

The Daily Examiner.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 12, 1885.

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The Daily Examiner

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ments, on application.

ALMANAC FOR AUGUST, 1885.

MOON'S CHANGES.
Last Quarter 3rd day, 5h. 43m., p. m.
New Moon 10th day, 10h. 2m., a. m.
First Quarter, 17th day, 9h. 34m., a. m.
Full Moon, 25th day, 1h. 13m., p. m.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	Moon sets	High water	Days in lon
Saturday	4 47	7 25	9 59	1 40	14	38
Sunday	48	23	10 29	2 23	35	
Monday	49	23	11 51	3 14	33	
Tuesday	51	21	11 45	4 23	30	
Wednesday	52	19	morn	5 47	27	
Thursday	53	18	0 34	7 14	25	
Friday	54	16	1 31	8 23	22	
Saturday	56	15	2 37	9 20	19	
Sunday	57	14	3 49	10 9	17	
Monday	58	13	5 4	10 53	14	
Tuesday	59	10	6 23	11 39	11	
Wednesday	5	9	7 33	morn	9	
Thursday	5	8	8 47	0 14	6	
Friday	3	6	9 55	0 52	3	
Saturday	4	4	11 2	1 32	0	
Sunday	5	2	aft	4 2	13	57
Monday	7	1	1 4	3 5	54	
Tuesday	8	0	2 2	4 7	52	
Wednesday	9	5	2 52	5 19	47	
Thursday	10	5	3 40	6 33	46	
Friday	12	5	4 24	7 38	42	
Saturday	13	5	5 2	8 29	39	
Sunday	14	5	5 37	9 12	36	
Monday	16	4	6 9	9 56	33	
Tuesday	17	4	6 39	10 26	30	
Wednesday	18	4	7 11	11 0	27	
Thursday	19	4	7 35	11 33	24	
Friday	20	4	8 3	12 6	21	
Saturday	22	4	8 29	12 40	18	
Sunday	24	3	9 6	1 7	15	
Monday	24	7	9 45	2 0	13	12

NOTES.

Duke of Edinburgh's birthday on the 6th.
Dog days end on the 11th.
Landing of Julius Caesar (B.C. 55) on 27th.
In this month the mornings decrease 47
minutes; the afternoons 59 minutes.

THE RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

For the convenience of the travelling
public, we have carefully arranged the
following table of arrival and departure
of trains on the P. E. Island Railway, accord-
ing to local time:—

Going West.	A. M.	P. M.
Charlottetown	6 47	9 12
Royalty Junction	7 02	9 47
North Wiltshire	7 37	10 39
Hunter River	7 47	10 55
Bradabane	8 12	11 32
County Line	8 19	11 43
Freetown	8 29	11 59
Kensington	8 42	12 22
Summerside	9 07	12 57
Misconche	9 27	2 37
Wellington	9 42	3 00
Port Hill	10 01	3 29
O'Leary	10 29	4 20
Alberton	11 22	5 42
Tignish	12 05	6 57
From West.	P. M.	A. M.
Tignish	2 07	6 47
Alberton	2 45	7 57
O'Leary	3 29	9 02
Port Hill	4 20	10 39
Wellington	4 49	11 16
Misconche	5 07	11 44
Summerside	5 22	12 07
Kensington	5 42	1 12
Freetown	6 07	1 49
County Line	6 22	2 12
Bradabane	6 32	2 27
Hunter River	6 38	2 37
North Wiltshire	7 02	3 15
Royalty Junction	7 12	3 32
Charlottetown	7 47	4 32
Charlottetown	8 02	4 52
Going East.	A. M.	P. M.
Charlottetown	7 07	4 17
York	7 43	4 44
Bedford	8 04	4 57
Mount Stewart	8 37	5 22
Morell	8 57	5 27
St. Peter's	9 42	6 16
Bear River	10 15	6 17
Souris	11 07	6 52
Mount Stewart	11 57	7 22
Morell	12 02	7 52
Carlignan	10 15	6 32
Georgetown	10 37	6 42
From East.	A. M.	P. M.
Souris	6 47	2 12
Bear River	7 17	3 02
St. Peter's	7 52	3 54
Morell	8 14	4 27
Mount Stewart	8 42	5 17
Bedford	8 47	5 37
York	9 12	6 14
Charlottetown	9 26	6 35
Georgetown	9 52	7 12
Carlignan	7 32	3 37
Mount Stewart	7 49	4 00

