detailed account until the heads of reliable witnesses are sufficiently clear to give us authentic information on the subject.

His Royal Highness and Suite took their departure from these shores on Saturday last, about two o'clock. The same ceremonies were observed on his departure as at his landing, royal salutes having been interchanged between the ships of war in port and the St. George's Battery.

We shall, probably, have something more to say on this interesting event in our next No. We have no doubt that the foregoing statement may be considered a meagre one. It is not our fault that it is so. When the Reporters of such influential journals as the London *Times*, and some of the first papers in the United States, have reason to complain of discourtesy, with respect to this matter, at the hands of our Government, we must not, we suppose, presume to complain of the rough treatment which our own Reporter has received; but we deem it our duty to publish the following letter from him, to shew our desire and his readiness to give the public full information respecting the Prince's visit to this Island:—

"CHARLOTTETOWN,
"4th Aug., 1860.

"RESPECTED SIR;

"My attention having, this day, been directed to the fact, that in the "Programme to be observed on the arrival of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales," it is intimated that "A space will be reserved on the wharf for Clergymen of the various denominations; *and also for gentlemen representing the Press*," it has occurred to me that it is probable "the Committee for managing the reception of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales" may wish or purpose to engage a special Reporter for "the Press" on that occasion; and I, therefore, humbly beg leave, through you, as the Honorary Secretary of that Committee, most respectfully to tender to them my services to report *all* such public proceedings, &c., as shall have immediate connexion with the Prince's visit to the Island, should they wish to engage a Reporter for that purpose.

"I have the honor to be,
"Respected Sir,
"Your obedt. servt.,
"R. B. IRVING.

"Theophilus Desbrisay, Esquire, Honorary Secretary to the Committee for managing the reception of H. R. H. the Prince of Wales."

This note I myself delivered to the Honorary Secretary, Mr. Desbrisay, on Saturday evening, 4th inst., and he then told me that he would lay it before the Committee when they again met, which they were to do on that evening; and that, either that night or Monday morning, he would make known to me their determination with respect to my offer.

On Monday morning I waited upon the Honorary Secretary, Mr. Desbrisay, to ascertain how my offer had been received by the Committee, when he informed me that my note had been laid before them, and my offer duly considered, whereupon they had come to a certain resolution. This resolution Mr. Desbrisay most politely said he hoped I would excuse his communicating to me verbally, as, being so much engaged about "the Visit," he could scarcely afford time to communicate it to me in writing. The purport of the resolution he then stated to me to be—that the Committee were of opinion that the proprietors of the several Island newspapers should themselves engage Reporters for the occasion, and that if they or any of them did so, "space" would be reserved for them on the wharf at the time of the Prince's landing. I told him, in reply, that "gentlemen representing the Press" would expect something more than that; they would expect to be present at all public or preconcerted government demonstrations in honor of the Prince; as, otherwise, it would be impossible for them to make any report concerning them. He then told me that, on the occasion of the Banquet or Ball, "gentlemen representing the Press" would be admitted to the Gallery of the House of Assembly.

All this I communicated to you; and, on your giving me a note, addressed by yourself to the Honorary Secretary of the Committee, requesting that I might be recognised by the Committee as your representative at the landing of the Prince, &c., I again waited upon him and put your note into his hand. Having read it, he at once took up his pen and wrote a very polite reply to it. This reply he gave to me; and told me, at the same time, that if I would deliver it, or show it to the Grand Marshal (Lt. Col. Longworth), he (the Grand Marshal) would give orders for my being admitted to a place on the wharf, as a gentleman representing a portion of the Press. This reply I soon afterwards presented, in Queen Street, to the Grand Marshal, who, after he had read it, rode down in the most courteous manner with me to the wharf, and told the policemen on duty there that they were to allow me to pass on to the head of the wharf.

In consequence of this permission and this order, I passed up to the head of the wharf soon after, and waited there until the Prince landed, unnoticed (as a representative of the Press) by any one having official authority on the occasion; and no station or stand having been allotted to me, I was not able to procure even a fair view of the Prince at the time, much less to hear a word spoken by or to him; neither of which could I have done unless I had rudely passed through the *cordon of the privileged order*, which hemmed around his presence.

On the procession's being about to be formed—(an occurrence which took place in a rather hurried and irregular manner)—I looked out for "the place" to be reserved therein for "gentlemen representing the Press," and seeing Mr. Ings take his place in it, I followed him, and having been hastily introduced by A. G. Catlin, Esquire, the American Consul, to a Mr. Morrell, the representative of the New York *Tribune*, I walked in the procession to Government House with these two gentlemen. Mr. Morrell (who is a Canadian by birth) I found to be a well-bred and well-informed gentleman. I told him of the applications which had been made by myself, and then by you to the Committee, and of the answers which [illegible] "the gentlemen representing the Press" would be admitted to the Gallery of the House of Assembly to witness the Banquet! he said that at all the other places already visited by the Prince, "the gentlemen representing the Press" had been treated with much courtesy and respect—that to propose to accommodate "gentlemen representing the Press" with seats in the Gallery, was to insult them; and that he for one would scorn to accept of such civility.

