THE DAILY EXAMINER

MARCH 10, 1898.

WHY THE STATES ARE ARMING.

It ought not, we think, to be assumed, for an moment, that the United States will wage war against Spain without cause, or that the government of the United States will be forced into war by jingo speakers and journals representing the views of the ignorant, thoughtless and vicious in the States. The main body of the people of the States are just and peace loving; and all must admit that the government of the States has acted with admirable moderation and good sense under the circumstances resulting from the destruction of the battleship Maine and the greater portion of her ship's company. There is a great difference between going to war and preparing for eventualities. That the government of the States are justified, at this juncture, in preparing for the worst is manifest from the slightest consideration of the conditions which now exist. The military authorities declare that of the total force of 112,000 militiamen under arms in the States at the present time, there are only 100,000 in the infantry branch, and that not over fifty per cent could turn out for service on short notice. New York leads with over 13,000 officers and men, and Pennsylvania comes second with 8,000, and Illinois heads the third plac with 6,000. Other states follow: Massachusetts, 5,200; New Jersey, 4,300, California, 3,800; South Carolina, 3,500; Georgia, 3,200; Texas, 3,000; Minnesota, 2,900; Indiana, 2,800; Connecticut, 2,800; Wisconsin, 2,600; Alabama, 2,500; Michigan, 2,500; Arkansas, 2,500; Iowa, 2,400; Tennessee, 2,400; Missouri, 2,200; Maryland, 1,700; Mississippi, 1,700; Kentucky 1,600; Kansas, 1,500; Oregon, 1,500; North Carolina, 1,400; Maine, 1,400; New Hampshire, 1,400; District of Columbia, 1,300; Rhode Island, 1,300; Louisiana, 1,200; Nebraska, 1,200; Florida, 1,100; Virginia, 1,100; Washington, 1,000; Utah, 1,000. In view of these facts everyone must see that it is encumbent upon the Government of the United States to adopt measures for the mobilization of additional troops. It is estimated that, in case of necessity, the following numbers of men could be furnished: Pennsylvania, 836,000; Illinois, 700,000; Ohio, 645,000; New York, 500,000; Indiana, 500,000; Missouri, 460,500; Massachusetts, 419,000; New Jersey, 385,000; Wisconsin, 374,000; Kentuckey 361,000; Texas, 300,000; Virginia, 285,000; Iowa, 274,000; Michigan, 250,000; Montana, 250,000; North Carolina, 240,000; Mississippi, 233,000; Maryland, 205,000; Arkansas, 205,000; California, 200,000; Tennessee, 190,000. According to reports furnished President McKinlay, the United States could, in case of necessity, put ten millions of men into the field; and surely the government of the States is justified by the perturbed condition of the world and its present relations with Spain in drawing upon this immense force for means alike of self-defence and necessary aggression if war should be declared.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

—Under the government (mis) management there is going to be a great deal of expense in connection with the Yukon country; and nothing out of it for Canada!

—Sir Wilfred has a companion in honor. Mr. Reid, Premier of Western Australia, has also been awarded the gold medal of the Cobden Club. But we have not heard that Mr. Reid is maintaining a protective tariff.

—Commenting upon the result of the Zola trial, The Empire, of London, says: "We may fully expect that a reaction will come; the martyr of today may become a hero in a few months' time, when the Parisians have had time to recover their sang froid. They are so fickle that they are constantly engaged either in burning what they adored or adoring what they have burned.

—One who has succeeded says: "In order to succeed in doing a cash business a man must have backbone. If he starts to give this and that customer credit, the first thing he knows he will be back to the old credit system. There is one good thing about the cash system: Not only does it save money and worry, but it is a good advertisement for you if you go about it in the right way."

—The Premier implies by his answer to Sir Charles Tupper that the election in West Prince will not be brought on immediately. But experience has proved that little dependence is to be placed upon the Premier's implications, or his statements or promises either for that matter. No doubt the complication arising out of the senatorship vacancy blocks the way to the election in West Prince. Nevertheless the Conservatives of West Prince will be wise if they are ready.

