

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

NOVEMBER 11, 1896.

THE PATRIOT—VERY SICK!

So sick have the "sickening letters" of Mr. Stewart to THE EXAMINER caused the Patriot to be, that it is quite unable to offer anything like a reasonable defence of the Peters Administration. It can only apply the *tu quoque* argument, and, in violation of the rule that nothing but good ought to be said of the dead, declare that the deceased Government, led by Hon. Mr. Sullivan, did not fulfill all its promises. As some of the members of that Government are in their graves, and as all the more prominent living members of it are now moving in other and higher spheres from which they are unlikely to return to Provincial politics, the Patriot's sickly argument is clearly inapplicable to the case of Mr. Peters and his friends. When it is remembered that "Messrs. Sullivan & Co." were "cribbled, cabbied and confined" by means of a Legislative Council which refused to pass several of their most important measures of reform, the intelligent people of P. E. Island will, we are sure, accept the sick Patriot's *tu quoque* argument for what it is worth, i. e. 0!

One of the symptoms of the Patriot's disorder is a lapse of memory. It does not even remember that which, but a short time ago, had a prominent place in its own columns. It ventures to say that,—"We are not aware that any member of the Government said taxes would not be imposed without again consulting the people at the polls."

This is diametrically opposed to the statement of the Hon. Mr. Peters, published in the Patriot of September 14th, 1893. We quote:—"It is not necessary that I should say here that taxes will never be put on, because they may become an absolute necessity; but this I do say, that they will never be put on until you men are fully consulted and know how they are to be put on. I will tell you another thing with regard to that taxation. When I appealed last before my constituents, I said I would not put on taxes until the people were fully consulted about it at an election, and at that time Mr. Ferguson said he would reserve to himself the right to tax, I reserve to myself the right to tax, but I acknowledge this fact that I must consult the people of the 3rd District on the matter. BUT I HOPE THE DAY OF TAXATION IS FAR AWAY."

The reference in this extract to what Mr. Peters said before the election is to the following words of Mr. Peters, spoken in 1891:—"I remember when I met the Honorable Mr. Ferguson on the hustings and suggested the policy we would inaugurate if we came into power; that we would have a thorough investigation and find out how the accounts stood before we said anything about taxes, and if we found we had to raise money that way it would not be BOISE WITHOUT AN ELECTION."

At the election, as we have shown, instead of meeting the issue of taxation, Mr. Peters said that he hoped "the day of taxation was far away," and led the public to believe that it was so. To strengthen this idea he told the electors that before taxation was imposed they would be "fully consulted," and thus caused them to expect that they would be consulted in the usual constitutional manner, viz., by means of an election. It is, therefore, useless for the Patriot to try to set-off the alleged promises which Hon. Mr. Sullivan did not fulfill against the heinous and scandalous deception which Mr. Peters successfully practiced in 1893. The fact that it has done so only goes to prove that the Patriot is so sick that its good judgment is affected.

Besides this, the Patriot has merely plucked up strength and courage to point to certain reductions which, as it asserts, Mr. Peters has made in certain branches of the public service. It will readily be seen that this is not a sufficient answer to Mr. Stewart's charge that in order of "reducing the cost of the Provincial Civil Service as a whole, as they promised to do, they have actually increased it. Mr. Stewart shows that the average cost per year of the civil service in the past four years was \$37,447.93, while the average cost per year during four corresponding years of the Sullivan Administration was but \$36,254.07. Yet Mr. Peters and his friends climbed into office denouncing the amazing extravagance of their predecessors! They characterized as scandalous Provincial expenditures many thousands of dollars less than those which they themselves incurred during the years they have been in office. Yet the Patriot, sick as it is, has the hardihood to maintain that they ought not to be condemned by the people whom they have deceived.

FINANCES IN THE STATES.

