THE DAILY EXAMINER.

JANUARY 4, 1894.

ECONOMICAL FEEDING.

WINTER care of stock is one of the most important parts our farming. While the herds roamed free in the summer pastures the rich upland grasses, moistened with dew, and a draught from the trickling rill, furnished a bounteous supply for all their wants. But in winter every mouthful they eat must be supplied by the farmer's hand from his husbanded stores. Then the care of stock becomes a serious concern, and on its proper execution will largely depend the profits of the farmer's business.

We like to talk about winter feed in summer. Then we can see about preparing it of the best material and quality. Every one who has to feed stock knows the difference between spoiled hay and green, soft, well-made hay, still fragrant with the breath of the summer fields. The one means unthrifty, dry-coated animals; the other sleek, healthy, vigorous animals bringing a profit to their owners every day. Weather-spoiled hay has lost much of its soluble nitrogenous constituents. We cannot restore its original quality now. The only way is to feed a larger quantity of grain with it and so make up to the animals the lost albuminoids. We have to take our stock of fodder as we have it now. It is a short supply this year, and we will have to make the most of every pound.

In the first place make the stables warm and comfortable. Cattle without proper shelter will require one-third more food to keep in condition. Recent experiments at United States stations have proved this very clearly. One-third of the feed required to keep his stock is something that a farmer cannot afford to lose this winter.

Next, feed regularly and carefully. Feed just what the animals will eat up and no more. You will have to learn by careful and frequent observation how much each animal will require, and give it none to waste. Study the nutritive values of your feed, and give your animal what its constitution requires. Young and growing animals require highly nitrogenous food. Mature animals at rest will do with poorer feed. Straw is too poor to feed alone. It should always be supplimented by grain or roots. Turnips are not concentrated food, but their nutriment is so easily digested and so suited to the requirements of the animal's system in winter that they make a profitable ration for cows when fed with straw alone. Clover hay is profitably fed with straw on account of the large amount of nitrogen which the former contains. Also pease straw is excellent with the straw of the cereals. But do not depend on these coarse fodders alone. Bright, early cut hay and sound, cracked grain are the feeds that will lay on muscle and fat, and make profitable return at the milk pail.

As food stufis are valuable according to the amount of nitrogen they contain, we give here a statement of the quantity found in our most common fodders:

Meadow hay	1.15 p. c.
Red clover hay	1.54 "
Wheat straw	0.27 "
Oat do	0.30 "
Barley do	0.25 "
Pea do	1.79 "
Turnips (Swedish)	0.17 "
Potatoes	0.36 "
Oats	1.92 "
Barley	1.76 "
Bran	1.36 "

These figures, however, do not show the absolute food value of these different substances, since all are not equally digestible. But they give a fair general idea to guide the practical feeder.

Lastly in this season of scarcity the economical farmer will study the relative market values of his different fodders. Hay at present sells at $14.50 a ton. Calculated on this basis, our ordinary feed stuffs will have the following values:

Hay, a ton	$14.00
Wheat, straw	2.80
Oat straw	4.60
Turnips, a bushel	0.10½
Potatoes	0.21
Oats	0.47½
Bran, per cwt	1.40

But thousands of bushels of oats are being sold at 32 cents. The judicious farmer will take good note of this, and remember that at present oats are the cheapest food he can give to his stock. Crush it always, feed it judiciously, and it will enable the hearty animals to turn to good account the stores of coarse fodder that may be on hand.

DIED IN DENVER.

ADVICES received from Denver, to-day, report the death, yesterday, of Mr. William A. Scott, son of the late John Scott, Esq., of Kent Street. Mr. Scott was an unmarried man. The cause of his death was heart disease. We sympathise with the bereaved relatives.

INALND REVENUE COLLECTIONS.

Here is a comparative statement of Inland Revenue paid into the office at Charlottetown for the quarter ending December 31st, 1892 and 1893:

COLLECTIONS TO DEC. 31, 1892.

