

(Continued from second page.)

We looked back and saw, some miles behind us, a small vessel, her white sails filled, coming rapidly along with a breeze. At present this breeze failed, at a distance of perhaps a couple of miles from us, which we observed by the abrupt division between the smooth and ripply water.

'We're lost!' I said, for it did not escape me that the boat was shaping her course neither for the Point nor for the town, but obviously, to cut us off. 'It's your father, of course, Sonorita, but we'll do our best in the way of a forlorn hope. Come, Tim, tackle on to an oar; I'll relieve you presently. Each of the crew shall have an extra dollar if we get into Ceuta before gunfire, and before that boat.'

Our pace improved visibly, but the white sail came on—on—on.

'Thank goodness, the breeze is not increasing its area much,' I cried. 'They'll be becalmed before long; our only chance now—lay in to your oars.'

The crew worked well, but the pursuers came rapidly on. At last they reached the limit of the breeze, and we saw their sail begin to flap. The next moment they were at a stand still.

'Hurrah! they're becalmed!' shouted Tim. Premature exultation; the next moment down came the sail, and four gleaming oars shot from the side of the boat, and began to work with businesslike strokes.

'Nothing but pluck can save us now!' I cried. 'Another extra dollar ahead if we beat the boat into Ceuta!'

We really seemed to get on some pace for a little, but the men were greatly distressed, and each stroke looked as if it would be their last—and still the boat behind kept gaining. At last Romano stopped work, the crew at once following suit.

'No possible!' Senor he cried. 'No possible chorused the crew.'

'Confound you! it shall be possible,' I shouted, hitting Romano hard over the head with a loading rod, and distributing a few similar arguments among the crew, which set them to work again in a twinkling. 'Take the rod, Zeb, and hammer any fellow you see shirking; and on we went; but, oh, how we seemed to crawl! I gesticulated, bawled myself hoarse, coaxing, promising, and threatening.

'Put your backs into it! pull away! well pulled, all! Think of two dollars! It's only half a mile! Lick that bound with the red shirt, Zeb! Romano, I'll cut your throat from ear to ear if you don't work! All together! Harder! Harder!'

'Ill-ump! ill-ump! ill-ump!' painfully went our colossal oars. Before me I had a tableau of shaggy crests, purple faces, flashing teeth, and starting eyeballs, of Zeb constantly replacing broken instruments of torture—of Tim's face white with anxiety and exertion. But soon the steady plash of well-rowed oars began to be audible from behind, and I was compelled to admit that it was 'no possible.'

I gave the orders to the rowers, therefore, to row easily, and set about making final dispositions. We had already sent Amalia under the half-deck, and thither Tim and I now also went, placing Zebedee at the rudder to parley with the pursuers when they overhauled us. There was a hatchway in the deck, just at his feet, and under this I took up my position, so that, without being seen, I could advise him.

'They're close to us now, sir,' said Zeb, in a few minutes.

'Can you see who they are?'

'No, sir; there's a tall man standing in the bows, but he's muffled up, face and all, in a poncho. I can't make him out; there doesn't seem to be any one else, except the crew. Are we to fight them sir?'

'Certainly not.'

'Aho! aho! aho! aho!'

'They were hallooing us, and the cry resembled that by which Paul Bedford has, for so many years, maintained his position in the dramatic world.'

'Answer them, Zeb.'

'Booby! aho! aho! aho!'

'Aho! aho!' bawled the pursuer again, now close under our quarter; 'what ship's that, aho!'

'This sounded like a burlesque, but Spaniards are such odd fellows, especially when they speak English.'

'Aho! aho!' shouted Zeb. 'You mustn't speak to the man at the wheel, aho!'

'Come, Zeb, no chaff,' I said.

'Wher-r-y bound for-r?' hailed the pursuer again, still as if we were two hundred yards off.

'Ceuta!'

'Whar-r-d-y'e r-r-run away for, ye skulking thieves?'

'We thought ye were pir-r-rates, ye black-muzzled scoundrel,' replied Zeb.

'We're no pir-r-rates; I'm the Alcade of St. Ro-que, and I want a man ye've got hidden on board!'

'We've nothing on board but the cargo,' said Zeb.

'Wha-a-ar is it?'

'A general cargo.'

