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FROM THEIR OFFICE,

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Three Families in P. E. Island

—WHO SEND—

WRAPPERS

Representing the Greatest Value in

Woodill's German Baking Powder,

UNTIL SEPTEMBER 31st.

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JAMES A. MORRISON. GEORGE MUSGRAVE

MORRISON & MUSGRAVE,

BROKERS

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

HALIFAX.

Consignments of Island produce will receive prompt attention.

REFERENCES: Thomas Fyshe, Esq., Cashier Bank of Nova Scotia, Halifax; D. C. Chalmers, Manager Bank of Nova Scotia Charlottetown.

"Army and Navy Depot."

JAS. SCOTT & CO.,

HALIFAX.

A Full Stock of Wines and Liquors

JUST RECEIVED.

150 Cases ROYAL BLEND,
75 cases ISLAY BLEND & GÆLIC,
100 Cases OLD RYE,
50 " CHAMPAGNE, choice brands,
150 " CLARET,
25 " HOCK and MOSELLE,
25 " LIQUEURS—Cherry Brandy, Noyau, Curaco, Maraschino, Benedictine,
200 " FINE PORT and SHERRY,
150 " HOLLAND GIN and OLD TOM,
300 " HENNESSY'S BRANDY, *, **, *** and V. O.,
100 " BASS'S ALE,
200 " BURKE'S STOUT,
100 " APOLLINARIS WATER,
100 " BELFAST GINGER ALE,
50 " FINE OLD RUM,
50 " KINAHAN'S L. L. WHISKEY,

—And a Full Stock of—

CHOICE GROCERIES

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1889

BOSTON DIRECT.

Boston, Halifax and P. E. Island Steamship Line.

Only Direct Line Without Change.

CHARLOTTETOWN TO BOSTON.

The Staunch and Commodious Steamships

"Carroll" and "Worcester,"

having been thoroughly refurnished and put into first-class condition in every respect, will, during the season of 1889, run as follows, commencing with the

"CARROLL,"

From Charlottetown, Thursday, 9th May, at 6 p. m.

One of these vessels will leave Boston for Charlottetown EVERY WEDNESDAY, at Noon, and Charlottetown for Boston EVERY THURSDAY, at Six o'clock, p. m.

Excellent Passenger accommodation. Low rates.

FARES—First-class Passage Berth in well-furnished Cabin, $6.50. Stateroom Berth, $2.00 extra.

Lowest Rates for Freight, which is always carefully handled.

CARVELL BROS., Agents, Charlottetown.

HARRISON LORING, Treasurer, R. B. CARVELL, Manager, Lewis Wharf, Boston.

LONDON HOUSE.

—(x)—

AUGUST.

—(x)—

Ladies' Waterproof Cloaks,
Ladies' Waterproof Cloaks,
Ladies' Waterproof Cloaks.

Men's Rubber Coats,
Men's Rubber Coats,
Men's Rubber Coats.

Ready-Made Clothing,
Ready-Made Clothing,
Ready-Made Clothing.

New Carpets,
New Carpets,
New Carpets.

New Flannels,
New Flannels,
New Flannels.

—(o)—

HARRIS & STEWART,

aug15—eod&wkly.

McLEOD & McKENZIE,

Star Merchant Tailors,

Have entered upon their Semi-Annual Season of giving Rare Bargains.

—:o:—

WE PURPOSE TO CLEAN OUT, IF POSSIBLE, THE BALANCE OF OUR

SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR,

At prices we have not hitherto offered, in order to make room for our

FALL IMPORTATIONS.

This step was unavoidable, and as a consequence you may anticipate rare plums. HOURS—FROM SEVEN TO SIX.

McLEOD & McKENZIE.

Charlottetown, July 31, 1889.

RECEIVED AT G. H. TAYLOR'S.

—(o)—

A FINE ASSORTMENT of Ladies' and Gents' Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Masonic and Oddfellows' Diamond Set Rings, Gold Ladies' Engraved and Fancy Set Rings, Gold Spectacles with any kind of Lense fitted, newest patterns and good value in Silverware. See our handsome Silver-plated Cruet Stand for $3.00. All goods sold engraved free.

North Side Queen Square.

Charlottetown, Aug. 13, 1889—3m 2aw

New Furniture.

—[x]—

WE ARE SHOWING SOME VERY FINE

New Solid Oak Bedroom Sets.

—[x]—

Elegant Parlor Tables and Hall Stands,

LATEST DESIGNS.