At Government House, being in the rear of the other civilians who composed the leading portion of the procession, it was impossible for "the gentlemen representing the Press" either to see or hear any thing done or said by the Prince, the personages forming his cortege, or the Governor; and consequently I can report nothing concerning His Royal Highness's reception at Government House.

On Friday morning, (the morning of the Levee), I again waited on Mr. Desbrisay, the Honorary Secretary of the Committee; and, telling him what had passed between Mr. Morrell and myself with reference to the civilities and accommodations to be extended to "gentlemen representing the Press" on the occasion of the Ball and Banquet, he said—(my representation to him of Mr. Morrell's appreciation of the proffered civility of a seat in the Gallery of the House of Assembly, having occasioned him evident concern)—that he believed the Committee would invite the gentlemen representing the *Foreign* Press to be their guests on the occasion, and requested me to tell Mr. Morrell so much from him, if I should see him in the course of the day. Mr. Morrell I have not seen since; and, you may be sure, I did not conceive it to be my place or duty to seek him out to make any such communication to him.

When the Addresses were presented to the Prince at the Colonial Building, I was on the ground; but had no greater opportunity of seeing or hearing any thing connected with the ceremony than one of the poor Micmacs. Although I most certainly have had no opportunity or facility afforded me, as your representative and reporter, to note or report any of the more interesting occurrences and proceedings which took place here during the Prince's visit, I wish particularly to state, that both as respects myself individually in my own private capacity, and as your representative, I was treated with the greatest courtesy and respect by the Honorary Secretary of the Committee, Theophilus Desbrisay, Esquire, and the Grand Marshal, Lt Col. Longworth: and that no want of proper accommodation and consideration for "the gentlemen representing the Press" can justly be attributed to them.

The arrangements made by, and the proceedings of, the Government on the occasion of the Royal Visit, have, however, occasioned much dissatisfaction among the people; and loud and deep are the murmurs of "the many" respecting their sins, both of omission and commission, in connection with this memorable and important event. "The many" complain, and surely with much reason, that no due public intimation was made of any of the Prince's preconcerted movements; and doubt and uncertainty concerning them consequently perplexed the people, many of whom have been disappointed of expected pleasure. It seems to the people that our would-be aristocracy have, as far as laid in their power, appropriated the Prince to themselves. They (the people) say that a visit to the Lieut. Governor and Mrs Dundas, although therein may have been included the Island Government and the Government officials, was not a visit to the people of Prince Edward Island; but that had the Prince—(as no doubt he would most cheerfully have done had he been so advised by those who had the privilege to counsel him)—passed through our streets—even only our principal streets—in an open carriage, duly attended, passed through the arches erected by private individuals in his honor—noted the complimentary devices and inscriptions thereon, and observed the numerous elegant and tasteful decorations of shops and private dwellings, all intended as manifestations of loyalty and attachment to his Royal Mother and of respect for himself,—such a proceeding on his part would justly have been regarded as a Royal visit, not to the *accidentally* privileged few of the Colony, but to the loyal many, the loyal people at large of Prince Edward Island.

If you wish it, I will supply you with a notice of all the devices and mottoes of the arches.

Your faithful friend,
And obdt. servant,
R. B. IRVING.

Hon. Mr. WHELAN, M.P.P., &c. &c. &c.

At 9 o'clock on Friday evening, Her Majesty's vessels of War, *Hero*, *Ariadne*, *Cossack*, *Valorous* and *Flying Fish*, were brilliantly illuminated; and the French Ship *Pomone* was partially illuminated at the same time.

THE PRINCE IN NEW BRUNSWICK.

We learn from a gentleman just returned from New Brunswick, that the Prince of Wales met with a most gracious and very enthusiastic reception in St John, but the order observed lacked that of Halifax. The illumination of the city was most brilliant and highly creditable, equalling, if not surpassing, Halifax. The Prince and suite rode for about nine miles on the railway, *en route* for Fredericton. We are told that the car used was got up in most gorgeous style, being lined with green satin, Brussels carpet, and trappings to match, reflecting much credit upon Mr. Jardine, the Chief Commissioner, under whose supervision the car was furnished and decorated.

The reception in Fredericton was very creditable, considering the size of the city. The Ball was given in the Parliament House, a wing being erected at each side. The internal decorations and arrangements, of course, did not come up to Halifax. The party was very large—uncomfortably so. The Prince remained until two o'clock (Thursday morning). He started four hours afterwards for St John, and arrived at Carleton about four o'clock in the afternoon. After visiting this portion of the City, he proceeded on board the *Styx* in a barge. The harbour at this time was all alive with boats and several steamers (with bands of music,) and all densely crowded with people, who were most enthusiastic in their demonstrations. The scene presented was very grand.

VISIT OF THE PRINCE OF WALES TO CAPE BRETON.

