

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, MONDAY, JANUARY 17, 1887.

VOL. 19.—NO. 191.

The Daily Examiner

is issued every evening by
The Examiner Publishing Co.
From their office, corner of Water and
Great George Streets, Charlottetown,
Prince Edward Island.

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Three months 1.25
One month 50
Advertising at moderate rates.
Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, half-yearly, or yearly advertisements, on application.

ALMANAC FOR JANUARY, 1887.

MOON'S CHANGES.											
First Quarter 2nd day, 8h. 5m., a. m., N. E. (below horizon).											
Full Moon 9th day, 6h., 19.8m., p. m., S. E. Last Quarter 16th day, 11h., 9.5m., a. m., W. New Moon 23rd day, 10h., 46.8m., p. m., N. (below horizon).											
DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Sun	Moon	High	Day's	M.	ris	sets	ris	water	len
1 Saturday	7	50.4	19	11	31	2	39	8	29		
2 Sunday	50	20	11	36	3	26	30				
3 Monday	50	21	11	26	4	26	31				
4 Tuesday	50	22	0	50	5	35	32				
5 Wednesday	49	23	1	21	6	44	33				
6 Thursday	49	24	2	3	7	48	35				
7 Friday	48	25	2	44	8	42	37				
8 Saturday	48	26	3	38	9	40	38				
9 Sunday	48	28	4	40	10	16	40				
10 Monday	47	30	5	50	11	0	41				
11 Tuesday	47	30	7	41	12	43	43				
12 Wednesday	46	31	8	15	13	47	45				
13 Thursday	46	33	9	34	1	49	47				
14 Friday	45	34	10	48	1	54	49				
15 Saturday	45	35	11	59	2	43	51				
16 Sunday	44	37	12	50	3	44	53				
17 Monday	43	37	1	10	4	57	56				
18 Tuesday	42	38	2	18	6	16	58				
19 Wednesday	42	41	3	17	7	31	9	1			
20 Thursday	41	42	4	25	8	29	4				
21 Friday	40	44	5	22	9	16	6				
22 Saturday	39	45	6	14	9	59	8				
23 Sunday	38	46	6	59	10	29	11				
24 Monday	37	48	7	38	11	12	13				
25 Tuesday	36	49	8	12	11	47	16				
26 Wednesday	35	50	8	41	12	18	20				
27 Thursday	34	52	9	9	0	18	20				
28 Friday	33	54	9	34	0	51	22				
29 Saturday	32	55	10	2	1	26	24				
30 Sunday	31	57	10	24	2	2	26				
31 Monday	7	29	4	58	10	48	2	42	8	29	

CARD.

"THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY," having lately added to their stock of type and material for Job Printing, are better than ever prepared to execute orders for Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Handbills of all kinds, Visiting or Business Cards, &c., promptly and cheaply, in the best style of the art.

None but first-class workmen are employed in their office; and, as they import their printing papers direct from the manufacturers, they are able to fill all orders on the most favorable terms. The continued patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

W. L. COTTON,
Manager.

Ch'town, Nov. 16, 1886.

CARD.

MRS. E. RUTH wishes to announce to the ladies of Charlottetown that she is prepared to do MANTLE AND DRESSMAKING in the newest fashions, having had many years practical experience in the United States, patrons can feel assured of getting every satisfaction.

Residence, Richmond Street, near Hillsborough Square.
Nov. 29—3mo eod & wky



FOR BOSTON.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT
THE PALACE STEAMERS
OF THE
INTERNATIONAL S.S. CO.

Leave St. John for Boston, via Eastport and Portland, every Monday, and Thursday, at 8.00 a. m. Fare from Charlottetown to Boston, \$6.50, 2nd class; \$9.50, 1st class.
For tickets and other information apply to
A. SHARP, F. W. HALE, P. E. I. Ry., P. E. I. Steam Nav. Co. or to your nearest Ticket Agent.
Nov. 1, 1886—eod wky

L. ARTHUR & CO.,
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
121 ATLANTIC AVENUE,
BOSTON, MASS.

Eggs and Produce a Specialty.
July 15—4ly wky

BARCLAY & CO.,
GENERAL
Commission & Shipping Merchants,
191 Atlantic Avenue, Boston.

