good price from the 1st of December to the 1st of April. Ireland supplies us well with summer stock. Stored butter now will not sell at all; hence the trade have ceased to hold summer make, and buy fresh-made winter stock."

Messrs. H. Hargrave & Son, Manchester, advise as follows :

"With reference to your inquiry about our opinion of the Canadian butters, we are very pleased with their quality, and consider them the finest we have ever seen from Canada. There is a good opening in this district for a butter of this class, if shipped perfectly fresh, and if made carefully, so that the quality of each package is regular. We do not think this butter will compete with Danish, owing to the longer time taken in transit, but we think it will make a good second, and we consider it very much superior to Australian or New Zealand butters."

The North British Grocer and Provision Trade Journal, April 2nd, 1892, says :

" The Government of Canada resolved about a year ago to establish experimental dairy stations in the different provinces of the Dominion, the chief object being to effect an improvement in the quality of Canadian butter. For this purpose the premises of two cheese factories, one at Woodstock, the other at Mount Elgin, Ontario, were altered and specially fitted, and the farmers of the district have been giving their hearty support to the project. The chief part of the produce is designed for export, and the Canadian Government hope within a short time to see the trade enlarged until it equals that of the growing cheese industry. The first shipment of the winter made butter, amounting to 10,000 lb , has been received by Messrs Clement & Son, of this city. The butter, which is light salted, is of good body and fine flavor, and is tidily, neatly and cleanly packed in handy little tubs, containing about a stone weight and upward."

Referring to the butter shipped abroad the Commissioner has the following remarks and explanations to make :

" The main and practically the only defect which was discernible in the quality of the butter was the absence of a full rosy flavor, which is called by the trade ' bouquet of fresh-made butter.' At the Central Experimental Farm experiments were conducted during the autumn and early winter with three groups of cows at different stages of lactation. The butter which was made from the milk of cows which had been calved longer than six months was deficient in rosy rich flavor. It was decidedly inferior to the butter made from the milk of cows of the same breed fed upon the same quality of feed, but which had been milking only from one to three months. The addition of the milk of even one fresh-calved cow to the milk from a number of others which are at advanced stages of their milking period, has the effect of improving the flavor of the butter made from the mixed milk. At the Mount Elgin creamery the milk which was furnished from December until after 18th February was all from cows which had been milking for periods of four, six to eleven months. The addition of the milk from a dozen fresh-calved cows to the whole quantity of milk received daily would have improved the flavor very much and added to the value of the butter in the English market. It will be easy to overcome the defect in the flavor of the butter next season, in the way which has been suggested."

The Baptist Convention.

BRIDGETOWN, N. S., Aug. 23.—The report of the seminary was presented by E. W. Sawyer, showing an income of $13,002 24 and an expenditure of $13 220 85, making a deficit of $218 61.

The report of the university was presented by X Z. Chipman, showing an income of $10,825, expenditure $14,286 63—a deficit of $3,460.63.

The convention discussed at great length the plan for giving to the interests of the denomination. It was decided to give 33 per cent. to home missions, 25 per cent. to foreign missions, 20 per cent. to the university, 4 per cent. to Grand Ligne, 8 per cent. to the Northwest mission, 5 per cent. to ministerial relief and aid, and 5 per cent. to ministerial education.

The report of the ministerial relief and aid showed that $705 had been given to ministers and widows. The capital is $6,098.36.

The treasurer of the Minister's Annuity Fund reported $1,243 75 paid to ministers' widows and orphans. The capital is $9 392.50.

The devotional meeting was followed by a mass meeting, at which rousing addresses on foreign missions were made.

The foreign mission report showed that the women raised nearly $6,000 for missionary purposes. One friend gave $1000 to the board and kept back his name.

According to the report of the ministerial aid committee the number of licentiates assisted this year was 39, 38 of whom received $18 each. These young men give great promise and the number indicates the good condition of the churches.

