

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

MAY 26, 1887.

Editorial Notes.

A coal famine prevails in Halifax owing to the ice blockade on the Cape Breton coast.

The Allans, of Montreal, have given \$5000 towards the endowment of Queen's University, Kingston.

The Montreal City Council opened a fund for the Nanaimo, B. C. sufferers, on the Queen's birthday, the Alderman subscribing \$500 on the spot.

The sale of the French crown jewels has been concluded. The chief lot, diamond headresses, was sold in 16 pieces for 650,000 francs. The proceeds of the nine days sales was 6,865,000 francs.

The assessed value of property in Galt, Ont., is this year \$1,627,832, an increase of nearly \$100,000 over that of 1886. The population was increased in 1886 by 308 over the previous year, and this year another increase of 375 is shown, making the present number 6,697.

A public meeting to nominate water commissioners will be held in the Market Hall to-morrow evening. As the success or failure of the waterworks depends to a large extent upon the commissioners, we trust there will be a large attendance of electors, and that good and discreet men will be nominated.

The Montreal civic committee has decided to celebrate the Queen's Jubilee on the 21st of June and to proclaim it a public holiday. A grand military review will be held, to which other regiments will be invited and there will be a general illumination. A congratulatory address is to be presented to the Queen.

A writer in the Nineteenth Century suggests that Queen Victoria have a new title on her jubilee, and thinks the following would fill the bill:—"Of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of all the Dominions and Territories of the British Nation, Queen, Defender of the Faith, Empress of India."

Nova Franks publishes a letter signed by Gen. Tcherniaeff advising Russia to give up the idea that the key of the Bosphorus is sought by the Government at Vienna, and to turn all her thoughts to the Rhine and the Oder—to place her arch enemy between the hammer and the anvil and profit by the present favorable circumstances to avenge herself for the work of the Berlin congress.

In discussing the proposal to add skilled labor to the curriculum of the public schools in New York, the Commercial Bulletin says:—"Beyond question there is an urgent necessity for American youths to learn trades, but the business is one that should be left to private enterprise. The best place to learn a trade that is worth learning, and that will stay by the learner, is not in the schools, but under daily training in the workshop."

The Paris Figaro publishes an article by Gen. Leflo, formerly French ambassador to Russia, containing official correspondence relating to the events of 1875, showing that Russia prevented Germany from attacking France. A semi-official note has been issued declaring that Gen. Leflo used documents which were not his property without permission from the Foreign Office, and that he deserves the reprobation of all men with a sense of honor for such a serious breach of his professional duties.

The following facts in connection with the resignation of the Goblet French Ministry are not generally known: The expenditure having outgrown the income, the government proposed to restore the equilibrium of the finances by taxes on income and alcohol. The budget committee demanded reductions in the estimates, which both M. Dauphin, Minister of Finance, and Premier Goblet declared impossible. On the division, the ministry was defeated by a vote of 275 to 259, and M. Goblet announced that the Ministry would resign.

The grit newspapers are full of conjectures as to the cause of Sir Charles Tupper's visit to New York. The Toronto Globe announces that he has gone to negotiate a reciprocity treaty. An Ottawa correspondent says: It is certain that Sir Charles is not engaged in formal negotiations, though the probability is that he is ready while on his trip to discuss the matter with any American statesman who may feel sufficiently interested. The finance minister will also be likely to avail himself of the opportunity to look into the operation of the iron tariff and to meet points on the management of the statistical department.

The resignation of Governor Masson is received with unfeigned regret by the press of both political parties. His administration of the duties of chief magistrate of the old and important Province of Quebec has met the approval of every class and creed. The Montreal Herald thinks that the resignation should not be accepted until after a period of travel in Europe to re-establish his health be accorded. In the event of Governor Masson's retirement the Herald asks for an English-speaking Governor. In this connection the names of Chief Justice Meredith, Alonzo Wright and several other prominent Quebec Protestants are mentioned. It is rumored on the other hand that Sir Adolphe Caron will be the next occupant of "Spencerwood." Caron is a familiar name in the Governorship of Quebec.