HENRY CLUES reports that among the minor incidents resulting from the sound money victory is the complete recovery of confidence among the bank, and their sanguine expectations of a great revival of business. This feeling has, he says, shown itself in an active demand for commercial paper at 5 and 5 1/2 per cent. For first-class names, while time loans on collateral are offered freely at moderate rates. The fact expresses the estimate of the banking community upon the safety of the situation introduced by the election. It is also good evidence that, henceforth, sound borrowers may depend upon getting all the money they need. Another effect is apparent in the disappearance of the premium on gold. Those who have hoarded the metal to the extent of many millions within the last three months are now showing their anxiety to get rid of it by taking it to the Treasury and the banks for exchange for paper currency. This lately much coveted gold has therefore now become a drug upon the market. At the same time, the election has caused a drop in foreign exchange to a point about admitting of imports of gold. But, now

that the hoarding demand for the metal has ceased, and that it is coming out of board in a steady stream, this state of exchange attracts little attention; and there are wise financiers who incline to the opinion that, having got all the gold that they really need, it may be quite as well for United States interests that London should not be disturbed by further drains to this side of the Atlantic.

Mr. Clues adds that the times may now be confidently expected to change for the better, and should be as good for the next four years as they have been for the past four years. The maintenance of sound money and the establishment of reasonable protection for both the manufacturer and wage worker are now assured. The American dollar can now be relied upon to have the same intrinsic permanent gold value as that of the English sovereign, and will carry with it the world's confidence side by side with the sovereign.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

—The Government of the United States within the last two years borrowed \$262,000,000, or more than the whole public debt of Canada.

—At Montreal, the other day, Sir Charles Tupper set forth very clearly the absurd duplicity of the Leader of the Government in respect to the Manitoba question and the National Policy.

—Mr. Eddy of Ottawa, who has just returned home from the old world, finds that throughout Europe there is a spirit of unrest among the people that indicates trouble ahead of some kind.

—Montreal Gazette: Lord Salisbury is not going to evacuate Cyprus. There is no reason why he should. There is no territory which Great Britain has given up that has not been governed afterwards than it was before. The Eastern question will not be settled by Great Britain withdrawing from anything she has taken in hand. What is wanted is that she should go forward and undertake more.

—Montreal Gazette: Business, by all accounts, has greatly improved in the United States since the electoral success of Mr. McKinley, the protectionist. Four years ago, after the victory of Mr. Cleveland, the free trade tariff for revenue reform, it became depressed, and has remained depressed practically ever since. The moral of the situation, so far as Canada is concerned, suggests itself. No wise business man courts dull trade.

—The Robinson treaty, involving thousands of dollars to either Ontario or the Dominion, will be argued in England next week. Blake and Irving will represent Ontario, while English counsel will represent the Dominion, although Christopher Robinson fought the Federal case in all the Canadian courts. In legal circles there is the profoundest astonishment at the government's inaction and everybody is asking why the federal interest is being neglected.

—St. John Record: Out of the twenty-two Public Works employees put on at Ottawa to replace some of those dismissed, one only, it is said, is an English-speaking man. Who says that Quebec hasn't got a pull? The Toronto Telegram speaking about the present Dominion administration, says: "The amount of consideration given economy may be gauged by the fact that there is a place there is a superintendent and assistant superintendent to look after two men and one horse."

—Mail and Empire: Shortly after he got into office Mr. Laurier was incautious enough to say, through a Chicago newspaper, that he meant to conciliate the United States, implying that the late Government of Canada had always stroked Uncle Sam against the lay of the hair. It is not good "business" to show too much readiness to conciliate. It causes the other party to raise his price. When Sir Richard Cartwright goes to Washington to conciliate Mr. McKinley, the latter statesman may not be pleased with a considerable sacrifice of British connection.

—Some Government papers are printing articles telling their readers that the Civil Service is a job for an energetic man to enter. They need to do something to reduce the army of job hunters which is making life uncomfortable for the new ministers. There are a number of other fifty-five hundred entries for the next Civil Service examinations. The Montreal Gazette remarks that under ordinary conditions about twelve hundred will pass, and about one hundred will get places. The rest will be in a position to appreciate the philosophy of their newspapers' advice.

DISTRESS IN IRELAND.

Cable despatches state that the Irish question is coming up in an acute form, through the occurrence of an Irish famine. The correspondent of the Manchester Guardian, one of the most trustworthy and least sensational papers in England, declares that no such appalling prospect has presented itself during the present generation. Other reports show that the prolonged and continuous rains of the autumn have drowned the crops from north to south. The rich lower lands have been flooded for weeks at a time when the harvest ought to have been proceeding. Stocked corn and hay stacks have been submerged and potatoes are rotting in the fields. In the poorer hill lands the small farmer and cottier population are again face to face with one of those failures of the potato crop which has too often brought about the utter destitution of the peasants.