Report of the estimates were presented by Deacon E. J. Walker. It is $21,000 exclusive of the amount raised by the W. M. B. U. and the Memorial fund report.

The following telegram was sent to Maskinonge, Que : "The Baptist convention of the maritime provinces assembled in Bridgetown, N S , and representing forty-three thousand Baptists, sendeth greetings. Go forward in the name of the Lord. Our prayer for you is Eph., 3 verses, 14-31."

After other business the convention closed to meet at St. Martins, N.B., next year.

The weather was delightful throughout the entire convention.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—The prospectus of St. Dunstan's College for the scholastic year 1892-93 has been received by THE EXAMINER. From it we learn that studies will be resumed for the term on Thursday, Sept. 1st. The course of studies at this institution embraces all the branches of a thorough commercial, classical and scientific education. The terms are reasonable, and, as is pointed out in the prospectus, "nowhere on the Island are the advantages of place and climate greater than at St. Dunstan's." The Rector, Rev. Dr. Morrison, will cheerfully furnish any further information that may be required.

From Mr. W. W. Clarke, agent here for the Grand Trunk Railway, THE EXAMINER has received a beautifully printed volume, entitled "Pen and Sunlight Sketches." The illustrations consist mainly of beautiful views of the many attractive places along the line of the Grand Trunk, and the work will prove of especial interest to those who have traveled over the road or who contemplate doing so. As an advertising medium it will doubtless prove very valuable to the Grand Trunk people.

A Child Poisoned.

LITTLE GEORGE M'LEOD EATS THORN-APPLE AND NARROWLY ESCAPES DEATH.

On Tuesday afternoon last little George McLeod, the four-year old son of Mr. M. G. McLeod, formerly of this city but now of Omaha, Neb , had a narrow escape from death by poisoning. It appears that the little fellow, on the afternoon in question, was playing about the place,and a little girl friend of George's came along and gave him some "apples" which were growing on a weed. George was delighted with the "apples" and ate three or four of them, throwing the weed away.

All went well apparently until tea time, when the little fellow complained of his tongue being sore, and was unable to eat. On being asked what made his tongue sore, he said he had been eating apples. Asked where he had been eating them, he answered that he had taken them off "a little tree" in the yard. Thinking something was wrong, his aunt asked him to show her the "tree." He took her to where he had left the weed, which his aunt took charge of, and thinking that it might be poisonous she sent for Dr. McLeod.

The doctor on arrival, being shown the plant, knew exactly what had to be done, and acted promptly. He administered emetics, but could not induce vomiting He then made injections in the child's arm.

The case becoming serious Dr. Taylor was also called in, and all Tuesday night the little boy's life hung in the balance. At times he would be unconscious, while at others he would rave like a person in delirium. About seven o'clock on Wednesday morning, however, he fell into a deep sleep, remaining thus until noon, when he awoke. Since then he has been as well as ever, and this morning when the reporter called was romping about as lively as before the occurrence which came so nearly causing his death.

The "apple" which the little boy ate, on inspection proved to be the fruit of a stramonium or thorn-apple plant (*Datura Stramonium*) which is a vigorously growing plant three feet high or higher. Its large leaves, resembling maple leaves, are dark green on the upper surface, light green on the lower. The stem is smooth and light green in color, the root is large and white. The flower is large, single, and funnel-shaped with fine points. When the flower falls the fruit appears, in shape like an apple and covered with spines, whence its name—"horn apple." The plant is very useful medicinally. In this Island the dried leaves are much used as a remedy for asthma. The seeds are the most powerful, and the dose of these does not exceed a single grain. In large quantities they are exceedingly poisonous.

The symptoms of stramonium poisoning are indentical with those of Belladonna. In any suspected case an emetic should at once be given (mustard in warm water will do) and medical aid summoned as speedily as possible.

Personal.

Mr. John T. Hawke, editor and proprietor of the Moncton Transcript, who was in attendance at the Foresters' meeting in Summerside, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon and will remain until to-morrow. He is registered at the Queen.

