

The Daily Examiner

JULY 21, 1885.

Rev. George Wright Hodgson, M. A.

WE mourn, to-day, the loss of a model citizen. The Rev. George Wright Hodgson is numbered with his fathers. His spirit has gone to Him who gave it.

He was a worthy son of a worthy father. Mr. Daniel Hodgson, it will be remembered, went to his rest just two years ago. George Wright Hodgson was his second son.

In the course of his short career, he worked for the Church, for his country and for mankind, with powerful voice and skilful pen, with earnestness and unselfishness, rare in these latter days of flippancy and greed.

His chief work was for the Church of England. In 1864, he was ordained a Deacon; in 1865 he was called to the Priesthood; shortly after he was appointed Chaplain to His Lordship, the Bishop of Nova Scotia.

He performed all the duties of his high and sacred calling with scrupulous care. Many thought that he taught wrong doctrines, and were kept away from him. But his zeal, his practical ability, his evident sincerity, his kindness, his purity of life and character drew many to his side.

Be of good courage; God is with His Church, and will be even to the end. If trials come upon you be patient. Be diligent in prayer and in the use of all the means of grace.

Upon the Church of England in this diocese, and throughout Canada, Mr. Hodgson exercised an influence far more potent than men of his age usually do. He was "young in years, but in sage counsel old," and he was a recognized leader in diocesan and provincial synods.

As a citizen Mr. Hodgson was among the foremost in every good word and work. His conduct was, indeed, a model for those who desire to be good citizens. Stiff in his own opinions, and ready to promote and defend his views, he was, at the same time, exceedingly tolerant of the opinions of others, and sensitively careful about hurting anybody by word or deed who was not evidently doing wrong, or of infringing in any way upon the rights of others.

schools, the good, homely, practical advice he was ready to give whenever required, the noble ardor and pre-eminence of his which he attacked the greatest curse of our society, the liquor traffic? No other man in the community had the courage to grapple with the liquor vice as he did; and it is certain that had his health been spared, violators of the liquor law would not now be holding high carnival? At one time Mr. Hodgson was a not infrequent contributor to THE EXAMINER, though he never took any part in the disputes of political parties; and the Province is indebted to him for several practical suggestions for the solution of important public questions.

The sick, the poor, the distressed, in mind or body, had in Mr. Hodgson, not merely a faithful minister of the Saviour of all such, but a warm-hearted compassionate friend. He gave them the sympathy of a man, and aided them in a practical way. His presence was as a cheering light at the bed of sickness, and he withheld not his hand from those who were in want and misery.

Less than a year ago Mr. Hodgson was married to Miss Gertrude Des-Brisay, second daughter of the late Theophilus Des-Brisay, Esq., of Spring Park, who, with his brother, Mr. Edward J. Hodgson, and his many sorrowing relatives, has the heartfelt sympathy of the community.

The loss we mourn, in common, to-day is, indeed, severe. It is a loss to the Church, a loss to the public, a loss to the cause of temperance, a loss to the sick and poor, a loss (greatest of all) to the bereaved wife and family. But, we must humbly say, as he said: "Thy will be done"; and we may comfort ourselves by thinking of him as one made as perfect as it is fit that man here should be, and so called away from a world of imperfection.

"When faith and love, which parted from thee never Had ripened thy just soul to dwell with God, Meekly thou didst resign this earthly road, Of death, called life; which us from life doth sever. Thy works and aims and all thy good endeavor Stayed not behind, nor in the grave were trod; But, as faith pointed with her golden rod, Followed thee up to joy and bliss forever."

The Liberal Party in this Province have long ago manifested a strong aversion to free discussion of the political issues of the day on the public platform. They hold hole-and-corner meetings, make inflammatory speeches, and use various devices to entrap the unwary; but when challenged to come out boldly and discuss political questions fairly and impartially, they sink off to hiding places as do cowardly assassins when their weapons of destruction are wrested from their grasp or left useless in their hands.