The New York World's Augusta, Maine, special says: "Mr. Blaine, while on the other side of the Atlantic, will put himself on record as a friend of Ireland. He will visit Mr. Gladstone soon after his arrival and will undoubtedly be asked to speak at Home Rule meetings, banquets, etc. These invitations he will accept. After getting Mr. Gladstone's appreciation, Mr. Blaine, accompanied by Mr. Parnell, will make a tour of Ireland, addressing public meetings, and receive, if the programme is carried out, ovations at every hand. There would be no inappropriety in Mr. Gladstone calling upon the most prominent citizen of the United States to aid in an issue which is of so much importance to many of his fellow citizens, and certainly none in Mr. Blaine responding."

As a citizen of Toronto the Hon. E. Blake has addressed a letter to the press of

that city condemning in strong language the recent outrage perpetrated upon Mr. O'Brien there last week. The prediction of the Montreal Star that other protests would follow that of the Archbishop of Halifax is about to be verified. With Mr. O'Brien's mission to Canada neither the Archbishop of Halifax nor Mr. Blake may be in sympathy. They protest in the name of Canadian liberty which has been so shamefully outraged at Toronto and Kingston. The EXAMINER has always stood up for freedom of speech, believing with Euripides in the truth of the motto we wear: "This is true liberty when free born men having to advise the public may speak free." The Anglican bishop of Algoma has published a letter endorsing Mr. Blake's condemnation of the conduct of the Toronto mob.

The question of trade relations between the United States and Canada has been the subject of considerable discussion of late. Projects of commercial union or reciprocity have been suggested as adapted to meet the circumstances of the two countries. Bradstreet's says that "opinion upon the subject cannot be regarded as having been definitely formed on either side of the line, though on both expressions in favor of the adoption of one or the other plan have not been wanting. These expressions have been based upon the desirability of wider commercial relations. Just what support either proposition can command in the United States at present it is difficult to say, and that is, of course, the point of most importance. There will undoubtedly be strong opposition in many quarters in the United States to the extension of the privileges of commercial union to Canada except on the basis of political union."

The Boundary Question.

The tone of a portion of the Russian press seems to indicate clearly enough that the difficulty in the way of a settlement of the Khoja Saleh boundary question was not so much in intrinsic as contingent or relative. It was in one case unhesitatingly stated that the real cause of the delay in its solution was England's demeanor respecting Bulgaria. Another journal tried to dissuade the Government from coming to any agreement. If these newspapers reflect official opinion in any way, the situation is certainly a strange comment on Russian diplomacy. After the meeting of the delimitation commission on the 4th inst., without any decision being arrived at, it was arranged that another meeting should take place on the following Tuesday but, as the telegram informed us, it too proved ineffectual. In case of such being result, Sir West Ridgeway was to receive fresh instructions. The troubles that have meanwhile arisen in Afghanistan add still further to the existing complications.

Trouble in Crete.

Though telegrams from Athens announced that the Greek Government had used its influence to quiet the discontent in Crete, it did not succeed in preventing loss of life; one Turk was killed and several others were wounded, and three Christians fell victims to the conflict. It promised well that leading professors of both faiths were uniting in their efforts to calm the excitement, and in the town of Canea they had managed to restore apparent tranquility. But armed bands of Christians were roving about the outskirts, or occupying positions from which they might assault unwary passers-by. How far the Turkish authorities repose confidence in the expressed desire of the Greeks to make their kinsmen submissive to the Moslem yoke, we are not informed. Greece certainly must have changed if her aspirations for the possession of Crete have entirely died out, though it may be that their survival in full strength is not incompatible with unwillingness to see a fresh rising, which can have no fruit but needless slaughter. Once the torch of insurrection has been kindled, however, it is not easy to quench it, and it is not impossible that we may yet hear of further trouble in that unhappy island.

The Penny Post.

A universal penny postal service would be a boon to people of limited means all over the world. The subject is advocated by Mr. H. Heaton, member of the British House of Commons, who has collected some interesting statistics on the subject which will be found in our telegraphic columns. The deduction to be drawn from these statistics is that a penny post could be established between Great Britain and America at a profit to the former country. The United States and Canada are much interested in this matter and if some of our statistical friends in the Dominion Parliament would follow the example set by Mr. Heaton and gather statistics bearing on the postal arrangements between the two countries some sort of an idea regarding the probable loss to the Dominion the changes would involve would be ascertained. The United States, we believe, are favorable to cheap postage, therefore the advocates of the reform need fear little opposition from our cousins across the line. Were the matter taken in hand by the government of the three countries, we have no doubt a satisfactory arrangement could be arrived at.