Mr. Thomas R. Callbeck, for many years past in the employ of Peake Bros. & Co. as accountant, left this morning for Spokane Falls, where he will reside in future. Mr. Callbeck is a very competent accountant, and has always been a good citizen We trust that he will meet with every success in his new home.

There were registered at the Hotel Davies yesterday: D B McDonald, St John; W B Murdock, Montreal; J A Robertson, wife and child, Montreal; W M Smallman, Dartmouth, N S; Mrs J Smallman O'Leary; E A Wood and wife, Utica, N Y; J F Sullivan and wife, E A Murphy, Holyoke, Mass; J F Murray and wife, Fred Murray, Cambridge, Mass; Louis Mink and wife, F L Mink, jr, Alexander Mink, Somerville, Mass.

Mrs. John Gaffney, of this city, left this morning for Boston, where she will join her husband, who left for that place some time ago. Mrs. Gaffney has been a prominent and painstaking member of the choir of St. Dunstan's Cathedral for the past twenty-eight years, and was well and favorably known in the city. Previous to her departure the members of the choir and some other friends presented her with a purse of $40. The presentation was made by Prof. Caven.

Arrivals at the Queen, Aug. 25: J J Clark, Derby, N. B.; M Lanigan, Kingston; Dr Honeywell and wife, New Glasgow; T J Dillon and wife, New Perth; J A Fowler, St John; J F Stevenson, St. Andrews, N B; A H McDonald, Eldon; A W McRae, St John; M H Goodspeed, McAdam Junc; Wm Kinghorn, St Mary's; B F Thom, M D, Sackville; D A Kennedy, St John, N B; K Readiz; J F Hawke, Moncton; E S Clifford, St John; R T Keith, Petitcodiac; R Boone, Fredericton; W S Poole, Montague; J M Martin, Montague; Mrs A E Robinson, Moncton; M Douglas and lady, Boston; O G Collun, New Glasgow; J E Toombs, Worcester, Mass; J S Thompson, Brantford, Ont.

Cricket.

There will be a cricket match at Victoria Park to-morrow afternoon between two picked elevens, commencing punctually at 3 o'clock. The ground is in good order and an interesting game may be expected. The following compose the opposing teams :

J McQuillan	J H Cathrae
L H Davies	Dr H D Johnson
E Winters	Wm Murray
J Rundle	F W L Moore
H Carvell	G I Foster
Dr S R Jenkins	J A Moore
Wm Flood	P Dogherty
J M Nicholson	E Earle
B McQuillan	H Steele
F E Smith	F Cotton
A Lucas	Thos May

Delay is Dangerous.

When the kidneys are out of order delay is dangerous. Any disease may follow and become so well established that months of suffering will follow. A gentle tonic like Dodd's Kidney Pills is always acceptable to the kidneys and protects them from disease. They are a kidney food. 8

DIED

On Friday, the 26th inst, Sarah Theresa, infant daughter of Angus and Theresa Munroe, aged 2 months and 12 days.

In this city, on the 25th August, Mary Josephine, infant daughter of Philip and Mary Griffin, aged 3 weeks and 2 days.

SKODA'S OINTMENT, the Great German Skin Cure, and finest Cosmetic made. Removes Blackheads, Pimples, etc., as if by magic. 3 oz. tubes in elegant cartons **50 cts.**

Now is your chance to buy to dress your boys cheap. Twenty per cent. discount at J. B. Macdonald's, Queen Street. tls 1st

Did He Do It?

A CAPTAIN CHARGED WITH CASTING AWAY HIS VESSEL.