Mr. Ferguson was present; but Mr. Davies, afraid to face a worthy foe on equal grounds, went to Georgetown on pretence of attending a session of the Supreme Court, which really does not commence at that place until to-morrow. True, the President of the Little York Reform Club—Mr. Mun—was present to apologise for Mr. Davies' absence, but the apology was "too thin." It was not received by the meeting in a kindly spirit. It only made it more apparent to the electors that the leader of the Grit party wished to shirk the discussion, and that they were afraid to meet their opponents face to face.

The meeting was addressed by Hon. D. Ferguson, who received an attentive hearing and handled the live questions of the day in such a manner as to win the incommensurable of all present. We shall publish the first part of Mr. Ferguson's speech to-morrow.

A United States exchange, referring to the Canadian Government Franchise Bill, says:—

Canada has taken a long step toward manhood suffrage, and henceforth will add to its voting lists many thousands of names. The increase is estimated by some as equal to one-third of the present electorate. In cities the property qualification is \$300, a reduction of 25 per cent., while in towns a corresponding decrease has been made from \$300 to \$200. The income qualification has also been lowered from \$400 to \$300, and under the head of income daily wages are to be included. But the change which should interest Americans more than all others is the entrusting of the franchise to Indians, except in British Columbia and the Northwest Territories, provided, however, that actual settlement is made on some distinct portion of a reserve, and that the owner has expended \$150 on his property. The Canadian press are disposed to view this movement from

partisan standpoint. The Opposition claim that it will require a heavy expense to carry out the complex details of the bill, and that the Indians will be blind tools of the Government party. The nation will watch with interest the result, though it cannot be doubted but that the Indians will feel toward the present Government party much as the negroes of the United States have long felt toward the Republican party."

Strong Support.

CARDINAL MANNING STANDS SIDE BY SIDE WITH EDITOR STEAD—FIRST SESSION OF THE GREAT COMMISSION OF INQUIRY.

LONDON, July 16.—Rt. Hon. and Most Rev. Edward White Benson, Archbishop of Canterbury and Primate of England; Rt. Rev. Frederick Temple, D. D., Bishop of London; His Eminence Henry Edward, Cardinal Manning, Archbishop of Westminster, and Hon. Samuel Morley, member of Parliament for Bristol, met this afternoon at the Mansion House and began their work of special private inquiry into the evidence which the Pall Mall Gazette bases its charges of inquiry in London. The Lord Mayor and the City Recorder were by invitation present at the meeting.

The commission investigating the charges made by the Pall Mall Gazette spent three hours yesterday afternoon under oath. The commissioners' examination was confined to the work of sifting evidence gathered by the reporters in support of the Gazette's statement that among the criminal establishments purveying to vice in London was the procurator firm of Messdames X. and Z., whose business consisted of supplying customers all over Europe with young female children, certified by reputable physicians to be innocent. To show the Mansion House committee that the diabolical business exposed by the Gazette was still carried on, a reporter offered to procure from the establishment of X. and Z. as many certified girls as the committee might name. There being some hesitation about the acceptance of this proposition, the reporter, while the committee was in session, went to a procurer and ordered a pretty girl, fourteen years of age, certified by a physician to be good, to be delivered to his order as "agent for a gentleman of sixty." Madame accepted the order, and in a short time produced the girl certified. The reporter investigated the child's history, and ascertained that her father was dead and her mother was a poor working woman. The girl was dressed in an old black frock. Having completed the purchase of the girl, the reporter hastened to arrange for her delivery anywhere, and to any person designated by the Committee. No member of the Committee would consent to receive her; the reporter thereupon arranged for her delivery to-night, and hurried back to the Mansion House, having completed the entire transaction.

