

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

OCTOBER 12, 1888.

Editorial Notes.

A society for the suppression of cruelty to animals would find abundant employment on the road to the Hospital for the Insane, at which the hearts of poor crippled, maimed, half-starved horses, over-laden with coal by unmerciful men, and struggling along on muddy, rutty, slippery roads, would rejoice.

It is said that the return of Lepine, in Montreal East, was simply an emphatic condemnation of the Riel cry—which was raised by the Grits in behalf of Mr. Poirer. The Sherbrooke Examiner—a Liberal paper—says that the intelligent people of Quebec Province—English and French—are thoroughly tired of that cry, and they are determined not to allow it to become a political issue again.

Winnipeg is somewhat excited over sundry libel suits which have been instituted by Premier Greenway and other members of the Manitoba Government against sundry newspapers which have dared to charge that they are not honest men. The charges, as the Montreal Gazette remarks, which go to the jury are as direct as they can well be made, and the Government must directly disprove them and stamp the newspapers as character assassins of the worst class, or it must go down.

The British Government are reported to be seriously considering the question whether to use bullets or bread in the case of Suakin. The perpetual war there is likely to wear out English patience, and to lead to a popular demand for evacuation. To avoid this danger, Mr. A. B. Wyldie offers to go among the hostile Arabs, and by promises of trade and gifts of food and seed grain, cotton and corn, to alienate them from Osman Digna. The alternative to this policy is a sortie from the town sufficiently strong practically to annihilate the tribes. As the garrison is composed entirely of Egyptians, an expedition of this kind would be very dangerous, and a conciliatory policy may again be adopted.

There is said to be, in England, a strong feeling against the Home Secretary because he has refused to offer an adequate reward for the capture of the Whitechapel murderer; and it is proposed to send a petition to the Queen asking that more energetic steps be taken to put an end to such horrors. The Home Secretary, on his part, gives several reasons for not offering a reward for the apprehension of the murderer. One is that it is undesirable to offer police officers special inducements to perform their regular duties, and another is that it exposes those public servants to the temptation to exert themselves as little as possible in the hope that eventually a reward will be offered.

It is stated that the Government of the United States contemplate legislation against the Canadian hen. A Washington despatch of the 8th inst. states that—

The Senate Committee on Finance in charge of the tariff bill desires to have corrected an impression which prevails to the effect that it has added eggs to the free list. Eggs are made free of duty by the existing law, and the substitute bill does not change that provision, although the matter is under consideration, and undoubtedly an amendment will be reported from the committee imposing a tariff on eggs.

No doubt the hens will await the action with fear and trembling. If it be taken, "featherless birds" who are supposed to have brains will learn who pays the duty—the exporter in Canada or the importer in the States.

The Emperor of Germany has certainly a personality which attracts attention. Since his accession he has filled a very large space in the world's eye. His slightest word is weighed and criticized. He can be very gracious, too, when he will. While at Stuttgart lately a banquet was given in his honor and his health proposed by King Charles of Wurttemberg. To this compliment Emperor William replied in these terms:—

I heartily thank your Majesty for your friendly words, but I thank you more particularly for your Majesty's gracious invitation, which has afforded me the opportunity of coming into this beautiful country, which enjoys under your blessed rule so visible a prosperity, and which, even in the middle Ages, supplied Germany with many famous rulers, and which was the cradle of my fathers. You must know that the same German blood flows in my veins as in those of each one of you. Actuated by these sentiments, I drink to the health of your Majesty.

Of course the Wurtembergers are happy.

The report that "the vigorous policy of Bismarck and William II. has brought the three Emperors of Germany, Austria and Russia into an agreement to give each full liberty to extend its own borders as it will,—Germany to take Holland and its colonies, Austria to seize the western province of Turkey down to the border of Greece, and Russia to have Bulgaria, Rumania, Constantinople, and all she wants in Asia, England being left out in the cold without an ally"—is probably untrue. In any case, as the Independent well remarks, it leaves out of consideration the fact that there are people as well as sovereigns. Bulgaria has already proved that she has a people, which dared to interfere with the edicts of these mighty states. Holland, Belgium, Rumania, Macedonia may have their own world, and we suspect that sooner than be swallowed up by other powers all the states of what was European Turkey will unite for themselves. Then this pretty plan forgets that Austria scarcely coheres, that Germany may very easily, if very bloodily, repeat 1849, and that there are nihilists in Russia as well as a Czar. As for England, she has the world's empire now, and we do not believe that Russia is at all likely to rob her of it, for the hearts of the British people, as well as of those whom it is proposed to annex, will be with her.

SAD ACCIDENT.—On Wednesday, says the St. John Star, George Golding, an employe of Jordan & Stetson's mill, Pleasant Point, met a fatal death. Golding was at work getting a log in position for sawing at the rotary saw, when the log slipped, struck him in the back and knocked him against the saw. The saw was revolving at a rapid rate, and in an instant one of Golding's arms was cut in two, and before he could clear himself or any assistance get to him the saw had penetrated his body, nearly severing it. He lived about two minutes before he died.