'A cargo of growing generals, you mean. And this last remark, spoken in a familiar voice, and followed by a well-known laugh, brought my head out of the hatchway, and I beheld Button-shaw, Amalia's ex-lover, standing on board the little cutter, which had lain to beside us.

'Oh! Fred Onslow, Fred Onslow,' he cried, 'sold! sold!—was there ever such a sell? I saw you all through this glass for miles; how you made these scorpions work! and how that rascal of yours licked them!—it's nearly been the death of me. But don't be mysterious; I know your games, and who is on board, and all the rest. All Gibraltar knows it by this time, thanks to your friend on the Ragged Staff Guard; he had been round every mess before eleven this morning telling his tale, and I thought I would just hop over and see the fun with my brother the padre—that's him lying in the stern, smoking and thinking (he's a devil to smoke and think); but let me board you, you'll want assistance, I can tell you.'

(To be continued.)

A BEAUTIFUL INCIDENT.—A gentleman relates that many years ago he was on a visit to the Isle of Man, and during his walks, he strolled into the quiet churchyard, where reposed the bodies of many a faithful and humble Christian. Near a grave, in a corner of the churchyard, he noticed a lady with a little girl, (the latter about twelve years of age), to whom she was relating the story of the dairy-man's daughter whose remains lay beneath their feet. As the lady proceeded in the narrative, he observed the little girl lift up her eyes filled with tears, and heard her say that she would try, and be as good as the dairy-man's daughter had been. After planting a beautiful lily on the grave, they walked slowly away. The gentleman, upon making inquiry, found that this lady was the Duchess of Kent, and the little girl her daughter. The latter is now Queen of England.

Miscellaneous.

DEFERRED MATTER.

The following account of difficulties arising out of the actions of a British officer in Mexico, comes to us by way of San Francisco. No doubt the tale is highly coloured;—

Advices from Mazatlan to 23d of June, report that serious difficulty had occurred between commander Bridge, of the English war steamer Chanticleer, and the American authorities at that place. The Chanticleer it is said, was in a perilous situation off the coast and fired signal guns for assistance. A pilot went out and released the ship from her position of danger, but the commander of the steamer refused to pay the pilot for his services and proceeded to Mazatlan. The Collector of the port of Mazatlan was notified that one of the officers of the British war steamer was engaged in conveying specie on board to avoid export duty, and caused his arrest. The officer's person was searched and a quantity of gold found upon him. The Captain of the Chanticleer came ashore and in a very excited manner declared that his vessel and himself had been insulted by the indignity offered to his subordinates. High words followed, which culminated in the arrest and search of the person of the British Commander, by order of the Collector, who asserted his suspicion that the Commander was also implicated in smuggling specie on board of his vessel.

Captain Bridge then went on board of the Chanticleer and notified the inhabitants of Mazatlan that he was about to bombard that city for the insult offered to the English flag. The Captain's proclamation of hostility caused great excitement and numerous communications in writing passed between Captain Bridge, General Corona and the civil authorities.—The United States Consul, Mr. Session, acting as mediator, ultimately induced the British Commander to modify his proclamation so as to place the port of Mazatlan under blockade, so far as Mexican vessels were concerned, until he should receive orders from the British Admiral commanding on his station. American and other foreign vessels would not be interfered with. It is asserted that the action of General Corona and the Mexican authorities is approved by foreign residents generally.

The U. S. war steamer Resaca had left Acapulco for Mazatlan to protect American interests in that place. The U. S. steamer Resaca, was at La Paz on the 21st of June.

Additional advices from Mexico state that Commander Bridge at first demanded that the officer who searched the person of his subordinate and seized the money should be sent on board the Chanticleer, to be dealt with as the Commander saw fit. General Corona replied that sooner than submit to such an outrage he would allow the city to be bombarded, and telling him in indignant language that if he had reclamation to make he should make it in the manner customary with civilized nations through that proper channel.