ALWAYS SELLING

GOOD ARTICLE CHEAP,

Therefore, Buy Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS,

CARPETS,

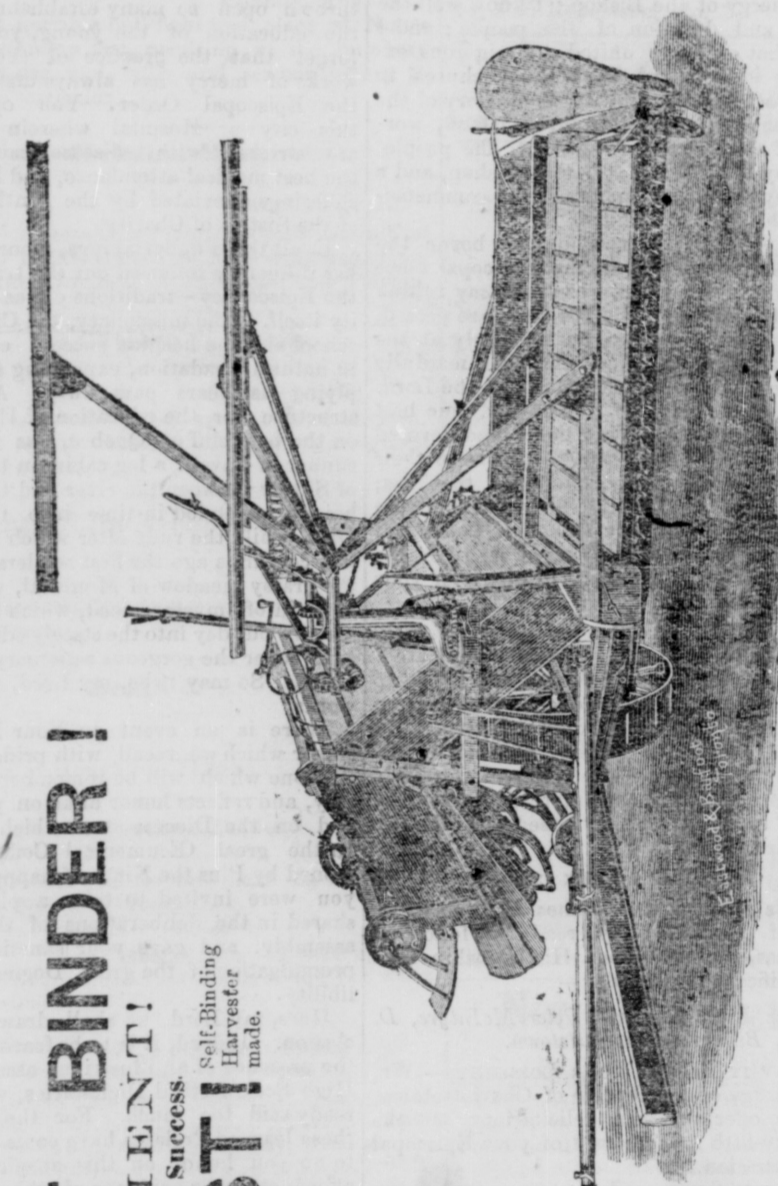
OILCLOTHS,

COTTON WARPS, &c., &c.

— FROM —

Perkins & Sterns.

Ch'town, August 7, 1885.



TORONTO LIGHT BINDER!

NO EXPERIMENT!

THE BEST!

TIPPET, BURDITT & CO.,
St. John, N. B., July 31, 1885.

DO NOT

Throw your money away in buying Shoddy Boots. Come!
come at once and buy a Good Solid Leather pair of Boots or
Shoes for Spring, at a Low Price

We want to keep all the money we can on the Island, so
we are bound to give better value in our make than can be had
in any imported Boot. Therefore, buy from us.

DORSEY, GOFF & CO.

Ch'town, March 25, 1885.

The Daily Examiner

AUGUST 12, 1885.

The Fisheries.