St. Petersburg Endangered.

There is no great city whose security is more frequently endangered by possible overflows of water than is St. Petersburg. Its situation is naturally low, and when the ice breaks up a westerly gale and high tide in the Gulf of Finland would threaten it with submergence and ruin. The Neva, which at that season sweeps with resistless force through the city, is fed by the waters of Lake Ladoga, covering an area of over 6,000 square miles, at a level of about sixty feet above the sea. In the year 1880 the waters rose over ten feet above their ordinary level, and the people were in hundreds of instances inundated. The basements and cellars in a great portion of the city were under water, and the suburban villas and cottages had to be deserted. One result of this flooding is the prevalence of much disease, the death rate being said to be higher there than in any other capital. But for the immigration from the rural districts and foreign countries, the population would dwindle away.

A FINE lot of ladies kid boots at Goff Bros.

Clergyman Released.

As announced in our Dublin despatch, some time ago Rev. Father Keller has been released from prison by order of the Court of Appeal. This court holds that the warrant for Father Keller's arrest was illegal, and reverses the decision of the Court of Queen's Bench. Father Keller was released from prison at 8 o'clock on Saturday evening. He drove to the Imperial Hotel in the Lord Mayor's carriage in company with Archbishop Walsh and Timothy Harrington, M. P., followed by a large crowd of citizens. At the hotel he was received by Messrs. Sheehy and Crilly, M. P.'s, and numerous priests. Father Keller addressed the crowd from a window of the hotel. In the course of his remarks he said he might have been in prison until doomsday before Justice Boyd would have released him. With reference to his treatment while in prison he said that all the officials had shown him marked respect. At night crowds of citizens carrying banners and headed by bands of music paraded the streets in honor of Father Keller's release.

An Obstinate Bride.

A short time ago a well known clergyman, now laboring in Halifax, while stationed at another place was a necessary participant in an extraordinary marriage scene. The bridegroom was a rough fisherman, and the bride belonged to the same class. The ceremony was in progress and the minister had reached the question, "Will thou take this man to be thy wedded husband?" It was asked and received no response. The astonished clergyman repeated it, and still no answer came. A third time he asked it, with continued silence on the lady's part, and then remarked that unless the question was answered the ceremony could not be performed. The groom suddenly dropped his loved one's hand, took a step behind her, administered a sharp shock with his heavily booted foot, and resumed his place at her side with the exclamation: "Now will you answer the parson?" The question was properly answered and the marriage was concluded without further trouble.—Halifax Chronicle.

The New Tax.

Russian travel abroad will be very much checked by the new tax on passports proposed by the Finance Minister. Indeed, should the tax be decided on, only very rich Russians will be able to leave their own country for any length of time. For the first three months abroad each traveller will be taxed 30 gold roubles (about £4 18s 4d), during the next quarter 15 roubles a month, in the third quarter 20 gold roubles, and in the last quarter of the first year 25 gold roubles a month. After this date the tax will be 30 gold roubles monthly, so that for the first year abroad Russians must pay £24 0s 8d, and for each succeeding twelve months \$50. Further, there is a tax of 44 roubles for every six months, and 10 roubles for each year on behalf of the Invalids' Fund, while any breach of the proscribed term of absence entails a fine of 25 per cent. These taxes are all levied in gold, not in the depreciated paper rouble.

The following information given in a recent number of the Scientific American may be of interest to some of our readers:—When a silk hat becomes wet, or from other causes has lost its smoothness and gloss, cleanse it carefully from all dust, then with a silk handkerchief apply petrolatum evenly and smooth down with the same handkerchief until it is dry, smooth and glossy. This will make a silk hat look as good as new.

SAYS the St. John Globe: Yesterday afternoon Constable Prince placed in jail Wm. Mabee for 25 cents, being the amount due on an execution for taxes. Mabee tendered the officer a twenty-five cent piece, but it was somewhat worn and had a small piece of lead filled in a small space that had been punctured in the coin. The jail officer admitted the delinquent, but subsequently released him, accepting the coin at face value.

ACCORDING to the Roman Catholic directory recently published there are 413 priests in the diocese of New York, 312 in Boston, 287 in Baltimore, 282 in Chicago, 270 in Philadelphia, 253 in St. Louis, 227 in Milwaukee and 219 in Cincinnati.

