

THE DAILY EXAMINER, SEPTEMBER 10, 1881.

Creameries on P. E. Island.

We learn that P. M. Bourke, Esq., has returned from the United States; that while away he visited and inspected some of the largest and best creameries there, with a view to the establishment of a creamery at Mill View; and that he has made arrangements under which operations in that line will be commenced next spring.

It is very pleasing to learn that a source of wealth so directly connected with our farmers is about to be opened up; and we congratulate Mr. Bourke and the farmers of his neighborhood upon the fact that they were the first to do so.

Under careful management creameries must pay on this Island. Butter of the first quality—uniformly good—should be made here, where the pastures are so sweet and good, the hay and root crops so abundant, and the climate so suitable; and we should obtain the "top prices" in the outside markets. We hope in time to see creameries in all parts of the Island; for if we can produce a first-class article, there is no danger of too much competition. We can sell all we can make, and get the cash for it, too. Enterprise, tempered with prudence, will make "creameries" successful in this Province.

A Nation's Supplications.

In many of the United States, the Governor issued proclamations, setting aside, some Wednesday, some Thursday last, as days on which the people should make special supplications and prayers that the life of the President might be spared. The Governor of Texas, alone of all States in the Union, explicitly refused, on what appear to be his sincere convictions, to so far unite the interests of Church and State as to join in the movement.

The New York Telegram in commenting upon this refusal says: "The erroneous nature of his (the Governor's) apprehensions, whatever may be their sincerity, is happily proved by the fact that all sects, denominations and churches are preparing to make a hearty and fraternal response to these proclamations. While an established and exclusive church is indeed something to be dreaded by republican institutions, a national sense of piety and faith is not. The most positive unbeliever, if such a conjunction of terms may be permitted, cannot rationally object to a religious demonstration that will have at least the effect of uniting a vast nation in a common and patriotic aspiration, and will so far forth illustrate the brotherhood of man if it shall do nothing more."

SLANDER.

PAY no attention to slanderers and gossip-mongers. Keep straight on in your course and let their back-biting die the death of neglect. What is the use of lying awake brooding over the remarks of some false friend? What is the use of getting into a worry and fretting over gossip that has been set adrift to your disadvantage by some meddlesome busy-body, who has more time than character. The things cannot possibly injure you unless indeed you take notice of them; and in combating them give them standing and character. If what is said about you be true, set yourself right; if it is false let it go for what it is worth. If a bee were to sting you, would you go to the hive and destroy it; would not a thousand come upon you? It is wisdom to say little respecting the injuries which you have received. We are generally losers in the end. They are annoying if it is true, but not dangerous so long as we do not stop to expostulate and scold. Our characters are formed and sustained by ourselves, by our own actions and purposes, and not by others. Let us all bear in mind that calumniators may usually be trusted to time and the slow and sure justice of public opinion.

Experience is a virtue which occasionally follows the footsteps of prudence and common sense. Apropos of this, the Rev. W. J. Pope relates a story in the Agricultural Gazette which is so good that it is worth repeating. An experienced horse-dealer told him lately that he had paid for and stored this commodity (experience), but that he generally acquired it when and where least expected. A short time since, on going to see a pony the lady owner volunteered to show him herself. Accordingly, they entered the stable, and the fair owner seated herself on the manger, and gratified the "pretty pet's" fancy for slices of carrots, whilst the dealer looked him over. "Now, perhaps, Mr. H., you may like to see him in harness, so take him and drive him yourself." The animal goes quietly, moves well, and is bought. The next day the dealer is in a grand rage; the pony is a rank crib-biter. The lady and the carrots had done their work well, whilst the "man of experience" consoled himself with the idea that "I suppose I was looking at her pretty feet," but he entered another note on his mental tablet all the same.

The following is the prayer suggested by the Archbishop of Canterbury for a favorable harvest in view of the great anxiety on that subject: "O God, Heavenly Father, who by Thy Son, Jesus Christ, has promised to all them that seek Thy Kingdom and the righteousness thereof all things necessary to their bodily sustenance, send us, we beseech Thee, such reasonable weather that we may receive the fruits of the earth to our comfort and to Thy honour, through Jesus Christ, our Lord, Amen."