IMPORTANT CASE.—We find the following in the Boston Advertiser of Friday:—

James Long vs. Frances Louisa.—This is a suit brought by the plaintiff, master of the British brig Valorous, against the defendant, the British Consul at that port, to recover back certain fees, which the defendant claimed as Consul, and without payment of which he refused to deliver to the plaintiff his vessel's register and papers necessary to enable him to go to sea. These fees the plaintiff denied the defendant's right to charge, but paid the same under protest, and brought this suit to recover them back. The Consul has long been in the habit of charging these fees, and the ship owners have protested against his right to do so. Large numbers of Colonial built vessels annually visit this port and are all on each voyage subjected to these fees. The subject was sometime since brought to the notice of the authorities of Nova Scotia by the ship masters, and measures taken under their direction to test by a trial in our Courts the legality of these fees. This is the origin of this suit. The plaintiff claimed that the defendant had no right to exact the fees. The defendant claimed that he had. There are coming to this port from the Provinces a large number of vessels, each many times during the year, and at each time having to pay the fees, making the aggregate amount of the fees some \$15,000. The salary of the Consul at this port is £200, with the right to exact certain specified fees, which are to be accounted for to the Home Government. It is claimed that these fees are not among those specified, and therefore not legally exacted, and the defendant refused to testify whether he accounted for these fees and claimed that he was entitled to them from custom long existing. Capt. Forbes, of Pictou, authorized by the government to prosecute this suit, testified that the certificate for which these fees were given was useless.

The Jury in the case, against the British Consul, gave the plaintiff a verdict of one dollar and eighty-one cents (\$1.81)

THE FATAL HEAT.—The Montreal Witness (Wednesday) says:—The present heated term will be long remembered, for many will be the mourners over friends and relatives who fell beneath it. It is as though an engagement were going forward, and the dead and wounded being continually carried by. We believe we to-day record the death of some ten which happened from the heat yesterday; and even while we write we hear of others. There is something grimly tragical in the very familiarity and comparative unconcern in conjunction with the death yesterday evening of the cook on board the "Pasport." He had been cooking steaks for several of the passengers, and one of these passengers was presented with his plate in the following manner:—"Did you order these steaks, sir?" "I did," was the reply. "The man who cooked them is just dead," was the rejoinder. With what appetite they were partaken of we cannot say. It is impossible to read the long array of deaths from sunstroke in this city and neighbourhood within the last two days, without serious concern and commiseration for the bereaved.

DEATH BY LIGHTNING.—We learn that a young lad about 15 years of age, son of Mr. Desara Benoit, was killed by lightning during a thunder-storm at Tracadie on the afternoon of Tuesday last. He had been out in the field with his little brother and sister hoeing potatoes, but when the storm came on they started for home. While on the road and about half a mile from their own house, a fearful shock of thunder, accompanied by lightning took place, prostrating the three of them to the ground. Their uncle, Mr. Harion Benoit, who had been watching them, immediately ran to their assistance, and, owing to his exertions, the two youngest in a short time recovered and were able to walk home, but all his efforts to resuscitate the oldest were in vain, as life had fled. An Inquest was held on the body before Justices Young and Ferguson, on Wednesday last, and a verdict in accordance with the above facts were returned by the Jury.—Gleaner.

The disastrous effects of removing the 15th Regt. from a climate such as this just on the approach of spring into the extreme heat of the Bermuda, have begun to develop themselves. The men dreaded the consequences of the sudden change, and it will be seen from the following extract from a letter received in this city yesterday, that their fears were not groundless:—"Dr. Healey, of the 1st 15th Regt., died at St. George's, Bermuda, from an attack of dysentery, only being ill four days. His successor is very low, and the Staff Doctor also. Six men have died and there are 60 in hospital. The Typhoid fever has just set in and is giving the men much trouble. McMurray was just recovering from a severe attack—also Mr. Skinner.—St. John Globe.

A late Newfoundland paper says:—"From the Westward most cheering accounts have been received—some of the old planters having stated that such an abundant supply of fish had not been seen for thirty years. It is much to be regretted, however, that the fishermen cannot engage in the fishery, not having the necessary outfit, and it is said that about one third of the fishermen are absolutely idle away their precious time, because they have neither boats, hooks, lines, nor food to enable them to prosecute the voyage."

DR. LAWSON

INTENDING to leave the Island, would notify those indebted to him, that their respective accounts are requested to be paid immediately. All accounts remaining unpaid after the 10th Oct., will positively be placed in Court for prompt collection. Mt. Stewart, June 24, 1868. 4ms pd

GREEN-BACKS! EXCHANGE ON BOSTON, and GREEN-BACKS bought and sold by I. C. HALL. Ch'town, May 20, 1868. 6m

A FORTUNE FOR SALE!