Licenses	$ 70.00
Tobacco	13,307.50
Spirits	3,441.52
Malt	480.00
Fines	60.60
	$17,359.02

COLLECTIONS TO DEC. 31st, 1893.

Licenses	70.00
Tobacco	11,998.00
Spirits	2,700.00
Malt	446.70
Petroleum	101.95
	$15,317.46
Decrease for 1893	$ 2,041.56

The decrease in the half-year ending 31st December, 1893, was $1,746.

—Mr. W. T. Stead, the distinguished London editor, was America for some weeks, a part of which time was spent in Canada. Mr. Stead has long been a warm friend of Lord and Lady Aberdeen, and his recent sojourn at Ottawa as the guest of the Governor-General has resulted in a very readable and complete character sketch of Lord Aberdeen and his accomplished wife, which appears in the January number of the Review of Reviews. The article is one which will be interesting in North America on both sides of the boundary line and interesting also in Great Britain. The article is profusely and attractively illustrated. It is followed by a summarized report of the address given by Mr. Stead in Toronto upon the mission and destiny of Canada, in which Mr. Stead dwells especially upon the position of Canada as a connecting link between the British and American halves of the English-speaking race.

DEATH OF A DISTINGUISHED ISLANDER.

Died at Albuquerque, New Mexico, on December 15th, 1893, Norman J. Macdonald, M. D., at the early age of 37 years. The deceased was a native of this Province, being the son of John Macdonald and the late Ellen McIntyre, of Saint Andrew's. When a young boy he manifested a great love of study, and accordingly he was sent to St. Dunstan's College, and afterwards to the Provincial Normal School, from which latter institution he obtained a first-class teacher's license. He studied philosophy at Laval University, Quebec, but on account of sickness he was obliged for a time to discontinue these higher studies. In the meantime he taught school in different places in the Province, and always with eminent success. After teaching a few years, he proceeded to McGill University, Montreal, to take up the study of medicine. His stay there, however, was not long, for ill-health soon obliged him again to seek repose. He then took up his residence in Colorado, in the hope that the climate would benefit his health. This hope was, to some extent, realized, for he was able to continue his medical studies, and graduated from the University of Denver, with the highest honors. For some years he practiced his profession at Brighton, Col., till 1890, when his health again broke down, and he sought a change of air at Albuquerque, New Mexico, where he lingered till his death.

Dr. Macdonald was an eminent physician. He possessed, in a remarkable degree, that rare tact so necessary to his profession. It can be said of him, that he was at home in the sick room. His genial manner, devoted attention, and sincere sympathy, won, at once, the confidence of his patients, while his profound knowledge of the various branches of his profession, would not permit that confidence to be misplaced. He leaves a widow and one child, besides a host of relatives and friends and acquaintances, to mourn his early demise.

FARMERS' MEETING.

An Important Question Discussed.

The regular weekly meeting of the North Side branch of the Farmers' and Dairymen's Association, took place on Friday evening last. There were present a very fair number of farmers. The subject for discussion was: "Which is the more profitable for our farmers:—to sell of their raw material, or convert it into animal products?"

The opening address was delivered by Mr. J. A. Macdonald, who, after explaining both systems of farming, concluded that there was less profit in feeding the products of our farms to animals. The price of all animal products including milk supplied to cheese factories was very low, and he thought it was the best policy for the farmers of the North side, at least, to sell their products in a raw state, and purchase commercial fertilizers, which would supply the the fertility taken from the soil by the different crops.

Mr. Neil McPhee, Glencorodale, gave a very practical address on sheep. He was of the opinion that if our farmers would go into sheep raising on a pretty large scale, and pay attention to them, our poor farms would soon become rich and fertile, and our farmers prosperous. The majority of our farmers, he said, could keep a hundred sheep. With this number, you could count on selling one hundred lambs each year. This would be a clear profit as the manure and the fleece would pay all their expense. Sheep can be kept in fine condition on a pound of hay and quarter of a pound of grain per day. The manure from those sheep would be worth $4 a ton. After a few years, instead of plowing up 20 or 30 acres as at present, 5 acres would be sufficient to plow. There would be less than half the work and double the profits of present methods of farming.