It appears that the people of Sydney, C. B., were taken by surprise at the recent visit of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales to that Island. The C. B. News says:—

"To the astonishment of all, the Squadron was seen coming into the harbour at half-past nine last Saturday morning. We were on the road between the North Bar and the Mines when we first saw the Ships—at that time rounding Low Point. Correctly conjecturing them to be the *Hero* and *Ariadne*, we hurried our steps, and reached the Mines just as those vessels came to, and cast anchor off the Block House at the entrance of the harbour. It was then about half-past ten o'clock. At that moment the workmen at the Mines were all employed in their usual occupations—the greater portion to the depth 100 fathoms below the surface. Orders were immediately given to suspend all the works, and to muster the "Volunteers" as quick as possible. This was a work of difficult accomplishment, as many of the men had to go more than a mile after getting out of the Pits, to dress and equip themselves. At the mines a lovely scene presented itself, which place bore all the appearance of a Town besieged by an invading force—if one could in imagination have changed the joy and gladness which beamed from every countenance around, into the dismay and alarm which such a state of affairs would have produced; officers in their uniforms passing hither and thither, and Volunteers hastening towards the Armory for their Enfield Rifles."

The Prince, on his landing, was received by Richard Brown, Esq., colonel of the Sydney Volunteer Rifle Corps. The Volunteers, though taken by surprise, were soon on the ground, and formed a guard of honor, and were afterwards inspected by the Prince and suite. After the inspection, the Prince requested the Duke of Newcastle to express to the officers and men the extreme gratification it afforded him to witness the soldier-like appearance of so fine a body of men.

After visiting various localities, the Prince and suite proceeded to Beech Hill, the residence of Col. Brown, and, after viewing the beautiful grounds of that gentleman, received an address of welcome from the officers of the Volunteer corps. After partaking of refreshments at the residence of Colonel Brown, the party drove down to the place of embarkation, and left soon after for Halifax.

Taking into consideration that the people of Sydney were unprepared for the visit of the Prince, we will venture to say, judging from what we have read in the Cape Breton News, that they may justly feel proud of the impromptu reception given to the Prince and suite.

We publish below the Rev. Mr. Sutherland's letter, as we promised, without being able, from want of time and space, to reply to the very offensive remarks against ourselves, and which most persons would scarcely expect to emanate from the pen of an individual who considers himself a Christian Minister. We have many observations to offer on the general subject of Orangeism, and we intended to give them in connection with Mr. Sutherland's letter; but there is too much demand upon our time and space this week for us to attempt to prepare them. We shall return to the [illegible]. Meanwhile, we beg to direct Mr. Sutherland's attention to the account of the Orange disturbances in the North of Ireland, as a fine commentary on the *peaceful* character of his favourite institution.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE EXAMINER.

SIR,—As you have taken the liberty of referring to me in your last issue in a manner not the most honourable, I trust that you will give me the right of immediate reply in your columns. You characterize my conduct in taking part in an Orange celebration, as "very disgraceful." Now, Sir, what was disgraceful in the matter? Was it *disgraceful* to go to the house of God on a week day in company with my fellow Protestants? Was it *disgraceful* to preach on that day on doctrines and privileges, the gifts of Heaven, and which we esteem more precious than life? Was it *disgraceful* to take some refreshment in the open field in the midst of a quiet, sober, and peaceful company? Or, was it *disgraceful* to relate the particulars of a great and glorious victory which sealed the civil and religous liberties of Great Britain? If so, I deem the disgrace no small honour. If not, I deny the right of you or any public man to hold up to opprobrium conduct in every way meritorious. You call me a "Bigot." I disown the charge. A bigot is a blind, unreasonable devotee of particular notions. I hold no particular notions but the general sentiments of Protestants. I am not blind, for the fruits of Popery and Protestantism are before my eyes both here and elsewhere. Nor will I admit that Protestant doctrines are unreasonable. Let priest or bishop come forward and challenge discussion, and I assure you there are men here who will gladly accept the offer. The gross vulgarity of "spouting platitudes," I pass over; it is in keeping with the character of the paper. You regard "such exhibitions" as Orange processions as "*deeply insulting* to nearly one half the population of the Island" and their supporters, as "abominable promoters of discord and disturbance." Now, Sir, if Romanists are half, or one-third, or one-fourth of the population, are *insulted* by the sight of a peaceful procession of Protestants calling themselves Orangemen, they are also insulted by the sight of any Protestant Church or Chapel, or the assembling of any worshippers at such a place, for either exhibition is a public proclamation of a victorious Protestantism. And is it to be imagined that Protestants are ashamed that God has granted victory to their principles or to their arms—and that they should carefully conceal from public view all recollections of the glorious triumph achieved by their brave ancestors? That were degeneracy and pusilanimity indeed! Romanism, as you know, claims not only supremacy, but monocracy—its spirit knows no toleration. Concord between the two systems there never can be—there never will be. But Protestant associations are not promoters of disturbance. Their existence proclaims PEACE. Orange lodges are for mutual protection, *not for assault*. They insult no one—they attack no one. No Government can or ought to put them down, for so long as they maintain their inoffensive, peaceful character they are reliable supporters of good order.