—An Old And Well Tried Remedy.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the cough, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. It is pleasant to the taste. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other.

Large blanket trade at The Always Busy Store. Some prices prevail this week and next week that brought us such a generous trade. See our quality, see our prices.—Stanley Bros.

THE PROVINCIAL SITUATION.

Letter From Mr. W. S. Stewart, C. C. Sigs.

—That the present government party of this province stands convicted before the people of extravagance, incapacity, broken promises all reasonable men must admit. That it is a thoroughly discredited party few will deny. In fact so bad is its record and so disappointing is its work to its former friends and well wishers that a serious attempt is made to bring it to press or out of it to defend it. It has failed miserably in everything it undertook. It was to stop deficits; it multiplied them two-fold. It was to get out of debt; it increased the debt three-fold. Its policy was no taxation and with it such a great reduction in the cost of the administration of the affairs of the province as would make taxation unnecessary; it has not only failed in this respect, but has greatly increased in place of diminished the expenditure. With such a record, it is scarcely possible that the people will feel inclined to give a new lease of power to a party thus disgraced and obnoxious. It cannot too highly recommend the medicine to which you are suffering from this terrible affliction. You are at liberty to use my name as a reference.

Yours respectfully (Signed) CHARLES A. BEAL, 25 North Wharf.

RYCKMAN'S KOOTENAY CURE.—A Sure, Safe and Unquestioned Cure for Rheumatism

Following is a Sample: St. John, N. B., July 2, 1886. S. S. RYCKMAN MEDICINE CO., Hamilton, Ont.

GENTLEMEN,—Some five weeks ago I was induced to try your famous Kootenay Cure for my Rheumatism, and after giving it a fair trial I have found the results most gratifying, and I cannot too highly recommend the medicine to all who are suffering from this terrible affliction. You are at liberty to use my name as a reference.

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But can our people be duped by any such cautious pretension? I think there are two wide-awake for that, and are not to be caught a second time by any such chaff. If the Dominion Government feels inclined to give an increased subsidy to our Province it will come not to us alone, but because of a general increase to all the Provinces based on population; and whether we have a local Government here or one of another complexion will not affect the matter one iota. We are too sensible a people to allow our local Government to have any appreciable influence in deciding the question of an increase of subsidy. Depend upon it, Quebec whole or in part, is not going to permit Prince Edward Island to get any increase of subsidy that will not give her a corresponding increase. The other Provinces are as fully alive to this question as ours. This, like every other question, can be attended to by a government that our people can have confidence in, whatever its political stripe. The people of the rest of Canada find it better to keep Dominion and Local politics apart, and it will be a safe course for us to follow their example.

To keep the present party in power for four or five years longer, to double the debt and liabilities of the Province would be running a great risk indeed. Our people will be warning in time from what has happened not only to their own but the other Canadian Provinces in debt building. They will look to Nova Scotia, which in 1892 had a debt of only \$28,718, to find that its debt increased to \$3,246,899 in 1895; to New Brunswick, to see an increase in the same period of about \$1,500,000; to Quebec to find an increase of over \$9,000,000, and under the Marston Administration, they will remember that these large additions to the debts of these Provinces were made by men of like character with those who rule ours—men of loud professions and poor, wretchedly poor, performance; and remembering that they decide to do themselves once and forever from the rule of such men.

A word with the editor of the Patriot. His defence of the Government has really been so weak as to make it unnecessary for me to say much, if anything, in reply. Nor is he to be blamed for this, because the cause he was called upon to champion was so bad that a successful defence was simply impossible. On the item of printing and stationery he complains because I took the years 1888 and 1889 of the Sullivan Government to compare them with the years 1894 and 1895 of our present rulers. I might perhaps have taken any two of the last three years of that government. I do not know that the result would have been much different. One reason I took 1888-89 was because in those years there was no general election nor was there in 1894-95. It would be manifestly unfair to take the year 1890 for the reason that in that year there was paid the printing connected with a general election, the consolidated statutes volume, and a large amount for printing in connection with the Land Office investigation.

His complaint that a portion of the printing account for 1889 was carried forward to 1890 would apply I imagine to other years as well, and as he is the least doubtful but that some of the printing done in 1895 will be paid for in 1896. The editor had better "give us something new" himself.