A Halifax despatch of the 21th says : For some time the insurance companies have believed they were being fleeced by the casting away of vessels It has only been suspicion on several occasions, though a moral certainty; but now, it is alleged an opportunity has come to attempt to prove the crime. The schooner Seven Bros. cleared here on 5th July, for Port Hood. She got 1150 barrels of flour and a lot of merchandise. Warren Baker was master. This afternoon, at the county stipendiary's office, Warren Baker, captain, was arraigned for breaking bulk at Jeddore, and having sold a number of barrels there. The case was adjourned till Saturday. The charge of casting away the schooner at Holland's harbor (after the above breaking of bulk) will follow, it is stated. Word was received today that Detective Power had unearthed the flour that had been landed. It was in a trench on the shore that had been made for its reception. The crew of the Seven Brothers, besides the captain, was Colin Myres and Amos Baker. The cargo was insured by J. A. Chipman & Co. The charge is that at Jeddore they landed two barrels of flour, and at Holland's harbor 34 barrels, and that the ship was then cast away at Paddy's ledge, Whitehead. The captain was arrested at his home, Holland's harbor, by Detective Power. The schooner was insured in J. F. Kenny's agency for $650, and there was $600 on the cargo in the Nova Scotia Marine.

Now is the time to get cheap crockery and glassware while we are selling off at the cheap crockery store W P Colwill. s23 dw 4w

THE KICKAPOO

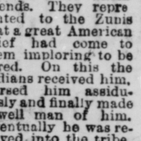
Indian Medicine Company

COR. QUEEN & PASSMORE STREETS,

ARE GIVING NIGHTLY CONCERTS to thousands of people. Below we give you the history of this World's Medicine Company from its earliest infancy up to the present time.

NATURE'S REMEDIES.

Some six or seven years ago Mr. Frank Cushing, of the Smithsonian Institution, astonished the world by his account of the semi-civilized Zuni Indians, who, until his visit to them, had successfully maintained their exclusiveness. He only succeeded in securing an entry into one of their villages through the kind-heartedness of the Zunis. When he was commissioned to investigate the character and habits of these superior people he was a very sick man, was being treated, in fact, for consumption. The mission was given him in the hope that residence in the warm South would restore him to strength and preserve a valuable officer to the Government. During his journey his illness grew upon him, and when he reached a Zuni village he was stretched in exhaustion upon a litter which was carried by his friends. They represented to the Zunis that a great American chief had come to them imploring to be cured. On this the Indians received him, nursed him assiduously and finally made a well man of him. Eventually he was received into the tribe, learned their language, religion and science of medicine.


DR FLOATING POPLAR.

One curious thing he discovered was that the principal cause of his cure was a liquor whose composition is unknown to the Zunis. They hold it in great esteem and twice every year they send an embassy to the Kickapoo Indians, who manufacture it, and purchase a supply of it. Several times the Zunis attempted to purchase the secret of its composition, but always without success. Once they attempted to force the coveted knowledge from the Kickapoos and made war upon them for that purpose, but were repulsed.

Fortunately a white man was more successful with the Kickapoos. This tribe originally dwelt in Illinois. Thence the Government moved them to Kansas and later on to the Indian Territory, where they inhabit the old Sacs and Fox reserve. A Government scout, Mr. Charles Bigelow, better known on the border as Texas Charlie, was taken very sick while visiting the Kickapoos, and was restored by their doctors, whose chief prescription was the Sagwa, whose ingredients the Zunis are so desirous of learning. When Mr. Bigelow recovered he pointed out to the chiefs of the Kickapoos that they might acquire wealth by preparing quantities of Sagwa for sale

DR BAD EAGLE.

AMONG THE WHITES.

They demurred for a long time, but finally fell in with the proposal and sent a group of their doctors to travel under the guidance of Mr. Bigelow and sell the Sagwa. Their success was phenomenal, so great, indeed, that it became impossible to supply the demand and adhere to the crude processes of manufacture adopted by the Kickapoos. Accordingly, the Kickapoo Indian Medicine Company was formed, with headquarters at New Haven, Conn., and the manufacture of Segwa and other Kickapoo remedies was begun on a large scale. About six hundred men are employed, and the capital of the Company is $200,000. Giving round numbers only, the sales of the Company last year were 500,000 bottles of Sagwa, 400,000 bottles of the Kickapoo Indian Oil, 100,000 bottles of the Kickapoo Cough Cure, 120,000 boxes of the Kickapoo Worm-Killer and about 90,000 boxes of Kickapoo Salve.