Mr. F. McDonald believed that farmers are keeping more stock than they can feed. "Our lands are not adopted to animal husbandry. Our pastures are poor and forage crops are hard to grow. It was said by Professor Robertson and all those *ipsi dixit* lecturers on cheese factory business, that all you wanted to do in order to keep as many cattle as you liked was to plant corn. He tried an experimental plot of corn for the last three years, and resulted in a failure every time. He noticed that nearly every farmer had a piece of corn planted last season, and in every case it was a failure. Let no farmer pin his faith to corn. Peas and vetches do not thrive here either. So the trouble that confronts the farmer is to raise feed to keep stock, and at present prices of 2½c. for beef he did not think it wise for our farmers to keep more cows than would supply their domestic wants.

Mr. Roderick McPhee considered that a system of mixed farming was, on the whole, the best. The vote on the question resulted in favor of selling of the raw material, and not bothering with beef, cheese, horses, &c. A concert will be given by the Club on Jan. 12th, and will be free only to bona fide members.

WEEK OF PRAYER.—JAN. 7—14, 1894

The following are the arrangements for the Week of Prayer, in this city commencing Sunday January 7th:—

Sunday, Jan. 7th—Sermons: "Pentecostal Power." Acts 2, 1-4.

Monday, 8th—First Methodist Church. Subject: "Humiliation and Thanksgiving." Speaker: Rev. Mr. Corey.

Tuesday, 9th St. Paul's Schoolroom. Subject: "The Universal Church." Speaker: Rev. Mr. Brewer.

Wednesday, 10th—St. James' Church. Subject: "Families and Schools." Speaker: Rev. Mr. Hamlyn.

Thursday, 11th—Upper Prince Street Methodist Church. Subject: "Foreign Missions." Speaker: Rev. Mr. Fullerton.

Friday, 12th—Zion Church. Subject: "Home Missions." Speaker: Rev. Mr. Palmer.

Saturday, 13th - Baptist Church. Subject: "Temperance." Speaker: Rev. Mr. Sutherland.

Sunday, 14th—Sermons: "The Second Coming of Our Lord." Rev. 22, 12.

Each week-day meeting will commence at 7.30 p. m., and close at 9 p. m. Collections in aid of the P. E. Island Hospital.

PERSONAL.

Hon. John Yeo is registered at the Hotel Davies.

Hon. James W. Richards, Bideford, is visiting the city. He is registered at the Hotel Davies.

Mr. W. A. Brennan, of the Summerside Journal, is at the Hotel Davies.

We understand that Messrs. Gordon Alley and Harry Bayfield leave this evening to resume their studies at McGill College.

The Nine Muses.

The muses are supposed to be nine in number. Their names and particular provinces are as follows:—Clio, the goddess of history; Euterne, the goddess of music; Thalia, the goddess of comedy; Melpomene, the goddess of tragedy; Terpischore, the goddess of dancing; Erato, the goddess of amorous poetry; Polyhymnia, the goddess of memory and oratory; Urania, the goddess of astronomy; and Calliope, the goddess of historic poetry.

It is quite impossible to determine the number of cough remedies in the world; we believe they are legion. One point, however, has been clearly established to the satisfaction of thousands in Canada; it is that Harvard Bronchial Syrup is the safest, most effective and the best of all prepations the world ever heard of.

Mr. C. P. Fletcher, foreman for Messrs. Cunningham Bros., St. Lawrence Marble Works, Montreal, writes as follows:—"We have used many different cough remedies in our family and find that Harvard bronchial syrup gives by far the best satisfaction and we always find pleasure in recommending it to our friends.

NEWS OF THE WORLD.

The influenza epidemic is decreasing in London, Eng.