EIGHT years' experience in this market. Over fifty thousand bushels P. E. I. potatoes received by us last fall. Our patrons all satisfied. Vessels chartered for potato freights at short notice. Write for market reports.
Specialties—Potatoes, Mackerel, Canned Lobsters, Eggs.
Jan. 17, '87—3mo eod

G. H. HASZARD,
BROWN'S BLOCK, QUEEN SQUARE.

English and American Fancy Goods,
English and American Stationery,
English and American Novelties.

It is a fact that you can always get, at G. H. HASZARD'S, Something New, Something Novel, Something Striking. This is especially true in

STATIONERY,

of which I have, this season, imported a very choice and extensive line. I would also call attention to my large and varied assortment of FANCY GOODS for Christmas Presents.

Stationery Novelties for Ladies—The Primrose Note, The Forget-Me-Not, The Royal Irish Lover Note, The Old English Note.

Xmas Presents for Gentlemen—Handsome Writing Cases, Pocket Books, Gents Photo Albums, Stylograph Pens, Shaving Sets, Inkstands, Gold Pens, Memorandum Books (in cases), Daily Memorandum Calendars, Stationery Cabinets, Gentlemen's Address Sets.

Xmas Presents for Ladies—Beautiful Photograph Albums, Autograph Albums, Writing Desks, Scrap Albums, Photo Frames, Ladies' Hand Bags, Ladies' Pocket-Book Sets, New Style Purses and Wallets, Ladies' Writing Cases, Screen Albums, Sealing Cabinets, Card Cases, &c.

Xmas Presents for Boys—New Books, Writing Desks, Pocket Knives, School Sets, The Boys' Own Annual, Drawing Sets, Paint Boxes, Pocket Books, Purses, &c.

You will find in our goods something for every one. If you want to be up to the times, go to

G. H. HASZARD,
BROWN'S BLOCK.

Dec. 8, 1886.

During Christmas and New Year Weeks

we will offer the balance of our Fur Capes at prices to clear.

Fur Capes at \$6.25 for \$5.00.

Fur Capes at \$5.00 for \$4.00.

Fur Capes at \$4.00 for \$3.20.

Fur Capes at \$3.75 for \$3.00.

Fur Capes at \$3.00 for \$2.40.

Fur Capes at \$2.40 for \$1.90.

—ALSO—

Fur-lined Coats,
Kyrle Cloth Newmarket Coats,
Child's Cloth Jackets.

HARRIS & STEWART,
Successors to
GEO. DAVIES & CO.

Dec. 20, 1886.

X FURS! FURS! X

NO MATTER what competitors may say in their advertisements, it is apparent to the general public that the

BEST BARGAINS

can be had at our establishment.

It is not our claim that we offer FURS as cheap as other houses—we claim you save 40 per cent by trading with us.

We have not the time to enumerate our bargains in Muffs, Caps, Gloves, Coats, Saques, Robes, Collars, &c., but we invite you to call and examine them—satisfy yourself that our bargains are genuine, and our prices the LOWEST OF THE LOW.

STUART'S NEW FUR STORE,

NEWSON BLOCK, CHARLOTTETOWN.
Ch'town, Dec. 11, 1886.

X Boots, Boots. X

Buy Your
FALL BOOTS

—AT—
DORSEY, GOFF & CO.

Ch'town, Sept. 2, 1886.

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE
INSURANCE COMPANY.

Assets, 1st January, 1886 \$36,606,822.03.

FIRE RISKS accepted upon the most favorable conditions and at Lowest Current Rates.

R. R. FITZGERALD,
Agent,

Jan. 3, 1887.

ADAMSON'S
BOTANIC
COUGH
BALSAM
SAFE.
SURE.
PROMPT.
25cts.