"BEAUTIFUL, just perfect!" a lady said, as she suited herself to a pair of Warren's French kid boots, made on the "Common Sense Last." You can all have beautiful and perfect fits in boots, shoes and slippers at C. B. Warrens, Stamper's Corner—and no extra charge.

A SKETCH of Mrs. Logan is contributed to the June number of the American Magazine by Mrs. Harriet Taylor Upton. The article includes some lively anecdotes of the period when General Logan was serving in the field.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN. ENTERED. Maa 25—schr U and I, Landry, South Bay, C. B. coal; F Billow, Murphy, Sheet Harbor, lumber; Onward, Heighton, River John, bal; Zambesie, McPherson, St Peter's; Maggie Jane, Stewart, Hawkesbury, bal; C Pearl, Burke, Pictou; Coast Guard, Bonnell, Sydney, coal; Rising Dawn, Boudroit, Pictou, coal; Chameloon, Hingley, Tatamagouche; Bounty, Melaine, Sydney, coal; Willoughby, Lantz, Pictou, coal; Fonn, Moran, Shediac, lumber; Trial, Hugley, Georgetown, mase. CLEARED. May 24—Mary B, McDougall, Pictou, oats and potatoes. May 25—Reality, Mountain, Tignish, mdae; Onward, Heighton, River John, pro; Maggie Jane, Stewart, New London; brig Zara, Ledwell, Swansea, 22,336 bush oats, 11,000 superficial feet deal ends; Maggie Jane, Stewart, New London; Rising Dawn, Boudroit, Pictou, bal; St Martin's Packet, Brian, Cocagne, oats; Alma, Ritoy, Cardigan Bridge, bal; Chameloon, Hingley, Tatamagouche, pro; Swan, LeLachur, Marble Mountain, oats; Willoughby, Lantz, Pinctte. OTHER PORTS. S'ide, May 25—Ent sch Commodore, Mc Kay, Shediac, bal, Annie Florence, Bernard, Pictou, coal; Phantom, Kennedy, Shediac, bal. Cld—Commodore, McKay, Shediac, oats; Lodi, Green, Pictou, bal. Alexandria, May 19—Sailed schr Kate M Hilton for Georgetown. Port Hawkesbury, May 23—cleared schr Maggie Jones, Stewart, Charlottetown. Boston, May 21—Cleared schr Mary E McDougall, Renault, Charlottetown. Vineyard Haven, May 20—arrived schr Gladys, Weehawken, for Souris.

Summerside Exports.

SUMMERSIDE, May 24, 1887. Shipped per ss St Lawrence, Cameron, master, for Point du Chene: 163 cases eggs.....\$ 470 00 1 1/2 brl brant..... 14 00 792 bags potatoes..... 795 00 4 cattle..... 160 00 1 horse..... 200 00 1690 lbs Island cloth..... 1332 00 16 bush barley..... 8 00 950 bush oats..... 285 00 67 bris oysters..... 101 00 \$3355 00 By same steamer on 25th inst.:— 86 cases eggs.....\$ 251 00 483 bags potatoes..... 442 00 1 horse..... 120 00 100 lbs oatmeal..... 3 00 50 bush turnips..... 10 00 925 sheep pelts..... 463 00 1485 bush oats..... 446 00 83 bris oysters..... 125 00 \$1860 00

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

RANKIN HOUSE. May 25—Andrew Galt, Montreal; John Lefurgey, S' Side; A E McKeon, Newcastle, N B; T G Ralston, St John, N B; S C Kemble, London, Eng. 26—Mrs Kelly, Miss Kelly, S' Side; John J Fairbairn, Montreal. REVERE HOUSE. May 24—Fred A Prince, W O N Parker, Montreal; J H Haslam, County Line; F Hayden, Halifax; F X Pichette, Quebec; E Kearns, St John, N B. OCEAN HOUSE. May 24—A F McAulay, John Currie, Francis McAulay, Richard Curran, St Peters. 25—Sarah A McDonald, Mary Ross, Robert Ryan, Boston; J J Ryan, Capt S Chiverie, J McLellan, Daniel Chaisson, Boston.