Cardinal Manning, in an interview, gave the editor and proprietor of the Pall Mall Gazette the strongest support:—"I know Mr. Stead," Cardinal Manning said, "and have perfect confidence in his intentions and integrity. What he has done has been done in combination with a number of trustworthy persons and legal advisors, so that his evidence depends not on hearsay, but on direct personal knowledge. The extent of the evil now exposed has long been indistinctly known, but it has been impossible to obtain legal proof. Mr. Stead is the first person who has ventured, at great personal sacrifice and endurance, to obtain this legal evidence. It was certain that in publishing statements so detailed and so often vivid he will encounter, as he has done, a great deal of obloquy, but, on the other hand, he has the foremost support of a very large number of men of all kinds and of the largest influence in England. It would be easy to criticise the details of articles of such a nature, and all those who desire to hush up so atrocious an evil may find expressions and narratives on which to fasten, but it would be ungenerous, cowardly and cruel to assail a man who has sacrificed himself to expose, in the hope of checking it, if not of extirpating it, an evil of such portentous magnitude. It is to be further remembered that since 1881 attempts to obtain a needed legal enactment have been continually and vexatiously defeated. Yet in 1881 a committee of the House of Lords published a folio bluebook, dealing in the minute particulars with irrefragable proof of the enormities of this abominable traffic. Year after year, the bill proposed to Parliament had been weakened, defeated or talked out. The patience of those who know the truth has been justly exhausted. Nothing short of this last righteous and resolute action could, in my belief, have enforced and ensured the enactment of further power to supplement our most defective statutes on this terrible subject."

The Cost of the Rebellion.

(Montreal Gazette.)

The Government estimates the cost of the Northwest rebellion at \$4,000,000, \$1,700,000 having been already voted, and \$2,300,000 placed in the estimates for the current fiscal year. This is a large addition to the ordinary expenditure of a twelve months, and one wholly unexpected, but there are few outside the pale of rabid partisans who will aver it was avoidable. The uprising resulted from the instigation of a single man working on the prejudices and the ignorance of a distinct class of people, a man bent upon creating mischief, and whose object, as all testimony proves, was less to obtain what is termed justice than to force concessions at the point of the bayonet. While the expense has been considerable, the results have given ample compensation. A difficult problem has been solved; the future security of settlers has been assured; the ability of Canada to cope with internal dissensions has been demonstrated, and out of the perplexities of the past four months has come an inspiration of nationality, and a consciousness of power hitherto unknown to the Dominion. Four millions is a large sum of money to spend, but it will be well spent if it awakens the people to a sense of their citizenship and of the possibilities of their country.

In Chancery.

Before the Vice Chancellor. In the matter of Michael Murphy, a person of unsound mind.

BY virtue of an order of His Honor the Vice Chancellor, made in this matter, bearing date the 16th day of July, 1885, all persons having any debts or claims against the said Michael Murphy, are hereby required to come in and prove the same before me the undersigned Master: And I do hereby, by virtue of the said order and the authority to me therein given, give notice thereof, and I do hereby appoint every Tuesday next ensuing the date hereof up to the last Tuesday in August next inclusive, for that purpose. And it is by the said order further declared that such of the creditors of the said Michael Murphy as shall not come in and prove their debts or claims by the said last Tuesday in August next, shall be excluded from the benefit of the said order.

Dated this 16th day of July, A. D. 1885. EDWARD BAYFIELD, Master in Chancery.

NEIL McLEOD, Solicitor for Committee. Charlottetown, July 16, 1885—jy 21 7i pat

TENDERS

WILL be received by the undersigned until 6 p. m., on FRIDAY, 24th inst., for the Catering at the Banquet of the Society Picnic, which is to be held on the grounds adjoining McEwen's Wharf, West River, on THURSDAY, 6th August. JOHN HENNESSY, Secy Committee. Great George St., July 21, '85—3i

Reported Miracles.

The Ottawa pilgrims, numbering over six hundred persons, returned to Montreal on the 19th inst., by the steamer Canada from St. Anne de Beaupre. Several miracles are said to have been accomplished, and among them reported is the case of a young man named Dolan, aged 20, of Manotick, who was suffering from spinal injuries, and unable to sit or walk in erect position. On returning from the shrine it is said that he was able to walk as well as any of his fellow passengers. Another case is that of a French-Canadian woman who had been lame for a number of years and had to go on crutches. While returning on the Canada she suddenly felt better, and sent the crutches back to the shrine as a gift. Another old lady named Lemothe, aged 70, also a cripple, after praying at the altar, dropped the crutches and left, walking at a rapid pace, crying through gratitude. Other miracles reported are being investigated.—Montreal Gazette.