AWONDERFUL REMEDY

Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam.
It is as pleasant as honey. Coughs, Colds, and Asthma, which lead to Consumption, have been speedily cured by the use of ADAMSON'S BALSAM after all other medicines have failed. Sufferers from either recent or chronic coughs or bronchial affections, can resort to this great remedy, confident of obtaining speedy relief. Do not delay, but get it now.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Bottled at St. STEVEN'S, N. B., by the Proprietors,
F. W. KISSMAN & CO., Druggists,
413 AVENUE N. Y.

The "Old London"
OYSTER HOUSE

is the most reliable place in the city to get Fresh Narrows Oysters.

The Half-Shell Department cannot be surpassed in the Province for convenience and neatness. It is supplied daily with the Best Oysters that can be procured.

The Steaks that are served in the Saloon have never failed to more than please the most fastidious.

Exquisite is the explanation of those who order by the Pint, Quart, &c., and are always agreeably surprised at the size and flavor.

Always on hand, the Largest Stock of Cigars in the city, and the best brands available.

Nov. 6, 1886—eod tf

GOOD * PURE *
PARKER-HOUSE BAKING-POWDER.
WHOLESALE *

Dec. 8, 1886.

HORSESHOEING.

HAVING secured the services of MR. WILLIAM TUCKER, a native of this Island, who has had nine years' experience as a Horse-shoer in the United States, I am prepared to supply a long-felt want in this line. Mr. Tucker has reduced horse-shoeing to a science, and is prepared to perform all classes of work in a common-sense and scientific manner. I need not inform the intelligent horseowner that the health of the horse and condition of the feet must be understood to weight a horse properly and to successfully operate thereon. Numerous patrons already admit the merits of the work performed, and recommend his system of shoeing.
Customers can always depend on prompt attention and entire satisfaction.

Ch'town, Nov. 17, 1886.

"Nothing Injurious."

WOODRILL'S
& ERMANN
BAKING-POWDER

Contains Nothing Injurious.

MAYNARD BOWMAN,
DOMINION ANALYST,
Halifax, N. S.
Dec. 2, 1886.

COFFEE, COFFEE

Fresh Roasted & Ground

—AT—
BEER & GOFF'S.

Dec. 8, 1886.

Skates! Skates!

JUST RECEIVED:

150 pairs Acme Club Skates,
200 do Imitation Spring do

FOR SALE AT VERY LOW PRICES.

DODD & ROGERS.

Ch'town, Dec. 3—4wks eod

NOTICE.

THE Book Debts of W. R. BOREHAM, Boot and Shoe Merchant of this city, have been assigned to the undersigned, to whose agent amounts due to him will be payable, at the shop occupied by Mr. Boreham.

AMHERST BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTURING CO.
J. M. McLEOD, Agent,
Dec. 30, 1886.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

Inspection.

Sir,—In your issue of the 14th inst., there are two letters in reference to faults found with the work done by the Inspector of Schools for the eastern part of the Island. The one signed "Ploughboy" contains an uncalled for and unwarrantable reflection upon the talented and capable teacher of Montague West. I do not know the school district in which the trouble with the Inspector appears to have taken place, but I do know—and many will support my assertion—that the teacher at Montague West knew his work and performed it faithfully and well, before Mr. Cain was capable of inspecting it.

The other letter on the same subject is signed "J. Roach, teacher, Souris West," and it certainly is a most remarkable production for one supposed to teach English correctly.

Before criticising the composition of "Secretary No. 2" in such a presumptuous and uncharitable tone, Mr. Roach should learn how to write a paragraph that men of ordinary intelligence can understand. I quote from his letter and would like very much to have him explain his meaning as it is not clear to me—or to anyone else.

"There is a system of classification laid down in the register. This, all teachers are expected to follow and enforce, which our much respected friend has labored from the time of his appointment."

