

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1889.

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The Daily Examiner

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ALMANAC FOR OCTOBER, 1889.

MOON'S CHANGES.
First Quarter, 1st day, 9h., 29.6m., p.m., S.W.
Full Moon, 8th day, 9h., 13.3m., p.m., S. E.
Last Quarter, 16th day, 8h., 25.0m., p.m., N.E.
New Moon, 24th day, 10h., 13.4m., a.m., S.E.
First Quarter, 31st day, 4h., 18.1m., a.m., N.
below horizon.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Moon	High	Day's
M	rises	sets	water	length
1 Tuesday	6 35	1 23	2 32	11 33
2 Wednesday	5 34	2 22	3 41	11 29
3 Thursday	6 32	3 11	5 8	11 26
4 Friday	8 30	3 51	6 38	11 22
5 Saturday	9 28	4 19	7 33	11 19
6 Sunday	10 26	4 51	8 48	11 16
7 Monday	12 24	5 11	9 32	11 12
8 Tuesday	13 22	5 40	10 7	11 9
9 Wednesday	14 20	6 10	10 46	11 6
10 Thursday	16 18	6 26	11 19	11 3
11 Friday	17 16	6 53	11 55	10 59
12 Saturday	18 14	7 23	12 28	10 56
13 Sunday	20 13	8 0	1 3	10 53
14 Monday	21 11	8 40	1 43	10 50
15 Tuesday	23 9	9 29	2 27	10 46
16 Wednesday	24 7	10 25	3 10	10 43
17 Thursday	25 5	11 24	4 28	10 40
18 Friday	27 4	12 19	5 44	10 37
19 Saturday	28 2	0 29	6 56	10 34
20 Sunday	29 0	1 31	7 56	10 31
21 Monday	30 4	2 42	8 44	10 27
22 Tuesday	31 5	3 52	9 24	10 24
23 Wednesday	32 5	5 10	4	10 21
24 Thursday	34 5	6 17	10 41	10 18
25 Friday	35 5	7 33	11 20	10 15
26 Saturday	36 4	8 50	12	10 12
27 Sunday	38 4	10 5	0 1	10 9
28 Monday	39 4	11 17	0 43	10 6
29 Tuesday	40 4	12 19	1 31	10 3
30 Wednesday	43 4	1 11	2 27	10 0
31 Thursday	45 4	2 1	3 33	9 57

Fine Clothing AND FASHIONABLE.

AN EXTRAORDINARY FINE LINE OF FALL AND WINTER SUITINGS has been received by us (all imported) which cannot be surpassed ANYWHERE in quality or style. The patterns are the very latest, and unusual care has been taken in their selection. The public and our friends are requested to call and examine our huge and magnificent assortment, which you will find at lowest prices. Do not buy before calling on us.

GENTS' FURNISHINGS A SPECIALTY.

D. A. BRUCE, Merchant Tailor.
Ch'town, Sept. 28, 1889—cod & wky

Enormous Sale & Provincial Exhibition

BOOTS AND SHOES.

MENS' AND BOYS' WELLINGTON BOOTS of superior quality and bottom prices. Mens' and Boys' Lace Boots, for quality and cheapness unsurpassed; Mens' Knee Boots and Hand-Made Wellington Boots in stock; French Kid, Oil Goat, Calf, Kip, Buff, Pebble and Split Boots, at rock bottom prices; a suitable variety of Slippers always on hand; Misses' and Children's Boots too numerous to mention, including Spring Heel Boots and Shoes.

RUBBER BOOTS AND SHOES.—Mens', Ladies', Boys', Misses', Youths' and Children's American and Canadian Rubber Boots and Shoes in stock; also, a case of Child's Spring Heel Rubbers.

N. B.—The demand for our manufacture of Boots has so increased that we found it necessary this autumn to add seven new hands to our Factory.

Call and see us. You will be welcomed.

GOFF BROS.
Charlottetown, Sept. 23, 1889.

PICKLING VINEGAR & SPICES.

Wholesale and Retail.

THE season for Pickling Vinegar and Spices having come around again, we are prepared to supply our many customers and the public generally with those articles at the lowest possible prices.

ENGLISH MALT VINEGAR.

We have on hand a large stock of this Celebrated Vinegar, which is, without doubt, the best Pickling Vinegar in the market to-day. As we import this direct from England ourselves, we can guarantee the quality.

WHITE WINE VINEGAR.