A Southern Picture by a traveller through the Pearl River county, Mississippi State, as described in the New Orleans Picayune:—"We presently passed near a cabin house, and noted the mother washing off her numerous brood, preparatory to packing them all off to bed. Fancy eight little barbarians stood all in a row on a pine log near the well, and all quite naked. Very much in earnest the busy mother lathered the lot with soap from top to bottom, and then dashed big tin basinsful of cold water over them. As the soap was thus primitively rinsed off, she lifted them one by one and stood them on the porch to drip. How pretty they looked, their bare limbs glistening like brown marble. An elder sister dropped a short calico slip over each white head (they stood like so many dandelions gone to seed, their old locks flying) and in the twink of an eye the entire lot were tumbled off into the room, where a spark was glowing on the big hearth."

Lightning does its work before the victim knows anything. Two men were struck while taking refuge under a tree. Both were carried into the house and laid out for dead. One of the men revived, and, after weeks of terrific suffering and infirmity, he got out again and is still living. He said he knew no more about having been struck by lightning than he was conscious of having lived before the flood. It was all new to him when he was told of the fact.

EXCURSION

TO—

CAPE BRETON,

PER S. S.

'ULUNDA,'

—VIA—

Port Hawkesbury

EXCURSION TICKETS, good to return till 1st SEPTEMBER will be issued for the trip from Charlottetown to Hawkesbury, thence by steamer to Bras d'or Lakes, to Sydney and return. Fares for the round trip, \$9.00.

FENTON T. NEWBERY, Agent. July 21st, '85.

AFFIDAVIT.

PERSONALLY appeared before me, this Sixteenth day of July, 1885, BENJAMIN ROBINSON, of Stanley, New London, who maketh oath and saith that he has been accused by FREDERICK ANDERSON, of New London, of having stolen money from him, on board his vessel at Miramichi, and he, the said Benjamin Robinson now maketh oath that he never did at any time, or under any circumstances, steal money from the said Frederick Anderson, accused by him. (Signed) BENJAMIN ROBINSON. Sworn to before me at Clifton, this 16th day July, 18 5. JOEN G. MCKAY, J. P.

July 21—four union

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

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AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE FREEHOLD FARM At Belfast, Lot 57.

THERE will be Sold, by Public Auction, on the premises, at Newtown, Belfast, on THURSDAY, the 23rd day of July inst., at 11 o'clock, a. m., that very valuable Freehold Farm, formerly occupied by the late Edward Robertson, Esq., comprising one hundred acres.

This property is beautifully situated, having a frontage on Newtown River, with abundance of mussel mud within a short distance.

Upon the farm there are a good dwelling house, large and convenient outbuildings and fine orchard.

About half the farm is clear and in a good state of cultivation, and is now under crop, and the balance is covered with a splendid growth of hardwood and fence poles.

Terms easy, and made known on application to F. L. HASZARD, Solicitor, Charlottetown.

The purchaser of the farm could purchase the crop if desirable.

Persons desirous of attending the sale can go down by steamer Heather Belle, leaving Charlottetown on Wednesday, at 3 p. m., returning Thursday evening.

GEORGE DAVIES, ALEXANDER CAMERON, Trustees. F. L. HASZARD, Ch'town, July 7, 1885—jly 10 wky tl sale

Removal Notice.

HORACE HASZARD has removed his offices to the Cameron Block, South side Queen Square, Charlottetown. July 20, 1885.

Auction Sale.

High-Class Furniture at the Roller Riak.

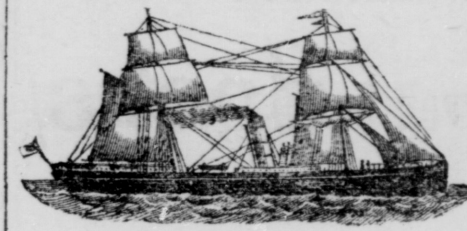
BY Auction, WEDNESDAY, July 22nd, at 10.30 o'clock, sharp, a splendid assortment of fine Furniture, in walnut, mahogany, oak, and Hungarian ash.