My wish is, that all classes of the community should dwell together in peace and harmony; and my exhortation to my friends at Lot 49 was directed to this point. Although not an Orangeman, I am firmly convinced that the peace and prosperity of this Island are bound up with the extension and perpetuity of Protestantism. I am, Yours, &c.,

GEORGE SUTHERLAND.

Charlottetown, August 3, 1860.

MRS. MACREADY.

ON the day of the arrival of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, Mrs. Macready, the celebrated Recitationiste, now on a visit to our Island, was commanded by the Duke of Newcastle, through our greatly respected Mayor, Mr. Haviland, to read before the Prince at Government House, on the first evening of his stay there. On her arrival at the Government House, Mrs. Macready was received most kindly and graciously by Mrs. Dundas, our Governor's amiable Lady, who, in the midst of her numerous and onerous duties, showed all courtesy and kindness to the stranger. Mrs. Macready was ushered into the Hall by Mr. Haviland and the Lieut. Governor—the Suite of His Royal Highness and the Ladies and Gentlemen partaking of His Excellency's hospitality being arranged round the Hall. The Prince then entered, and Mrs. Macready was presented in form.

The fair artiste, by permission of His Royal Highness, rendered the Crimean song, "Jessie Brown," and "The Prince's Welcome." At the termination of this last very beautiful and striking poem, the splendid Band of the 62nd Regiment, who were in attendance in the ante-room, responded to the call of the fair Lady, by at once bursting forth in the National Anthem.

The Prince, who was standing during the whole performance, applauded with his hands. Mrs. Macready was then again presented to His Royal Highness, and he expressed himself delighted with this Lady's great power of rendition. His Grace the Duke of Newcastle and the Earls of St. Germains and Mulgrave, Major General Bruce, &c., &c., were then introduced, and expressed their great admiration of Mrs Macready's wonderful talent and superior genius, complimenting her highly on her power of intonation—regretting that their immediate departure would prevent their having the pleasure of again hearing her in a greater variety of character.

We believe Mrs. Macready purposes affording the public another intellectual treat before she leaves for the States, where she has a series of engagements for the winter, preparatory to her advent in England.

CONSECRATION OF THE BISHOPS OF CHARLOTTETOWN AND MIRAMICHI.

ONE of the most magnificent ceremonials of the Catholic Church was witnessed in St. Dunstan's Cathedral to-day, in the presence of a large audience, including persons of all denominations—namely—the consecration of the Right Rev. Dr. McIntyre, Bishop of Charlottetown, and of the Right Rev. Dr. Rogers, Bishop of Miramichi. His Grace the Archbishop of Halifax, the Bishops of Newfounland, of Arichat, and New Brunswick, together with their Chaplains and about thirty Clergymen from the Arch-diocese and the several Provincial Dioceses, assisted on the occasion. We hope to be able to give a full account of this august ceremonial in our next Number.

☞ WE are authorized to state that the corner stone of the new Roman Catholic Church, now in course of erection at St. Andrew's, under the auspices of our highly esteemed friend, the Rev. Pius McPhee, will be laid, with all the ceremonial prescribed by the Catholic Church, on Thursday, the 23rd instant.

☞ THE Right Rev. Dr. MULLOCK, Bishop of St. John's, N. F., will lecture at St. Dunstan's Cathedral, in this City, to-morrow evening (Thursday), on the present state of Italy.

MARRIAGE IN HIGH LIFE.—On Saturday, July 14th ultimo, at St. George's Hanover Square, by the Right Rev the Bishop of London, assisted by the Houble. and Reverend Frederic de Grey, Captain Sir BRYDGES P. MAJOR HENNIKER, Bart., Royal Regt. Horse Guards, to LOUISA HUGHEN, eldest daughter of Mr. and the late Lady Louisa Hughen, niece to the Duke of St. Allan's and the Right Hon. Earl of Essex. The Bridesmaids were, Lady Diana Beauclerck, Hon. Miss Howard, Hon. Miss Henniker, Misses Louisa and Annie Henniker. After the ceremony, the happy party repaired to Lord Henniker's, Grafton Street, to a *dejeuner*.—*Morning Post.*

The happy Bridegroom referred to above is the brother of Lieut. Augustus A. H. M. Henniker, of this Island.

MRS. MACREADY'S ENTERTAINMENT ON MONDAY EVENING.—We are pleased to announce that Mrs. MACREADY, in compliance with the requests she has received, will favour our citizens with one more of her entertainments, prior to her departure. It will take place on next MONDAY evening. Comment is not necessary, and we can safely assure this gifted lady of a crowded house. The programme, a very brilliant one, will be found in another column.

PROFESSOR O. S. FOWLER'S LECTURES at Temperance Hall drew a crowd, and awakened much enthusiasm, besides having the patronage of His Excellency the Lieut. Governor and His Worship the Mayor, of which they are eminently worthy. He is earnest, direct and very comprehensive, and calculated to awaken reflection and convey useful instruction. He is really worth hearing.