To His Worship the Mayor:

DEAR SIR,—We, the undersigned Electors of Charlottetown, request you to call a Public Meeting of the Citizens, on FRIDAY EVENING, for the purpose of nominating suitable persons to serve as Water Commissioners. (Sgd) G H Taylor, Adam Murray, R K Brace, W L Wellner, W J Wellner, A B McKenzie, Neil McLeod, G M Harris, M Stevenson, W R Boreham, J B McLeod, Lemuel Phillips, Capt Hickey, G H Reynolds, Frederick Peters, F L Haszard, C R Smallwood, G H Haszard, A L Brown, Chas C Gardiner, Thos W Dodd, Geo go Carter, William Dodd, Perkins & Sterns, T J Harris, W H Stewart, George Stanley, A Murphy, Lawrence W Watson, A N Large, Thos B Riley, Chester B McNeill, A B Warburton.

In compliance with the above Requisition, I do hereby call a public meeting of the citizens for Friday evening next, the 27th inst., at eight o'clock, to nominate candidates for the office of Water Commissioners. T. HEATH HAVILAND, Mayor.

TO LET.

PRIOR to making some considerable change in our present business, we propose to rent the store on P. G. Fraser's Corner (now occupied as a boot store). It is one of the best stands in the city for a druggist, jeweler, &c. DORSEY GOFF & CO.

Beautiful Prize Books for the Holidays. JUBILEE Memoir of "Victoria," Magazines, J Story Books, The Poets, bound volumes of the Bery and Girls' Own, back Nos \$1.80 each; Text Books, Cards, Motions, Bibles with Psalms, Hymns, Palm Books, &c., &c. M. F. ELLIS, Bible Depository.

Schooner "Elmer E. Hawes." BY Auction, FRIDAY, May 27th, at 12 o'clock, noon, at QUEEN'S WHARF. The fast-sailing American-built Schooner "Elmer E. Hawes," 39 tons register, with Sails (nearly new), Anchors, 40 fathoms Chain, 160 fathoms Manila Cable, 2 Dories, &c., &c., complete and ready for sea. Sale Positive—No Reserve. A. MCNEILL, Auctioneer.

In the Matter of John McRae of North Tryon. NOTICE is hereby given that John McRae, of Multhead's Corner, North Tryon, in Prince County, Prince Edward Island, has assigned to me the whole of his estate and effects (including accounts due to him), in trust for the benefit of such of his creditors as may sign the trust deed within three months from this date. The trust deed lies at the office of Carvel Brothers, Charlottetown, where creditors can examine and sign it. Creditors are requested to send their claims to me with as little delay as possible. LEWIS CARVELL, Assignee.

"Maryfield" at Auction. ON premises, Malpeque Road, on WEDNESDAY, 1st June next, at 11 o'clock, A. M.—Those nicely-situated premises, known as "Maryfield," in the County of Charlottetown, consisting of six acres of land, dwelling-house (9 rooms), Stable, Coach house and good orchard—altogether making it a most desirable property. A large portion of purchase money may remain secured by mortgage on the premises. A. H. B. MACGOWAN, Auctioneer.

NOTICE. A MEETING of the Shareholders of the Citizens' Skating Rink Co. will be held in the Rink Building, THURSDAY, the 26th inst., at 8 o'clock, p. m., to take into consideration the financial condition of the corporation, and the advisability of winding it up. W. W. STANLEY, Secretary.

FURNITURE, PIANO, &c. I WILL sell by Auction, at my Salesroom, FRIDAY, 27th inst., at 2 o'clock,—1 Piano, 1 Parlor Set (plush and walnut), 1 Bedroom Set (ash and walnut), 1 Walnut Hat Stand, 1 Marble-top Table, Hair Chairs and Table, 1 Wardrobe (ash and walnut), 1 large Refrigerator, in good condition, Carpets, Crockery, &c. This is a first-class lot of Furniture. G. M. HARRIS, Auctioneer.

Correct in Style—Very Low in Price. STANLEY BROS., BROWN'S BLOCK. Ch'town, May 9, 1887—eod & wky.

Lace Curtains.

A VERY LARGE STOCK TO SELECT FROM AT JAMES PATON & CO.

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NEW MANTLE AND JACKET ROOM

is well stocked with the Newest Shapes in Short Jackets, Cloth and Silk Dolmans, Jerseys and Waterproofs. All qualities at Strictly Moderate Prices for

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Millinery Department is very complete. New Gauzes, Ribbons, Flowers, Laces, &c.

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Ch'town, May 20, 1887—dy & wky

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