We have received a consignment of XXX WHITE WINE VINEGAR, from the best manufactory in the Dominion, which we can confidently recommend to be first-class.

Cider and Golden Syrup Vinegars always kept in Stock.

PICKLING SPICES.

We have received another lot of the same kind of Spice as we had last year, and which gave such good satisfaction. Don't buy poor Spices and thereby spoil your pickles.

WHOLE PEPPER, ALLSPICE, CINNAMON, GINGER, CLOVES, MACE, MUSTARD SEED, &c., always kept on hand.

BEER & GOFF,
Queen & King Square Stores.
Ch'town, Sept 13, 1889—oaw & wky

Wholesale Trade.

DEALERS who will send us specifications of their wants for Fall Trade will find our Jobbing Prices Lower than any other Hardware Supply House in Canada. Order at once for importation.

Axes, Cross Cut Saws, Forks and Shovels, Nails, Horse Nails, Horse Shoes, Iron, Chain, Bolts, Traces, &c.,

—AND ALL—
SHELF HARDWARE
NORTON & FENNEL.
Aug. 22, 1889—2aw & wky CHARLOTTETOWN.

Long-Standing

Blood Diseases are cured by the persevering use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

This medicine is an Alterative, and causes a radical change in the system. The process, in some cases, may not be quite so rapid as in others; but, with persistence, the result is certain. Read these testimonials:—

"For two years I suffered from a severe pain in my right side, and had other troubles caused by a torpid liver and dyspepsia. After giving several medicines a fair trial without a cure, I began to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I was greatly benefited by the first bottle, and after taking five bottles I was completely cured."—John W. Benson, 70 Lawrence st., Lowell, Mass.

Last May a large carbuncle broke out on my arm. The usual remedies had no effect and I was confined to my bed for eight weeks. A friend induced me to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Less than three bottles healed the sore. In all my experience with medicine, I never saw more Wonderful Results.

Another marked effect of the use of this medicine was the strengthening of my sight."—Mrs. Carrie Adams, Holly Springs, Texas.

"I had a dry scaly humor for years, and suffered terribly; and, as my brother and sister were similarly afflicted, I presume the malady is hereditary. Last winter, Dr. Tyson, (of Ferrandina, Fla.) recommended me to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and continue it for a year. For five months I took it daily. I have not had a blemish upon my body for the last three months."—T. E. Wiley, 149 Chambers st., New York City.

"Last fall and winter I was troubled with a dull, heavy pain in my side. I did not notice it much at first, but it gradually grew worse until it became almost unbearable. During the latter part of this time, disorders of the stomach and liver increased my troubles. I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and, after faithfully continuing the use of this medicine for some months, the pain disappeared and I was completely cured."—Mrs. Augusta A. Furbush, Haverhill, Mass.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Price \$1; six bottles, \$5. Worth \$5 a bottle.

MAIL CONTRACTS.

TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster-General will be received at Ottawa until noon on FRIDAY, 29th November next, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails on a proposed contract for four years from 1st January next, over the following routes, viz., Dromore and Railway Station; Monaghan and Pownall.

Printed notices containing full information as to conditions of proposed contracts may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the Post Offices at which the services commence and terminate, or at the office of the subscriber, F. DE ST. C. BRECKEN, Asst. P. O. Inspector.

P. O. Inspector's Office,
Charlottetown, P. E. I., Sept. 12, 1889.
sept12—31 day & wky

A COOK BOOK FREE

By mail to any lady sending us her post office address. Wells, Richardson & Co., Montreal.

MORRISON & MUSGRAVE, BROKERS

Commission Merchants,
HALIFAX

Consignments of Island produce will receive prompt attention.

REFERENCES: Thomas Fyfe, Esq., Cashier Bank of Nova Scotia, Halifax; D. C. Chalmers, Manager Bank of Nova Scotia, Charlottetown.

Prime Labrador Herring.

A CONSIGNMENT of 50 Barrels of the above, expected by the "Princess Beatrice" from Halifax on Thursday next, will be sold low ex steamer in lots to suit purchasers.

HORACE HASZARD.
sept23

COAL!

CLARKIN BROS' COAL DEPOT,
East Side Steam Navigation Co's Wharf.

COALS OF ALL KINDS always on hand. Satisfaction in quality and price guaranteed.

A branch of railway passes Sheds, so parties living in the country near the line can have Coal put on cars with but little expense and handling.

