

ber of Commerce, and Mechanics' Institute, were presented, and replies thereto delivered by His Excellency, who, in conclusion, delivered a handsome and appropriate speech to the thousands who were gathered in front of the Court-House, amid continued cheering; after which, he went to the St. John Hotel, where the whole of the procession and military passed in front. Upwards of 10,000 persons were present.—Herald.

QUICK TRAVELLING.—Major Ruxton and lady, who came passengers in the Britannia, which left Liverpool on the afternoon of the 4th July, and arrived at Halifax early yesterday morning, reached this city this morning in the Nova Scotia, from Windsor, and proceeded, at 7 o'clock, in the New Brunswick, to Fredericton, where they will arrive about 4 o'clock this afternoon—performing, we may safely venture to say, by far the quickest trip on record between England and the capital of this Province.—Courier.

TIMBER DUTIES.—The St. John Herald of Wednesday last says—“We believe that an additional Duty of 1s. 6d. per load has been laid on all Timber imported into Great Britain. We do not see any thing of this in any of our English Journals.

A SINGULAR CIRCUMSTANCE.—The *Bethel Flag* was hoisted, and Divine Service performed on board two *Temperance Ships* in our river, on Sunday last, an occurrence, we are convinced, never before witnessed in Miramichi. One vessel was lying at Chatham, and the other at Bay du Vin.—Gleaner, July 28.

THE COLONIAL HERALD.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 1, 1840.

The *Cape Breton* arrived here at a late hour last night, from Pictou. The papers brought by her contain no news of any importance.

His Excellency the Governor General returned to Halifax, on his visit to New Brunswick, on Saturday last, and on Tuesday, his Excellency took his departure from Halifax, in the Steamer *Unicorn*, for Quebec—at which place we have no doubt he has safely arrived.

The *Buffalo*, with the political convicts from Canada, had arrived at Hobart Town, Van Dieman's Land.

BELFAST, June 30th.—The *Mith*, a new ship of 1,000 tons, built at Ramsay, Isle of Man, will shortly convey a number of Lord M'Donald's tenantry from the western isles of Scotland to Cape Breton and Prince Edward Island.—Northern Whig.

By the last English Mail, Mandamuses were received, appointing John Myrie Holl and James Horsfield Peters, Esqrs. to seats in the Legislative Council of this Island. This does not look much like annexation.

It is also announced, that Thomas Heath Haviland, jun., Esq. has been appointed Provost Marshal of this Island, in the room of his father, resigned.

CANCER.

To the Editor of the Colonial Herald.

SIR:—Under the impression that any hint which may have a tendency to alleviate the sufferings of our fellow creatures, will not be excluded from your paper, I am induced to forward the following suggestions, for insertion.

Perusing a Medical Journal, published in Dublin, and observing the mode of treatment made use of in that city by the most celebrated physicians, for the cure of that baneful and destructive disease called Cancer; and as their treatment is perfectly in accordance with my own ideas on that malignant complaint, I am desirous of giving it publicity in the Island, being aware that Cancer has of late been very far from being uncommon here, and trusting that it may prove of some service to the unhappy persons labouring under that too fatal calamity.

“CARCINOMA is a true animal fungus, or parasitical production, affording, in its origin and growth, a strong analogy to the vegetable fungus which springs from the bark or leaves of trees and plants, and being, in both kingdoms, no further connected with the living body in which it is placed than as it derives its proper nourishment—which last it assimilates by its own innate powers, and not by any continuation of vessels from the one to the other.”

I find in the above publication that the oxide of iron is the most popular as well as effective cure for Cancer, and has been incontestably proved to be the most efficacious remedy yet discovered in the annals of medicine; and if not absolutely the same specific, is deservedly held to be little inferior to the secret remedy of the celebrated PETROS ALLIOT, a man of great medical and chemical knowledge, who was known to recover a woman of rank from Cancer, which had eaten away, in a dreadful manner, her left breast. “He daily sprinkled the ulcer with a certain powder, the components of which he never disclosed. In about an hour after the application, a degree of excitement ensued, which, however, soon ceased, and left the patient at ease. By a perseverance in the use of the powder for six weeks, the lips of the wound changed from a livid to a reddish colour, and the watery ichor into a healthy concocted matter, after which, the wound quickly healed.” These are the words of a person who relates the transaction, not from hearsay, but from the evidence of his own eyes; and it deserves the more credit, as he was deeply skilled in medicine and chemistry, and was no less than the celebrated PLATS BORRICHUS. The cure made much noise at Paris, and was considered rather a miracle than an ordinary occurrence. The identity of these remedies is conjecture—the similarity of their beneficial effects is not; and, as R. COMMICHAEL says, “one has been lost to the world by the selfishness of the discoverer, but selfishness shall never deprive the community of whatever advantage my humble efforts are capable of affording.”

