

The Daily Examiner.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free-born Men having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1882

VOL 11,--NO. 148

THE DAILY EXAMINER

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BY THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY,
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AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS,
Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:
Six Months, \$2 50
Three Months, 1 25
One Month, 50
Advertising at most moderate rates.
Contracts may be made for monthly,
quarterly, half yearly or yearly advertise-
ments, on application.

ALMANAC FOR NOVEMBER, 1882.

MOON'S CHANGES.

Third Quarter 2nd day, 2h. 45m., p. m., N.E.
(below horizon.)
New Moon 10th day, 7h. 7m. p. m., N.E.
(below horizon.)
First Quarter, 18th day, 4h. 29m. a. m., S.E.
Full Moon, 24th day, 10h. 50m., p. m., S.E.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	Moon sets	High water	Days len'th
1 Wednesday	6 47	4 40	10 28	2 37		
2 Thursday	6 48	3 51	11 31	3 32		
3 Friday	6 50	3 7	12 30	4 35		
4 Saturday	6 51	3 0	1 31	5 43	10 01	
5 Sunday	6 53	3 14	2 31	6 47		
6 Monday	6 54	3 23	3 31	7 44		
7 Tuesday	6 55	3 28	4 31	8 28		
8 Wednesday	6 57	3 31	5 31	9 8		
9 Thursday	6 59	3 29	6 32	9 49		
10 Friday	7 0	3 28	7 34	10 23		
11 Saturday	7 2	3 23	8 31	11 0	9 44	
12 Sunday	7 3	3 11	9 31	11 37		
13 Monday	7 5	2 56	10 31	12 15		
14 Tuesday	7 6	2 36	11 31	1 15		
15 Wednesday	7 7	2 10	12 31	2 15		
16 Thursday	7 9	2 11	1 31	3 17	9 28	
17 Friday	7 10	2 0	2 31	4 22		
18 Saturday	7 12	1 49	3 31	5 28		
19 Sunday	7 13	1 38	4 31	6 34		
20 Monday	7 14	1 27	5 31	7 40		
21 Tuesday	7 15	1 16	6 31	8 45		
22 Wednesday	7 16	1 5	7 31	9 50		
23 Thursday	7 17	1 5	8 31	10 55		
24 Friday	7 19	1 4	9 31	11 56		
25 Saturday	7 20	1 3	10 31	12 59	9 16	
26 Sunday	7 21	1 2	11 31	1 59		
27 Monday	7 22	1 1	12 31	2 59		
28 Tuesday	7 23	1 0	1 31	3 59		
29 Wednesday	7 24	1 0	2 31	4 59		
30 Thursday	7 25	1 0	3 31	5 59		

EDWARD T. RUSSELL & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
284 STATE STREET
BOSTON, MASS.
May 19, 1882—6m

DR. CONROY
HAS REMOVED his office and residence
to Mutch's Building,
Lower Great George Street,
OPPOSITE EXAMINER OFFICE.
Oct. 12, '82.—1m. wklly 6m

HENRY TERRELL,
SHIPPER'S AGENT.
All kinds of Produce bought and shipped
on Commission,
Sole Agent for the New Sheep Dip.
Tracadie Cross & Bedford Station, P. E. I.
Oct. 12, '82.—wklly 2m

A CARD.
DR. W. TOBIN,
Fellow of the Royal College of Sur-
geons, Ireland.
Member of the King and Queen's
College of Physicians, Ireland,
Late Surgeon Army Medical Dep't.
HAS made a special study of diseases of
the Eye, Ear and Throat, in Paris and
London, and proposes to devote his practice
to them.
Consultations at his residence, No. 9 South
St., Halifax, N. S.
Hours, 10 to 2 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m.
Oct 11, '82. 1m

W. WHEATLEY,
PRODUCE & COMMISSION MERCHANT,
269 Barrington Street,
HALIFAX, N. S.
Consignments solicited. Highest prices
and prompt returns guaranteed.
Sept. 19, 1882.—2aw 2m