The Most Rev. James Donnelly, Roman Catholic Bishop of Clogher, Ireland, is dead.

The C. P. R. land sales in Manitoba for 1893 amounted to 107,500 acres, realizing $353,000.

Amsterdam reports that fifteen persons were drowned off that city on Friday in the prevailing fog.

The people of British Columbia are eating mutton imported frozen from New Zealand and Australia.

Steps are to be taken on behalf of the Imperial Government, to recover the advances made to the Crofters who went to Manitoba.

Eph. Getz, aged 79, and Miss Smith, aged 18, both of Coburg, Ont., have received a license allowing them to wed, and in all likelihood have been united this time.

The Russian Agricultural Gazette says indications point to a total failure of crops for 1894. A specialist writing to the paper predicts widespread famine this year.

There is a mill in Lawrence, Mass., where the bell rings at 9 p. m., which is a signal for the girls employed in the mill to retire. Any of them seen in the street after 9 o'clock are liable to discharge.

The French warship Bayard, intended to replace the far eastern flagship, has been detained at Toulon. Experts declare her unseaworthy. The Hoche, Marceau and Neptune are also said to be top heavy.

April 2nd is to be Canadian day at the San Francisco mid-winter fair. The Canadian Auxiliary Association say that they have erected in honor of Canada a building to be used exclusively as Canada's headquarters during the exhibition.

Charles Watkins, a clerk in the Bank of England, was arrested on Saturday night at Ludlow, county of Salop, on the charge of having stolen £500 from the bank. He was brought to London. Watkins is fifty-nine years old, and had been in the employ of the bank for forty years.

Twenty creameries are in operation in Ontario this winter as a result of the dairy commissioners' work during the past two years. Prof. Robertson's labors hereafter will be to improve the butter trade. The cheese industry is now considered on a firm basis. Feeding experiments are resumed at the Central farm.

A conference of the Scottish labor party was held in London on the 2nd at which James Keir Hardie, socialist member of the house of commons presided. A resolution was adopted approving of woman suffrag. Another resolution, declaring the government should provide work for unemployed was adopted.

Last year witnessed a great decline of prices in Europe as well as in Canada and the United States. According to the Bankers' Magazine, the decline in the selling prices of 334 leading securities, on the London Stock Exchange, aggregates £67,000,000 or nearly $335,000,000. The disclosures arising out of abuses of the management of corporate concerns is given as the chief reason of the shrinkage.

An Ottawa despatch states that the manifests of the Canadian-Australian steamer Arawa, show that the trade between Canada and Australia and Hawaii is increasing. The steamer named brought the first manifest from Fiji for Vancouver. The shipment consisted of cases of pines, bunches of bananas, sacks of cocoanuts and a few cases of granadillos, a delicious tropical fruit.

Raymond Blathway, who studied the conditions of the Roman Catholic Church in the United States, writes the London Chronicle that Cardinal Gibbons had stated that while he deplored strikes they might sometimes be justifiable. The Chronicle had stated that the Cardinal withheld his sympathy from the workingmen. The Roman Catholic Church in America, says Blathway, recognized the sacred rights of labor.

Notwithstanding the low freights and the generally depressed condition of the shipping business, the British shipyards continue to turn out tonnage in considerable quantities. The firm of Harland and Wolfe, of Belfast, put out the largest tonnage for the year, but not the largest number of ships. Their output is 15 vessels of 65,660 tons, while Sir William Gray & Co., of Hartlepool, England, have launched 18 vessels of 50,349 tons.

On New Year's Eve, Edward Atkinson, the political economist, delivered a lecture before the Equity Union, of Boston, on Capitalists and the Labor Movement. In course of his remarks he endeavored to show that the capitalists were the class that made it easy for the working people to obtain the necessities of life so cheaply by their competition in the extension of commerce. He then explained how it was possible for the working people to live on $1 a week by a system of cooking which he had made a study of for the past five years.