I am, Sir,
Yours, &c.
JOHN E. CRAFER,
Health Officer of Richmond Bay.

July 21, 1840.

The Supreme Court for King's County commenced its sittings at Georgetown on Tuesday the 21st ult. At the beginning of the term there was a great show of business, but the trial of a number of cases was postponed on various grounds. After the usual formalities had been gone through, his Lordship the Chief Justice charged the Grand Jury, the foreman of which was William S. Macgowan, Esq. His Lordship said that he was happy to inform them their labours this term would be slight—that there were only a few cases to be brought to their notice—two or three larcenies, and one case of a much more serious nature, viz: a riot in resisting the authority of officers bound to keep the peace—that this

last offence was one, he regretted to say, peculiar to King's County; for, during the two last terms in Prince and in Queen's Counties, no such crime had been brought to the notice of the Court; and why there should be two cases for a similar offence in King's County, during one term, he could not conceive—that it was a crime which the strong arm of the law must nip in the bud—that individuals who were so hardy and reckless as to resist those who were bound to put the laws in force, so as to prevent them from the fulfilment of their duty, must be, after conviction, punished with some severity, so as to shew the country that the laws must be upheld, and that its officers must be protected—there was one thing, however, he must add, that although there appeared to be a number of persons in King's County, determined to resist the law, yet in no instance had either a grand or a petit jury swerved from their respective duties and protected those who were evidently guilty—that so long as grand and petit juries would thus continue to do their duty unflinchingly, and by virtue of their oaths, no danger was to be apprehended to the country.

His Lordship then entered into an explanation of the general duties of grand jurors, and remarked upon the Act relating to Licenses for retailing strong and spirituous liquors; and called their attention to the fact, that only three persons had taken out Licenses in King's County, whereas it must be well known, that many more are in the habit of selling liquors, and it must therefore be without license—that it is their duty, and it could not be placed in better hands, to inquire into these facts, to hear evidence thereon, and to present to the Court any persons who may have acted, or who may continue to act, in violation of this law. His Lordship concluded by saying, that if they should have any matters to present to the Court he would at once attend to them. Tuesday was occupied with ordinary motions. On Wednesday, a civil suit, brought for defamation of character, was tried—Mr. E. Palmer and Mr. Young were for the plaintiff, and the Attorney and Solicitor Generals for the defendant. Mr. Young opened the case to the jury, and proceeded to call his evidence. The Attorney General addressed the jury on the part of the defendants, but did not produce any witnesses. The jury found a verdict for the plaintiff, damages £5. A rule nisi was subsequently obtained in this cause by the Attorney General for the defendants, to arrest the judgment, on the ground that an action could not be sustained against two defendants for verbal slander, where a joint verdict had been taken, as in this case.

On Thursday, the case of the Queen, against William Douglas and others, for a riot, and for assaulting the Sheriff in the execution of his duty, was tried; the Attorney and Solicitor Generals conducted the case on the part of the Crown, and Messrs. Binns and Young appeared for the Traversers. The Solicitor General opened the case on the part of the prosecutor, and Mr. Young addressed the jury on the part of the defence, without calling witnesses—the Attorney General closed the case—the jury retired, and in about an hour returned, and found William Douglas, James Howlett and William Blacket guilty of a riot—John Coffin, John Howlett and John M'Kie guilty of a riot and an assault, and Thomas Wallis not guilty.

A woman was tried on the same day for receiving stolen goods, and was acquitted.