We are glad to learn that our mackerel
fishermen are making better catches
lately. Earlier in the season, this fish
was never known to be so numerous
around our coast, but the quality was
not good, many of them only making
"threes," and somewhat poor at that.
Fatter mackerel, however, are now mak-
ing their appearance. On Saturday last
some of the fishing stands at the eastern
part of the Island took in, by hook and
line, eight and nine barrels each of excel-
lent mackerel, all of them making
"ones."

As Others See Us.

THE Rev. Dr. Carman, formerly
Rishop of the Episcopal Methodists, and
since the Union one of the General
Superintendents of the Methodist Church
of Canada—still known as "Bishop
Carman"—was here at the meeting of
our Conference in June last, and took
some notes which he has extended for
the *Christian Guardian* as follows:—

"As one goes over from Moncton, via
Shediac, to Charlottetown, the capital of
Prince Edward Island, across straits but
some forty miles wide, he is much sur-
prised at the contrast in the nature and
appearance of the shores on opposite sides
of the strait; those of New Brunswick and
Nova Scotia being quite russet and barren,
while those of the island are fresh and
bright in very rich verdure. The coast of
the mainland is, for the most part, rock-
bound and unproductive; the island has a
deep and fertile soil, which, in diversity of
hill and valley, cultivated fields and wood-
land, copses and hedge, rich and varied
verdure of grass and grain and shrub and
tree is not unworthy of mention, along
with good samples of English field and
landscape.

"The drives through the royalty about
Charlottetown are perfectly delightful.
What with the ocean air, and often expan-
sive ocean outlooks, with the numerous
coves and bays, with a rolling country like
that about Woodstock and Ingersoll, with
evergreen hedges along both sides of the
road, of natural growth, and yet pretty as
the work of art, and with lovely vistas over
hill and valley here and there through the
evergreens; and out upon the sea, how
should we add to the delights of such a
landscape. The artist's eye would, no
doubt, seek additions or corrections in this
place or that, but a common traveller,
wrapped up in the beauty and glory of the
scene, would not know any better than to
enjoy it with all his heart, and call it just
about perfect. The splendid orchards of
our noble Ontario are not to be seen on the
sunny slopes, the bloom or fruitage of the
apple, plum and cherry, nor the bright
promise of the autumnal glories of the
wheat-field; yet lovely homes and well-
arranged grounds, in charming situations
abound, and bespeak the taste, domestic
comfort and enterprise of the people. In
this higher latitude it is an achievement to
raise any of the fruits or tender grains; as
an apple tree is a boast and a pride. Yet
the marvels that so near the rocky coast of
the continent, and the rockier Newfoundland
and Labrador, there should lie this quiet,
pleasant, fertile island, darling of the em-
peral and pet of the grizzly storm-king, an
emerald bright in the flashing western
w.v.a. Cold in the winter and difficult of
access in the summer it is a delightful
resort, and, were it better known, would be
more frequently visited by seekers of
health, relaxation and pleasure. With good
fisheries as well as good soil, it combines
advantages few lands possess; and yet the
rigor of its winter is a counterpoise of much
good. The people are hardy, hospitable;
more than that, warm-hearted, high-
spirited, and justly proud of their island
home. They are not quite so numerous as
the rest of the Dominion, the island being
about as large and populous as one of our
large counties in Ontario; yet they have a
governor all their own and all to them-
selves, and a full-fledged Parliament of two
Houses, an Assembly of some thirty-six
members, and the number of Lords in pro-
portion.

"There is a great deal in getting things
started right; and these good people started
on the grand, old, solid British founda-
tion. The idea is, have it good, even if
you cannot have quite so much of it. After
all, it is a big dose and huge, considering
the size of the body politic."

Mr. Dalton McCarthy, M. P., and the
Hon. H. Holbrook, of British Columbia,
were present at the meeting held last week
in Liverpool to inaugurate a local
branch of the Imperial Federation
League. Mr. McCarthy was one of the
chief speakers of the evening, and, as the
president of the newly formed Canadian
League, he had much to say as to the
feeling in Canada in regard to the move-
ment. He declared his belief that if the
attention of Canadians were drawn to the
fact that they had no voice in the external
affairs of their country, they would
ask for the full rights of British
citizenship. They would be willing,
moreover, to incur all the responsi-
bilities thus involved. It is significant,
to say the least, that simultaneously with these
declarations Mr. McCarthy admitted that
the supporters of the movement found a
difficulty in the laying down of a practical
platform, and that he himself had resolved
not to venture upon any suggestion as to
what might be done.