Italic is mine. Can anyone tell what he means? He may have intended a fulsome laudation of his superior officer, but he only succeeded in making himself ridiculous. Again quoting from the last paragraph: "But on the other hand, the careless, shallow and inattentive receive the reproof they justly deserve, and for which, through the columns of the press he dare slander him who has courage enough to do his duty." Italic is mine again. What is the antecedent of *he* and *him*? What kind of a phrase is *and for which*? The Souris scribe has apparently forgotten what little grammar he knew when he passed his examination, and mixes his pronouns indiscriminately, besides making a general blunder of the construction of his sentences. Will he kindly bring to bear the power of his mighty brain and explain—if he can—the meaning of the above quotations produced by him. It might, perhaps, be advisable for him to take a term in the school at Montague West, where English is correctly taught and written.

I am, yours,
No. 3.

Experimental Farms.

PROF. SAUNDERS GIVES HIS VIEWS ON THE RESOURCES OF BRITISH COLUMBIA AND THE NORTHWEST.

Prof. Saunders, chief director of the Dominion Experimental farms, is engaged at present preparing a report of his recent transcontinental trip, undertaken for the purpose of obtaining information for the Government regarding desirable locations for the proposed farming sections. Speaking of his impressions of British Columbia, he says the prospects are that stock raising, fruit growing and dairying will be there indulged in on an extensive scale. The coast climate will not prove favorable to wheat culture, owing to the excessive rainfall, but roots and fruits of all descriptions will thrive exceedingly well. East of the Cascades there is a fine stretch of country probably unsurpassed for ranching purposes. Work in the province next year on the proposed farm will include experiments with permanent grasses suited for stock raising as well as in dairying, cereals and roots. Professor Saunders believes that more varied and extensive experiments will be carried on in the Northwest than in any other portion of the Dominion. It is proposed to go into tree culture with the view of determining what trees are best adapted to the climate of the Northwest. The experimental station for the Maritime provinces will probably be located at some point in Nova Scotia in the isthmus adjoining New Brunswick. This will make the station equally adjacent to farmers of the three provinces. When the work is inaugurated, farmers from British Columbia to Nova Scotia will be able to send their grain to the central farm at Ottawa and have its germinative powers tested free of cost. Bulletins noting the result of experiments will be published from time to time for the benefit of the farming element of the Dominion.

Prohibition.

The Toronto Mail says:—A few weeks ago we called the attention of our prohibition friends to the existence in the Seminary at Quebec of a manuscript written by a missionary about the year 1702, in which a prohibitory law was advocated alike for the Indians and white men of New France. We now learn from the work of a recent French explorer in Mexico that prohibition, or something very like it, was in force amongst certain of the Aztec priests. The 303 priests of Tezcatzoncati had to partake in a daily sacrifice of Agave wine to that god, but in order to set a good example to the common folk, they made a slight change in the ceremony. Instead of each drinking the wine, they placed 303 reeds in the immense jar containing it, which stood on the altar. One alone of these reeds was hollow, so that only the priest to whom the hollow reed fell by lot could touch the liquor.

Scott's Emulsion of Pure

Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites

is not only very palatable, but the remedial power of these valuable specifics is greatly increased, and as a remedy for consumption, scrofula, emaciation, or where there is loss of flesh and nerve power, it is remarkable in its results. Take no other.

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Horse Habits.

SOMETHING ABOUT EQUINE WAYS AND PECULIARITIES—HORSES DISPOSED TO BE GENTLE OR SAVAGE ACCORDING TO TREATMENT.

A gentleman who has made a study of horses and their characteristics for years, and who is the owner of a number of fine animals, was shown by a New York Mail and Express reporter, an item that has been going the rounds of the press about a horse becoming insane.

