

THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 7.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, SATURDAY, JULY 31, 1880.

NO. 60

1880.
**BRITISH
WAREHOUSE,
QUEEN SQUARE.**
Spring and Summer Goods.
COMPLETE IN EVERY DEPARTMENT,
VALUE UNSURPASSED.

THE Subscribers have, by the S. S. "Prince Edward," "Ethel Blanche," and other later arrivals, completed the
LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF
British and Foreign Dry Goods
AND GROCERIES
Ever imported by them, which they will dispose of at the lowest Cash prices.
Please give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.
W. & A. BROWN & CO.
June 1, 1880. [14

TRY IT. TRY IT.
GIVE ALBION MINE NUT COAL
a fair trial and you will not be disappointed in the result; it is COAL, not fire clay and slate. For orders apply to
G. W. DEBLOIS,
Sole Agent for P. E. Island.
Office—No. 35 Water Street,
Charlottetown, July 8, 1880—pat tf

**PACIFIC
Mutual Insurance Co.,**
—OF—
**NEW YORK
MARINE.**
Assets 31st Dec., 1879, - \$744,149.09

Insurance effected on CARGOES and FREIGHTS, covering \$15,000 and upwards on first-class risks.
Certificates issued payable in London at the office of Messrs Rose & Co., Bankers, or in New York.
Risks taken and rates fixed without being referred to Head Office.
FENTON T. NEWBURY.
Agent for P. E. Island.
May 11, 1880.

SALT. SALT.
HOURLY EXPECTED AT CANSO,
7,000 bushels Cadiz Salt, fine-grained, suitable for curing and packing fish. Will deliver this cargo at any safe Harbor on the Island. Parties wanting above cargo will do well to engage at once.
GEO. COOMBS,
Ch'town, July 3, '80. Water Street.

**WORTH'S
LIVERY STABLES!**
PRINCE STREET,
Between Kent and Grafton Streets
Charlottetown, P. E. Island.
June 17, 1880—3m eod pd

**Great Summer Resort
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND,
LORNE HOTEL.**

THIS New and Commodious House, situate at North Shore, offers great attraction for Tourists who are wanting recreation, sea bathing, fishing, etc.
It is within easy access of the City, being only thirteen (13) miles by rail or carriage.
Charges moderate. For further particulars apply to the Manager, or address
LORNE HOTEL COMPANY.
Charlottetown, P. E. I.
June 12, 1880.

**QUEEN INSURANCE CO'Y.
OF ENGLAND.**
CAPITAL . . . TWO MILLIONS STERLING.
INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise and Produce. Also, on Vessels on the stocks.
Special rates for isolated residences.
Losses settled promptly.
GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank),
Agent for Prince Edward Island
June, 1877—

SUBSCRIBE for the DAILY EXAMINER, the Cheapest and most Newsy Paper published in the Provinces.

SIGN OF THE LION

NEW GOODS!
Black Cashmeres and Dress-Cords,
Black and Colored Kid Gloves,
Black and Colored Satins,
New Buttons, Flowers, Ribbons, Frillings, Corsets, Cloths & Tailors' Trimmings!
JUST OPENED.
W. A. WEEKS & CO.,
Charlottetown, July 26, 1880—tu th sat Queen Street.

SEASIDE HOTEL!
RUSTICO BEACH, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.
(UNDER VICE-REGAL PATRONAGE.)

THIS Beautiful Watering Place will be open for the reception of Guests from the 24th June till the 15th September.
The above Hotel is situated in one of the most charming spots on the Island, having beautiful scenery, a bracing atmosphere, a beautiful beach, splendid surf-bathing, sea and river fishing, etc., etc. Good Tables. Moderate charges. Special arrangements made for Picnic and Dinner Parties, etc. Also the spacious Pavilion will be let for Picnic Parties, etc., at moderate charges.
Coach will leave Charlottetown every Wednesday and Saturday evening, calling for Guests; returning every Thursday and Monday morning, at 9 o'clock, a. m.
Also, arrangements have been made with Mr. Bagnall to meet trains from all points at Hunter River, for passage to Seaside—7 miles.
ADDRESS,
JOHN NEWSON & CO., Proprietors,
June 21, 1880. Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

ESTABLISHED 1825.
CANADA CORDAGE FACTORY.
JOHN A. CONVERSE, MONTREAL.
MANUFACTURER OF CORDAGE of Every Description, including all sizes Manila Rope, Tanned Manilla Hawser, Lobster Marlin, Tanned Hemp Rope, Houseline, Hambroline, &c., &c., equal in quality to the best American. Prices on application.
Jan. 7, 1880.