New Mantles and Fringes just opened at Young's.

METHODIST COVENANTIAL COUNCIL.

(Toronto Mail.)

It was fitting that the great Methodist communion, which has extended its spiritual usefulness so widely throughout the English-speaking world, should follow the example of the Anglican and Presbyterian Churches, and assemble by representation in council. Only a hundred and forty years ago, or thereabouts, the Wesleys, John and Charles, began to form their societies, and to-day, according to "Whitaker's Almanac," there are fourteen millions and a half of Methodists in the British Empire and the United States. They constitute, in fact, the second in point of numbers of all the churches, and are spreading everywhere with a zeal and fervor unprecedented save in times of a religious upheaval or a revolution.

Unlike the great historic Churches, Methodism owes nothing either to traditional weight on the one hand or political needs on the other. The little band of Oxford students who between 1729 and 1735 met together to pray, to exhort, and help each other, sought no aid from flesh and blood. They knew but this, that religion was asleep, and needed spiritual awakening; that worship had degenerated into formalism; and that the faith once delivered to the saints had fallen upon evil times. England had a Christian name to live by, and yet was dead, wrapp'd in the cerements of a stiff and moralizing formalism. Deism did not so much alarm the spiritual-minded as the frigidity, the bloodless, the sickly pallor of a faithless Church. The enemies of religion were chiefly those of its own household.

It was into the midst of this spiritual decay that John Wesley burst with his angel. He had been in America, he had caught fire from the Moravians of Germany, and the mystic power which had lain dormant for generations was once more to do its reviving work. There was nothing revolutionary in Wesley's aims; he wanted neither against Church nor State, but fought only against carnality, formalism, and spiritual death. And if ever there was a man obviously marked out for his appointed work, Wesley was that man. He was one, says Macaulay, "whose eloquence and logical acuteness might have made him eminent in literature, whose genius for government was not inferior to that of Richelieu." Whitfield might excel him in impassioned oratory, but he possessed what was more permanently valuable, not only the spiritual fervour which seizes upon the hearts and consciences of the masses, but the organizing ability which binds them together. The great preacher is not only a memory; Wesley was the founder of a vigorous and powerful Church. It is not too much to say, humbly speaking, that it was the form as well as the spirit of Methodism which has given it vitality. The class-meeting, which is its distinctive feature, was a masterly devised agency, not merely for keeping up brotherly sympathy, but for the stimulus it gave, and continues to give, to the spiritual circulation of the communion.

Nor was the work of Wesley confined to the Church he founded almost without intending it. The impulse of the movement was not confined to the societies. It spread into the Church of England, and diffused new life there, and if the nineteenth century opened upon a better and more active religious world, the credit of it must be given to the once despised and persecuted Methodists.

Removal of the President.

From the New York Evening Express. CARRIED FROM THE SICK ROOM. At precisely 5.40 a. m., the President was carried from the sick room to the express wagon (which had been backed up to the steps of the front portico) by Doctors Bliss, Royburn, and Boynton, General Swain, Colonels Rockwell and Corbin, and Messrs. C. O. Rockwell and Warren Young, who remained with the patient during his removal to the depot. He was reclining in a peaceful position on the bed upon which for so many days he had been suffering and struggling for life. His right hand was laid on his breast, while his left arm was stretched at full length upon the coverlet. His high forehead was covered by a linen cloth, and his features, though emaciated, wore a patient and resigned expression. A small platform had been erected from the portico to the wagon, and across this the bed was tenderly and carefully carried and deposited in the wagon. There was no mishap whatever in the transit, and when the horses were hitched to the vehicle and started at 9.50 for the depot, a feeling of relief took possession of the bystanders, for in the opinion of many the most perilous portion of the journey had been accomplished. The conveyance was preceded to the depot by the carriages containing the remainder of the party which was to accompany the President to Long Branch. As the express wagon moved away from the Executive Mansion the President feebly but cheerily lifted his left hand and

to the inmates of the house, who had assembled on the porch to wish him Godspeed on his journey. The wagon was then driven slowly through the grounds of the Mansion and down Pennsylvania avenue to the Baltimore and Potomac depot, the horses at no time being driven faster than a walk. At the head of each horse stood a man ready to assume control of the animals in case of need. Fortunately no such precaution was necessary, the ride to the depot being accomplished without any incident occurring worthy of note. The crowd which followed was orderly and anxious—eager not only for the safe transportation of the patient, but also to catch a glimpse of his face. This it was not difficult to do, as the curtains of the wagon were rolled up to enable the president to breathe the pure morning air, which at that hour had not become sultry.