IN consequence of the death of the proprietor, the Subscriber is instructed to offer for positive Sale, that beautifully situated, well known property, the HALF WAY HOUSE, VERNON RIVER, Prince Edward Island.

The Land, consisting of about 40 acres, is in that state of cultivation that it has for some years past, and will, for years to come, yield a clear net profit, more than sufficient to pay the interest on the amount of purchase money asked for the whole establishment. As money making investment this is an opportunity seldom equalled in these provinces, which fact can be positively proved to any person about purchasing. The Stock of Liquors and Stock of Goods can be taken or not at the option of the purchaser. For particulars address GEORGE ADAMS, Half Way House, Vernon River, May 20, 1868.

For Sale!

A HOUSE, 32 x 26, Situated at ORWELL BRIDGE, and considered to be one of the best stands in Queen's County for a Tradesman or Merchant. Immediate possession can be given; and if desirable to the purchaser, some eight or ten acres of Land can be sold or rented with the House.

Apply to the Owner on the premises, JOHN STEWART, or to the Subscriber R. J. CLARKE.

Orwell, June 17, 1868. 1f

NOTICE

TO TENANTS UPON TOWNSHIP NO. 18 THE TENANTS upon that portion of Township No. 18, formerly owned by the late Mrs. Mary Stewart, of Charlottetown, deceased, and since by the undersigned, in conjunction with her deceased sisters, Mary and Ellen Stewart, are hereby notified that the fee simple of the lands respectively held by them, being now exclusively vested in her, she ALONE is legally authorized to receive the rents accruing therefrom.

MARGARET STEWART. Charlottetown, June 30, 1868.

Fishermen's Outfits, 1868.

THE Subscriber is prepared to furnish all the necessary OUTFITS for prosecuting Vessel or Boat Fishing, such as:

- Salt, Bait Knives, Flour, Barrels, Splitting Go, Bread, Poles, Throwing do, Beans, Clams, Bait Heavers, Peas, Mackerel Hooks, Water Stores, Butter, Cod, do, Fog Horns, Parks, Mackerel Lines, Chopping Trays, Beef, Cod, do, do Knives, Lard, Snapper, do, Ditty Boxes, Tea, Bait Mills, Lanterns, Coffee, Jig Laddels, Binnacle Lamps, Sugar, do Raps, Lamp wicks, Molasses, do Moulds, do Chimneys, Raisins, Clam Choppers, Kerosene Oil, Currants, Mackerel Forks, Pewter, Dried Apples, do Jigs, Spoons, Cod Leads, Water Stones, Pickles.

He also possesses superior facilities for Inspecting, Packing, and Shipping Mackerel, Herring, Codfish, &c. N. B.—The highest price paid for all kinds of FISH. I. C. HALL. Charlottetown, May 20, 1868. 6m

Notice!

TO TENANTS UPON TOWNSHIP 18.

THE Tenants upon that portion of Township No. 18, in Prince Edward Island, formerly owned by Lieut. Col. Peter Desbrisay Stewart, deceased, and over which the late Mrs. Mary Stewart, of Charlottetown, deceased, and Ellen Stewart and Margaret Stewart, daughters of the said Mary Stewart, lately exercised acts of ownership, are HEREBY NOTIFIED that the portion of Township No. 18, referred to, became the property of the Subscriber, in fee simple, upon the death of the said Peter Desbrisay Stewart, which occurred on the 1st day of November last past. The tenants upon the said portion of Township No. 18, are hereby cautioned against paying rent to the said Margaret Stewart, or to any other person or persons who may demand the same. Those of the Tenants who may desire to inform themselves relative to the Terms of the subscriber, are referred to E. J. Hodgson, Esq., who will afford them the desired information.

THEOPH. DESBRISAY. Spring Park, Ch'town Royalty. June 23, 1868.—all pap. } h & g 3m

REMOVAL.

DR. HOMER having every encouragement to locate in Charlottetown, and for want of larger and more convenient rooms, has removed to the building occupied by HENRY HAZARD, Esq., Merchant, directly opposite the Apothecaries' Hall. May 7, 1868.