On Friday, Mr. Young, on the part of the traversers, who were convicted on the day before, addressed the Court, and read a Certificate, respectfully signed, on behalf of John M'Kie, and several affidavits, in mitigation of their sentences. He said that the traversers were sorry for the part they had taken in the late riot, that this was their first offence, that they promised never to be engaged again in one of a similar nature, and prayed that the mercy of the Court would be extended towards them. His Lordship the Chief Justice then addressed them in a very feeling and impressive manner, said that he was glad they now saw the error and crime which they had committed in a proper light, and sentenced them as follows:—

James Howlett and William Blacket, to a fine of £20 each, with four months' imprisonment; John Howlett, to a fine of £20, and six months' imprisonment, and each of them to be imprisoned until the fines are paid. John Coffin, to ten months', William Douglas, to eight months', and John M'Kie, to four months' imprisonment, and to be then discharged. During the term, there were some appeals heard, and some summary cases tried, and a good deal of routine business.

The Grand Jury found several Bills of Indictment, and some persons guilty of selling liquors without licenses. The Term was concluded on Friday evening.—Gaz.

Drowned on Friday the 17th instant, at Bay Fortune, at the foot of his father's farm, where he had been reared from childhood, Mr. Benjamin Coffin. The unfortunate deceased had left his wife at a neighbouring farm, and was awaiting her return. He went into the water for the purpose of bathing, and got into a hole near the shore, about 7 feet deep, on a marsh, which had been made by driving stakes in making a fence. For miles along the shore there was nothing but a continued flat, and not another hole to be seen. He was found about an hour afterwards, his face being very much bruised, caused in his struggle by coming in contact with a piece of stick in the hole where he perished. He was interred the Sunday following.—Id.

PASSENGERS.

In the Cape Breton, Steamer, from Miramichi, on Thursday—Mr. and Mrs. Macgregor, Mr. and Mrs. Brown and child, Mr. and Mrs. Fraser; Mrs. Hea and niece; Misses Parkin and Davis; Messrs. Heard, H. Chappell, Holt—15 in the steerage.

In do. from Pictou, last night—Rev. Mr. Kier, Rev. Mr. Geddie, James Fraser, Esq.; Messrs. Malcolm, Hooper, Borey, Rankin, Nebelle, Mrs. Macdonald and daughter, Mrs. James, Mrs. Clark, Miss Rankin—10 in the steerage.

Port of Charlottetown.

ENTERED:

Schooner Defiance, Stewart, Halifax; Goods.
Lively, Gillis, do.; do.
Active, Gillis, do.; do.
Regulator, Hayley, do.; do.
Lady Clements, Pine, Newfoundland; 235 bls. Pickled Fish.
Christy Ann, Weeks, Bay Verte; ballast.
Brothers, Turnbull, Sydney; Coals.
Abeona, Praught, do.; do.
Trial, Macdonald, Miramichi; Goods.
Sovereign, Lutes, Sydney; Coals.
Waltron, Moore, Newfoundland; Goods.

CLEARED:

Schooner Active, Gillis, Pictou; ballast.
Catherine, Smith, Miramichi; 50 bls. Oatmeal.
Cygnet, O'Neill, do.; ballast.
Caledonia, Moore, do.; do.
Christy Ann, Weeks, Bay Verte; do.

Launched.

On the 14th ult. from the Shipyard of Joseph Dingwell, Esq., Bay Fortune, fully rigged, a Schooner, called the *Elizabeth*. She is considered, by competent judges, to be a very handsome vessel, and of superior workmanship.

Died.

At Three Rivers, on the 21st ult. Mrs. Isabella Macdonald, relict of Andrew Macdonald, Esq. aged 83 years.
On the 23d ult., at Charlottetown, William Henry, infant son of Mr. W. Smardon, Saddler, aged 6 weeks.
In England, June 17th, in the 89th year of his age, Rev. JAMES WOOD, the senior minister of the Wesleyan Methodist Connection.

A PUBLIC MEETING of the Charlottetown TEMPERANCE SOCIETY will be held in the room lately occupied by the Mechanics' Institute, in Pownal Street, on Monday evening next—to commence at half-past seven o'clock.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDER.

Head Quarters, Charlottetown, June 15, 1840.