ARRIVAL AT THE DEPOT. The depot being reached, the horses were detached from the wagon, which was backed up to the car selected for the removal of the President, and the same gentlemen who had before performed the duty of transferring the patient from the White House to the wagon executed their difficult task of removing him from the wagon to the railroad car. Though they met with some slight difficulty in doing this, owing to the fact that the floor of the car was rather high, the delicate task was per-

formed successfully, and without appearing to disturb the patient. When inside the car he was transferred from the bed on which he had been carried thus far and placed upon the spring bed which had already been prepared for his reception. The remainder of the party having already taken their seats, the signal for departure was given, and amid silence the train at 6.20 began to move. A delay of some minutes intervened, however, but at 6.30 exactly the train started on its journey.

WAITING ALL NIGHT.

The entire route was kept clear of vehicles by policemen stationed at every intersecting street. A number of people remained up all night outside the gates in front of the mansion, and by the time the conveyance containing the President passed through the gates, about 500 hundred and fifty persons had assembled to witness the departure and to obtain a glimpse of the patient. When the Presidential party reached the depot perhaps two thousand persons had gathered there. The crowd was very quiet and orderly, and the transfer of the President from the conveyance in which he rode to the combination car was watched in silence and with apparent solicitude lest some accident might occur.

THE PRESIDENT'S APPEARANCE.

The President appeared greatly emaciated, but his face, though careworn and thin, seemed natural. At the depot, and after the President had been placed upon his couch in the car, General Swain said the patient had not been disturbed or disquieted in the least by the journey, but, on the contrary, seemed to enjoy the ride.

Personal.

BISMARCK has got a new granddaughter. PRINCESS LOUISE has arrived at the hunting seat of Wolfsgarten, on a visit to the Grand Ducal Family of Hesse.

WESLEY BUCHANAN stepped on an alder stalk, suffering a slight puncture in his knee, and died in terrible agony of lockjaw. He lived at Findlay, Ohio.

The statement that the Emperor Francis Joseph will participate in the meeting of Generators is unfounded. Austrian journals generally are disatisfied with the meeting.

A VICTORIA despatch says Dr. Tupper's reception in British Columbia has everywhere been met with enthusiasm. At Yale he rode eight miles in the first railway train.

MR. CHARLES CRANDLER, a well-known barrister and librarian of the St. John Law Society, died suddenly at his residence, 11 John's Causeway, of a blood vessel.

By the death of the Right Hon. James Stuart Wortley the English Bar loses its senior Queen's counsel, the learned gentleman having obtained the honor of a silk gown as far back as 1841.

An old-fashioned minister passing a new-fashioned church on which a spire was going up, was asked how much higher it was going to be. "Not much," he answered, "that congregation don't own much higher in that direction."

PRINCE BISMARCK'S improved health is noticeable from his appearance, which is that of a strong and burly man. His massive features are almost hidden by a large felt hat, but his gigantic form and peculiar gait cause him to be readily recognized.

THE Gladstones are all musical. The Premier himself has a fine baritone voice, and can use it in perfect accordance with the canons of art, and each member of his family has acquired a knowledge of the principles of vocal and instrumental melody.

THERE is an Englishman living in Pennfield, Greene County, Ga., who makes a good support for himself and a helpless sister by working a single acre of land. Of course he has it very rich, using only a spade in cultivation. As soon as one crop comes off he plants another.

MR. GLADSTONE has sent to the Nottingham free public libraries copies of his only books which are not out of print, and in a letter expresses a hope that they may serve as a token, very small, of his respect for the signal public spirit of the town of Nottingham.

CARDINALS NEWMAN and Manning attended the funeral of Dean Stanley in London. They are the highest Catholic dignitaries in the British Empire, and were educated in Oxford and subsequently joined the Catholic church. The attendance of their Eminences, though accompanied by Dukes and Earls, will be appreciated by Her Majesty, and all others who dearly loved the late Dean.