JAMES S. SCOTT,
Shipping and Commission
MERCHANT.
Dealer in Fish and Fishing Supplies,
POWER'S WHARF, HALIFAX, N. S.
Special attention paid to the receiving and
prompt disposal of Island produce. Having
extensive wharf accommodation and com-
modious stores, consignments are solicited
and prompt returns guaranteed.
Weekly market reports forwarded
upon application, and vessels chartered for
shippers.
P. O. address—Lock Drawer 51, Halifax.
Oct 23

DRY GOODS! MILLINERY AND CLOTHING.

J. B. MACDONALD
J. B. MACDONALD'S.

When wanting Flowers, Feathers, Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery, go to
J. B. MACDONALD'S.

GENTLEMEN'S DEPARTMENT.

Over 1,600 Overcoats, Jackets and Ulsters to choose from. The biggest bargains
given in this City.

J. B. MACDONALD,
QUEEN STREET.

INSURANCE!

The undersigned represents the following First class Marine, Fire, and Life Insurance
Companies, and is prepared to effect insurance at the lowest rate:—

The Great Western Marine Insurance Com'y of New York,
ASSETS 1st JANUARY, 1882, \$939,523.92.

The Nova Scotia Marine Insurance Company of Halifax

The Pietou Mutual Marine Insurance Company of Pietou.

The Fire Insurance Association of London, England,
CAPITAL, \$5,000,000.

The Northern Insurance Company of London and Aberdeen,
CAPITAL, \$15,000,000.

The North American Life Insurance Company.

The London and Lancashire Life Insurance Company.

FRED. W. HYNDMAN,
AGENT.
Oct. 23, '82.—2aw

FIRE INSURANCE.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY,
Head Office—Liverpool, England.

LANCASHIRE INSURANCE CO.
of England.

AGRICULTURAL INSURANCE CO.,
Head Office—Watertown, New York.

The undersigned having been appointed General Agents for the above first-class
British and American Fire Insurance Companies, are prepared to insure all classes of
insurable property on as good terms and at as low rates as they can be taken by any
Company now solvent and intending to remain so.

Office—South Side of Queen Square, opposite the Post Office, Charlottetown, P.
E. Island.

DESBRISAY & ANGUS,
GENERAL AGENTS.

N. B.—No person is authorized to collect monies for any of the above Companies
in this Province without producing a receipt signed by us, and any one paying money
to any one without getting such receipt, will do so at their own risk.
D. & A.

For Scotch and English Tweeds or Worsted Suits

For Canadian Tweed Suits,

For Overcoats of all Descriptions,

GO TO

JOHN MACLEOD & CO'S,
UPPER QUEEN STREET,
TWO DOORS ABOVE APOTHECARIES HALL CORNER

There you will find the largest and best assortment of Cloths in the
Island. Prices very moderate. The best workmanship and a perfect fit
guaranteed.
—ALSO—
A complete line of Gents' Furnishings and Felt Hats, cheap, &c. &c.
Remember the address, two doors above Apothecaries Hall Corner,
Charlottetown, Oct. 11, 1881.

Archibald McNeil & Forbes,
SHIPPING AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Advances made on consignments of produce.
44 SOUTH STREET, NEW YORK.
C. H. McNEIL, Agent, Charlottetown.
Oct. 25, '82.—1w

L. ARTHUR & CO.,
General Commission Merchants
Particular attention given to the sale
of Island produce.

121 Atlantic Avenue & 20 Essex Avenue,
BOSTON, MASS.
May 27, 1882—wklly

INSURANCE OFFICE.

Queen Insurance Company,
OF ENGLAND.
CAPITAL, TEN MILLION DOLLARS.

Lancashire Insurance Company
CAPITAL, FIFTEEN MILLION DOLLARS

Insurance effected on all kinds of property
at current rates. Losses settled promptly
and equitably.