At the close, he publicly described three persons, nominated by the audience, as correctly as any of their acquaintances could have done. To stay away is to meet with a serious loss.

For subjects on each evening see advertisement; but don't forget Love, Courtship and Marriage, Wednesday and Thursday evenings. He can be consulted professionally in day time at his rooms, Terrace House.

CORONER'S INQUEST.—On Sunday last, the 5th instant, an Inquest was held before John M'Neill, Esquire, one of the Coroners for Queen's County, on view of the body of Mary Berrigan, wife of Edward Berrigan, Farmer, Union Road. It appears that the deceased had come to her death by the upsetting of the cart in which she and her husband were returning home from town, at a late hour on Saturday night last, within two hundred yards of their own residence. The verdict of the jury, who sat upon the case, was, that "deceased came to her death by a fall caused by the upsetting of a cart."

PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

ENTERED.

August 6—Schr. Flora, Hingley, Tatamagouch; boards. Mary Jane, Terrio, St John, N. B.; molasses. Lively Lass, James, Pugwash; bal. 7—Faugh-a-ballagh, Bell, Richibucto; lumber. Gad, Campbell, Newfld.: salmon. 8—Lively, Mullins, Wallace; passengers & baggage. George Dundas, Young, Sydney; coal. Bee, McRae, Pictou; do. Sarah Jane, Hingley, Pictou; freestone. Brigantine Dashaway, Bale, Cardiff; coal. 11—Lively Lass, James, Ship Harbour; barrels. Rosebud, Langille, Cape John; limestone. 13—Neptune, Depray, Buctouche; lumber. Trial, LeBlanc, Labrador; herring. Robert Scott, Roache, Cape Breton; coal. Louis Terrier, Pellard, Ship Harbour; fish. Cherub, Bears, Tracadie; shingles. Ellen, Peutz, Pugwash; limestone. Deseada, Boudroit, Ship Harbour; fish &c. 14—Barque Gazelle, Cameron, Liverpool, G. B.; goods. Woodbine, Robertson, Pictou; coal. Lady Jane Gray, Paul, Richibucto; lumber.

CLEARED.

August 6—Amelia, Gerrior, Pictou bal. Lively Lass, James, Canso; bal. 8—Brigt. Callena, Furness, Plymouth, G. B.; deals. 11—Schr. Faugh a ballagh, Bell, Richibucto; bal. 13—Argo, Boudroit, Pictou; bal. Trial, LeBlanc, Richibucto; bal. Mary Jane, Terrior, Miramichi; bal. Plough Boy, Robertson, Pictou; bal.

EXCURSION TRIP.

THE Steamer "LORD SEAFORTH" will make an Excursion Trip from Charlottetown and Summerside to TIGNISH, for the occasion of the opening of the new Church lately erected there.

The ceremony of opening will take place on Sunday morning, 19th August next.

The above Steamer will leave Charlottetown, P. E. Island, on FRIDAY, the 17th AUGUST next, at 12 o'clock at night, calling at Summerside for Passengers, and leave Summerside for Tignish on Saturday morning following, at 6 o'clock.

Fares, exclusive of any meals on board the Boat, to be one fare of Three Dollars each, or Eighteen Shillings of Island money, to be paid in advance, by purchasing Tickets from the Agents as named below, at least one week before the time of starting.

There will be Boats from the shore to land the Passengers and put them on board again.

Refreshments will be on the Church grounds to accommodate the public.

W. B. DEAN, Esq.
Hon. D. BRENAN,
Hon. P. WALKER,
JAMES REDDIN, Esq. } Charlottetown.
Mr. WM. MCEWEN,
Mr. RONALD MCDONALD, } Summerside.
C. BOULTENHOUSE.

July 24, 1860. 3w

TEA! TEA!

SUPERIOR CONGOU.
THE CHOICEST SOUCHONG.
This Spring's importation from England—Wholesale and Retail at
J. H. TURNER & Co's.
July 3, 1860.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MRS. MACREADY,

TO COMPLY WITH NUMEROUS REQUESTS,

WILL give one of her

ENTERTAINMENTS

AT TEMPERANCE HALL,

On MONDAY evening, AUGUST 20.

PROGRAMME:

Lady of the Lake, ... CANTO 4th.	Scott.
The Stocks,	Ebenezer Sprout.
THE LAMENT OF THE SLAVE MOTHER,	J. G Whittier.
Monsieur Tonson and his Landlord,	A Burlesque.
The Hebrew's Petition,	By Request.

This beautiful poem is said to be the production of Southey and Coleridge, jointly.

The Wrong Box,	A Burlesque.
THE DAUGHTER OF HERODIAS,	Frances S. Osgood.

Added to, and arranged for recitation by Mrs. MACREADY.

Doors open at 7½—To commence at 8 o'clock.
Tickets, 2s. 3d.; to be purchased at the Door.

LECTURES ON MAN!

