

Owen was dismissed because he would not do his duty. And poor little Mr. Nisbet must follow this example because...

One of the principal objections I had to the late Government was that they made too many appointments through the country. This objection was fully canvassed by the Tory candidates previous to the last election.

Mr. Editor, I have much more to say. A thousand grievances brought upon us in two Sessions by our present rulers...

Queen's County, May, 1860. AURORA.

The Examiner.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., May 29, 1860.

THE SCOTCH EMIGRATION CHEAT AGAIN!

The Colonial Secretary, in his capacity as editor of the Islander, essayed on Friday last to whitewash...

In directing attention to the disreputable character of the advertisement put forth by Mr. Smith, we were actuated by no feelings of animosity to the man, but considered, at the time—and are still of the same opinion—that it became a sacred duty of a public journalist to expose the heartless deception which was attempted to be perpetrated on his fellow-countrymen by Mr. George Simi & Co.

We observe that Mr. Smith, not liking our notice of his letter to the editor of the Protestant, has prudently forbore to obtrude on the public any justification or excuse from his own pen, but has availed himself of the services of the Colonial Secretary's more praised hand, and a precious mess has been the result.

After stating that Mr. Smith "is practically acquainted with the agricultural capabilities of this Island, in which he has resided for some years past," we are told that his "advertisements may have given the brighter side of the picture, and may have contained a few unintentional errors as to the prices at which some articles of agricultural produce are usually sold—errors mainly caused by giving the prices in sterling, instead of currency."

With no middle flight, easy'd to soar Above the Aonian mount, while it pursued Things unattempted yet in prose or rhyme.

We are happy to learn that the Monaghan settlers—who, it is truly stated, emigrated to this Island as "paupers"—have so far proved themselves to be persons of the "right class," according to the Islander's definition, as to be in the prosperous condition attributed to them; and we suppose they would have great pleasure in giving the parties who induced them to come to this "land of milk and honey" a seat in the "waggon or gig" which their industry may have obtained for them.

In concluding this notice of a very discreditable transaction, we repeat the expression of our regret that the official position of Her Majesty's Representative had not been considered as of too high a nature to have permitted its indirect but most potent influence to be in the furtherance of an organized deception. We are willing to believe that His Excellency the Lieut. Governor would have scorned to lend his name, or the prestige of his father's house, to give corroboration to a cruel fraud, and that had he the slightest idea of the previous achievements of Mr. George Smith, he would have scouted, as most offensive insult to himself and to the name he bears, the suggestion that the portals of Dundas Castle should open for his admission.

Volunteers in Ireland for the Pope. Immense exertions are being made in Ireland to raise volunteers for the Papal army. The Cork Herald of yesterday says that 150 young men arrived by the train from Kilkenny for the purpose of joining the Pope's army.

SABLY IN WANT OF POLITICAL TRADE. The second editorial in the last Islander is a vague and rapid reply to Mr. Coles's letter, which appeared in our last No., respecting the purchase of the Worrall Estate.

at a very great loss for an argument to justify the inconsistency of his party, when he is obliged to have recourse to some faint reminiscences of a conversation which is said to have taken place some years ago between the Leader of the present Government and the Leader of the Opposition, but of which the latter has no recollection. It is a matter of no importance what either gentleman may have said to the other in the course of a free and unreserved conversation,—the fact is undeniable, that the present Government have been "constrained" to adopt the principles of their late predecessors on a very material point of policy which they had so much abused while they were in opposition.

The Islander scouts the idea about enforcing the payment of the Quit Rents due on the Selkirk estate. The Colonial Secretary remarks that such a thing was not done when the Worrall estate was purchased by the Government. We know that, and are sorry for it; but if the late Government neglected the performance of a very obvious duty, is that any reason why the present one should follow the bad example? The party now in power censured the Liberals for not establishing a Court of Enquiry to investigate the original titles under the authority of the fifth clause of the Purchase Bill. We shall see when they purchase the Selkirk estate—if ever they can—whether they will act upon the fifth clause with respect to a Court of Enquiry, and do that which they blamed their predecessors for not doing. Moreover, we shall see whether they will deduct anything from the purchase money to be paid to Lord Selkirk for the fishery reserves included in his estate. We know the late Government insisted upon a large reduction on this account before they purchased the Worrall property; and so just was the demand that the vendors could not refuse it.