DR PLUME CHIEF.

The Sagwa is a tonic purely vegetable in character, being the liquor obtained by boiling in water certain varieties of bark, leaves, herbs and roots. The Kickapoo theory of sickness is that it results from a poverty of the blood, involving cessation or sluggishness in the action of one or more of the vital organs. Hence they direct their attention solely to the purifying and strengthening of the blood. This the Sagwa effects beyond question, though just how it acts will probably not be known until the Kickapoos are willing to make the ingredients of their great specific known. The benefits of its use may be noted in the Kickapoos themselves. No finer race physically exists in the world. Both men and women are tall, strong and magnificently developed. There is not a weakling in the tribe. They are a very peculiar people. Like the Zunis they are very exclusive and have never acquired the vices of civilization. The Indian nations generallly, judging from the reports of early settlers and travellers in this country, were healthy people until intemperance and diseases contracted from white men began to play havoc with them. The Kickapoos have always resisted contaminating influences and preserve their pristine vigor. Possibly the fact that Sagwa keeps them robust is the reason. A desire for alcohol often arises from irregular action of the bodily organs. However that may be it is a fact that

RED DEER.

DEBILITATED PERSONS

derive astonishing benefit from the use of Sagwa. It appears to act upon the stomach, bowels, liver, kidneys and bladder, stimulating all of them to action; and it is never too violent a stimulant, for the Kickapoos live to a remarkable old age. They always administer the Sagwa to their sick either alone or in conjunction with their other famous remedies. The price of Sagwa is one dollar a bottle.

DR HOLE IN THE DAY

The Kickapoo Indian Oil is a very valuable remedy, affording effectual and speedy relief in all nervous and inflammatory diseases. As a quick cure for all kinds of pain it is magical. The oil may be taken internally or applied externally. For children it is excellent. The price is twenty-five cents per bottle.

The Kickapoo Indian Worm-Killer is prepared by the Kickapoos from their native formula, of roots and herbs. It is a positive specific for the removal of stomach, seat or of pin worms, whether in adults or children. It is a pleasant, safe, prompt and effective remedy, and requires no physic. Its price is 25 cents per box.

DR BRAVE BEAR.

The Kickapoo Indian Salve is made by the Kickapoo Indians from the best buffalo tallow (not hog's lard). It is a specific for skin diseases, soothing and excellent for erysipelas, eczema, boils, piles, burns, &c. It also sells for 25 cents per box.

The Kickapoo Indian Cough Cure is an invaluable Indian remedy for coughs, colds, asthma, throat and lung diseases. It is purely vegetable and pleasant to take. Its action is specific. The price of the Kickapoo Indian Cough Cure is half a dollar per bottle. These are the chief medicinal preparations in use by the Kickapoos. Their excellence is proved by the fact that they have preserved the tribe in health, notwithstanding the fact that they have been removed from their original home in the north to the centre and afterwards to the extreme south of the country, and have thus been forced to brave great climatic variations. Another proof of the superiority of these medicines is found in the enormous quantities that are being sold yearly in all parts of this country. In any house where once they have been used a supply of the Sagwa, at least, is always kept on hand for it is known to be necessary. Most every druggist sell it.

DR ANTELOPE

DR SKY.

It can be procured from the Kickapoo Indian Medicine Man at his Office on the Camp Lot. Remember, he gives advice free to all who consult him. aug26

Never

WOODILL'S GERMAN BAKING POWDER

Disappoints!

MISS EDITH HILL,

Late of Anglo-French College, Upper Norwood, England.

Desires Pupils for Pianoforte.

Term begins first week in September. Certificate from South Kensington, England. aug26—1w

HARVEST MOON.

Grand Military Excursion

—ON BOARD THE—

STMR JACQUES CARTIER,

—ON—

Monday, Aug. 29th.