HIS Excellency the Commander in Chief has been pleased to order that the Annual Inspection of Militia do take place as follows:

Monday, August 10th—Johnston's, Bagnall's, New Glasgow and Cavendish.

Tuesday 11th—Haslem's, Barratt's, and Princetown.

Wednesday 12th—Campbell's Pond and New London.

Thursday 13th—St. Eleanor's and Port Hill.

Cascompeque and Richmond Bay, by the Senior Officer present—the returns to be transmitted to the Adjutant General with as little delay as possible.

Friday 14th—Captain Clark's, Bedeque, Seven Mile Bay, Cape Traverse and Tryon.

Saturday 15th—Crapaud and Sable.

Monday 24th—Charlottetown Ferry, Meeting House, Lot 49, Cross Roads to Cherry Valley, Vernon River, and Orwell Bridge.

Tuesday 25th—Belfast and Flat River.

Wednesday 26th—Cross Roads and Montague River Bridge, Georgetown, and Brudenell Point Meeting House.

Thursday 27th—Lewellin's Cross Road, Clow's Shipyard, Murray Harbour.

Friday 28th—Cardigan River and Boughton River, by Captain Goff.

By command of His Excellency the Commander in Chief,
A. LANE,
Lieutenant Colonel & Adjutant General.

SURVEYOR GENERAL'S OFFICE,

Charlottetown, 28th July, 1840.

THE Surveyor General will submit for sale at Public Auction, on Saturday the 29th of August next, at the house of George Bearsto, Esq. in Princetown Royalty, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following Pasture LOTS, in the said Royalty, viz:

Nos. 43, 63, 220, 221, 418, 419, 422, 423, 425, 426, 427, 354, 361, 368, 483, 486, 489 and 511.

GEORGE WRIGHT,
Surveyor General.

ROAD DISTRICT No. 11.

THE Subscriber will, on Saturday the 15th day of August next, let by Auction, the widening of the Road from the Head of St. Peter's Bay to Cardigan, and the Road from the Head of St. Peter's Bay to the line of Lot 42. Sale to commence at the Head of St. Peter's Bay, at 10 o'clock.

Security will be required for the due performance of each contract.

JOHN JARDINE,
Commissioner.

St. Peter's, July 25th, 1840.

Secretary's Office, July 3, 1840.

ALL Persons found quarrying Stones on the Shore of the Government Farm, will be prosecuted with the utmost rigour of the law.

T. H. HAVILAND, Secretary.

TO BE SOLD OR LET.

THE Subscriber offers to Sell or Let, for a term of years, at a yearly rent, the whole of the Messages and Premises now in his occupation, situate on Town Lot No. 27, in the Fourth Hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown, consisting of a commodious and most conveniently designed new DWELLING HOUSE, workmanship finished in a superior style—the first floor comprises a large shop, with parlour, kitchen, &c.—second floor, a drawing room, nursery, and two bedrooms—garret, two well finished bed-rooms—cellar, frost proof, and perfectly dry.

Also,

A small DWELLING HOUSE, a story and a half high, containing three rooms and a kitchen on the first, and two rooms on the second floor—a coach house and stable, the latter sufficient for four horses; also, an additional building, at present used as a smith's forge, attached to the premises, with an excellent Garden, containing the usual variety of fruit-trees, yielding a very large quantity of superior fruit.

If sold, a part of the purchase-money may remain on interest for a few years, on approved security.

JOHN BREEN.

Charlottetown, 27th July, 1840.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE Leasehold Interest of that desirable FARM, situated at Fort Augustus, Township No. 36, south side of the Hillsborough River, about 12 miles from Charlottetown, will be sold by the Subscriber, (either whole or in subdivisions) containing 378 Acres—bounded on the North by said River, East by a Road leading to Five-houses Settlement, South by the Fort Augustus road, leading to Charlottetown Ferry, and on the West by a Creek emptying in the River—with the following desirable improvements and property. There are 120 acres of said farm in a high state of cultivation, beautifully divided into fields of from 5 to 10 acres each, with lanes so as to have access to each field, all well fenced and under a superior Crop; cuts 100 tons of hay annually, has a Wharf on said Creek, where boats of heavy burden can be laden in case of shipping off produce, and is well supplied with wood of every useful description; with a good DWELLING HOUSE and out offices, and a good draw-well within a few yards of the kitchen door. There is a new Grist Mill, lately built on said Creek, adjoining the boundary.