BRICKS.
GOOD HARD BRICKS for sale at the Brick and Pottery Works in the Royalty.
FRED. W. HYNDMAN.
July 15, '80—2w

A Fact Worth Knowing!
HOW OFTEN do we hear men say, "I never can get clothes to fit." The reason is obvious. Few Tailors understand how to Cut the Garment to afford the evolutions of the body. Come to the right place and get suited. Mothers, bring your boys; wives, send your husbands.
Cutting promptly executed. Good fits guaranteed.
Equalled by few, excelled by none.
Charges Moderate. Terms Cash.
THOMAS SMITH,
Upper Gt. George Street,
Ch'town, June 1, 1880.

**ST. MARGARET'S HALL,
HALIFAX, N. S.**
SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES.
VISITOR:
The Lord Bishop of Nova Scotia
PRINCIPAL:
The Rev. John Padfield.

THIS SCHOOL offers, at very moderate cost, the advantages of a comfortable and pleasant home together with a thorough and refined education.
The course of Instruction is the same as that of the best Schools in England and is founded upon the University Examinations for Women. Eight young ladies from this School passed the Local Examination of the University of King's College in June last. This is the only School in Canada that has passed pupils at a University Examination.
The number of pupils is limited, rendering the School select, and while it possesses all the educational advantages of a large public school, each pupil is enabled to receive that individual care and oversight which is so important, and which cannot be given in a large establishment.
Mr. and Mrs. Padfield are assisted by a staff of four resident governesses, besides visiting masters.
Parisienne French is taught conversationally. There are two resident French Governesses.
References given to parents of pupils.
For further particulars address the Principal.
Sept. 19, 1879.

NEW GOODS
—AT THE—
"CROWN GROCERY,"
NEXT DOOR TO W. A. BROWN & CO.
THE undersigned have much pleasure in informing their friends, and the public generally, that they have completed their Stock of
Choice Family Supplies,
and would ask all in search of Fresh Goods to give them a call.
ROBERTSON & CAMERON.
May 31, 1880.—3m eod & wkly

**THE NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE
FIRE AND LIFE
INSURANCE CO.,**
Of Edinburgh and London,
ESTABLISHED IN 1809
Subscribed Capital, \$9,733,332.00
Paid up Capital, - 1,216,666.00
Transacts every description of Fire, Life and Annuity Business on the most favorable terms.
FIRE DEPARTMENT—Insurances may be effected at the Lowest current rates.
Insurances upon Public and Private Buildings effected on especially favorable terms.
Losses settled with promptitude and liberality.
LIFE DEPARTMENT—New and Reduced premiums for Dominion of Canada.
G. W. DEBLOIS,
General Agent for P. E. Island.
Office, No. 35 Water Street, Charlottetown.
April 14, '80—pat her ne sj kea tf eod

E. G. HUNTER,
Manufacturer & Dealer in
**MONUMENTS
Tablets, Headstones, &c.,**
in variety, at LOWEST PRICES. BEST STOCK. Superior Workmanship.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED TO PATRONS
N. B.—Farm Produce taken at market rates, in payment, during shipping season.
Kent Street, Charlottetown, P. E. I.
Please call and examine Designs & Prices.
Mar. 20, 1880.—w d—tu sa 6m

"Legitimate Grounds."