MILITARY BAND and other Music in attendance. Refreshments supplied by the Committee.

Tickets 35 cents. For sale at the Apothecaries Hall, C. D. Rankin's, and members of the Military Association.

Military men attending in uniform, tickets 25 cents.

Should the weather be wet, the Excursion will be held on the following Thursday.

By order of the Committee.

D. M. RICHARDS, aug24 secretary.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE,

BY AUCTION.

THE undersigned will offer for sale by Auction, on the premises, on MONDAY, the 29th inst., at Eleven o'clock, a m :—

The property situated on corner of Chestnut and Upper Queen Streets, 132x82 feet, in Building Lots.

Also—Seven Building Lots adjoining the Reddin property, Upper Queen Street.

Plans can be seen at the office of Peters & Peters, or at the Connolly Estate Office, Queen Street. Terms at sale.

A. A. MACDONALD,
W. W. SULLIVAN,
FREDERICK PETERS,
Trustees of late Owen Connolly.

aug20—dy 4i wy tls le pat

CONNOLLY HOUSE,

DUNDAS ESPLANADE.

A FEW BOARDERS can be accommodated at the CONNOLLY HOUSE on the Esplanade. This is the beautiful residence donated by Mrs. Owen Connolly to the Grey Nuns. The location cannot be excelled. The rooms are large, beautifully furnished, and fitted up with all modern improvements. To those in search of home comforts, no more desirable place could be recommended. For particulars apply at the House. aug24

KNICKERBOCKER KNITTING YARN.

We have made a large purchase of the celebrated KNICKERBOCKER KNITTING YARN, and on SATURDAY, 27th inst, will place

1,000 DOUBLE SKEINS

on sale at 15 CENTS EACH—regular price 22 cents.

BEER BROS.

5 cts IMPORTED "LITTLE QUEEN" CIGARS!

The Best Five Cent Smoke in the City,

At WATSON'S DRUG STORE.

Charlottetown, August 20, 1892.

READERS!

Read the advertisements of the other two Booksellers, then come in and see our prices. Rather than to be undersold we will give our School Readers away.

REMEMBER, it was not us that broke the written contract to sell Readers at catalogue prices, but now that it is broken we will chop prices until our competitors have had enough of it.

HASZARD & MOORE,

Charlottetown, Aug. 20, 1892. VICTORIA ROW.

CONVENT DE NOTRE DAME,

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL

UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE

Sisters of the Congregation De Notre Dame.

STUDIES will be resumed in this Institution on MONDAY, 5th September.

The Course of Instruction in the English and French Languages is thorough.

Efficient Teachers presids over the Departments of Music, Drawing, Painting and Needlework.

Any further information can be obtained by addressing the MOTHER SUPERIOR, Convent De Notre Dame. aug19

MR. H. L. HEARTZ,

Organist of St. Paul's Church,

WILL resume lessons on the Piano the first week in September. Choice Music on sale at lowest prices. For terms, etc. apply at Music Rooms, Prince Street. aug23

MISS AMY C. MOORE,

Teacher-Graduate of Mount Allison Conservatory of Music.

WILL GIVE PIANO-FORTE INSTRUCTION in Music Room, under the one formerly used by Miss Wilson, corner of Kent and Prince Streets.

Pupils also given Blackboard Lessons on the theory of Music. Class opens 5th September. aug24—1m eod

ST. DUNSTAN'S COLLEGE

—WILL RE-OPEN ON—

Thursday, 1st of September.

THE Course of Studies at this Institution comprises all the branches of a thorough Commercial, Classical and Scientific Education.

The arrangement of the Classes will be such as will meet the requirements of those desiring to study special branches.

Terms, including Board, Tuition, Bed, Bedding, Washing and Doctor's Fee, $112.00 per annum, half-yearly in advance.

N B—Students purchasing Books or Stationery at the College Store will be required to pay cash on delivery.

For further information send for Prospectus, or address the undersigned.