LORD PORTSMOUTH, it is the general impression, will get Lord Beaconsfield's Garter. He has once declined the honor, but it is thought he will accept it now, because his son and heir, Lord Lynton, M. P., is a rising man in the Liberal party. There are a number of candidates for the honor, among whom are the Duke of Devon and St. Albans, the Marquis of Northampton and the Earls of Derby, Kimberly, Northbrook and Rosebury.

JOHN HUNT drove up the mines at Wallow Creek, Cal., with a load of provisions, and fastened his horses to a tree near a precipice while he went into a cabin. In his absence a blast blew off in the mine hanging by their harness and left them hanging by their halters over the back. When he returned one was dead and the other was choking to death. He then cut them loose, when the living horse, after a roll of 250 feet, got up, shook himself and walked away.

At Madrid he died a remarkable noble and curious personage in the Duke of Alba, brother-in-law of the ex-Empress Eugenie. He claimed a right not only to represent an eminent family of Spain, but a historic one of Great Britain. He styled himself "James Stuart, Duke of Alba and Duke of Berwick." By direct inheritance he had an enormous fortune, but he squandered it, chiefly in riotous living and gambling, in which latter pursuit he is said to have lost the sum of 5,000,000 in a single night. Some years ago, when his estate was in a very bad way, he made it over to his creditors, who paid him 6,000l. a year. In his order to recognize he took up his home in Paris, but he was always in debt even there, and in the clubs was often known to borrow five or six louis d'or. Finally his fortunes turned, the debts were all paid, and back to Madrid he went to purchase the Palace of Lyra, one of the finest in Madrid, and there to spend his days in princely style, keeping a hundred horses and opening his dining-hall every evening to 40 guests. Recently he was elected chief of the Madrid Municipality, an office in which he exercised a severe authority over the theatres.

New Jersey railroad trains in the vicinity of that city, on Tuesday last produced four accidents, seriously, if not mortally, injuring five persons. This ratio of destruction, if maintained, will make serious inroads upon New Jersey's increase of population.

NEWS NOTES.

Thirteen female physicians are practising in Claring, Iowa.

During the past year they have lynched 103 men in Arkansas.

One hundred and seventy-five suspects are now imprisoned in Ireland.

A prize fight has been arranged between two pugilists of New York for from five to ten thousand dollars a side.

Despatches from North Carolina say the farmers are stacking their corn crops for fodder, and the rice crop is cut off.

The story of a dynamite box on board an outgoing ocean steamer at New York arose from two customs officers searching for smuggled goods.

There is reason to believe that the tenants in the north of Ireland and other parts of the country are preparing to give the Land Bill a fair trial.

The timber of Arkansas, like that of Tennessee, is attracting attention. About one-tenth of the State is covered with the yellow pine, which attains an enormous size.

SHIP NEWS.

On Sunday last Mr. Simon Beattie took out in the "Scandinavian" a number of sheep and Clydesdales. Among them was the celebrated prize stallion Lord Harry, winner of a number of first-class prizes. This horse, bred by Mr. Lawrence Drew, and sired by his Prince of Wales (a stallion that was sold for 1,500 guineas), has a remarkable history. It may be remembered that when H. R. H. the Prince of Wales and the late Prince Imperial visited Scotland and Mr. Drew's stud, that the young Prince Imperial, so delighted with the colt Lord Harry, vaulted on his back, to the surprise of Mr. Drew and his attendants. The horse has sustained the merit of his youth, and is one of the handsomest stallions that have left England. He was purchased for a large sum by Mr. Simon Beattie, who, during the last thirty years has been continually engaged in the purchase of first-class pure-bred stock, and shipping it to Canada. By his sound judgment and able selection both the Canadian and American breeders are indebted for the excellent stock which now exists in their land, and which is in some degree supplying the mother country with our beef supply.—Live Stock Journal.

WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.

DOMINION EXHIBITION, Halifax, Nova Scotia, September 21st to 30th.

His Excellency the Governor General, Patron.

THE THIRD ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA will be held in the

CITY OF HALIFAX, COMMENCING Wednesday, 21st, and Ending Friday, 30th Sept.