AT TEMPERANCE HALL.

PROF. O. S. FOWLER, founder of the House of Fowler & Wells, long the able Editor of the *American Phrenological Journal*, and Author of several standard American Works on Phrenology and kindred subjects, will lecture in Charlottetown, on Life, its Laws, Organs and Improvements, as taught by PHYSIOLOGY and PHRENOLOGY, and applied to all the varied interests of Man, on evenings and subjects as follow:

MONDAY EVENING, August 13th—Health, Signs of Character, Physiology, Phrenology and its proofs and principles—illustrated by skulls and manikin.

TUESDAY EVENING, August 14th—How to rise in the World, What to do, Self-culture, and Children, their diet, exercise, schooling and intellectual training.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, August 15th—Love, its Laws, Power over Man, Right and Wrong Selection, and who are and who are not adapted to live affectionately together.

THURSDAY EVENING, August 16th—Courtship and Married Life; their fatal errors and right management, with certain rules for rendering happy—full of home truths for married and single.

FRIDAY EVENING, August 17th—Intellect and Memory, the Analysis of the Mental Faculties, and the grouping of the Organs.

Doors open at 7½ o'clock, and each lecture to commence at 8, and close with public examinations of candidates selected by the audience—both interesting and amusing.

Single admission, 1s. 6d.; Tickets to course, for ladies, 4s. 6d., gentlemen, $1. For sale at the store of George T. Haszard, at Apothecaries' Hall, and at the door.

Professional Delineations of Character, and Charts, with full written opinions and advice, touching health, self-improvement and management of children, marriage, &c., daily at his Rooms.

Aug. 7.—2i. D. T. SMITH, Agent.

Lecture on Italy.

BY BISHOP MULLOCK.

HIS Lordship the Right Rev. Dr. Mullock, R. C. Bishop of Newfoundland, now in Charlottetown, will deliver a Lecture in St. Dunstan's Cathedral, in this City, on Thursday evening next, at 8 o'clock, on THE PRESENT STATE OF ITALY, in aid of the funds of the Irish Volunteer Company.

TICKETS OF ADMISSION, 1s. 6d—Reserved seats, 2s 3d. to be had at the stores of Messrs. Brenan, Walker, Dempsey, Gaul, McIsaac, James Reddin, D. Reddin and James McCraith.

August 14, 1860.

AUCTION.

BY order of the Committee for the reception of the Prince of Wales.

TO be sold by Auction on Saturday next, the 18th instant, in front of the Province Building, at 3 o'clock, p. m., a quantity of:—

Carpets, Druggets, Table Cloths,
Knives and Forks, Plates and Dishes, &c. &c.
GLASSWARE—in Dishes, Plates, Tumblers, Decanters, Wines,
TRANSPARENCIES, Flags, Chinese Lamps and Fittings.
Dried Fruits, Preserved Ginger, &c.
Wines (draught and bottled).
Superior Pale Brandy, Bottled Ale and Porter.
Boxes of Sperm and Wax Candles.

A quantity of Boards, Plank, Scantling, &c. &c., together with various other articles.

A. H. YATES, Auctioneer.

August 14, 1860. I & M

Tea, Flour, &c., &c.

TO be sold by Auction, on Tuesday, the 21st inst., in front of the Subscribers' Sale Room, Queen Street, at 11 o'clock:

15 Chests TEA,
70 Bbls. FLOUR,
25 Sides LEATHER,
80 Reams Wrapping PAPER.

—ALSO—

15 Pieces striped Shirting, with sundry other Goods.

TERMS.—All sums over £10, 3 months credit on approved Notes.

J. & T. MORRIS, Auctioneers.

August 14, 1860.

NOTICE.

J. WEATHERBE, formerly of this Island has directed that the remainder of his property at Summerside and elsewhere in the Island may be sold. Therefore, on Thursday the 4th day of October next, will be offered at Summerside a large number of Town Lots, one Dwelling and Warehouse, one Store and Warehouse, and some five acre Lots, all situated at Summerside. Also some Lands at Fifteen Point and the West part of this Island.

TERMS made known on day of sale which will commence at 10 o'clock, a. m.

Reference may be made to Mr. George R. Beer, Charlottetown, or to

WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.

Charlottetown, August 14, 1860. Isl

NOTICE.

BEING about to leave the Island for a short time, I do hereby give notice, that I have, by Power of Attorney, dated this day, appointed Mr. DAVID ROGERS my Attorney, during my absence, who is fully authorized to collect all debts due me, and conduct a general business for me, until I return.

JAMES C. POPE.

Summerside, August 6, 1860. Isl. 4w Aug. 15.

Notice to Shipowners and others.

THE Charlottetown Gas Light Company are prepared to receive Tenders for the Freight of Coals from Pictou to Charlottetown.

By order,
WILLIAM MURPHY, Manager.

Charlottetown, Aug. 14, 1860.

To Truckmen and others.

THE Charlottetown Gas Light Company are prepared to receive Tenders for the Truckage of Coal and other Goods to and from the "Gas Works" to any part of the City.