But few of the large packing houses at the Chicago stock yards are running. In Armour's, which is the busiest, only a few cattle are being killed. As a consequence large numbers of men are out of employment. In the rush for work many men have been injured. Those who fail to get work assault workmen and rob them of their dinner pails and what money they may have. In the evening men and children stand around with baskets begging for what may be left of the luncheon of the workmen.

The Australian invitation to the Duke and Duchess of York has been received. It has been accorded considerable public attention, the newspapers regarding it with unqualified appreciation. Many friendly speculations are discussed by the principal London dailies, and the hope is expressed in some of the papers that if the invitation be accepted it will be celebrated by a ceremony which will unquestionably be observed with the utmost interest, not only in Australia, but also in Canada and in England. This event would be the inauguration of the laying of the proposed Pacific cable by Prince George. Now that the invitation is under consideration, this suggestion will probably be enthusiastically pressed.

The announcement of new year's honors conferred by Her Majesty, has begun. Theodore Fry, iron manufacturer and liberal M P. for Darlington and Leonard Lyell, large land owner and liberal M P. for Ork, ney and Shetland, are made baronet - Thomas Roe, timber merchant and liberal M P. for Derby, and Donald Horne Macfarlane, East India merchant, and liberal M P. for Argylshire, are knighted. Joseph Norman Lockyer, astronomer, is made a Companion of the Bath. Sir Henry Mortimer Durand, head of the recent diplomatic mission to Afghanistan is made a knight commander of the most exalted order of the Star of India. Lord Wm Beresford, son of the Marquis of Waterford, is made a knight commander of the most eminent order of the Indian empire.

—The Toronto Globe truely remarks that a good feature of the Empire's anniversary number was the amount of prizes won by Canadians at the World's Fair. The array is a formidable one, and helps the reader to form a notion of the triumphs achieved by Canada at Chicago, especially in agriculture and kindred pursuits.

—A consolidation of some of the bakeries of Montreal is one of the first movements of the new year. It is expected that the movement will result in a big co-operation bakery and cheaper bread. A revolution in the baking business has for some time been going on in several European cities. Large bakeries, more economical in working, are taking the place of smaller ones. The change has for some time been looked for in Canada, and it now appears to be about to come.

THIS MONTH

Before Stock Taking we must work off all our FUR GOODS. If you want a Lady's Astrakan Jacket cheap come to us. The balance of our Ladies' Fur Muffs and Collars at clearing prices; Ladies' Felt Hats half price.

☞ Remember, our Fur Coats, Sleigh Robes and Men's and Boys' Overcoats and Ulsters are the best for the least money.

J. B. Macdonald & Co.

Charlottetown, Jan. 4, 1894—eod

Dominion Crayon Co

The public and all interested will take notice that I have purchased from T. J O'Brien the above business, and will be pleased to see every lady and gentleman wishing to procure a fine CRAYON PICTURE and FRAME.

All parties who have sent in Pictures to be enlarged will please call and order Frames.

I have appointed T. J. O'BRIEN my Agent, who will visit Souris and Georgetown with samples of our work.

B. H. LANDIS,

220 QUEEN STREET.

Charlottetown, Jan. 4, 1894—2i

Grand New Year's

ENTERTAINMENT!

Half Proceds for Benefit of the Widows and Orphans of the Wrecked Seamen of the Gracie M Parker.

MR. J. E. WELSH, assisted by his pupils and some of the best Musical and Literary talent of our city, will give the above Entertainment

AT THE LYCEUM,

—ON—

Friday Evening, Jan. 5th.

PROGRAMME.

PART I.

New Year's Greeting ..... Miss Pearl Jury.