The Islander does not deny the statement made in the Examiner of Tuesday last, that arrangements are in progress to enable Mr. Douse to become the purchaser of Lord Selkirk's estate, instead of the Government purchasing it—after all the fuss made in the House of Assembly about it!—messages from the Lieut. Governor on the subject!—great exhibition of rejoicing on the ministerial chairs!—eloquent and repeated recantation of the Tory doctrine with respect to the purchase of Township lands!—passing a Bill to supplement the Land Purchase Act, &c., &c. Sic transit gloria mundi—which Mr. Douse can freely and joyously translate as follows:—"The Government speculation has all ended in smoke."

NEW BISHOP OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

We are gratified to learn that the Very Rev. Peter McIntyre, the zealous and amiable Missionary Priest at Tignish, has been appointed to succeed the late Right Rev. Dr. McDonald as Bishop of Charlottetown. The high place which our Reverend and venerable friend has long held in the affections of his brethren of the Priesthood, and the respect and attachment which he has everywhere inspired in the breasts of the laity by the many virtues which adorn his character—will cause the announcement of his elevation to the episcopacy to be received with every manifestation of approval and pleasure.

THE QUEEN'S BIRTH DAY, having occurred on Thursday last, was celebrated by a feu de joie, and a review of the Volunteer Corps, in the Barrack Square. His Excellency the Lieut. Governor held a Levee in the afternoon, and Mrs. Dundas was "At Home" in the evening, when the hospitalities of Government House were freely dispensed to a considerable number of our fellow-citizens, with their fair wives and daughters, who "chased the glowing hours with flying feet," in their usually graceful style, until a late hour of the night.

ARRIVAL OF THE ENGLISH MAIL.

By the steamer this morning from Picton, we were very unexpectedly favoured with an English Mail, bringing dates to the 19th instant. There is, however, scarcely any general intelligence of importance to be found in any of the papers received. We give below a few of the most interesting items which we have noticed.

OPPOSITION OF ENGLAND TO THE RUSSIAN PROPOSED CONFERENCE.

On the occasion of the communications made by Prince Gortchakoff to the diplomatic corps respecting the affairs of Turkey, the English Ambassador, Sir John E. Drummond, immediately protested against the intentions declared by Russia.

SARDINIA WARNED BY RUSSIA NOT TO ATTACK NAPLES.

Russia has remitted to Turin a decided protest against any attack on the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies by the Piedmontese.

CIVIL WAR IN MOROCCO.

The news that another civil war had broken out in Morocco confirmed from several quarters. The Spanish Plenipotentiaries have returned from Tetuan.

THE FRENCH MEDITERRANEAN SQUADRON.

The Moniteur de la Flotte says:—"It is announced that the Mediterranean squadron has received orders to re-enter Toulon, in order to set out again on a more distant mission, respecting which no particulars are known. We may, however, be permitted to suppose, that if not destined for the coast of Sicily, the squadron would cruise in the Levant, where agitators, both political and religious, have recently arisen, which at no distant period may necessitate the interference of the Western Powers."

CHINA.

CANTON, MARCH 29.—The ultimatum was delivered to the Chinese authorities on the 8th of March. An answer is expected in the course of the week. Sir Hope Grant leaves shortly for Shanghai and the allies will occupy Chusan immediately. Business is partially suspended, owing to the movement of the insurgents. Foreigners in Japan go about armed, and a guard from a Russian corvette has been landed at Kanagawa for their protection. Tea unaltered.

CALCUTTA (VIA TRIESTE), APRIL 7.—Sir Charles Trevelyan and all the members of the Madras Government strongly oppose Mr. Wilson's financial scheme, and have published minutes to that effect. Sir Charles has been recalled.

THE SICILIAN INSURRECTION.

DISSEMBARKATION OF GARIBALDI'S EXPEDITION AT MARSALA. Part of Garibaldi's expedition disembarked at Marsala on the 11th instant from two vessels. The royal ships were obliged to cease firing during two hours, being, as it is asserted, prevented by English steamers. The firing could not be resumed until the English officers had returned from the shore to their vessels. The volunteers who had landed were fighting with the royal troops at the moment of the mail's departure. During the landing four persons were killed. It appears that arms and ammunition were disembarked. Other arms, coming from the Levant, were landed several days before on the southern coast.

A Neapolitan official despatch says:—"The firing of the two Neapolitan frigates of Marsala has killed several of the filibusters. As regards the two vessels in which they had arrived, the Lombardo was sunk, and the Piedmont has been captured. The royal troops marched on to meet those who disembarked."