By order,
WILLIAM MURPHY, Manager.

Charlottetown, Aug. 14, 1860.

CONTRACTORS ATTENTION.

TENDERS will be received up to SATURDAY, the 18th of August, for the erection of a PAROCHIAL HOUSE, at Tracadie, the Plan and Specification of which can be seen on application to the subscriber.

ANGUS McAULAY.

Tracadie, August 15, 1860.

FOR SALE.

LAND in Stratford, opposite Charlottetown a fine corner Lot cheap for cash. If not sold by private sale previously, will be put up at Public Auction without reserve on the 14th November 1860.

Apply to
SWABEY & ROBERTS.

Charlottetown, August 14, 1860.

FRANKLIN HOUSE,

SITUATED IN

QUEEN STREET, - - - - - - - CHARLOTTETOWN,

Now complete and open for the accommodation of

TRANSIENT & PERMANENT BOARDERS.

PETER MACGOWAN, PROPRIETOR.

Aug. 7, 1860.

Tea, Gin, Soap.

ON SALE by the subscriber, at his SALE ROOM, Water-street—

Chests superior Congou TEA,
Half-chests do.
Casks Holland GIN,
Boxes English SOAP.

ALEX. McKINNON.

July 24, 1860.

FOR SALE.

A VERY FINE GREY FILLEY FOR SALE, RISING three years old, fit for a Pony Carriage, or lady's riding—Apply at this office.

August 7, 1860. 3i

AUCTION.

Farms, Crops, Stock & Farming Implements.

TO be sold at PUBLIC AUCTION, on THURSDAY, the 16th day of AUGUST next, that valuable LEASEHOLD PROPERTY lately owned and occupied by Reuben Tublin, senr., consisting of 177 acres of LAND, situated in New Annan, Lot 19. This property can be commodiously divided into two Farms, and can either be sold as one or separately, as may be agreed upon, to suit purchasers. One is located at a distance of 12 chains from the other. The one—well known as "Tapely Farm"—comprises 84 acres, of which 50 are under fence, 45 in a high state of cultivation, and the remainder is well covered with Hardwood, Timber, Poles, &c. This property consists of a well built and commodious Dwelling House, 30 × 24, with a Kitchen attached, Barn 45 × 27, Horse Stable 20 feet square, Granary 14 feet square, Blacksmith's Shop 14 × 10, and other Out Buildings, very convenient for farming purposes.

The above Property being also beautifully situated about five miles from the flourishing settlement of Summerside, and half a mile from good Grist, Saw and Carding Mills, well known as "New Annan Mills." This Farm fronts on the South by the Main Post Road, and is bounded on the west by a never-failing stream of fresh water, only distant a few yards from the Dwelling House and other above mentioned Buildings; where also abundance of Black Mud can be obtained, and other Manures can be had at the sea shore, apparently with every advantage; together with a Marsh, consisting of four acres under fence, and produces a considerable quantity of good Hay.

The latter FARM comprises 93 acres, adjoining the farm of Mr. Robert Walker, and having a frontage of about 21 chains on the Main Post Road, 60 acres of which are under fence and in good cultivation, and the remainder is abundantly covered with Softwood, suitable for Fence Poles, and various other kinds of Lumber; only distant 1 mile from "Clark's Saw Mill." There being also a never-failing Stream of Fresh Water running through the centre of this Farm, and abundance of Black Mud can be obtained on the said Premises.

Either of the above ESTATES is well worthy the attention of any one as first-rate and most desirable BUSINESS STANDS.

Immediate possession will be given.

—ALSO—

The following PROPERTY, viz:—

Crops, Stock and Farming Implements.

38½ acres OATS	4 acres POTATOES
6 do. BARLEY	19 do. HAY.
1 Horse, 3 years old	1 Heifer, 3 years old
1 Mare, 5 do.	2 do 1 do.
1 do. 6 do.	1 Bull, 3 do.
1 do. 13 do.	3 Pigs and 31 Sheep.
5 Milch Cows	
1 set Waggon Harness	1 Portable Threshing Machine
2 Cart do.	2 Wood Sleighs
2 Plough do.	1 Jaunting Sleigh
3 Horse Carts	1 Waggon
1 Roller	200 cart loads Manure
2 pair Harrows	1 Winnowing Machine.
1 Scuffler	Set Blacksmith's Tools.
1 Horse Rake	

Together with a quantity of HOUSEHOLD UTENSILS.

TERMS OF SALE.—STOCK AND FARMING IMPLEMENTS.—All sums under 20s., cash on delivery; 20s. and up to £10, credit will be given until the 1st January next; £10 and upwards, one-half the 1st January next, and the other half payable the 1st Nov., 1861. CROPS—Credit will be given until the 1st December next. FARMS—£10 per cent. payable on transfer of Lease; the remainder in two instalments, one payable on the 1st January, 1862, and the other on the 1st Jan., 1863.

Approved security required in all instances. Sale positive, and no reserve. To commence precisely at 10 o'clock, a.m.