DESBRISAY & ANGUS,
General Agents

Office—South Side Queen Square
Ch'town, Sept. 15, 1882.

Bank of Nova Scotia.

ESTABLISHED 1832,

Paid Up Capital . . . \$1,000,000
Reserve Fund . . . 325,000

An Agency of this Bank will be opened on
Monday next, 19th inst., in the building
lately occupied by the Bank of Prince Edward
Island, under the management of the under-
signed.

Deposits will be received on interest, and
on current account.

Drafts granted on the various Agencies and
correspondents of the Bank.

Sterling and other Exchange bought and
sold, and general banking business transacted.

D. C. CHALMERS,
Agent.
Ch'town, June 17, 1882—4t

BAGNALL & ROBINS,

SURGEON DENTISTS,



NEWSON'S BUILDING,
OPP. POST OFFICE, CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.
June 5, 1882.—1aw

W. C. BISHOP,

SHIPPING

FORWARDING AGENT,

Marine Insurance Broker,

—AND—

General Commission Agent,

BEDFORD ROW.

P. O. BOX 1 . . . HALIFAX, N. S.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION given to the
Shipment of Lobsters and other Canned
Goods, and collection of Custom Drawbacks
thereon.

Hulls, Cargoes, and Freight insured in
first-class offices at most favorable rates.

Consignments of Produce solicited, and
prompt returns guaranteed.

Correspondence solicited and answered
promptly.

Nov. 14 1881.—1yt

A CURE GUARANTEED.

Magnetic Medicine

Brain and Nerve Food

For Old and Young, Male and Female.

Positively cures Nervousness in ALL its stages,
Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Sexual Pro-
stration, Night Sweats, Superstitions, Lumbago,
Barrenness, Seminal Weakness, and General Loss
of Power. It repairs Nervous Waste, Rejuvenates
the Jaded Intellect, Strengthens the Enfeebled
Brain and Restores Surprising Tone and Vigor to the
Exhausted Generative Organs in either sex. 25 With
each order for TWELVE packages, accompanied with five
dollars, we will send our Written Guarantee to refund
the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. It is
the Cheapest and Best Medicine in the Market.
25 Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we
desire to mail free to those who address—

Mack's Magnetic Medicine is sold by Drug-
gists at 50 cts. per box, or 6 boxes for \$2.50, or will
be mailed free of postage, on receipt of the money, by
addressing—

MACK'S MAGNETIC MEDICINE, O.,
Windsor, Ont., Canada

Sold in Charlottetown by Apothecaries' Hall Co.,
Agents for Prince Edward Island, and by all Druggists
elsewhere.

FIGURING, SPIGEE and Vinegar (English
Made at Body & Co's)

The Garden of Eden.

ITS TRUE SITE.

In the October number of the "Nineteenth
Century," the result of Delitzsch's
investigation into the site of the Garden
of Eden has been briefly summarized by
the Rev. Charles H. H. Wright, D. D.
It may be remarked that Dr. Delitzsch
is professor of Assyriology in the Uni-
versity of Leipzig, and he has given time
and labor, not unsuccessfully, to the
identification of the region in which was
situated the garden of Eden. The
Garden of Eden is considered by Pro-
fessor Delitzsch to have been situated in
the land of Babylonia, in that special
district in which the waters of the
Euphrates and the Tigris approach
nearest to each other. This statement
he supports by a number of very strong,
if not absolutely invincible arguments.
He finds arguments in the character of
the population, in the products of the
country, in the name which still clings to
the country. The ancient name of the
district was Gar-Duniash—the Garden
of the Lord of the Lands. The precise
district in which Professor Friedrich
Delitzsch considers the Garden of Eden
to have lain was that portion of Babylonia
which lies immediately north of the
city of Babylon, between the Tigris and
the Euphrates, which formed, respec-
tively, its eastern and western
boundaries. Its limits on the north may
be indicated by a line drawn from Bagdad
to the Tigris across to Akkad on the
Euphrates, while a similar line parallel to
the former, stretching from Babylon on
the Euphrates to the Tigris, would
designate with sufficient accuracy its
southern boundary. The Book of Genesis
represents the Garden of Eden as having
been watered by a single river. The
statement correctly describes a remark-
able feature of this district of Babylonia.