THE *Moncton Times*, remarking upon the ceaseless stream of slander and vituperation which is being poured upon the Dominion Government, says:—
"It would be much more creditable to the Grit press if it would attack the Government on legitimate grounds. It knows that the country is overwhelmingly in favor of giving the National Policy a trial, and it knows that the working of the National Policy, so far, has been far more satisfactory than could have been expected. The Grit papers cannot but see a returning confidence among the people. Between one and two millions of dollars have been absorbed in new manufacturing enterprises, shipping property is in demand, and a great improvement in agricultural matters is noticeable, while a good commencement has been made at stock raising. This refers to the Maritime Provinces alone. Then why is it that the Opposition newspapers will adopt such disreputable tactics? Why not follow the example of the American press in doing all that is possible to restore entire confidence, without which there can be no genuine business prosperity or rapid National advancement? And if this is not possible, and the National policy must be attacked, why not give it credit for the good it has done, while attacking it for injury, imaginary or real, that the opposition claim it is inflicting on the Dominion?"

The Molasses Market.

Speculation has gone into operation in this article, large buyers having accumulated in their hands the greater proportion of stocks; cargoes, as they arrive, being absorbed in this way. The price in Barbadoes opened at 21 cts. in the spring, at which rate nearly all that has left the Island was bought, a small quantity having been laid in at 20 cts. The present price is 24 cts., showing an advance of 3c. to 4c. per gallon. Here the article sold at 44c. the imperial gallon in the early part of June, but at the present time 50 cents is demanded, being an advance of 6 cts. per gallon. Whether this price will be maintained remains to be seen. The stocks which appear to be available for this place foot up about 3,000 hhd. of all kinds, not taking into account other arrivals, which are not at present raised. The consumption of seven months is to be provided for—not twelve months—Cuba molasses being available in the latter part of January or early in February, and it is fair to presume, in fact it is known, that more or less of molasses will be sent here as usual from Nova Scotia ports. Hence, unless buyers become alarmed, the needs of the country for this sweet may be met without unduly running up the price, there being really but a slightly less supply than usual. It is pretty certain that Barbadoes is cleared out of molasses. Other ports, however, are open to send forward, notably Demerara, with the stocks of which place, however, we are not acquainted.—*St. John Sun.*

June Imports Into St. John.

Grand total entered for consumption.
Tobacco, &c. \$6,600,433
Duty collected 1,278,903
—*Evening Globe.*
On which the *St. John Sun* remarks:—
Now, where's your thirty, forty and fifty per cent. duty under the new Tariff? The old Tariff was called a 20 per cent. Tariff. If 20 per cent. had been collected all around on the imports of the Dominion for June, the amount realized for duties would have been \$1,320,098. Instead of this there was collected only \$1,278,903. The exact percentage on last month's imports was 19.37 per cent. We must again direct attention to the fact that the oft repeated statement of the Opposition, that the new Tariff annihilated the Free List, is without foundation. About one-fourth of the total imports were free.

Caution, Merchants!

The *Monetary Times* says:—"While there is reason for congratulation with regard to the present exhibit, we must beg our mercantile readers not to be carried away by the appearance of better times that have dawned upon us. This is a time for caution. Men at present should set themselves busily to work to clear away any remaining rubbish of the past, and start fairly for the future. It is a time for men not only to curtail the credits they give, but to curtail what they take. Many a man has been ruined by taking too much credit as well as by giving it. The whole credit basis in fact has been too high; men have been blown up and inflated like a balloon, and like a balloon they have collapsed. We must get nearer to a cash basis both in buying and selling."

A distressing scene was witnessed yesterday afternoon in the vicinity of the Valley Church. Stretched on the sward, her body writhing in the agonies of delirium tremens and her face and clothing covered with blood, lay the form of a young woman, almost a girl in years. The sight was one calculated to draw pity from a heart of adamant. The fearful cries that she made attracted a great many persons around her, but none seemed willing to do anything to alleviate the unfortunate girl's distress until a few kind-hearted ladies came along and washed her wounds and arranged her disorderly clothing. After lying in this state for some time she was removed to the police station. A dozen temperance lecturers would not have made half the impression upon the spectators that this terrible scene did.—*Globe.*

"The American Agriculturist."