Any further particulars of the said Property can be obtained by calling on the subscriber, or Reuben Tuplin, senr., on the premises.

REUBEN TUPLIN, junr.

Margate, Lot 19, July 10, 1860.

Freehold and Leasehold Farms for Sale.

A FREEHOLD FARM at New London, at the mouth of French River, consisting of 100 acres, 40 acres of which are cleared and in a high state of cultivation; there are 19 acres cut down 7 of which are ready for stumping and the remainder covered with hard and soft wood. There is on the premises a good Dwelling House, a Barn 40 x 30 feet, and Granary 30 x 24 feet, and other out buildings; there is also a good well of water a short distance from the dwelling, and an excellent Spring in the rear of the property. The road leading from Coles's Ferry to Park Corner runs through the Farm.

ALSO,—Fifty acres of Leasehold Land adjoining the above, 20 acres of which are cleared, under fence, and in a good state of cultivation, the remainder is covered with hard and soft wood. A never failing spring of water runs through the middle of this land.

ALSO,—Twenty-two acres of Leasehold Land, about 20 chains distant from the above, covered with a good growth of hard and soft wood.

The above property will be sold with or without the crop. If not disposed of by private sale before the 2[illegible]th of August next, it will be sold by Public Auction on that day, on the premises, at 12 o'clock, noon.

The Crop consists of 6 acres of Wheat, 12½ acres of Oats, 3 acres of Potatoes and 9 acres of Hay. Also, will be sold at the same time, four head young Cattle and one Horse.

The whole of the above property being most conveniently situated at the mouth of the French River, in the midst of a thriving and populous settlement, where a good deal of trade and shipping is carried on, and where there is every facility for loading and transporting agricultural produce, makes it a very desirable situation for either farmer or a merchant.

TERMS made known at day of Sale. Further particulars to be had by applying to W. B. DEAN, Esq., Charlottetown or to the Subscriber on the premises.

JAMES IRELAND.

New London, July 24. Isl

THE SPRING STOCK

OF OVER

1200 PACKAGES,

Received per 'Gazelle,' 'Isabel,' and 'William Douse,'

AT THE

British Dry Goods Store.

THE whole has been selected in the best English and Scotch Markets by one of the Firm, and will be sold *at most reasonable rates.*

The newest and most elegant styles in Mantles, Dresses, Shawls, Bonnets; Flowers, Ribbons, &c., superior White Cottons and Linnens.

Floor Cloths, Druggets, Damask, &c., and every description of Staple and Fancy Goods.

—ALSO—

IRON, Steel, Hardware, Glass, Paint, Varnish, excellent Congou, and a very splendid article of Souchong TEA, Coffee, Sugar Sultana, Layer and Valentia Raisins, Currants, Prunes, Marmalade, &c., &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

May 29, 1860. tf J. H. TURNER & Co.

Call and See! Call and See!

ALL those parties who have not supplied themselves with ricketty and worn out furniture at auction, can purchase new furniture of every description, for less money, at the

City Furniture Ware Rooms.

—ALSO—

Some of the Subscriber's own make of CHAIRS and other Furniture. THOMAS GREEN.

Kent Street, July 3, 1860.

QUEEN SQUARE HOUSE

IS NOW SUPPLIED WITH

An Excellent Assortment of

DRY GOODS,

SELECTED AT SOME OF THE FIRST HOUSES IN ENGLAND.

WM. HEARD.

☞ W. H. thankful for the large share of patronage he has so long enjoyed, intimates that in future the business will be conducted, so as to merit a still greater share of the support of *Cash customers.*

June 12, 1860.

SALT AFLOAT.

10,000 BUSHELS SALT, ex "*Gazelle*," (now on her passage from Liverpool,) for SALE from ship at 1s 4d per bushel.

Purchasers will please make arrangements to receive it immediately on arrival, as the ship will be despatched without delay for Liverpool, returning again for Fall voyage.

W. W. LORD & Co.

Charlottetown, July 17, 1860.

NEW GOODS.

SPRING 1860.

BRITISH WAREHOUSE, QUEEN SQUARE.

THE Subscribers have just received, per Barque *Gazelle*, their SPRING IMPORTATION of

British Merchandize.

May 29, 1860. W. & A. BROWN

A Superior Article in Gents'

SILK AND FELT HATS.

—ALSO—

A Choice Assortment of LADIES' SUMMER BOOTS. On Sale at the BRITISH WAREHOUSE.

W. & A. BROWN.

June 5, 1860.

BOARDING HOUSE.

THE Subscriber having lately fitted up his premises, on Richmond Street, (nearly opposite the Auction Room of Mr J. N. Harris,) for the accommodation of permanent and transient Boarders, is now prepared to attend to those who may call upon him.

As his Boarding House will combine moderate charges, with the conveniences of a private residence, he hopes to receive a share of public patronage.

Ample Stable room can be provided for horses, carriages, &c.

JOHN BOWERS.

Charlottetown, August 7, 1860.