An indisputable lease, for 999 years, will be given to purchasers who will give anything like a fair compensation for the above superior farm. Particulars will be made known on application to Mr. JOHN TRENAMAN, Clock and Watch Maker, Queen Square, Charlottetown, or to the Subscriber, on the premises.

MATTHEW BARNETT.

Fort Augustus, July 20th, 1840.

FOR SALE,

With or without the Crop,

THE Leasehold Interest of that eligible Farm situate at Crapaud, at present occupied by the Subscriber, comprising 140 acres of excellent Land, 50 of which are in a high state of cultivation; about 30 acres more may be made ready for the plough at a small expense, and the remainder is well wooded. There is an excellent mill site on the farm; the shore furnishes a supply of sea manure, and lime may be obtained at a moderate rate from a kiln adjoining the premises. The Dwelling House, to which is attached a Shop or Store, has recently been thoroughly repaired and considerably enlarged, so as to afford every convenience for the accommodation of a respectable family—has a frost proof Cellar underneath, and a never-failing Well of water at the door. In addition to the Barn, Stable and Piggery already on the premises, the frame of a new Barn, 50 feet by 34, has just been put up.

These premises, pleasantly situate on the banks of the river Wesmorland, in the midst of a populous and thriving settlement, and within 15 chains of the Public Wharf, afford an opportunity for investment, both for agricultural and commercial purposes, seldom to be met with.

For terms of Sale, apply to Mr. John Davis, jun., Charlottetown, or to the Subscriber,
ROBERT CRANFORD.
Crapaud, 20th July, 1840

WANTED—A Farm Servant, for a Farm in the vicinity of Charlottetown. As the highest encouragement will be given, none need apply unless properly qualified and well recommended. Inquire at the Herald Office.

WANTED—A steady, active LAD, about 14 years of age, as an Apprentice to the Printing Business. Inquire at this Office.

MOFFAT'S

VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES.

THESE Medicines are indebted for their name to their manifest and sensible action in purifying the springs and channels of life, and ending them with renewed tone and vigor. In many hundred certified cases which have been made public, and in almost every species of disease to which the human frame is liable, the happy effects of Moffat's Life Pills and Phenix Bitters have been gratefully and publicly acknowledged by all persons benefited, and who were previously unacquainted with the beautifully philosophical principles upon which they are compounded, and upon which they consequently act.

The Life Medicines recommend themselves in diseases of every form and description. The first operation is to loosen from the coats of the stomach and bowels the various impurities and crudities constantly settling around them; and to remove the hardened feces which collect in the convolutions of the small intestines. Other medicines only partially cleanse these, and leave such collected masses behind as to produce habitual costiveness, with all its train of evils, or sudden diarrhoea, with its imminent dangers. This fact is well known to all regular anatomists, who examine the human bowels after death: and hence the prejudice of these well informed men against quack medicines—or medicines prepared and heralded to the public by ignorant persons. The second effect of the Life Medicines is to cleanse the kidneys and the bladder, and by this means, the liver and the lungs, the healthful action of which entirely depends upon the regularity of the urinary organs. The blood, which takes its red colour from the agency of the liver and the lungs, before it passes into the heart, being thus purified by them, and nourished by food coming from a clean stomach, courses freely through the veins, renews every part of the system, and triumphantly mounts the banner of health in the blooming cheek.

Moffat's Vegetable Life Medicines have been thoroughly tested, and pronounced a sovereign remedy for Dyspepsia, Flatulency, Palpitation of the Heart, Loss of Appetite, Heartburn and Headache, Restlessness, Ill-temper, Anxiety, Langour and Melancholy, Costiveness, Diarrhoea, Cholera, Fevers of all kinds, Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsies of all kinds, Gravel, Worms, Asthma and Consumption, Scurvy, Ulcers, Invertebrate Sores, Scorbutic Eruptions and Bad Complexions, Eruptive complaints, scaly, cloudy and other disagreeable complexion, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, common Colds and Influenza, and various other complaints which afflict the human frame. In Fever and Ague, particularly, the Life Medicines have been most eminently successful—so much so, that in the Fever and Ague Districts, Physicians almost universally prescribe them.