The Exhibition will consist of two great Divisions. The first,

INDUSTRIAL AND MECHANICAL,

Embracing Machinery in motion, Agricultural Implements, Metal, Wood and Textile Manufactures, Forest and Fishery Products and Appliances, Naval Architecture, Minerals, Mining, and general Manufacturing Exhibits, will be opened to the public in the

ROYAL EXHIBITION BUILDINGS

Thursday, 22nd Sept., 2 p. m., and will remain open to the final close on the 30th September.

The Second Division, embracing Live Stock, Agricultural and Dairy Produce, Fruits and Flowers, WILL OPEN ON

Tuesday, 27th Sept., at 2 p. m., when the GRAND PUBLIC OPENING CEREMONIES

WILL TAKE PLACE, AND Addresses will be delivered by HIS WORSHIP MAYOR TOBIN, Chairman, and other gentlemen.

The Horses, Cattle and other Live Stock will be shown in the spacious grounds surrounding the Buildings, where ample Cattle Sheds, Stalls, &c., have been erected, and a Horse Track prepared. The Fruits, Flowers, Roots and Vegetables will be displayed in a Special "HORTICULTURAL HALL" in the Public Gardens, near the General Exhibition Grounds, and for which Coupon Tickets will be issued without extra charge.

CASH PRIZES OFFERED, \$15,000!

Reduced Rates on all Railways.

The New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island Governments will refund freight on approved exhibits from these Provinces respectively. No charge for entry of Exhibits, nor for space.

Admission 25 cents each time on entering. Children under 12 years of age 10 cents.

Military and other Bands of Music will be in attendance.

Every effort is being exerted to render the Exhibition attractive, and to utilize the resources which Halifax, as a great Naval and Military Station commands, to make the City worthy of the attention of visitors from the other Provinces.

The requirements of business men, holiday tourists and families will alike be provided for. A suitable Restaurant will be erected on the Grounds, where Meals, &c., will be furnished at reasonable rates by Mr. Charles Woolnough.

A Special Committee charged with the arrangement of outside attractions, including a grand Military Display, Public Concerts, Highland Games, Athlete Exhibition, Water Polo, Dramatic Entertainments, Fire Works, Illuminations; also Steamboat Excursions to give visitors an opportunity of seeing one of the finest Harbors in the World.

STEPHEN TOBIN, Mayor of Halifax, Chairman, GEO. LAWSON, LL. D., Manager, WM. MCKERRON, Secretary.

SALE!

2000 BUSHELS Strong Fishery Salt, for curing Mackerel. For sale by HORACE HASZARD, Ch'town, Aug. 27—pat im eod

Notre Dame Convent SOURS.

THE magnificent Convent of Sours, now occupied by the Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame, will be opened for the admission of pupils on WEDNESDAY, the 7th inst.

Annual Terms—Board and Tuition, with Fancy Work and Plain Sewing, \$64. Music, &c., &c. extra. The fee for Day Scholars is from \$1 to \$3 per Quarter, according to the age of pupils. Sours, Sept. 5, 1881.

VALUABLE

Household Furniture,

Horses, Cows, Poultry,

Wagons, Sleighs, &c.

I AM instructed by H. E. SWABEY, Esq., to sell at AUCTION, at his residence, "Lawdale," on the St. Peter's Road (2 1/2 miles from the City), on THURSDAY, 22nd inst., at 11 o'clock, all his valuable

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

CONSISTING OF Handsome Walnut, Drawing Room, Parlor and Dining Room Furniture, 1 French Upright Piano Forte (very superior), Pictures, Carpets, Mirrors, Window Furniture, Glassware, Crockery, Cutlery, Table Linen, Handsome Bedroom Suits, Toilet Ware, Toilet Glasses, Mattresses, Feather Beds and Bedding, Cooking Stove, Hall Stove, Oil Cloths, Kitchen Furniture, Cooking Utensils, &c., &c.

Full particulars in catalogues, to be had by Wednesday next, at the office of

WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.

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SELLING OFF!

WE have determined to CLEAR OUT our

LARGE STOCK OF

HATS & CAPS

BY THE 1st OCTOBER, and will sell at a Reduction of 25 per cent. from date.