While other parts of that country to the
south are to a certain extent watered by
the Tigris as well as the Euphrates, the
district specially referred to is exclusively
irrigated by the Euphrates. Large water
courses, afterward transformed into
canals, but which seem originally to have
been natural arms of the Euphrates, con-
ducted a considerable portion of its water
from the higher level of that river into
the bed of the Tigris. From these, as
chief arteries of irrigation, smaller water-
courses, such as those alluded to by
Herodotus, spread the water all over the
country. The Professor has no difficulty
in identifying the Fishon with the ce-
lebrated canal, Pallakopas, and the Gihon,
with Shatt-en-Nil. Thus at last—if the
conclusions arrived at are not ultimately
upset by some new investigations in the
extensive cuneiform literature which has
recently been unearthed—the geo-
graphical correctness of the writer of Genesis
has been clearly demonstrated.

Forty Days of Snow.

REMARKABLE COLD WINTERS IN THE
PAST.

[From the Scientific American.]

The following statistics of the good
old winters are curious: In 408 the
Black sea was entirely frozen over. In
761, not only the Black Sea, but the
Straits of the Dardanelles were frozen
over, the snow in some places rose fifty
feet high. In 882 the great rivers of
Europe—the Danube and Elbe, etc.—
were so hard frozen as to bear heavy
wagons for a month. In 800 the
Adriatic was frozen over. In 991
everything was frozen; the crops
totally failed, and famine and pesti-
lence closed the year. In 1067 the
most of the travellers were frozen to
death on the roads. In 1133 the Po
was frozen from Cremona to the sea;
the wine casks were burst, and even the
trees were split by the action of the
frost with immense noise.
In 1836 the Danube was frozen to the
bottom, and remained long in that
state. In 1316 the crops wholly failed
in Germany; wheat, which some years
before sold in England at 6s the qtr.
rose to £2. In 1839 the crops failed in
Scotland, and such a famine ensued
that the poor were reduced to feed on
grass, and many perished miserably in
the fields. The successive winters of
1432-33-34 were uncommonly severe.
It once snowed forty days without in-
terruption. In 1468 the wine distribu-
ted to the soldiers in Flanders was cut
with hatchets.
In 1684 the winter was excessively
cold. Most of the hollies were killed.
Coches droye along the Thames, the
ice of which was 11 inches thick. In
1606 occurred the coldest winter. The
frosts penetrated three yards into the
ground. In 1715 booths were erected
and fairs held on the Thames. In 17-
44 and 1745 the strongest ale in Eng-
land, was exposed to the air, was coven-
ed in less than fifteen minutes with ice
an eighth of an inch thick. In 1809 and
again in 1812 the winters were remark-
ably cold. In 1814 there was a fair on
the frozen Thames.

Mrs. Langtry as an Actress.

The New York Herald says Mrs.
Langtry impressed the audience by her
personal appearance, while as an actress
she developed the possession of creditable
if not brilliant talents.

The Tribune says her success was far
more a conquest through dramatic art,
but not less was it successful. Her
physical fitness for the stage was seen
to be extraordinary, and such as entirely
justifies her entrance upon a theatrical
career. There is every reason to believe
that she will reach the first rank as a
dramatic executant in joyous glittering,
troupeau comedy. She has nothing to
do with sorrow.