It may be true, as the Patriot alleges, that the travelling expenses of the engineer for the years 1886, 1887, 1888 and 1889 were charged in the books of the Public Works office against the several bridges inspected. I went by the Public Accounts and my figures taken therefrom are correct. I certainly was not in a position to know the contents of the private books kept in the office of the Commissioner of Public Works.

W. S. STEWART, Ch'town, Nov. 11th, '96.

THE RESULT IN THE STATES.—The News says:—"Not since the fall of Richmond have patriotic Americans had such cause for rejoicing as they feel today. The integrity of the Union was secured. Now its honor is preserved." Mr. Chanancy M. Depew says that the most pleasing feature of the election of Mr. McKinley is the demonstration of the fact that the voters of the United States are able to understand a complicated monetary question, and are honest in their decision.

The New York Times says:—"The end of the delusion has been reached, and now to business. We have had three years of silver panic and business depression. We have given three months to Bryan. Capital has been frightened, enterprise benumbed, industry paralyzed. Now that we have utterly annihilated Bryan, and to let everybody pluck up courage and get to work."

INTERESTING shippers should note that the SS. Bonavista, sailing from Montreal about the 17th inst., is the last steamer of the Black Diamond Line calling at Charlottetown this season, and will sail for St. John's, Nfld., and North Sydney, etc. etc. made known the day of sale. oct30-46

FOR SALE.—All that pleasantly situated freehold property on the corner of Richmond St., extending on Rochester St., over two hundred feet, with a large house on part thereof. Will be sold in the block or division, there being four building lots. This affords a rare opportunity to persons of small means intending to build in a commodious part of the city. Same will be sold at a reasonable price. For further particulars apply to J. D. MASON, Ch'town, oct15-26.

Oh, how cheap! Those fine Beaver Overcoats only \$16.50 and \$17.50 at S. A. McDonald's.

YEARS OF SEARCH

And Thousand of Dollars Have Given to the World in

RYCKMAN'S KOOTENAY CURE.—A Sure, Safe and Unquestioned Cure for Rheumatism

Following is a Sample: St. John, N. B., July 2, 1886. S. S. RYCKMAN MEDICINE CO., Hamilton, Ont.

GENTLEMEN,—Some five weeks ago I was induced to try your famous Kootenay Cure for my Rheumatism, and after giving it a fair trial I have found the results most gratifying, and I cannot too highly recommend the medicine to all who are suffering from this terrible affliction. You are at liberty to use my name as a reference.

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TELEGRAPHIC.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER

MANITOBA SCHOOL QUESTION

Settlement Still in Doubt.

Announcement Expected Tomorrow.

WINNIPEG, Nov. 11.

Mr. Greenway has gone out of town. Whether or not the school question was settled before his departure is still a matter of doubt. The best informed people are inclined to think it was. Hon. Mr. Prongerast, Liberal, who was consulted during the conference before Mr. Tarte and Greenway's ministers, to-day told your correspondent that the matter was all settled. Asked as to the nature of the settlement he declined to divulge that part. He added, however: "Mr. Greenway has yielded sufficiently to satisfy me. His terms may not satisfy Archbishop Langevin, who wants too much. It is better for us to accept a little at first, and later on we can ask for more. I certainly shall advise my constituents to accept Mr. Greenway's terms." From another source it is learned that Mr. Greenway simply gave Mr. Laurier what he offered the Dominion Commissioners last spring. The terms of the settlement are expected to-morrow.

Profits of the Bank of Montreal.

MONTREAL, Nov. 11.

The semi-annual statement of the Bank of Montreal, covering the business of that institution for the half year ending Oct. 31st, 1896, has been issued. The profits for the half year, after deducting charges of management and making full provision for all bad and doubtful debts was \$603,350.

The best way to cure disease is to drive it from the system by purifying the blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Johnson's Baking Powder gives fullest satisfaction 25c a pound. Johnson & Johnson.

GREAT CHEAP SALE OF BULBS

We offer our whole stock of choice named HYACINTHS & TULIPS

CROCUS, NARCISSUS, FREESIAS, BERMUDA EASTER LILIES, CHINESE SACRED LILIES

at a discount of 33 1-3 Per Cent Off

our Bulb Catalogue prices. We are busy opening up our magnificent stock of FANCY GOODS, &c., for the holiday trade, and besides we want the room the bulbs occupy for other goods, so come quick if you wish to take advantage of this big offer.