All orders promptly attended to.
jy13—2aw (times) wky 3m

NOTICE.

ALL PARTIES indebted to us are requested to make immediate payment, or same will be handed in for collection without further notice.

McLEOD & MCKENZIE,
sept11—4f

Prevention of Typhoid Fever.

The State Board of Health of Kentucky has issued the following circular, which is important to all sections of the country where typhoid fevers prevail, and especially at this season of the year should its counsels be regarded:

This board desires to call the attention of our health authorities and people to the gradually increasing prevalence of and mortality from typhoid fever, and to the growing importance of a constant resort to the methods which modern scientific researches have suggested for the prevention of this disease.

These preventive measures are of the more importance to the State because directed against a disease especially prevalent and fatal among persons in the prime of life, who contribute most to the public wealth and prosperity. Considered purely as an economic problem, the feature of it probably least thought of by most people, the importance of this disease can scarcely be overestimated. Statistics show that ten persons are sick for every one that dies of this disease, and to say nothing of the cash value to the State of those who die every year—and it is conceded that the State has no more valuable property than that represented in its vigorous population—the loss of time and labor, and the necessary cost incurred in attention to those who finally recover, makes an annual tax upon our people of startling proportions.

Typhoid fever is probably the most preventable of all diseases, not even excepting small pox. It is now known that, like cholera and dysentery, the germ or specific cause of this disease is contained in the discharge from those sick of it, and that while other methods of introducing the poison into the system are possible, it most generally gains entrance through the medium of an infected water supply—usually the use of well water polluted by fecal matter. This may be direct from such water, or indirect, by using milk or other articles of food or drink from cans or vessels washed in it. Ice, from an infected source, is also dangerous, since it has been proved that freezing does not destroy the infective principle.

While water from all sources of supply is liable to contamination, well water is especially so, whether located in city town or summer watering place, or country. Thus, out of 314 cases occurring in Louisville in 1884, 298 of the persons used well water habitually, and some of the other 16 did so occasionally. In the now famous epidemic at Plymouth, Pa., involving the sickness of 1,104 persons, the death of 114, and an actual outlay in money of \$67,100.17 the outbreak was traced to the use of water polluted by the fecal discharge of one imported case of the disease. Facts no less convincing might be multiplied indefinitely if space permitted. In a smaller way they are common in the experience of physicians in active practice.

Usually the wells are sunk near the kitchen, and in dangerous proximity to the privy and other sources of contamination. The well draws its supply from an inverted cone, having its apex at the bottom of the well and its base at the surface of the ground. In dry seasons this base is often extended until the well becomes a receptacle for the more perfectly filtered filth from all the sources found in the average back yard, and the water, often sparkling in its apparent purity, becomes a culture fluid for any disease germs finding their way into it.

Two methods of prevention, having the same general object in view, are to be recommended. The first involves the thorough disinfection of all discharges from the bowels of typhoid fever patients. This is best done by the use of a solution of chloride of lime, 8 ounces to the gallon of water, using a quart of this solution for each discharge, and allowing it to stand in the vessel at least an hour before emptying. A solution of corrosive sublimate, 2 drachms to the gallon of water, will answer the same purpose, but requires to remain longer in contact with the material to be disinfected. Bed and body linen soiled by such patients should be disinfected by the use of the same solution or by boiling.

The second method relates to avoiding the use of suspicious water, and especially well water, and where this cannot be done, to boil such water before it is used for drinking purposes. In the absence of a pure and well-guarded public water supply, properly stored cistern water is probably open to least objection.

The effective practice of these methods will require intelligent care and some expense, but it is confidently believed that their general adoption would result in the practical disappearance of a disease which is not only a disgrace to our civilization, but an annual scourge and tax upon the people.

Victoria Division.

The officers of Victoria Division, No. 4, Sons of Temperance, for the present quarter are as follows:—

W. P.—Henry Huntley.
W. A.—A. Sabine.
R. S.—J. J. Chappell.
A. R. S.—M. Somerville.
F. S.—R. E. Kerr.
T.—A. W. Tanton.
Ch.—W. P. Colwell.
C.—W. S. Smith.
A. C.—B. Kelly.
I. S.—J. Godkin.
O. S.—G. S. Tanton.
P. W. P.—C. B. Warren.