The Sun says at no point was there
any manifestation of great talent, but
there was an abundance of reticement,
grace and evidence of the most careful
and conscientious study. It may safely
be said that Mrs. Langtry possesses many
qualities which make her a true acqui-
sition to the stage. If she fails to deeply
move, she will never fail to greatly charm.

The Times says Mrs. Langtry is not
an acceptable actress. There was nothing
in the performance last night which
indicated that her intelligence or instinct
belonged to the stage. The charms of
her personality vani-her curiosity in act-
ing. Her performance was weak, vague,
unsatisfactory.

Our Wilde contributes to the World
an aesthetic article on Mrs. Langtry's
performance. William Stuart, in the
same paper, says Mrs. Langtry, without
being an actress of overwhelming power,
shows a rare buoyancy and elasticity of
temperament and singular cleverness in
grasping and presenting emotions foreign
necessarily to her own experience.

Household Hints.

A side dish, which will be new to
many cooks, is made by slicing very thin
some onions and green tomatoes, in
about equal proportions, and trying them
together just as you fry onions alone.
Salt them well, and if there is any
danger of them being greasy, drain
before serving.

BAKED CODFISH.—Cut the fish in
small pieces and let it soak all night in
cold water; in the morning pick it in
shreds, and let it simmer on the stove
until it is tender, then draw off the
water, and to one-third mashed potato
put two-thirds fish; stir it so that the
potato will be evenly distributed. Bake
until it is a rich brown on the top;
serve with a sauce of drawn butter, in
which cut two hard-boiled eggs.

OIL OF PEPPERMINT IN NEURALGIA.—
Dr. Meredith, in the Birmingham
Medical Review, recommends oil of
peppermint as an external application for
allaying the neuralgic pain so often com-
plained of in cases of Herpes zoster. He
has used it with great relief to the patient
even when the eruption was out in a
fresh florid condition. He thinks that
the value of this remedy in relieving
neuralgic pain deserves to be better
known.

PARSNIPS AND SALSIFY.—The same
treatment in winter will not answer for
all root crops alike. Beets and carrots
are the least hardy of all, and when
frozen lose their sweetness to a marked
extent. The parsnip is not only un-
injured, but many think it is greatly im-
proved, by freezing. If the amount of
sugar is not actually increased, its flesh
is so modified that it tastes sweeter.
The parsnip and salsify are our very
hardest roots (though we should include
horse-radish) and may be left without
harm in the soil where they grow.

The exportable surplus on the 1st of
November, inst., was 154,000,000 bushels
of wheat, in the United States. Farmers
are in better condition, and some will
probably hold a large portion of their surplus
until spring, but present deliveries are
ample to produce an increasing visible sur-
plus and prevent any material improvement
in prices.

The vital forces are speedily renewed by
Mack's Magnetic Medicine, the great brain
and nerve food, it is the best and cheapest
medicine ever discovered. See advertisement
in another column. Sold in Charlottetown
by Apothecaries Hall Co. (no 22w eod wklly.

Potato shipment from P. E. Island to
Boston have ceased owing to heavy freights.
The Chignecto Ship Railway would, by
reducing freights, give an outlet for Island
potatoes; that are now comparatively
valueless.—Chignecto Post.

The Great French Remedy, Dr.
LeDuc's Periodic Pills.

Dr. LeDuc's Pills are the oldest, most generally
used, and most reliable remedy for the cure of Sup-
pressed Menstruation and other Chronic diseases
and wherever they have been introduced, have driven
every other remedy out of the market.
They were first introduced into Paris,
France, by Dr. LeDuc in 1839, and have so
gained the confidence of the public that they have
for years been the standard remedy in every house-
hold. All druggists.

For Sale by STEAK HOUSE AND CO., TORONTO, ONT.
(Nov. 6)

Our only steam, sawing machine, and gun-
powder shop on P. E. Island, and the only
place where you can get every part of a
sawing machine or a gun made, is at Brown's
shop, corner of Prince and Great Streets,
Charlottetown.

(See 27 34