—[x]—

CALL AND SEE US.

—:o:—

MARK WRIGHT & CO.

Charlottetown, August 26, 1889.

Long-Standing

Blood Diseases are cured by the persevering use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

This medicine is an Alterative, and causes a **radical change** in the system. The process, in some cases, may not be quite so rapid as in others; but, with persistence, **the result is certain.** Read these testimonials:—

"For two years I suffered from a severe pain in my right side, and had other troubles caused by a torpid liver and dyspepsia. After giving several medicines a fair trial without a cure, I began to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I was greatly benefited by the first bottle, and after taking five bottles I was completely cured."—John W. Benson, 70 Lawrence st., Lowell, Mass.

Last May a large carbuncle broke out on my arm. The usual remedies had no effect and I was confined to my bed for eight weeks. A friend induced me to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Less than three bottles healed the sore. In all my experience with medicine, I never saw more

Wonderful Results.

Another marked effect of the use of this medicine was the strengthening of my sight."—Mrs. Carrie Adams, Holly Springs, Texas.

"I had a dry scaly humor for years, and suffered terribly; and, as my brother and sister were similarly afflicted, I presume the malady is hereditary. Last winter, Dr. Tyron, (of Fernandina, Fla.,) recommended me to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and continue it for a year. For five months I took it daily. I have not had a blemish upon my body for the last three months."—T. E. Wiley, 146 Chambers st., New York City.

"Last fall and winter I was troubled with a dull, heavy pain in my side. I did not notice it much at first, but it gradually grew worse until it became almost unbearable. During the latter part of this time, disorders of the stomach and liver increased my troubles. I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and, after faithfully continuing the use of this medicine for some months, the pain disappeared and I was completely cured."—Mrs. Augusta A. Furbush, Haverhill, Mass.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Price $1; six bottles, $5. Worth $5 a bottle.

House & Lot

AT GAYTOWN.

ON THE PREMISES, Wednesday, the **18th September**, at 12.30 o'clock, and immediately following the sale of Mr. Robert White's property at Spring Park, we will sell by AUCTION, by instructions from Mr. M. P. Hogan, his lot facing 50 feet on Young Street, and running back 80 feet, with a new double tenement house thereon.

Free from city taxes. Yielding annual rental of $100. A good paying investment.

Terms at sale.

E. H. NORTON & CO.,
Aug. 28. eod Auctioneers.

ON CONSIGNMENT,

And For Sale at a Bargain.

50 BARRELS FLOUR, slightly damaged. For sale by

E. H. NORTON & CO.

FOR SALE BY E. H. NORTON & CO.,

In Lots to Suit Purchasers:

100 barrels Flour, warranted equal to the best; price per barrel, $5.25.
5 octaves Vinegar,
1 cargo Roofing Gravel,
15 bars Copper, 1½ in. square,
5 large Plate Glass Mirrors,
1 Emerson Piano, only in use six months and cost $350, will be sold at a bargain, as the owner is leaving the Island.
10 barrels Pure Cod Oil (no mixture).
Some choice Building Lots in different parts of the city.
Apples and other goods arriving daily.

E. H. NORTON & CO.,
sept6—dy eod & wky Auctioneers.

NORWOOD FARM

BY AUCTION.

I AM instructed by George J. Wright, Esq., to sell by Auction, on the premises,

On Thursday, Oct. 3rd,

AT 10 O'CLOCK, A. M.,

The Farm Property of the late George Wright, situated on the St. Peter's Road, and within 2½ miles of the city.

This Farm comprises 144 acres of land, nearly all clear, well watered, and in a high state of cultivation.

The Dwelling House and Farm Buildings, which are all in good condition, will be offered with 60 acres separately or with all the land, as may be desirable.

GEO. M. HARRIS,
sept7—tl sle Auctioneer.

TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the undersigned until the **17th inst.**, at noon,

For the Building of a Warehouse on Kent Street,

as per plan and specification to be seen at the office of Chappell & Phillips.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. B. ROBERTSON.

sept8—eod

Souris Notes.