For Delicate, Sickly Children

Scott's Emulsion is unequalled. See what Dr. C. A. Black, of Amherst, N. S., says: "I have been acquainted with Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, for years, and consider it one of the finest preparations now before the public. Its pleasant flavor makes it the great favorite for children, and I do highly recommend it for all wasting diseases of children and adults." Sold by druggists, 50 cts. and \$1.00.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

Educational.

Sir,—A deep interest is taken by not a few of the inhabitants of our Province—this Garden of Canada—in the annual exhibitions of its products. In no way can we conceive of a possibility of injury, to any one of any profession, arising from an attendance there.

"Advancement" is the watchword echoing all along the line. To maintain his own intelligent advancement, one must interest himself in the progress of others.

There is one respect in which P. E. Island has maintained, in the past, a standing not in any degree inferior to that of her most capable competitors. Educational matters are justly considered by many as of primal importance; and a careful scrutiny of statistics shows diligent and efficient endeavor on the part of those who direct, as well as on the part of those whose effort is towards faithfully carrying out the minor details of their plans.

The laborer receives dignity from his labor; and every energy legitimately expended brings, in due time, its reward. A shrewd close man makes progress; as with the genial, cultured and liberal. But we may not judge them by the same standard. To his kind, each is a small hero.

Sufficient education broadens the views, and must tend to make the mind liberal and charitable. Does a little make possible to the shrewd, a more acute shrewdness?

Why do so few of our citizens, some of whom are prominent educationists, and eminently fitted by experience and talent to encourage, counsel and assist, evince, by attendance at the Teachers' Convention, an interest in the educational rank of the Province?

It is one benefit to read the report of proceedings by the home fireside, or in the office; it is another and a fuller to attend the sessions, for thus both the teachers and visitors are benefited.

Scan the roll of Prince of Wales College, and call from the distinguished graduates of McGill, Dalhousie and Queen's, those whose names are yet to be found there; do not they rank equally with their fellow students from any other part of the Dominion?

Our province sends forth from her respective schools, through the P. W. C., to universities abroad, those whose noble efforts speak for their own and their country's honor.

Have we yet attained the maximum height? While the vast fields of science remain to a certain extent unexplored, and while the limits to possible merits and physical culture is yet to be reached, there shall be earnest activity in our schools, colleges and universities, by our representative minds, to reach further and grasp more of the fulness there is in the vast book of knowledge.

W. A. T.

A Russian Fable for Reproduction.

Once upon a time the elephant was a great favorite with the lion. All the boasts in the forest began to talk about it and wonder what reason the lion had for taking such a fancy to the elephant. "It is no beauty; it is not amusing; and it has no manners," they said to each other.

"If it had such a luscious tail as mine," said the fox, "it would not be so strange."

"Or if it had such claws as mine," said the bear. "But it has no claws at all."

"Perhaps it is the tusks which the lion has mistaken for horns," said the ox.

"Is it possible," said the donkey, shaking its ears, "that you don't know why the elephant is so well liked? Why I have known all the times. It is because it has such long ears."—Exchange.

News Notes.

Kingston's increase in population last year was 700.

Eighty-seven cases of small-pox were reported at Socorro, New Mexico.

Germany has appropriated 32,000,000 marks for new men-of-war.

Owing to the prevalence of measles the Port Arthur public schools have been closed.

A German editor has been imprisoned for reprinting an article insulting Emperor Frederick.

Over a hundred Mormon converts have arrived in New York from Germany. Over half of them were young girls between 13 and 18 years of age.

A despatch from London states that the Prince of Wales intends making a tour of Egypt after attending the forthcoming royal wedding at Athens.

A terrific explosion of dynamite occurred in the Calumet and Hecla copper mine at Houghton, Mich., on Monday. Two miners were killed outright, and two others will die.

Carlyle was a most eccentric man—rude, rough and almost brutal sometimes. An American, who called upon him at his modest house Cheyne row, Chelsea, found the philosopher stretched at full length on an old rug, smoking a red clay pipe with a stem a yard long. Without rising, he pointed to a chair, and asked his visitor whether he would have a pipe and a glass of whiskey. Both being declined, the sage cried out in a deep Scotch voice:—"What, an American, and not drink or smoke! Why, man, you are not true to the best productions of your country. I smoke American tobacco and drink American whiskey."

RHEUMATISM is caused by a poisonous acid in the blood and yields to Ayer's Pills. Many cases which seemed chronic and hopeless have been completely cured by this medicine. It will cost but little to try what effect the Pills may have in your case. We predict success.