TOBACCO

MANUFACTURED BY CHARLES QUIRK. Customers supplied on REASONABLE TERMS. ON HAND, 20,000 CIGARS.

CONSISTING of the following Brands, namely: Flor, De Casas, Prince of Wales, Star of the West, La Flora and Punch. Also, a large supply of Fancy Pipes.

200 Boxes Lozenges, and other Confectionary, 6 Cases 8 card Matches, 308 doz. Shoe Blacking, 115 Drums Fig. &c., &c., &c. Upper Queen Street, Charlottetown, June 17th 1868. 3ms

CHARLOTTETOWN MUTUAL Fire Insurance Company.

Board of Directors for the current year: Wm. Brown, Esq., President. Hon. Croston Benn, President. Wm. Brown, Esq., Mark Butcher, Esq., Hon. George Coles, Mr. Thomas Esery, Res. H. J. Calbeck, John Scott, Esq., Bertum Moore, Esq., Hon. W. Dodd, Esq., William Dodd, Esq., Hon. W. W. Lord, Artemas Lord, Esq., Wm. Heard, Esq. One hour from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m. Mutual Fire Insurance Office, Kent St., Charlottetown, 1st Feb., 1868. p 1

W. R. KOURAN, (Late of the Customs Department) SHIP BROKER, &c., Having rented the SCALES on Queen's Wharf, He will attend to the weighing of COAL, OATS HAY, &c. Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

A FINE CHANCE FOR SPECULATORS

—A N D— ENTERPRISING MEN!

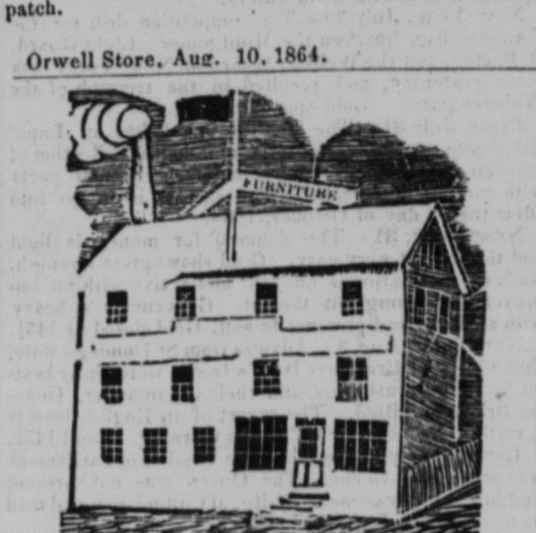
THE undersigned has been instructed by the Owners to offer for SALE or to RENT several valuable FREEHOLD and LEASEHOLD PROPERTIES and FARMS in BALZAR and other parts of the Island in good cultivation well wooded and possessing other advantages; and for which good and valid title and immediate possession can be given.

Also four LOTS being the residue of thirteen Building Lots (the other nine having been sold the present Season) in that most advantageous mercantile situation known as SUMMER HILL' adjoining MONTAGUE BRIDGE, ten miles from Georgetown where close to 150000 bushels of Produce are annually shipped and nearly all paid for in Cash. Americans and other speculators purchase here and ship for Great Britain the United States &c.

A number of Stores, Wharfs, a Meeting House Post Office, and Temperance Society have been established for some time; with many Grist and Saw and Cloth Mills in the vicinity; where also any quantity of all kinds lumber can be had in trade at low rates. SUMMER HILLS is the only Freehold Property for sale in the place which renders it most desirable for the above class of artisans now so much wanted in this rising town.

A STORE and DWELLING on the capable of holding 150000 bushels produce with a double Wharf and site for a Lime Kiln, will be sold or leased on reasonable terms. Plans, particulars or any other information can be obtained by calling at the office of Messrs. BALL & SOY, Land Surveyors, Charlottetown. Reference can also be had from W. SANDERSON, F. P. NORTON, THOS. ANKOW, and to Mr. GEORGE BROWN, Campbello, Lot 4; F. W. HUGHES, Examiner Office, Charlottetown, and to Mr. Yarmouth at ORWELL, who is also Agent for the sale of Manny's Mowing Machine, the celebrated subsoiler CROOKING STOVE, and also for the Felling Mills of Messrs. BOURKE, Mill View, the Honble. Jas. McLAUREN, New Perth, FINLAY W. McDONALD, Pinette; where CLOTH is received and returned with despatch.