BYRNE BROS., Queen Street

Very Valuable PROPERTY

PRINCE STREET.

I WILL sell at AUCTION, on MONDAY, 19th inst., at 12 o'clock, noon, on the premises, that very valuable Property on Prince Street, nearly opposite St. Paul's Church, centrally situated, in a good locality, in the neighborhood of Churches, Public Buildings, Railway Depot and Steamboat Landings.

The property measures about 26 feet on Prince Street and extends back 240 feet to Hensley Street, together with a cottage on that street containing four rooms. The Dwelling House on Prince Street is a three-story French Roof House, containing eight rooms and shop, with good cellar, and sufficient Land for a large garden in the rear.

This Property, so conveniently situated in the business part of the city, possesses peculiar advantages for a private residence. Terms easy and made known at sale.

WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.

TO RENT!

THE HOUSE lately occupied by LIEUT. BOURTON, containing 13 rooms, large garden, yard and coach house. Pump in yard. Apply to owner,

J. H. GATES, July 15—tf Queen Square, Charlottetown.

COTTAGE FOR SALE!

A WOODEN Factory, A snug home for a small family. Will be sold cheap for cash. Also a building Lot, Address M, Glass Pass, 116 Charlottetown. [see 31 10]

Shop & Dwelling House TO RENT!

ON South Side Queen Square, the Store and Dwelling House lately occupied by L. J. Williams. Apply to

HORACE HASZARD, Aug. 25—

Pleasant Residence To Let.

THE DWELLING HOUSE and Premises now in the occupation of P. W. Hyndman, near the head of Hillsboro Street. Possession given in a few days may 9—eod tf

Wants, Lost, Found, &c.

TO BE LET—One-half of a comfortable Dwelling House on Sydney Street adjoining the residence of H. J. Callbeck, Esq. Possession can be given immediately. Apply to Francis P. McCarron. [see 10 31 eod pd]

TO LET—A House pleasantly situated on Prince Street, containing ten rooms and a kitchen. A good Stable and Coach House. Rent moderate. Immediate possession. Apply to J. Quirk, Lock Box 123, Charlottetown. [see 2 2w]

A YOUNG MAN of some year's experience as a Double Entry Book-keeper, and well posted in best modern systems, is open for a situation. References good. Address "Book-keeper," this office. [see 1 pd]

TO LET—That desirable Dwelling House on the north side of King's Square, containing nine rooms and a convenient front porch and good stable. Rent very low. Possession given in about one month from this date. Apply to MARK BURTON. [see 6 ff]

STRAYED, from the Quincey House, Kent Street, a light speckled white and red Cow, the tips of her horns broken, white marks around the feet. Any body returning the same to the Quincey House will be suitably rewarded. [see 3 21, wlyly 11]

STRAYED from the Rankin House, this morning, a Skye Terrier Bitch. The person returning her to the Hotel will be rewarded. [see 6 ff]

BOOK-KEEPER WANTED—A BOOK-KEEPER and SALESMAN is wanted for a Store in the country. Good references required. Liberal wages given. Apply at once by letter to this office. [see 6]

WANTED—A GIRL to do general household work. Apply to Mrs. John F. Robertson, Fitzroy Street, near the Kirk. [see 5]

LOST, on Saturday last, on St. Peter's Road, a Silk Umbrella. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving the same with Dr. Jenkins. [see 1 4f]

SERVANT WANTED for General Household work in a small family. Apply immediately at this office. [see 1]

TO LET—A House containing six rooms Possession 1st September. Apply to J. McLEOD, Spring Park Road. [see 13 tf]

FOR SALE (with immediate possession), ONE ACRE of good cleared land, part of Pasture Lot 20, 258, fronting 60 yards on the Malpeque Road bounded on the south by the St. Dunstan's College grounds, and extending back 20 yards. For terms, etc., apply to LOGSWORTH & HASZARD, Solicitors. [see 19 eod]

TO LET, with immediate possession the House on Orielar Street, lately occupied by Misses Smith & Snaddon, containing eight rooms. Rent low. Apply to Henry Blatch, Pleasant Street. [see 30 tf]

FOR SALE—50 acres of excellent woodland, fronting on Selkirk Road, Lot 60, owned by Charles Stewart, late of Belle Creek,