REV. JAMES MORRISON, PH. D., D. D.,
Rector St. Dunstan's College.

Ch'town, P. E. I., Aug. 25, 1892—dy 2i wy li

ST. GEORGE PHARMACY,

VICTORIA ROW.

SPONGES! SPONGES!

WE have just received a new stock of Sponges which are selling very cheap to run off.

Headquarters for Patent Medicines of every kind, Fancy and Toilet Articles, Hair Brushes, Tooth (a fine line), Nail and Cloth Brushes, Perfumes Bay Rum, etc.

Fine line of Havana Cigars just opened. Also Pipes, Tobaccos, Cigarettes, etc.

Dispensing of Doctors' Prescriptions a specialty.

An elaborate SODA FOUNTAIN, the finest on P. E Island, where the most delicious beverages are dispensed.

F. de C. DAVIES,
aug16 Proprietor.

The Charlottetown City Schools

WILL RE OPEN after the Midsummer Holidays on MONDAY, the 29th inst., at 9 o'clock, a. m.

E STEWART,
Secretary School Board.

Charlottetown, Aug. 25, 1892—3i

ST. PETER'S SCHOOLS

—WILL RE-OPEN—

Thursday, Sept. 1st.

There are a few vacancies for pupils For information apply to

REV. JAMES SIMPSON,
aug16—tl sept 6 Head Master.

WANTS, LOST, FOUND &c

WANTED—A reliable and trustworthy girl for general housework in a small family. Inquire at office of E. H. NORTON & Co., Queen Street. 3i—aug25

LOST—On Pownal Wharf, or between Peake's Wharf and the Esplanade, a hat box. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it at this office. 3i—aug25

WANTED AT ONCE—A girl for general housework. Apply to MRS. T. J. HARRIS. aug23

TO LET—The Cottage on Poplar Terrace, East Kent Street, occupied by Mr. John Moore, Bank of Nova Scotia. It contains eight rooms, besides kitchen and pantry, and has barn and plenty of yard room attached. Apply at the office of F. W. L. Moore, Barrister, London House Block, or to the owner, F. W. MOORE. aug8

FOUND—On Pownal Wharf yesterday, a light brown McIntosh cape. Owner may have the same by paying for this advertisement. aug24—1f

WANTED—A servant girl for general housework. Apply to MRS. GEORGE ALLEY, Dorchester Street. tu th sat—aug23

WANTED—A maid for general housework in a family of two. Reference required.—MRS. FRANK BEER. aug23

TO LET—Dwelling House on north side of Hillsborough Park, lately occupied by Mrs. Hazard. For particulars apply to LEMUEL PHILLIPS. aug23

LOST—A lady's moonstone brooch, shape of a heart, set with brilliants. Finder will please leave same at this office. tf—aug18

LOST—A small black dog with white breast. Finder will please leave same at Ridgeway's nursery, Prince street. tf—aug22

TO LET, at the head of Queen Street, a dwelling house (new) containing four bedrooms, front room, dining room and kitchen. Good yard room, etc Apply to JAS. F. CURTIS, Customs. aug11—1f

LOST—On or about the 9th inst., a locket used as a watch charm. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving the same at this office. aug15—tf

WE HAVE OPEN considerable territory in P. E. Island on the best selling work of the season, and wish to hear from parties with a view of taking up the canvass in their locality immediately. Those already at work are earning big money; you can do the same. Apply P. O. Box 155, St. John, N B. aug5

FURNISHED HOUSE—To let, for six months or longer, conveniently situated, a Furnished House containing ten rooms Possession October 1st. For terms enquire at this office. aug—tf pat

WANTED—Good wide-awake agents to sell for the Fonthill Nurseries of Canada. Good pay and regular and constant employment to the right men No drones need apply. We have 700 acres under stock, every department fully equipped. Address STONE & WELLINGTON, Temple Building, Montreal. J. W. BEALL, Manager. Name this paper. june16 3ms