The difficulty in the Admiralty Office was
not dishonesty but carelessness in keeping
the accounts.

A Hostile Criticism.

The *St. James Gazette*, commenting on
the Grant memorial service at Westminster
Abbey, says: "No one, Lincoln excepted,
on the side of the North, could be compar-
ed with Lee, Jackson, and Beauregard, in
nobility of character. This forbids us to
regard Southern soldiers as criminals, over
whose defeat Englishmen can rejoice."
The article next criticizes America's "grand
funeral boom," and says: "It would have
been more humane to have buried the
Northern General with less ostentation."
The *Gazette* next directs its shafts
against one of its English clergymen.
"Why," it asks, "Should a dignitary
of the English Church use such
language as Canon Farrar did on the occa-
sion? It was as a man of war alone that
he talked of Grant, who might have been
treated in a better way than that by a
Christian church, and in a church more
than any other associated with the great-
ness of the English people. Canon Farrar
treated with extraordinary forgetfulness
the lessons which every religious teacher
should have drawn. He snuffed the battle
smoke off twenty years after it had ceased;
indeed, he was more like a soldier than a
priest. Altogether it does not seem to us
that either at home or in America any good
or prudent man should rejoice over the
service held yesterday in the abbey at
Westminster."

The Prince of Wales and Canada.

A VISIT TO THE ROYAL AGRICULTURAL SHOW.

The Royal Agricultural Show of England,
held at Preston, in Lancashire, in the mid-
dle of July, passed off with more than
usual éclat this year, owing to the visit
of two of the principal days of the Prince
of Wales and other noble and distinguished
visitors. His Royal Highness, on enter-
ing the grounds, first visited
the handsome stand of the Canadian Pacific
Railway, organized by Mr. Alexander
Begg, one of the company's chief represen-
tatives in Europe, the exhibit being special-
ly railed off on the occasion for the con-
venience of the Royal party. First to at-
tract the Prince's attention were the grains
from the Canadian Pacific Railway Experi-
mental farms west of Moose Jaw, which he
examined minutely, the exact locality of
growth being indicated on the map. The
mineral specimens and the varied and
numerous samples of prairie grasses from
the Northwest next claimed attention.
And these led the Earl of Lathom, who
formed one of the party, to attract His
Royal Highness' attention to the nutritious
quality of these natural grasses
and their excellence for stock raising—a
subject on which the Earl speaks with
authority, being associated with Mr. Savelly
Hill, Q. C., M. P., in some of the finest
of the Alberta ranches. Not least surpris-
ing to the Royal party were the series of
framed views giving an excellent idea of
the wealth of scenery along the line of the
Canadian Pacific Railway throughout the
Northwest and Rocky Mountains, in the
examination of which considerable time
was spent. Expressing his gratification at
the comprehensiveness of the exhibit, the
Prince then proceeded to inspect the other
sights of the show.

CURRENT NOTES.

Yellow fever has appeared in Mexico.
Marseilles is without money to fight the
cholera.
Extra military changes in India will cost
£2,000,000 a year.
The cotton crop of the South is expected
to be the largest for many years.
New South Wales declines to go into the
proposed Australian confederacy.
Mr. J. M. Courtney, Deputy Minister of
Finance, will leave England for Canada on
the 2nd September.
The people in many parts of Spain are
panic-stricken because of the cholera, and
from many villages the inhabitants have
fled.

The Ontario immigration returns for
July show less of a falling off, as compared
with last year, than former months of this
year did.

Applications from volunteers for the 100
acres of land granted by Parliament are
coming in fast, and a large number have
signified their intention of becoming
settlers.

The despatch of mails via San Francisco
for the Australian Colonies having been dis-
continued, all correspondence will go by
way of London, Eng., via Brindisi. The
rate by the latter route is for South and
West Australia 15c. per half ounce, and for
all other parts of Australia 19c.