It is reported that a despatch has been received from Naples, stating that the state of affairs being precarious, the King has requested foreign intervention. The Constitutional of Thursday, has the following:—"The latest intelligence we have received is to the effect that the expeditionary corps of Garibaldi is advancing with success in Sicily. The movement is spreading over the whole island. The French Minister at Naples is said to have asked for four ships of war to protect his countrymen, and it is feared, or hoped, as the case may be, that by this the King of Naples is in a very critical position. Then, again, Gen. Lamoriciere has made a movement, and is to be checked by 5000 Piedmontese embarked at Genoa."

Volunteers in Ireland for the Pope. Immense exertions are being made in Ireland to raise volunteers for the Papal army. The Cork Herald of yesterday says that 150 young men arrived by the train from Kilkenny for the purpose of joining the Pope's army. They are fine young men, belonging chiefly to the farming classes, and appeared filled with enthusiasm for the cause which they have espoused. They were accompanied by two priests from the district from whence they had come, and we understand that an additional reinforcement may be expected from Kerry. The Drogheda correspondent of Saunders's Newsletter says that a number of young men have been despatched for Rome from that district. Great attention is paid to their physical capacity. Their parents declare that they have been wheedled and decoyed away, and exclaim loudly against the movement.

NOVA SCOTIA.

Extract from a letter dated Sheet Harbour, 16th May, 1860. Fire has been raging in the woods around this harbour for the past few days, and still continues. A great deal of valuable wood has been destroyed, and if rain does not come soon, the woods in this vicinity will be rendered valueless. On Friday last the house and household goods of Joseph Browner, Esq., on the west side of the harbour, were saved with great difficulty by the inhabitants, men, women, and children, who numerously attended to render assistance. The house received about ten pounds damage; some of his household goods were burnt, together with his barn; total loss about £50. Mr. John Ha, 2nd, had his saw mill and out houses destroyed, together with a quantity of lumber, and a barn belonging to Mr. Daniel Quillman. Fires are raging fiercely north, west, and east of us, and brilliantly illuminate the heavens at night. Should the fire get into the settlements, on the east side of the harbour, the destruction of buildings, &c., I fear, would be severe. I have just heard that there has been rain in Musquodoboit, and the atmosphere here has now a rainy appearance. God grant that it may soon come!"

NEW BRUNSWICK.

STATE OF THE COUNTRY.—Perhaps at no time since the great fire at Miramichi, has the country been suffering so much from fire as at present. Throughout the extensive forests of this Province fires are burning to an alarming extent. We have heard that there are some forty thousand acres of wood land burning at the Grand Lake. Between this city and Charlotte County, and extending back from the sea coast towards Fredericton, the whole plain is wrapped in flame, and the heat is almost insufferable; persons describe it as being terrific. At Golden Grove also the same disastrous element rages; persons can hear the crackling of the flames as if they were standing beside a burning building; in fact the fire rages in all parts of the country, and unless the rain comes soon we are fearful that the damage will be terrible and ruinous—already we have heard of several buildings being destroyed.

In Maine and Nova Scotia the same sad catastrophe is felt. Thousands upon thousands of acres of well timbered land will be swept over, and the lumber entirely destroyed. —St. John Globe.

FIRES IN SAINT JOHN, N. B.

About 11 o'clock Sunday night a fire broke out in a building in Golding-street, which speedily communicated with other houses in the vicinity, consuming three dwelling houses, together with several out houses, &c. The large house on the corner, we learn, belonging to Mr. McDonald, ship builder, and one to Mr. Mosser. Several parties barely escaped with their lives from the burning buildings. The wind blew a terrific gale at the time, scattering sparks and burning shingles in every direction, and for a time threatened the whole neighbourhood with destruction.

While the fire was raging a barn in Richmond street caught, which owing to its co-termining bay, burned at a rapid rate, sweeping several old buildings adjoining, together with a fine house on the corner of Waterloo and Richmond-streets. The residence of John Howe, Esq., a few miles from the City, was destroyed by fire yesterday.

There was another fire in Portland, near St. Luke's Church last night, by which three houses were destroyed,—two belonging to Felix Hogan, and one to Hugh Saunders. —St. John Courier, May 19.

UNITED STATES.