Mackerel.—The fishermen off North Lake, Lot 47, did fairly well last week. Some of the boats averaged from one to two hundred a day. The fish are all No. 1's., one hundred and forty of them being sufficient to fill a barrel. They bring from $16 to $18 a barrel, delivered in Souris. The schr. Electa, Capt. Charles Keene, of Gloucester, came into Souris on the 13th. She has been only about a month in the bay and has caught 130 headed up barrels of No. 1 mackerel, which makes her high line so far. She caught them along the coast of the Magdalen Islands. Large quantities are reported along our Island coast, but they are not "schooling" for seiners, and are very careless about taking bait on the hook. The season is fast passing, and it is very unlikely that any large catch of mackerel will be taken this fall.

The Grit news mill is still running. Being rather ancient in construction, and unsupplied with modern improvements, such as burrs and smutters, its output is invariably filthy and coarse. The miller is a very unhappy man. What between the noise and the dust and his own temper, his usefulness is becoming badly shattered. The "polemic" grist bothered him badly. His well known love for the sub-collector lately induced him to prepare a batch for the fishermen, but they are not as easily gulled as he takes them to be. They know well that neither the M. P. nor his henchman, the news miller, moved a finger towards having the bounty claims paid. On the contrary those two worthies banded together to hinder their payments, and if they have failed in their designs the fault is not theirs. They would, of course, rather see the money to the fishermen remain unpaid, but the Government has not given them that gratification. Their crooked course over the missing claims is apparent to all. They sided with the sub-collector. He was not to blame, they said. O no! He is a first rate fellow now, painstaking and attentive to business, though only a few months ago the M. P. repeated his annual charges against him on the floor of the House of Commons. He is all right now though, for he kept back the bounty claims, thus giving comfort to Grit politicians and causing disatisfaction among the fishermen. But the bounty grist has passed through the Grit hopper. The bounty has come at last, and fishermen are being paid. Still the news miller is unhappy, for he professes not to know whether the ex-M. P's. bill for attending sick seamen was genuine or not. It would be more to his credit if he should give more attention to paying his own bills, and less to other people's. An elder such as he is, however, is always sure to mind other people's business better than his own.

The schooner Twilight, laden with horned cattle, pigs, poultry, etc., owned by Messrs. Kickham and McKinnon, left Souris for St. Pierre yesterday. The *Patriot's* 'gabby polemic' is on board as a passenger. Its Souris correspondent must therefore possess his soul in patience until his adversary reaches his destination, when he probably may hear from him again.

An Extraordinary Storm.

THE DAMAGE DONE IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK AND ALONG THE COAST.

Since the great blizzard of March, 1888, New Yorkers have regarded every ordinary atmospheric disturbance with more or less contempt. But the storm which has been howling about their chimney pots for the last day or two is attended with several remarkable features. It has already lasted longer than the blizzard, has done more direct damage, and is more general in its effects. In this immediate vicinity the wind's velocity has at no time exceeded forty miles an hour; but its easterly direction and the phenomenal high tides which have accompanied it have produced unusually destructive results. The damage in New York itself has been considerable. Along the water front basements have been flooded, horse cars have been submerged to the tops of their wheels, and travel has been obstructed. The water side restaurants have been afloat, and large quantities of stock stored in cellars have been destroyed.

The principal damage done, however, is at Coney Island and along the bay. For several days the heavy wind has been banking the water on these exposed shores and yesterday's abnormal tides completed the threatened ruin. The marine railway, which was recently moved back 200 feet, has been dismantled. The iron piers seem to have withstood serious injury; but the waves made a clean breach over the Concourse. The band stands and bathing pavilions are in ruins, and the Brighton Beach race-track is under water. Inundations are general at the other beaches and along the Jersey shore, and Blackwell's Island, in the East River, is partially submerged. The ferry boats have made their landings with difficulty; one of the Long Branch boats has had its guard-rails torn away by the waves, and the line has since stopped running.

The effect of such a chapter of disasters is not lessened by the fact that that we know all about its cause. According to trustworthy observation New York is within the outer edge of a veritable cyclone, which originated in the West Indies, approached Cape Hatteras, then receded, and is now exhausting its fury a thousand miles at sea. At Block Island, which is further within the circle, the wind blew yesterday at the rate of sixty-four miles an hour; and vessels which have been so unfortunate as to get even nearer the centre than that have probably suffered severely. The tides are explainable from two causes—first, the nearer conjunction of the full moon and the equinox; and second, the immense force of the wind. Along the Dutch coast, where the inhabitants are accustomed to watching the elements, a low tide with an east wind is more dreaded than a high tide with a wind from an opposite quarter. The worst floods in that low-lying country have, in fact, occurred when the tide was low. In the Seine, whose estuary is particularly exposed, a strong wind frequently interferes with the regular ebb and flow; and at London Bridge a similar cause has been responsible for a tidal variation of as much as five feet. The exact height of yesterday's tide has not been accurately recorded, but it was from three to four feet above the usual mark.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

An Old Man's Greed.