All that Mr. Moffat requires of his patients is, to be particular in taking the Life Medicines strictly according to the directions. It is not by a Newspaper notice, or by any thing that he himself may say in their favor, that he hopes to gain credit. It is alone by the results of a fair trial.

A FRESH SUPPLY of these valuable Medicines just received and for sale by

J. B. COOPER & Co.

Sole Agents for Prince Edward Island.

Charlottetown, July 30, 1840.

MILL SAWS.

JUST RECEIVED, from Philadelphia, via Halifax, one case superior finished MILL SAWS.
DAVID WILSON.
July 14th, 1840.

T. PARSONS & CO.

Horse Shoers and general Smiths (late from England), BEG leave to acquaint the Inhabitants of Charlottetown, and the public generally, that they have taken the Smithery lately occupied by Mr. Isaac Jackson, Coach-maker, in Prince Street, where all orders in their line will be punctually attended to and faithfully executed. An Apprentice wanted.
Charlottetown, 13th July, 1840.

SUGAR AND RAISINS.

THE Subscriber has just received, per Schooner *Waterloo*, a consignment of Ten Hogsheads of SUGAR, and a few half boxes of bunch RAISINS, which he offers for sale low for prompt payment.
KENNETH M'KENZIE,
Water Street, opposite Mr. Peake's Brick House.
July 14th, 1840.

TEN POUNDS PREMIUM.

THE Committee of the Charlottetown Temperance Society offer the above Premium for the best Essay on the Traffic in Ardent Spirits, as bearing upon the Physical, Moral and Civil Interests of this Colony—such Essay to be the production of a member of a Temperance Society within this Island, and delivered in Charlottetown on or before the 15th December next. Judges will be appointed, and further arrangements regarding the manner of appropriating the Prize, will be made, and due notice thereof given hereafter.

J. B. COOPER, } Secretaries &
W. NELIS, } Treasurers.

17th July, 1840.

CAUTION.

THE Subscriber hereby cautions all person or persons against giving credit to either his Wife or any of his family, without his written order, as he will not be accountable for any Debts of their contracting.
JOHN BREEN.
Charlottetown, 27th July, 1840.

VALUABLE PROPERTY IN GEORGETOWN.

THE Subscriber is duly authorized to SELL, by PRIVATE CONTRACT, that valuable ESTATE in GEORGETOWN, known as the Property of John Adams Wood, formerly of the Island of Antigua, but late of London, Esquire, deceased, and now belonging to Margaret Gilbert Wood, his Widow, comprising

Water Lots Nos. 17, 18, 19, 20 and 21, with the Warehouse and Premises situate thereon.

These Lots, from their very eligible situation for Mercantile Business, are too well known to require further description—and will be sold either together or separately, as may be agreed on.

A good title will be given.
JOHN LONGWORTH.
Charlottetown, 18th June, 1840.

VALUABLE FREEHOLD FARM FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale a Tract of 100 Acres of superior Land, adjoining the Bedeque House Farm, having a front of about 20 chains on Wilmot Creek. From eight to ten acres are cleared, and the remainder is well stocked with Firewood and Fencing stuff. There is also a small stream of water running through the premises, sufficient to drive a Carding and Threshing Mill. The situation is well adapted for a Shipbuilding establishment.

For terms of Sale, apply to Mr. Solomon Desbrisay, Charlottetown, or to

JOSEPH POPE.

Bedeque, 18th May, 1840.

TO BE LET, for a term of years, a Building Lot, 56 feet by 30, fronting on Water Street, opposite Mr. J. B. Cooper's dwelling house. For further particulars apply to

B. SCOTT.

Lot 49, July 22d, 1840.

A BUNDLE, containing sundry articles of a Wearing Apparel, was found in the cabin of the Schooner *Blackbird*, now lying at the Queen's Wharf, about a week since. The owner is requested to call for the same.

LAUCHLAN M'KINNON,
Master.
31st July, 1840.