DEPORTATIONS AT THE NEW YORK POST OFFICE.—New York was startled on Monday by the report that Isaac V. Fowler, Postmaster of New York, had fled from justice as a defaulter to a large amount. Rumors of a similar nature had before been put in circulation, and had caused their way into the press; but no proof had ever been adduced to support them, and they had always failed to obtain public credence or to shake the social and political standing of Mr. Fowler, who has been personally popular among all parties as a genial gentleman, and liberal minded man. Now, however, the facts are placed beyond dispute; and from the somewhat differing narratives of the event, which we have derived from various sources, we draw the following summary of what we suppose to be established as the true facts of the case:—

The defalcation, which is stated to be \$155,000, is of long standing, some of it dated back as far as 1856. With the assistance of his friends, Mr. Fowler has, until recently, kept pretty well up in his accounts, but the load was constantly increasing and could no longer be carried. On Friday the first definite step was taken by the issue of a warrant for Mr. Fowler's arrest, and the Assistant Postmaster-General King came on and took possession of the Office. Mr. Fowler disappeared on Saturday night, and yesterday the facts became public.

SPECULATION IN OATS.—The Albany Journal states that there are parties in Canada who hold a large quantity of oats, which they intend shipping to England during the summer months on speculation. The amount is variously estimated from 250,000 to 400,000 bushels.

LATEST FROM THE UNITED STATES.

Fearful Tornado in the West. ONE HUNDRED PERSONS KILLED. CINCINNATI, May 23.

Yesterday's storm extended from Louisville to Marietta, following the line of the river. The damage is estimated at \$1,000,000. All the towns along the place suffered very severely. Thirty-six pairs of coal boats are known to have been sunk, involving a loss of over 100 lives.

All the steamboats on the river were damaged. At Louisville and New Albany the storm was less disastrous than in this vicinity, although at these places a great many buildings were unroofed and trees and fences prostrated.

CURIOSITIES OF ADVERTISING.

We notice, in a late Island paper, the advertisement of a cottage to be let, not a hundred miles from Charlottetown, in which the advertiser informs his admiring readers, in a description of the various apartments in the cottage, that the servant man's room, enumerated after that of the servant girls, is "unconnected with the interior." But the post-script to the same advertisement is much more suggestive of ludicrous associations, for we are told that a School Room is to be let, in a certain locality, "which has all its fixtures and benches ready for immediate tuition." Query, is the Board of Education required to see that the benches be properly instructed, and is Carpenter's Spelling Book one of the manuals to be used in the aforesaid "tuition?" A friend, just engaged in the operation of shaving, says, that the advertiser might have struck the nail much better on the head if he had suggested whether the "benches" were capable of receiving a plane or finished education. However, measure as it is, we avow well from the advertisement, and are glad we saw it, for it gives us a higher opinion of the advantages of free education than we have ever yet been able to hammer into the heads of the public when we learn that benches themselves can be formed into classes. The author of the Essay on Man assured us, more than a hundred years ago, that "The education forms the common mind, Just as the trees are bent, the tree's inclination," and as twigs and trees are the sources from which benches are made, the sapient advertiser is perfectly right in intimating that such things are susceptible of intellectual polish as well as the trees. Talking of trees, we wood-fain opine that the fortunate occupier of the school to let, with its intellectual benches, will very soon have an oak-astion of giving such an elementary instruction as will carry off the palm from all other benches at which not only young ideas but young saplings are taught to shoot; that oak-astion of education to be taught he will give oak-ular demonstration of his being Oak-a (O. K.) at the oak-cult sciences—that his will be no mere willow-the-wisp system of education, but one which will take deep root in the generous soil of the "fixtures," leaving a growing impression, and one fruitful of good results, that a schoolmaster possessed of such opportunities need not be ashamed of his oak-astion, and may safely claim a crown of laurels at that distant date, when his "benches and fixtures," like the garnerers of the husbandman, shall be full of knowledge; and he—having fallen into the sere and yellow leaf—may claim exemption from the

"Delightful task to rear the tender thought, To teach the young idea how to shoot, To plant the seed, to cherish the mind, To breathe the enlivening spirit, and to fix The generous purpose in the glowing—bencher."

TO CORRESPONDENTS. "Conservative's" second letter on the "New College," will appear in our next.

PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

May 17.—Schr. Charlotte, LeBlanc, Halifax; goods. 18—Brigantine Dolphin, Malone, Newfld.; bal. 19—Schr. Flora, Hingley, Tatmagouche, Lunenburg, &c. Houtreas, Disney, Newburyport, U. S.; flour, &c. 21—Septimus, Morris, Boston; goods. Yonus, Boston; goods. 22—Schr. William Douse, Campbell, London; goods. Schr. Mount Vernon, Boudroit, Halifax; do. Caroline, Aylward, Newfld.; goods. Argo, Cameron, do.; bal. 22—Pride, McLeod, Sydney; coal. 23—Schr. Genoa, Perkins, Gloucester, U. S.; 100 lbs. bread. Cecilia, Jenkins, Boston; goods. Benjamin Willis, Staples, Boston; goods. Ariel, McDonald, do.; do. Helena, Roberts, Picton; do. Belle, Gooden, Bay de Verte; deals. Mars, Pollard, Shick, Astor, Bahia, Trinidad, N. B.; shingles. Martha Maria, Clark, Salem, U. S.; empty barrels. 26—Mary Jane, Terrio, Canoe, N. S. 28—Steamer, Margareta Stevenson, Brown, St. John's, N. F.—for the Surveying service. Arrived at Bedouque, on the 26th instant, ship Solferino, from Liverpool, England, 31 days—goods of the Hon. J. C. Pope.

May 21.—W. H. Hart, Evans, Newfld.; produce. 22—Flora, Hingley, Picton; goods. 23—Schr. Rover, Anderson, St. John, N. B.; produce. 26—Belle, Gooden, Bay de Verte. Mary Jane, Terrio, Miramichi; ballast. Barque Gazelle, Cameron, Liverpool, G. B.; shingles. 28—Schr. Alma, Kiezy, St. John's, N. F.; produce.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Hollocoy's Pills and Ointment.—Dyspepsia—Disordered Digestion.—Some persons are particularly prone to stomach and liver complaints; while in others these diseases are produced by sedentary habits, irregular living, or mental disquietude. The liver and stomach being disordered, the heart and lungs soon sympathize with them, and both mind and body shortly suffer. These admirable pills act directly on these organs, and soon restore them to a natural and healthy condition. The impurities are discharged from the system the respiratory organs are relieved, the heated blood cooled, and the bilious secretion regulated, the heart's action becomes tranquil, the nerves acquire strength, and health benignly dawns again, and happiness returns, and the patient is thoroughly restored to easy digestion, cheering thoughts, and refreshing repose.

Strumous or Scrofulous affections are the cause, the blight, the potato rot of mankind. They are vile and filthy as well as fatal. They arise from contamination and impurity of the blood, and are to be seen all around us everywhere. One quarter of all we meet are tainted with them, and one quarter of those die foolishly too, because they are curable. AYER'S SERRAPAPILLA cleanses out the Scrofulous corruption from the blood, renders it pure and healthy, and effectually expurgates the foul contamination from the system. No longer groan under your Scrofulous disorders, since the irresistible AYER has provided his masterly combination of curative virtues that he calls SERRAPAPILLA.—[Democrat, Waterbury, Ct.]

BARRETT'S TRICOPIEROUS is the best and cheap article for dressing, beautifying, cleansing, curling, preserving and restoring the hair. Ladies, try it. Sold by all Druggists & Perfumers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BEER & SON HAVE RECEIVED THIS SPRING A Larger and much Better Assortment of NEW GOODS than usual, to which they invite the attention of the Public. May 29, 1860. 2m

NEW GOODS. SPRING 1860. BRITISH WAREHOUSE, QUEEN SQUARE. THE Subscribers have just received, per Barque Gazelle, their SPRING IMPORTATION of British Merchandise. May 29, 1860. W. & A. BROWN

Victoria Steam Mill. THE Subscriber, having leased this most efficient establishment from the Hon. Dr. Young for a term of years, is now prepared to do all kinds of work with Mill and Circular Saws. He will cut Boards, Scantling and Ship's Plank; also Fencing stuff, and every kind of sawing on moderate terms, and with unusual despatch. There is a spacious Boom on the premises, to which rafts of timber may have easy access at ordinary tides. And these valuable premises are situated on the banks of the Hillsborough River, at the eastern end of the City, this Boom will be found to be safe and convenient. As quick work and small profit will form the motto of the Subscriber, he trusts that he will receive and merit a share of patronage from Ship and Housebuilders, and from a generous and discerning public. Please call and see! and encourage Native Enterprise, by sending orders to WILLIAM W. DUCHEMIN. Charlottetown, May 29, 1860.

Five Pounds Reward. THE above reward will be paid to any person who will give such information as will lead to the apprehension and conviction of the person who maliciously broke one of the Gas Lamps, near the Convent, on Friday night, the 25th inst. By order, W. MURPHY. Charlottetown Gas Works, May 29, 1860.