—Referring to the Southern Railway and the Hillsborough Bridge, The Guardian "would be pleased to see these works going on," but says "there are other matters of great importance to the entire Island now pressing to the front." These "other matters" ought not to stand in the way of the immediate construction of the Belfast-Murray Harbor Railway. The balance in favor of public works for this Province due by the Dominion Government is sufficiently large to justify them in providing all the public works that we desire or demand.

—Mr. Rutherford, M. P., of Manitoba, is a very imaginative man. He delivered a speech in parliament last week. According to the Montreal Star's report, Mr. Rutherford saw the hand of Providence in the Yukon gold find. The glittering golden sand has lain buried for years beneath 30 feet of turf and sand until such time as the country had an honest government on Capital hill. Mr. Rutherford, in making these observations, must have thought that Sir Wilfrid had medals to give away. But, as the St John Sun remarks, he is rather hard on Providence!

—As to the Yukon Railway the Monetary Times remarks that "the contractors have got nothing, and will get nothing till ratification comes, and ratification of the contract, in its original shape, seems to be in the last degree problematical; for though a party majority in the House should assent; the Senate cannot be depended upon to concur An attempt to buildoze the Senate would, in any case be unwise, and, in the present instance, would be sure to increase any majority which there would otherwise be against the contract."

—It is thought that retail merchants need a closer personal contact and acquaintance with wholesale merchants and manufacturers with whom they deal. A writer for the Canadian grocer says "I think that they should make it a practice to visit the principal markets several times a year, meet the people whom they are patronizing, look carefully through the great sample rooms, inspect the retail stores of the city for new ideas of display and trade attraction. I believe that a universal custom of that kind would prove not only to the advantage of the retail and wholesale merchants, but it would even benefit the commercial travellers, who are directly interested in all enterprising and progressive methods of business education and advancement.

—It is announced that the Liberal candidate for Russell county, Ontario, has been returned unopposed. That this is the result of a deal is evident. An Ottawa despatch to the Montreal Gazette of the 5th inst., says: "The contest in Russell is hourly growing hotter and the contest promises to be a record breaker for the county. Mr. Hardy appears to be playing a desperate game, and he is making a big bid for the county by offering it a chance of having a French-Canadian Minister as its representative. The rumor is current that he has offered a portfolio to Mr. N. A. Belcourt, M. P., for Ottawa, who will resign his seat and run for Russell, Mr. Guibord, the present Liberal candidate, retiring in his favor. Mr. Belcourt was seen by your correspondent this evening and did not deny that the offer had been made. This is a bold move on the part of Mr. Hardy, and it is said to owe its inspiration to Mr. Tarte, who is taking Russell under his fatherly wing and promises his friend, Mr. Hardy, to carry it for him." Time will probably show that the the retirement of the Conservative candidate, Mr. Robiliard, has been procured to secure French representation for the Russell in the Hardy Cabinet.

Farming: We have pointed out frequently the fact that sheep are sure death to a great many weeds hard to eradicate. A Western writer draws attention to the fact that sheep are the most profitable animals on the farm, because they are double-headers and are not liable to cholera or other disease. However this may be, there is no doubt that sheep are not not so much subject to disease as any other animal kept on the farm. Sheep will very often live on the weeds and grasses left by other animals. Then there is the question of care and attention. Though requiring some attention they do not require half as much as the cow, nor as much even as the hog. Besides the profit from the wool each year, there is the profit from the lambs. Our climate is well suited for sheep rearing, and with some shelter during the winter, and with a good supply of suitable food, they will pass the trying season with comparative ease. Our motto to "keep more sheep" is one that every farmer should consider.

Fifteen thousand people have passed over the C. P. R. en route to the Yukon gold fields since January 1st. A good percentage of them went by way of Edmonton.

MISMANAGEMENT.

Discontent With the Intercolonial Railway

(St John Sun.)