THE August number of this excellent periodical for farmers is at hand. As usual, it contains a large variety of useful information and good suggestions. From its hints for the work of the month, we clip the following, which seems to us applicable to this Island:—

Swamp Lands.—This month and the next are the best for cleaning up the wet, low lands. The thick growth of grass and weeds is first to be cut and burned, when the soil will be ready to break up with a plow. So soon as the soil has been made fine by thorough harrowing, it should be sown to grass seed. Frequently it will be necessary to run one or more.

Muck.—This valuable material for the barn-yard, stable, and compost heap, can be dug with greatest ease and profit at this season. It may be drawn out into a heap near by, with a team and a dump scraper, where it can get dried out, and afterwards be drawn to the place where it is to be used.

Composts.—There are many waste matters about the farm. And they should be gathered into a heap and there rotted into a valuable fertilizer. Weeds of all kinds that do not contain ripe seeds, and refuse of crops, should go into the compost heap.

Fall Fallowing.—It is wise to plow as much as possible for spring sowing. It is a half-way fallowing, and in so far an advantage to the soil; it is of more benefit to heavy land than light, and the earlier it is done the better. Fall plowing greatly facilitates the farm operations in the spring.

Sheep.—The coupling season begins soon, and a good run only should be used. If possible, secure a pure blood—a poor ram is poor economy.

Lambs should be separated from the dams and given a good pasture by themselves. If early lambs are desired for the spring market, a Southdown cross is preferable for quality, though in size the Cotswolds are much larger than the Southdowns.

Poultry.—The value of pure bloods is now well established. This month is a good time to clear out the old mixed fowls and procure a few specimens of one of the best sorts; both the pleasure and profit of poultry raising will be increased by raising some one or more of the select breed.

Burned at the Stake.

A SHOCKING AFFAIR AT DEPARTURE BAY.

The *Victoria (B. C.) Colonist*, of July 7, gives the following particulars of the burning of the man Polland, at Departure Bay, reference to which was made in our telegraphic despatches at the time:—

"On Saturday last a large number of the residents of the Nanaimo district gathered at Wellington to compete for \$300 worth of prizes offered by the proprietors of the Wellington colliery. During the afternoon Thomas Polland, boatswain on board the British Ship Maggie E. Seed, loading at Departure Bay, while intoxicated, became engaged in a wordy war with another sailor. After some time Polland's conduct became so outrageous that constable Drake, assisted by several spectators, placed him in a large barn, the property of the coal company. To prevent his return to the ground he was chained by the wrists to a post inside. The parties then went back to the ground, and in about an hour afterwards the barn was observed to be on fire. A rush was at once made to liberate the man and the horses in the stalls. Several men forced their way inside and seized the poor fellow, whose piercing cries rent the evening air, and carried a thrill of pity to every heart. Their efforts were in vain; the fastenings were but too secure; and as the fiery tongues approached, Polland begged them to cut off his arms so that he might escape with the stumps. The rescuers were soon forced to flee to save themselves from burning, leaving the unfortunate man to his awful fate. In less time than it has taken to write this description the flames were seen to envelope the writhing form. For the space of about a minute piteous cries for help were heard, and then a dense volume of smoke settled down upon and shut out the dreadful scene. When the building fell in the whitened skull and calcined bones of the wretched prisoner were discovered lying amid the chains that had prevented his rescue. Five horses were also burnt to death, and their harness destroyed, together with a quantity of hay and oats. Two of the horses belonged to ex-Mayor Bate, and one each to A. Mayer, R. Nightingale and C. York. The sports were brought to a sudden termination by this unfortunate accident. The victim of this most horrible occurrence was aged about 36 years, and was a native of London, England."

Remedy for Hard Times.

Stop spending so much on fine clothes, rich food and style. Buy good, healthy food, cheaper and better clothing; get more real and substantial things of life every way, and especially stop the foolish habit of running after expensive and quack doctors or using so much of the vile humbug medicine that does you only harm, and makes the proprietors rich, but put your trust in the greatest of all simple pure remedies, Hop Bitters that cures always at a trifling cost, and you will see better times and good health. Try it once. Read of it in another column.