RICHARD J. CLARKE. Orwell Store, Aug. 10, 1864.



NORTH AMERICAN HOTEL

KENT-STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN THIS HOTEL, formerly known as the "GLOBE HOTEL," is the largest in the City and centrally situated; it is now opened for the reception of permanent and transient Boarders. The subscriber trusts, by strict attention to the wants and comfort of his friends and the public generally, to merit a share of public patronage.

The Best of LIQUORS always on hand. Good stabling for any number of horses, with a careful hostler in attendance. JOHN MURPHY, Proprietor. Charlottetown, P. E. I. Nov. 25, 1863.

UNDER ROYAL PATRONAGE

THE "WAVERLY HOUSE," 78 King St. --- St. John, N. B. THIS HOUSE HAS BEEN PATRONIZED BY H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES, H. R. H. PRINCE ALFRED, By all the British American Governors, and by the English Nobility and Gentry, as well as by the most distinguished Americans, whom business or pleasure may have brought to St. John, who have joined in pronouncing it THE FAVORITE HOUSE OF THE PROVINCES

The Proprietor, thankful for past favors, would respectfully intimate to the travelling Public that he will spare no pains or expense to render the House still further deserving their patronage.—Every attention paid to the comfort of guests. JOHN GUTHRIE, Proprietor. St. John, N. B., Oct. 31, 1866.

Butler's Rosemary Hair Cleaner,

An elegant preparation for the Toilet and Nursery possessing, in the highest degree, the property of removing Scurf and Dandruff from the Head, and by its invigorating qualities, increasing the growth of the Hair. W. R. WATSON. City Drug Store, Nov. 23, 1867.

THE CHEAPEST AND SAFEST DOCTOR.

Holloway's Pills. THIS great household medicine ranks among the leading necessities of life. It is well known to the world that it cures many complaints other remedies cannot reach, the act as well established as that the sun lights the world. Disorders of the Liver and Stomach.

Most persons will, at some period of their lives, suffer from indigestion, derangement of the liver, stomach or bowels, which if not quickly removed, frequently settle into a dangerous illness. It is well known in India, and other tropical climates, that Holloway's Pills are the only remedy that can be relied on in such cases. Almost every soldier abroad carries a box of them in his knapsack. In England most persons know that these Pills will cure them whenever the liver, stomach or bowels are out of order, and that they need no physician.

Weakness and Debility. Such as suffer from weakness, or debility, and those who feel want of energy, should at once have recourse to these Pills, as they immediately purify the blood, and acting upon the main-spring of life, give strength and vigor to the system. To young persons entering into womanhood, with a derangement of the functions, and to mothers at the turn of life these Pills will be most efficacious in correcting the tide of life that may be on the turn. Young and elderly men suffer in a similar manner at the same periods, when there is always danger; they should therefore undergo a course of his purifying medicine, which insures lasting health.

Disorders of Children. If these Pills be used according to the printed direction and the intiment rubbed over the region of the kidneys, at least once a day as salt is forced into meat, it will penetrate the kidneys and correct any derangement of their organs. Should the affliction be stone or gravel, then the Ointment should be rubbed into the neck of the bladder, and a few days will convince the sufferer that the effect of these two remedies is astonishing.

Disorders of the Stomach. Are the sources of the deadliest maladies. Their effect is to vitiate all the fluids of the body, and to send a poisoned stream through all the channels of circulation. Now what is the operation of the Pills? They cleanse the bowels, regulate the liver, bring the relaxed or irritated stomach into a natural condition, and acting through the secretory organs upon the blood itself, change the state of the system from sickness to health, by exercising a simultaneous and wholesome effect upon all its parts and functions.

Complaints of Females. The functional irregularities peculiar to the weaker sex are invariably corrected without pain or inconvenience by the use of Holloway's Pills. They are the safest and surest medicine for all diseases incidental to females of all ages.

Bilious Affections. All young children should be administered to them, from time to time, a few doses of these Pills, which will purify their blood, and enable them to pass safely through the different disorders incidental to children, such as measles, hooping-cough, ewpock, and other infantile diseases. These Pills are so harmless in their nature as not to injure the most delicate constitution, and are therefore more peculiarly adapted as corrective of the humors affecting them.