1. Piano Duet ..... Miss Laura and Mamie Hughes.
2. Children's Song—"Beautiful Bells" ..... Eric and Gower McLean, L Webster and Misses Pope.
3. Piano Solo—"Wandering Sprite" ..... Master Willie McKee.
4. Vocal Duet—"Homeless To-night" ..... Miss Laura and Helen Mitchell.
5. Cornet Duet—"In the Starlight" ..... Miss G Welsh and Mr. Galbraith.
6. Vocal Solo—"When I'm a Great Big Man" Master Gower McLean.
7. Reading ..... Mr. Warren.
8. Piano Duet—"Rip Rap Galop" ..... Misses Phillips and Chappell.
9. Vocal Solo—"Over the Harbor Bar" ..... Miss Collins.
10. Banjo Solo—"The Darkies' Patrol" ..... Miss Murphy.
11. Vocal Solo ..... Mr. Leslie Cook.

Intermission—Selections by Citizens' Band.

1. Vocal Solo—"A Bird from o'er the Sea" ..... Miss Emma Murphy.
2. Piano Duet—"Military Galop" ..... Miss Gussie and Mr. George Purdy.
3. Male Quartette ..... Messrs McLean, Bruce, Cook and Lewis.
4. Violin Solo—"Gavotte Marion" ..... Mr. Vinnicombe.
5. Vocal Solo ..... Miss Jean Nash.
6. Piano Duet ..... Mr. Earle and Pupil.
7. Recitation (with musical accompaniment ..... Miss McNeill.
8. Inst. Duet (Violin and Cornet) ..... Messrs. Vinnicombe and Fletcher.
9. Vocal Solo ..... Mr. Welsh.
10. Vocal Duet—"Gently Sighs the Breeze" ..... Misses Collins and Webster.

"GOD SAVE THE QUEEN."

Positively no encores.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Programme commences at sharp 8 o'clock

Admission, 25 cents; Reserved Seats, 35 cents; Children, 15 and 25 cents.

Tickets at Apothecaries' Hall, Reddin's Drug Store, and at the door.

Jan2—pat guar

J. B. Pace Tobacco Co., Richmond Virginia; and Montreal, Canada.

E. R. Brow

Insurance Agent,

CHARLOTTETOWN.

TELEGRAPHIC.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER

The Connolly-McGreevy Sentence.

OTTAWA, Jan. 4.

The report that the Cabinet has decided not to interfere with McGreevy's and Connolly's sentence is without foundation. The Cabinet has nothing to do with the matter. The prerogative rests entirely with the Governor-General, acting on the advice of the Minister of Justice.

Notes at St. John.

ST. JOHN, Jan. 4.

Leo Owens, a native of Georgetown, was killed yesterday in Morrison's lumber yard, in Aroostook County.

Breen defeated McCormack in a two-mile skating race last night by a quarter lap.

Bye-Elections in Newfoundland.

ST. JOHN'S, Nfld., Jan. 4.

The bye-elections in St. John's and Placentia took place yesterday. Fox and McGrath, the new departmental officers of the Whiteaway Government were elected without opposition.

Notes From Montreal.

MONTREAL, Jan. 4.

It is now believed that the legislature will be prorogued on Friday.

The Canadian Pacific Railway will soon build an opera house in this city at a cost of $100,000.

Syrup of Figs

Produced from the laxative and nutritious juice of California figs, combined with the medical virtues of plants known to be most beneficial to the human system, acts gently on the kidneys, liver and bowels, effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds and headaches, and curing habitual constipation.

1894

BUY

Carter's Almanac.

You'll Need it Hundreds of Times before this Year is out.

COSTS ONLY 15 CENTS.

FOR SALE AT

Carter's Bookstore.

jan2

Pure-Bred Stock Importers!

A warm Cattle Car, with vacant room for a few animals, and in charge of a competent attendant, will leave Ontario for P. E. Island soon. This will be a rarely good chance to get safe and cheap carriage. Apply by letter or otherwise at once to

F. G. BOVYER.

Geo'town, Jan. 4, 1894—dy 2i wy 1i pd

Latest and Best World's Fair Book.