Six magnificent Cabinet Organs, in elegant walnut cases.

Goods on view, Tuesday, 21st inst. Sale positive. No postponement. All must be closed out on Wednesday, July 22nd.

A. McNEILL, Auctioneer.

July 18, 1885.—3i



'BONAVISTA,'

—FOR—

St. John's, Newfoundland.

DUE HERE

Wednesday Morning, 22nd instant.

For Freight apply to

PEAKE BROS. & CO.,

AGENTS. Ch'town, July 14, 1885.—2i

Prof. Smythe,

HAVING returned after nine years' absence in Europe and the United States, begs leave to inform the gentry and friends that he is prepared to give instruction in Vocal and Instrumental Music to a limited number of pupils. Application at Herald and EXAMINER Offices. Piano and Organ Tuning punctually attended to. 6i—jy 17

Special Notice

PURCHASERS OF Cotton Warp.

WE find it necessary to call the attention of those who USE COTTON YARN OR WARP to the fact that the yarn made by us is the ONLY REAL

Water-Twist Yarn

Made in the Dominion—no other mill having the machinery on which to make it.

Our Yarn is, consequently, very much superior for weaving purposes to any other in the market—a fact which is well known to those who have used it for the past TWENTY YEARS.

All our Yarns have our name upon the label, and none other are genuine.

For sale by all Wholesale Houses.

WM. PARKS & SON,

(LIMITED). New Brunswick Cotton Mills. June 9, 1885.

CAUTION.

EACH PLUG OF THE

MYRTLE NAVY

IS MARKED

T. & B.

IN BRONZE LETTERS.

NONE OTHER GENUINE

June 1, 1885—1 j r

Arsenic, Strychnine, AND Carbonate of Ammonia

are classed among POISONOUS CHEMICALS.

Do you use that BAKING POWDER sold only in tins which

F. L. BARTLETT, State Chemist of Maine, says contains CARBONATE OF AMMONIA.

Over 25 years use by the PUBLIC, besides Analyses made by the Dominion Analysts of St. John and Halifax will assure all of the safety in using

WOODILL'S GERMAN BAKING POWDER!

sold in Paper and in Tins 25 per Cent. Cheaper, and UNEQUALLED BY ANY OTHER BAKING POWDER.

If your grocer will not get it, a Package will be mailed free on receipt of 6, 8, 12, 15, 24 or 25 cts. Reject all as Spurious without the names Woodill's German Baking Powder and

W. M. D. PEARMAN, Trustee, Halifax, N. S. July 18—1yr dy wky

Telephone Notice.

OUR Office and Factory are now connected with the Central Office of the Bell Telephone Co. Any commands received in that way will receive prompt attention.

MARK WRIGHT & CO. July 17—1w

SCOTTISH GATHERING.

THE annual Gathering of the Clans, under the auspices of the Caladonia Club of P. E. Island, will be held at Charlottetown on Thursday, the 23rd July inst.

Special arrangements are made, and cheap rates secured from all points by Railways and Steamers.

For full particulars get Programme. JOHN M. CAMPBELL, Secy of Games Committee. July 4—1f

COAL, COAL.

PERSONS requiring orders for Cargoes of Coal can obtain them, on the usual terms, from the Subscriber, at his Office, NO. 35 WATER STREET, viz:—

On the Old Sydney Mines, Lingan and Victoria, C. B., —AND ON THE—

Albion Mines, Pictou. G. W. DeBLOIS. Ch'town, June 19, '85—1f.

NEW ENGLAND CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC

Boston, Mass., OLDEST in America; Largest and Best Equipped in the WORLD—360 Instructors, 1971 Students last year. Thorough instruction in Vocal and Instrumental Music, Piano and Organ Tuning, Fine Arts, Oratory, Literature, French, German, and Italian Languages, English Branches, Gymnastics, etc. Tuition, \$5 to \$20; board and room, \$45 to \$75 per term. Fall Term begins September 10, 1885. For Illustrated Catalogue, giving full information, address, E. TOWNSEND, 119, Franklin St., BOSTON, Mass.

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