In a letter recently published, Mr. Glad-
stone writes of the British Inland Revenue
department:—"I have always found it a
model, in its head and principal officers, of
enlightened ability and untiring zeal. So
it was when I began to know it intimately
thirty-three years ago, and so I have found
it down to the time when I resigned the
charge of finance." Commenting on the
letter from which this is an extract, the
London Telegraph says that Mr. Glad-
stone "brings forcibly before the
public what it sometimes ignores—the
steady conduct of our state affairs by the
officials who remain at their posts during all
changes of ministry. It may, indeed, be
said that we have a permanent administra-
tion, although different ministers at various
times are responsible to parliament. The
great advantage of this system is that the
youngest Secretary of State finds at his
command all the accumulated experience of
men who have grown grey in the service of
the Crown, and who can supply him not
only supply him with abundant information,
but, if he requires it, with suggestions and
advice."

AYER'S Hair Vigor

restores, with the gloss and freshness of
youth, faded or gray hair to a natural, rich
brown color, or deep black, as may be desired.
By its use light or red hair may be darkened,
thin hair thickened, and baldness often,
though not always, cured.

It checks falling of the hair, and stimu-
lates a weak and sickly growth to vigor. It
prevents and cures scurf and dandruff, and
heals nearly every disease peculiar to the
scalp. As a Ladies' Hair Dressing, the
Vigors is unequalled; it contains neither oil
nor dye, renders the hair soft, glossy, and
silken in appearance, and imparts a delicate,
agreeable, and lasting perfume.

Mr. C. P. BRICHER writes from Kirby, O.,
July 3, 1882: "Last fall my hair commenced
falling out, and in a short time I became
nearly bald. I used part of a bottle of
AYER'S HAIR VIGOR, which stopped the fall-
ing of the hair, and started a new growth. I
have now a full head of hair growing vigor-
ously, and am convinced that but for the
use of your preparation I should have been
entirely bald."

J. W. BOWEN, proprietor of the *McArthur*
(Ohio) *Enquirer*, says: "AYER'S HAIR VIGOR
is a most excellent preparation for the hair.
I speak of it from my own experience. Its
use promotes the growth of new hair, and
makes it glossy and soft. The Vigor is also
a sure cure for dandruff. Not within my
knowledge has the preparation ever failed
to give entire satisfaction."

MR. ANOUS FAIRBAIN, leader of the
celebrated "Fairbairn Family" of Scottish
Vocalists, writes from Boston, Mass., Feb. 5,
1880: "Ever since my hair began to give ill-
livery evidence of the change which fleeting
time ever brings, I have used AYER'S HAIR
VIGOR, and so have been able to maintain
an appearance of youthfulness—a matter of
considerable consequence to ministers, orators,
actors, and in fact every one who lives in
the eyes of the public."

Mrs. O. A. PRESCOTT, writing from 15 Elm
St., Charlottetown, Mass., April 14, 1882, says:
"Two years ago about two-thirds of my hair
came off. It thinned very rapidly, and I was
fast growing bald. On using AYER'S HAIR
VIGOR the falling stopped and a new growth
commenced, and in about a month my head
was completely covered with short hair. It
has continued to grow, and is now as good as
before it fell. I regularly used but one bottle
of the Vigor, but now use it occasionally as
a dressing."

We have hundreds of similar testimonials
to the efficacy of AYER'S HAIR VIGOR. It
needs but a trial to convince the most skepti-
cal of its value.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

A. A. Macdonald & Bros., GEORGETOWN,

—OFFER—

Special Inducements!

for next thirty days to

CASH CUSTOMERS.

THEY offer the whole of their immense
stock, damaged in consequence of fire,
at a

Discount of 25 to 50 per Cent.

The whole stock will be disposed of
during the month of August.
July 30—1mo dly pat her

SULLIVAN & MACNEILL, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Solicitors in Chancery,

NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c.

OFFICES: O'Halloran's Building, Great
George Street, Charlottetown.

Money to Loan.
W. W. SULLIVAN, Q. C. | CHESTER B. MACNEILL
January 16, 1885.

McLean, Martin, & MacDonald, BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

Notaries Public, &c.

BROWN'S BLOCK, CHARLOTTETOWN.

A. A. MACLEAN, L. L. B. | D. C. MARTIN,
H. G. MACDONALD, B. A.
July 4—law dly wky 3m her pres