Unequalled for superb Illustrations and complete History. Over 600 pages, 8x10½. Articles by prominent officials and portraits of all, men and women. Won't appear in any newspaper coupon scheme. Send outfit of such, or 50c. (returnable) for handsome outfit.

G. R. E. KENNEDY, Publisher,

Jan1—4i Stanstead Junction, Que.

THREE FRIENDS

You Meet in Our Stock.

Quality, Quantity, Price.

We keep everything a first-class Clothing Store should keep. We not only sell at moderate prices, but fill and deliver orders promptly and carefully.

Inspection of our Overcoats, Ulsters, Reefers and Suits will convince you we are fully up to the wants of the people of P. E. Island. Give us a call.

McKay Woolen Co.

Charlottetown, Nov. 17, 1893.

JAS. PATON & CO'S.

ANNUAL SALE

—OF—

White Goods, White Worked Embroidery, &c.

Commencing SATURDAY, 13th inst., we will offer our whole stock of White Goods, Table Linens, Lawns, Checked Muslins, Sheetings, Cottons, Pillow Cottons, Towels, Table Napkins, Pillow Cases, Drawn Linens, Piques, Ladies' Underwear, Knickers, Chemises, White Skirts, etc.

Every Lady should take advantage to attend this Sale and secure some great Bargains.

Our stock of WHITE EMBROIDERY has been imported direct from Gais, Switzerland. The prices and patterns, we feel sure, will please our customers.

New Embroideries,	New White Quilts,
New Insertions,	New Sheetings,
New Cambrics,	New Pillow Cottons,
New Lawns,	New Towels,
New Lansdales,	New Towelings,
New Edgings,	New Table Linens,
New Underwear,	New Table Napkins,

ALL NEW GOODS!

Housekeepers and others will find this a good chance to replenish their stock of White Goods.

JAMES PATON & CO'S.,

The Popular Cheap Store.

WE HAVE SOLE CONTROL —FOR— P. E. Island

of J. & T. Bell's Fine Boots and Shoes.

These goods are celebrated throughout the Dominion for STYLE, FINISH and WEAR. When you want a First-class Shoe and a Good Fit, ask us for BELL'S.

LADIES' COLORED SLIPPERS made to order at short notice. The kid used can be washed when soiled. Call and see samples.

J. M. McLEOD & CO.

Charlottetown, January 3, 1894—dy

SILVERWARE

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

We are giving BIG BARGAINS in the above line of goods, as we have a large stock on hand.

C. C. JURY,

North Side of Queen Square, - - - - Opposite the Post Office.

Charlottetown, January 4, 1894—dy & wky

1894.

NEW! NEW!

Cheap Eight-day Clocks, beautiful tone; Luminous Dial Alarm Clocks; Watches for $4.50 and $5.50; Genuine Waltham, $7.50 and $9.00; Gold Watches, cheap and good.

See our Gold Filled Case Watches, also Gold Filled Spectacles at less than half the price of gold ones.

E. W. TAYLOR,

Charlottetown, Jan. 4, 1894—2i CAMERON BLOCK.

People in this 19th century are bound to have the best that can be had for the money. That is why

EVERYBODY WEARS

GRANBY RUBBERS.

They give perfect satisfaction in fit, style and finish and it has become a by-word that

"GRANBY RUBBERS wear like iron."

December 26, 1893—tu thu sat

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 75c bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Manufactured only by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

W. R. Watson, Druggist, Charlottetown, P E Island. jyrwtf

Halifax Markets.

P. M JENKINS & CO.

General Commission Merchants.

We give special attention to the handling of Carcases of Produce and the chartering and insuring of vessels. We also have grand facilities for selling Eggs, Butter, Oysters, Pork, etc. Consignments solicited. Good Bank references. We forward all kinds of goods to any point. Box 240, Halifax, N.S.

sep28—

HOUSE TO LET—Containing five rooms, good stabling attached, on Richmond Street West. Apply on the premises to NICHOLAS MURPHY. tu fri m pd—nov28