"I do not believe there is any such thing as insanity among horses," he said. "A horse may become wild and unmanageable from pain, such as the toothache or because of cruel and brutal treatment or fright, but it is only a temporary affection. But I will not deny that many horses are natural fools. I have in fact seen many such on which there was no dependence, and a characteristic of which is the taking up of a mouthful of hay and tossing it about, making frequently no headway in eating. Such horses show no affection, and a stranger can drive them as readily as one who has handled them for years, which is not the case with an intelligent horse. One thing that makes a horse nervous are these fancy curb bits, which hurt a horse considerably, and I attribute a great deal of this so-called viciousness to these contrivances. No, sir; I do not even believe in natural viciousness in a horse. To ill-treatment this is all due. Take a high-strung, nervous horse and it does not require much ill-treatment to make him vicious. I have seen horses and owned them which would be perfectly gentle in harness and in the stable, but the moment they would see me pick up a stick or whip would at once seem to change their dispositions and try to jump upon me and otherwise do me harm. Out West last summer I came across a black horse which had killed three men, and which worked six mares to death. He was worked twelve years day and night on a stage coach. He would trample both men and his mates to death if they came too near him. But he was ill-treated, brutally treated, all the time. Why, every time they put a harness on him they would keep him goaded with a pitchfork, so that he trembled with fear all the time. It was quite a sight to see him harnessed. After the harness was snapped about him a heavy rope was tied about his neck and then he would be clubbed over the head and backed out of the stall. Then the rope would be thrown over a beam and the men would take the bridle and club him with it on the head so as to stun him before they could get it on. He was a large powerful animal, and fine looking.

Why to-day that horse is as gentle as a kitten. Why so? Because he passed into other hands from which he received kind treatment; that is all he needed.

"I have a light sorrel horse named Rowdy, which I have owned about two years. He was very high strung and a notorious runaway when I got him. The man who sold him to me confessed that no impression could be made on the horse's mouth. I began with gentle treatment and letting him know that I was his master and drove him with a straight bit. At the start he kicked straight out of the traces. He is subdued and gentle, and the moment I speak to him he obeys and will come every where to meet me at the sound of my voice. He has a trait that causes much amusement. We allowed him to run in pasture with a mate. Rowdy was always a great fence jumper, but his mate was not on the start. When to get her, Rowdy would leap a fence and then seeing his mate decline to follow, would at first coax by jumping it over several times back and forth, and at last, seeing this would not succeed, would begin biting the other one and pushing it with his nose until he compelled it to jump.

While west I noticed that frequently horses are guided the same as oxen, with out reins, and that it is very easy to teach them to obey in this way. It is like everything else about a horse—let him have confidence in his master and he will do anything. I saw an odd instance of a balky horse out there. It was in Michigan and he was attached to a light buggy. The horse was very large, and would weigh 1,700 to 1,800 pounds. They were on a level, and after going about eighty rods the horse stopped short and would not budge. He was beaten, knocked and whipped, but without avail. Then a yoke of cattle was brought up and fastened, to which was a chain, which was fastened about the horse's neck. That horse was dragged half a mile by the cattle, and then was as stubborn as at first. He was finally left alone, and after standing seven hours started up all right of his own accord. The trouble is that when a horse gets balky people lose their temper, and this only makes matters worse. The only sure remedy for a balky horse is to blindfold him by bandaging his eyes. I never knew this to fail, as it seems to take away the animal's attention from the subject over which he is stubborn.

Farming in the United States.

An American gentleman (Mr. T. G. Sherman), who has given a good deal of attention to agricultural statistics, states that persons engaged in agriculture in the United States receive an average income of only \$300 a year, and this average includes the incomes of all the owners of farms. What, then, asks a writer in the N. Y. Christian Union, must be the miseries of the laborers and the tenants? So after all the United States is not quite such a paradise for farmers and farm laborers as many people believe it to be. Farm life, even there, is not very lucrative.

A strong endowment is conferred upon that magnificent institution, the human system, by Dr. Pierce's golden medical discovery that fortifies it against the encroachments of disease. It is the great blood purifier and alterative, and as a remedy for consumption, bronchitis, and all diseases of a wasting nature, its influence is rapid, efficacious and permanent. Sold everywhere.

Scott's Emulsion of Pure

Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites

is not only very palatable, but the remedial power of these valuable specifics is greatly increased, and as a remedy for consumption, scrofula, emaciation, or where there is loss of flesh and nerve power, it is remarkable in its results. Take no other.

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