Geo. Carter & Co.

Dealer in Seeds, Bulbs, Fancy Goods, &c., &c.

Y. M. C. A.

The annual meeting for the election of officers and other business, will be held in the parlour, on Thursday, 14th Nov., inst., at 7:30 P.M. All young men and citizens interested in the institution, are requested to attend, and attend a hand. FRED W. L. MOORE, President.

J. B. Macdonald & Co's PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL

Pratt's Astral is the highest grade of American Kerosene Oil that we can buy. We have secured a quantity of it for this season's trade, and we can confidently recommend it to our customers. When you want your can re-filled, send it to BEER & GOFF

For every trouble under the sun, There is a remedy or there is none; If there is one, try to find it, If there is none, never mind it.

When your eyes trouble you call on us and have them tested; if your watch, call and have it repaired, or get one of our new ones.

G. H. TAYLOR, Graduate Optician, North Side Queen Square, Ch'town.

BARGAIN TALK From The Big Store

Daily Bargain Hints from the Big Store that show the Fall and Fancy Prices here on all Kinds of Merchandise. 25 Ladies' Jackets; \$5.75, \$6.50, and \$7.50 kind for \$5. Ten minutes in the Big Store will do more to convince you that we are the cheapest than pages of newspaper talk. It always pays you to come and see our prices.

PRICES NEVER SO LOW

A sale extraordinary in Fur Goods, Dress Goods and Millinery. 50 hats at half price. Men's Ulsters, \$3.95. Men's Fur Coats, Coon, \$25. Men's Overcoats, 50 at half price. Squares and remnants of Oilcloth.

James Paton & Co.

PROMPTNESS IN PAYING

Claims, with good security as well, is the chief characteristic of the insurance companies represented by

E. R. BROW, AGENT, Charlottetown.

A Serious Mistake

is the buying of an inferior shoe of unknown quality. We Admit It

But why do it? We can sell you goods of the best Canadian makes at a low or lower price. For Charlotte town we have control of lines made by the Amherst Shoe Company, Geo. T. Slater & Sons, and J. T. Bell. Why run any risk; be on the safe side and buy your fall shoes from.

J. M. McLeod & Co.

The Money Saving Boot and Shoe Distributors.

YOU ARE LOSING MONEY

If you buy an Overcoat or Ulster for man or boy, without seeing our stock. See our men's \$3.90 Frieze Ulsters; these are without doubt the best to be found. A lot of 25 boys' and youths' Ulsters at half price to clear. See them.

J. B. Macdonald & Co's PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL

Pratt's Astral is the highest grade of American Kerosene Oil that we can buy. We have secured a quantity of it for this season's trade, and we can confidently recommend it to our customers. When you want your can re-filled, send it to BEER & GOFF

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When your eyes trouble you call on us and have them tested; if your watch, call and have it repaired, or get one of our new ones.

G. H. TAYLOR, Graduate Optician, North Side Queen Square, Ch'town.

Figures Don't Lie

Nearby Two Thirds of your life is spent in your shoes. They can't look too nice, they can't fit too well; they can cost too much.

OUR SHOES look well, fit well, wear well. Come in and see them, our prices will do the rest.

R. K. JOST, July 30 STAMPER'S CORNER, London House Building.

Pinette OYSTERS

Are adjudged to be the best Oysters on this Island. I have just received the first shipment this season, with more to follow. They can be seen in the window of Victoria Cafe. But do not judge them till you sample them.

JOHN P. JOY, VICTORIA CAFE... Black Diamond Line

The S.S. Coban, sailing from Montreal Friday morning, 14th, inst. will be due at Charlottetown, Monday morning, 16th inst., and will sail for St. John's, and Harbor Grace, Nfld., carrying horses, cattle and sheep on deck and produce under deck, at lowest possible rates. For further particulars as to freight and passage, apply to PEAKE BROS. & CO., Agents. Ch'town, Nov. 9, 1896.

Ladies Jackets AT Stanley Brothers. The Always Busy Store

Words & Figures Our Jackets The Best for QUALITY, STYLE, FIT, FINISH and WORKMANSHIP. STANLEY BROTHERS.

Ladies' Jackets and Capes TRY... The Always Busy Store. \$2.50 30 4.50 5.50 6.50 7.50