The more the new I. C. R. freight tariff is understood the more widespread becomes the feeling of indignation among the people who are served by the line. Mr. Blair, through Manager Harris, has increased the local rates so much in most cases as to make them burdensome, and in some cases practically prohibitive. There was witnessed at a siding in King's county last week the spectacle of a man unloading cordwood from a car, which he had begun to load for St. John before he learned the new rate. That rate was so high that he did not ship the wood. The rate on milk from Sussex to St. John has been increased two cents per hundred pounds. Meat can be shipped cheaper, it is said, by express than by freight. The rate on live stock for short distances is practically prohibitive. There has been a heavy increase on iron from the Nova Scotia works to provincial points. The Restigouche shingle manufacturer can no longer afford to ship to points on the I. C. R. The rate on other lumber has been advanced. In short the people whose interests are involved, and should be considered in the preparation of a freight tariff on the people's railway have been entirely ignored by Mr. Blair. Another feature not very pleasing to St. John wholesalers is the fact that the Montreal dealer is given a more favorable opportunity to capture north shore trade. It is not to be wondered at that the people protest. Those liberals who were wont to rail against the tory governmenton account of its management of the I. C. R. are forced to admit that there never was anything like this under conservative rule. The application of "business principles," of which so much was heard a short time ago, has proved to be nothing more or less than an outrage.

MARCH MAGAZINES.

The Canadian

The Canadian Magazine for March is a hadbsome and interesting number. Jean Blewett, Charles Lewis Shaw, Fergus Hume and Winifred Graham contribute entertaining stories. Thomas Hodgins, Q. C., writes of "British and American Diplomacy Affecting Canada," showing how Canada lost the territory now known as Michigan, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Wisconsin. John A. Cooper reviews McCarthy's Life of Gladstone; Pierre Marot writes of Dreyfus, Zola and France; and Thomas E. Champion gives the first of three historical articles on the Anglican Church in Canada. The illustrations are numerous and include a One pen and ink sketch of a hockey match. Everybody should read this national publication. Under its present editorial management it is improving month by month.

Canadian Grocer: Great Britain imported in 1896, over $53,487,606 worth of hams and bacon. Of this amount Canada contributed $4,456,756 worth, or 8. 36 per cent. of the whole. This is an insignificant percentage when it is remembered that in the same year Canada supplied Great Britain with almost 60 per cent. of her cheese.

The Stanley arrived at Pictou at 1 o'clock today and will leave for Souris tomorrow morning.

Want Wall Paper? Moore & McLeod are the Wall Paper men.

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other brand.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Two Facts..

A Conclusion and an Inference

——THE FACTS——

1. During the past year when most firms were complaining of small sales and dull times generally, we were busy day by day, often working nights to keep up with our orders.

2. Since January first we have found it necessary to increase our capacity.

THE INEVITABLE CONCLUSION

Our goods must give entire satisfaction.

Mark Wright & Co., Ltd

HOME MAKERS.

Tomorrows Needs

are what you are interested in It may be a pair of rubbers, perhaps you want boots too. We have lots of boots in now.

Our

Rubbers Wear

They are cheap insurance for your health .....

ALLEY & CO.,

The Shoeists.

Are You Carrying

any Fire Insurance on your property?

Are you carrying enough? A fire may happen at any time—generally when you least expect it. A policy in one of these good stock Companirs, I represent will protect you from all loss.

My Companies never contest a claim.

E. R. BROW,

Insurance Agent
Charlottetown

ST. PATRICK'S DAY

1825 1898

The Benevolent Irish Society of Charlottetown will celebrate St. Patrick's Day

On Thursday, March 17th

By the usual Parade and Church Service in the morning.

In the Evening at the

Opera - House.

Will be presented by a talented Dramatic Club, the beautiful five-act play,

"REVENGE"

—OR—

"FORCED TO THE WAR."

The scenes of this drama were laid in the borders of Canada and the United States during the civil war of 1863-64, and are replete with thrilling adventures and laughable incidents, and interspersed with songs, music, dance and tableaux.

2--Hours of Solid Enjoyment--2

Don't miss it. Make no other engagement for that night.