Dropsy. Hundreds are cured yearly by the use of these Pills con-jointly with the Ointment, which should be rubbed very bountifully into the parts affected.

Derangement of the Kidneys. The quantity and quality of the bile are of vital importance to health. Upon the liver, the gland which secretes the fluid so necessary for digestion, the Pills operate specifically, infallibly rectifying its irregularities and effectually curing jaundice, bilious remittants, and all the varieties of disease generated by an unnatural condition of that organ. Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known for the following diseases:—

Ague, Debility, Jaundice, Secondary symptoms, Athens Dropsy, Liver Com-plaints, Tonsils, Biliousness, Dysentery, Erysipelas, Lamboago, Tumors, Blotches on the face, Females Irregularities, Rheumatism, Bowel com-plaints, Fevers of all kinds, Retention of Urine, Colic, Fits, Serofula or Constipation, Gouts, King's Evil, the Head-ache, Sore Throats, bowels, Indigestion, Stone and Consump-Inflammation, Gravel.

Sold at all respectable dealers in medicine throughout the United States and Canada, at 25 cents a Box or Pot. All orders for the United States must be addressed to J. Haydock, No. 11, Pine street, N. Y. Patients can write freely about their complaints and reply will be returned by following mail. Write for Maggell's Treatment of Diseases. Counterfeits! Counterfeits! All readers of this paper are warned not to purchase Maggell's Pills or Salve unless the name of J. Haydock, proprietor, in addition to Dr. J. Maggell, is on the engraved slip surrounding each pot or box. June 17, 1868.

FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE Kidney, Retention of Urine, &c., Maggell's Pills are a perfect cure. One will satisfy any one.

FOR FEMALE DISEASES. Nervous Prostration, Weakness, General Lassitude and want of Appetite, Maggell's Pills will be found an effectual remedy.

MAGGELL'S PILLS AND SALVE Are almost universal in their effects and a cure can be almost guaranteed. Each box contains twelve Pills. One pill in a dose.

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NOTICE!

Postage Stamps. FROM and after this date Postage Stamps will be sold at this Office only between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. Persons wishing to post Letters before or after these hours, can procure Stamps at the Stores of D. Laird, E. Reilly, Mrs. Stamper, J. C. McLeod, Jas. DeBrisay, G. & S. Davies, W. K. Watson, H. A. Harvie, Mrs. Bremner, G. Hubbard, Theoph. Desbrisay, H. Hazard, T. O'Connell, W. R. Watson, THOS. OWEN, P. M., G. General Post Office, Ch'town, Dec. 11, 1867.

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An elegant preparation for the Toilet and Nursery possessing, in the highest degree, the property of removing Scurf and Dandruff from the Head, and by its invigorating qualities, increasing the growth of the Hair. W. R. WATSON. City Drug Store, Nov. 23, 1867.

THE CHEAPEST AND SAFEST DOCTOR.

Holloway's Pills. THIS great household medicine ranks among the leading necessities of life. It is well known to the world that it cures many complaints other remedies cannot reach, the act as well established as that the sun lights the world. Disorders of the Liver and Stomach.

Most persons will, at some period of their lives, suffer from indigestion, derangement of the liver, stomach or bowels, which if not quickly removed, frequently settle into a dangerous illness. It is well known in India, and other tropical climates, that Holloway's Pills are the only remedy that can be relied on in such cases. Almost every soldier abroad carries a box of them in his knapsack. In England most persons know that these Pills will cure them whenever the liver, stomach or bowels are out of order, and that they need no physician.

Weakness and Debility. Such as suffer from weakness, or debility, and those who feel want of energy, should at once have recourse to these Pills, as they immediately purify the blood, and acting upon the main-spring of life, give strength and vigor to the system. To young persons entering into womanhood, with a derangement of the functions, and to mothers at the turn of life these Pills will be most efficacious in correcting the tide of life that may be on the turn. Young and elderly men suffer in a similar manner at the same periods, when there is always danger; they should therefore undergo a course of his purifying medicine, which insures lasting health.

Disorders of Children. If these Pills be used according to the printed direction and the intiment rubbed over the region of the kidneys, at least once a