JOURNEYMEN TAILORS. THREE GOOD WORKMEN, by applying early, will find constant employment at BELL'S CLOTHING STORE. May 29, 1860.

JAMES H. BOURKE, AUCTIONEER AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT. GEORGETOWN, P. E. ISLAND. May 29, 1860. 4w

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SWABEY & ROBERTS, Commission Merchants, AND WHOLESALE and RETAIL PROVISION DEALERS, Great George Street, Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

ALWAYS ON HAND, AT LOWEST MARKET RATES— FLOUR TEAS BRANDY, Pale and Dark. Ship Bread Coffees Rotterdam GIN Cream of the Valley Jamaica Demerara Rum Scotch Whiskey Mal Whiskey Port Wine Sherry Marsala Claret Champagne Bottled Ale & Porter Albertine Spices Candles Naraschino Noyan Starb Genaeva Indigo Blue Milk Punch

English Soda Water, and numerous other smaller articles, all London Importation, and all warranted. Liberal advances made against CONSIGNMENTS at all times, on receipt of Goods. May 29, 1860. 1y

THE SPRING STOCK OF OVER 1200 PACKAGES, Received per 'Gazelle,' 'Isabel,' and 'William Douse,' at the British Dry Goods Store.

THE whole has been selected in the best English and Scotch Markets by one of the Firm, and will be sold at most reasonable rates. The newest and most elegant styles in Mantles, Dresses, Shawls, Bonnets, Flowers, Ribbons, &c., superior White Cottons and Linens. Floor Cloths, Druggets, Damask, &c., and every description of Staple and Fancy Goods.

IRON, Steel, Hardware, Glass, Paint, Varnish, excellent Congou, and a very splendid article of Southing TEA, Coffee, Sugar, Sultana, Layer and Valencia Raisins, Currants, Prunes, Marmalade, &c., &c. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. May 29, 1860. J. A. TURNER & Co.

GLASGOW HOUSE. 1860. Spring Imports. 1860. Received per Ships 'Isabel' and 'Gazelle' from Great Britain.

A LARGE STOCK OF British Manufactured Staple & Fancy DRY GOODS, COMPLETE IN EVERY DEPARTMENT. Selected in the best Markets in Europe by an experienced buyer, and now offered at very low prices for Cash. C. C. VAUX, Queen-street. May 29, 1860. 2m.

Important Sale of Valuable HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, Horses, Carriages, Farm Stock, AND FARMING IMPLEMENTS, &c., &c. TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION, at "WARRINGTON," the residence of JAMES WILSON, ESQ., one mile from the City, on MONDAY, the 18th day of JUNE next, at 11 o'clock, the whole of his large and valuable Stock of Household Furniture, Horses, Carriages, Farm Stock and Implements.

Also if not previously disposed of, the very desirable residence of "WARRINGTON," consisting of 36 acres of LAND, with all the necessary Buildings, &c., suitable for the residence of a Gentleman. Catalogues can be had at the Office of the Auctioneer, WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer. Queen Square, May 22, 1860.

Intestate Estate Sale. BY WILLIAM DODD. TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on the premises, on THURSDAY, the 14th day of June next, at 12 o'clock noon, pursuant to a licence duly granted for that purpose by His Honor the Surrogate and Judge of Probate of this Island, bearing date the ninth day of June, 1857, part of the Real Estate, which belonged to the late John Anderson, of Charlottetown, Master Mariner, deceased, intestate at the time of his death, that is to say: All that piece of ground measuring forty-five feet on Easton Street and forty feet on Hillsborough Street (a little more or less), with all the buildings thereon; and of which said Real Estate the said intestate, John Anderson, died seized and possessed in fee simple. Dated at Charlottetown, this 14th day of May, 1860. CATHERINE ANDERSON, Administratrix of Estate of late John Anderson. May 15, 1860. 1s.

E. & N. A. RAILWAY. Shediac and Moncton Railway. COMMENCING ON TUESDAY, the 10th inst. Trains will run on this division of the Railway, each lawful day, until further notice:— Leaving SHEDAC at 8 a. m., and 3 p. m. MONCTON at 10 a. m., and 5 p. m. Connecting when practicable with the Steamers arriving at Shediac from Quebec and the Northern Ports and Picton and Prince Edward Islands, and at Moncton with those from Saint John. By order, R. C. SCOVILL, Commissioner. Shediac, April 17, 1860.

CHEAP GROCERIES! North Side Queen Square, opposite the