Vinnicombe's Orchestra in attendance.

Tickets on sale Friday Morning, March 11th, at the following places: Balcony at Rankin's Drug Store, Orchestra at Dodd's Drug Store, Admission Tickets at Reddin Bros. and McMillan and Hornsly's.

TICKETS 25c, 35c & 50c.

THOS. DRISCOLL, Secretary.

TO LET.

That large, thre story brick warehouse on corner of Pownal and Dorchester Streets, lately occupied by Messrs. B. & M. Rattenbury. Rent moderate. Apply at the office of the Connolly estate, Queen Street.

A. A. McDONALD,
W. W. SULLIVAN,
ARTHUR PETERS,
Trustees of the late Owen Connolly
Feb7eodef

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE

The undersigned, administratrix of the estate of the late David May, of Charlottetown, P. E I., Master Mariner, hereby notifies all persons indebted to the said estate, to make immediate payment to her and all persons having claims against the estate are hereby required to present the same, duly attested to her, at her residence Grafton St., Charlottetown, within three months from this date.

CATHERINE J. MAY.
Charlottetown, Feb'y., 16 1898.
dy law & wk

HAVE YOU HAD

Your Fingers in OUR GLOVE PIE,

Read Our Offer,

If your credit is good come and share in the bargains with cash buyers

Reductions that reduce on Lace Curtains—new stock for 1878.

The .50 kind marked	.35	The .80 kind marked	.60
The 1.00 kind marked	.80	The 1.10 kind marked	.85
The 2 40 kind marked	1.0	The 2.50 kind marked	2.10
The 3.00 kind marked	2.45	The 3.50 kind marked	2.60

The $4, $5 and $6 kind marked down to meet all cut prices. All we ask is compare ours with any cut prices.

KID GLOVES

49 prs light and drk. brown 7 stud lacing glove,	$1.25, for $1
31 prs " " " " " " " "	1.35 for 98c
40 prs " " " " " " " "	1.20 for 90c
24 prs black and col'd. 7 stud lacing gloves,	$1.40 for $1.20
11 prs light and dark tan, 4 clasp gloves,	$1 05 for 78c
18 prs black Monsqua gloves,	$1.50 for $1.25
21 prs black 7 stud lacing gloves,	$1.25 for 95c
25 prs 7 stud lacing black gloves,	$1.25 for 95c
13 pairs 4 clasp black gloves,	$1.00 for 78c
21 pairs 5 stud lacing gloves,	95c for 65c
13 prs 4 buttoned black gloves,	75c for 59c
29 prs 4 buttoned black gloves,	$1.10 for 75c
17 prs 7 stud lacing gloves	$1. 00 for 75c
25 prs cream, heliotrope and tan tipped gloves,	$1.20 for 95c
One lot of mixed goods,	95c for 75c
Musquotare style,	$1.20 for 95c

A few pairs long gloves for every wear, slightly soiled, at a big reduction.

ALL SIZES IN STOCK

A full line of guaranteed gloves always on hand. Money back if you want it.

Jas. Paton & Co.

PRINTING

BY PRINTERS

No establishment out better work than we do.

Not every establishment in Charlottetown can turn out the variety of jobs that come our way.

As to prices. The only way to find out who is cheapest and best is to enquire.

The verdict will be in our favour.

The Examiner Publishing Co.

HAY WIRE.

2 tons No, 14 Hay Wire, in coils of 50 lbs each; for sale cheap for cash, or approved credit.

J. D. BELL,
Montegue.

52 dy 2i wk

MADE TO-DAY AT

QUIRK'S BAKERY

Cream Pies	12c each
Cocoanut Pies	15c "
Washington Pies	10c "
Pastry Pies	10c "
Wine Cakes	10c "
Jelly Rolls	10c "
Jelly Squares	10c per doz
Ginger Snaps	12c " lb
Oat Cake	12c " "
Seed Cakes	10c " "
New York Fruit	10c " "

JOHN QUIRK,
CITY BAKERY,
Grafton Street,