A PITIFUL STORY FROM LAWRENCE, MASS—A FAMILY SICK AND STARVING WITH OVER TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS IN THE HOUSE.

Three years ago a family of French Canadians arrived at Lawrence, Mass., from Montreal, and took up their residence in a shanty on Common street. The family consisted of Julian Rioux, his wife and ten children, the eldest a girl of eighteen and the youngest a babe in arms. The father seemed to have but little to do, and the whole family seemed to keep perpetually indoors. No attention was paid to them, however, until the past week, when people living in the vicinity began to complain of the terrible odor which seemed to come from the Frenchman's tumble-down home. The health department was notified, and an agent sent to report. He proceeded to the house with the officers and knocked several times for admission, but getting no answer decided to force in the flimsy door, which they did. As the door went in such a horrible stench swept out that, half suffocated, the officers rushed back to get air. After recovering their breath, they made a second attempt and here a terrible sight met their eyes. The rooms were bare of furniture, save a broken-down stove, two rickety chairs, a dismantled table and a big bunch of straw. Lying around the floor, upon straw, was the entire family, all suffering from typhoid fever and too weak from illness and hunger to move. They had heard the knocking at the door, but were too weak to call out or stir. All had severe attacks of the fever, and lying on the damp floor, amid the mass of filth of all kinds, the whole family would have been dead inside of 24 hours. Disinfectants were at once sent for, and after sufficiently fumigating the place the poor wretches were taken to the hospital. The man cried bitterly when removed, and acted so strangely that the police thought he was insane, until his wife explained that he was a miser by nature, and was supposed to have a large sum of money hid away somewhere. She told a pitiful tale of how she had been starved and abused by Ridoux, who gave her a terrible beating not long since because she asked him for five cents to get some bread with. For three days no one had a mouthful to eat, and for the past 48 hours they had been too ill to stir. The police ransacked the house and came across an old trunk, which, when opened, was found to contain over $2,000 in bank notes and gold. This was put into a bag and taken before the old man, who, when he saw his treasures in a stranger's hands, shrieked out, "My money, O my money. Give it to me. Give it to me." A sufficient sum was taken from him to defray his family's expense and the balance returned to him. This seemed to break his heart, and he seemed to grow suddenly old and suffered a relapse, which at present threatens his life. The money found consisted mainly of Canadian notes, showing that he had hoarded this pile ever since he came to the United States. The family have rapidly improved and the eldest girl is able to be about, but the father is sinking rapidly. Sympathetic citizens have offered employment and homes for most of the family's children, but none of them have accepted as yet.

About Horses.

Oats and bran are best for the mares.

The community that raises good draft or carriage horses will be found prosperous and progressive. When eight or ten good teams will bring into the neighborhood from $3,000 to $5,000 it helps everybody in it and drives the wolf from many a door. Wherever good horses are prosperity reigns.

France has about 3,000,000 horses, an increase since 1882 of nearly 100,000, and had a large surplus for export. In 1887 France imported 10,000 horses, principally cheap cab horses, from Germany, and exported 34,518 horses, including 3,820 stallions for breeding, chiefly to the United States, while Germany imported last year 73,519 horses, principally from France and England, and exported only 11,428 head.

Odds and Ends.

A young apprentice one day at breakfast suddenly exclaimed: "I am growing blind! Ach! I am blind!" His master, alarmed, asked how it had happened. "I don't know," was the reply, "but I am so blind that I cannot see the butter on my bread." The good natured master, who had once been young himself, begged his wife to put a bit of cheese on the lad's bread. After supper the old man kindly enquired: "Well, my lad, how are your eyes now?" "Thanks, Herr Knieriem, they are quite well again. I could distinctly see the bread through the cheese."

After the Elopement.—He.—"And now, dear, since we are safe on the train, why do you seem so sad?" She (pettishly)—"We were not even chased. I don't think it was one bit romantic."

"FIVE years ago I had a constant cough, night sweats, was greatly reduced in flesh, and had been given up by my physicians. I began to take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and after using two bottles of this medicines was completely cured." Anga A. Lewis, Ricard, N. Y.

DON'T fail to see P. J. Foran's new stock of suspenders. sep16, 1w