An Island Girl in Trouble.

One of our exchanges contains the following reference to a divorce case that lately came up for hearing in Boston, and in which one of the parties is an Islander:—

"A. J. Nicholson jingles a bell and cries 'move up, please,' on a Maiden line street car. He was married in 1882 to Annie B., who is still his wife. Annie is a plump, pretty little matron, who told the Judge a tale of desertion on the part of the belt-punch man. After living with his wife beneath the shadow of Banker Hill for about two years, he went away to his native Halifax, where she followed him a month or so later. In January, 1885, she came to Charlestown to pay her mother a visit, he agreeing to follow in March. He did not come, and her frequent letters remained unanswered. Later he returned and obtained his present position as a street car conductor, but has never visited his wife nor responded to her frequent appeals to return to her. Annie testified that before leaving Halifax he had frequently said he was tired of her. Judge Aldrich expressed himself as satisfied with the evidence presented, but desired to consider the matter for a day or two, to make sure that the statute has been complied with in regard to the time between the desertion and the filing of the libel."

On Behalf of the Crofters.

Peter J. Mackie, of the firm of Mackie & Co., Islay, Argyshire, Scotland, proprietors of the celebrated Islay Blend Whiskey, who arrived in St. John a day or two ago, will to-morrow (Friday) leave for Prince Edward Island. He proceeds to Ottawa next week, and thence to the Northwest. He bears letters from Sir Charles Tupper to the minister of agriculture and other members of the Government, and proposes to enquire into the suitability of the Dominion for emigration of the Scottish crofters. The crofters are suspicious of the reports of the emigration agents and land companies and others presumed to be interested advisers. Mr. Mackie's investigations are purely unofficial and disinterested, and he hopes to have influence with the crofter population. Mr. Mackie is a large farmer at home, keeping three hundred head of cattle and many horses. He finds that in the Maritime Provinces small farms can be bought at prices not much greater than the rent would be in the north of Scotland. He had no doubt that the people of Lewis and the neighborhood would do better in Canada than at home if they are industrious. A genuine Scotchman, Mr. Mackie goes about clothed in the kit and long stockings of the Highland, a costume which he informs the sun is continually growing in favor in Scotland since the revival of the national manners. He is an ardent Conservative, in favor of Imperial Federation and the establishment of an imperial tariff system.—St. John Sun.

Mr. Mackie arrived here last night and is staying at the Hotel Davies.

The Wheat Panic.

A Chicago despatch of the 9th says: "There was a 'grand slump' in all American wheat markets to-day. Before 12 o'clock Duluth had sold off 6 to 7 cents, Minneapolis 4 cents, New York, 4 to 5 cents, and Chicago 6 to 6 1/2 cents, compared with yesterday's closing. There was a wide difference in prices in different parts of the pit, varying sometimes from 1 to 4 per cent. The break was accepted as a matter of course, and seemed to start simultaneously everywhere. There was a liberal selling, for both long and short accounts. 'Old Hutch' among others being a free seller from the start. About 11 o'clock the market steadied somewhat, only to be followed later by another decline, which brought out stop orders and enabled the shorts to make a stand at the bottom prices for profits, which gave the market a stronger tone. In the last two days there has been a break of 11 cents. The feeling at the close was soft and clumsy and the bears are in high feather. The closings were: November, 1.10 1/2; December, 1.11 1/2, and 1.12 1/2 for May.

Notes from Cardigan Bridge.

The schooner Fish Hawk is loading oats at Cardigan Bridge. Morson and Morgan are the shippers.

The schooner Azalia arrived from St. Pierre on the 9th inst. Mr. Nicholson, who was supercargo on the last trip of this vessel, reports a very stormy passage to St. Pierre, during which some 16 head of cattle died, making a serious loss for the owner, Jas. E. McDonald, Esq., of Cardigan Bridge. The Azalia will again be loaded by Mr. McDonald with a general cargo.

The schr. Tookoilia arrived on the 11th inst. to load for St. Pierre with a cargo of cattle, &c., for Hugh L. McDonald, Esq.

Considerable oats are changing hands at 20 cents per bushel. Potatoes are selling at 20 cents, but not many are moving yet. The potato crop is not turning out very good. Maclntyres are small, but may grow some yet. Empire State are a good crop in size, but some reports of rot are heard in cases where they were planted in low land. Roses are a fair crop.

California in Winter.

While the eastern section of the country is wrapped in ice and snow, California abounds in fruit and flowers. Its "rainy season" is by no means forbidding, but the pleasantest part of the year, when the face of nature is fresh and most beautiful. It is the spring time of that favored land, for there is no winter. Thousands of eastern people find it a delightful haven from the climate of the east. Messrs. Raymond & Whitcomb announce a series of nine grand winter trips. Every party will travel on special time schedules, and in the finest of vestibuled Pullman palace trains. Dining-cars, with a cuisine equal to that of any first-class hotel, will form a part of every train. This means a degree of luxury and comfort not otherwise attainable. The passenger can exercise his own free will as to the time and place of sojourn, and also in regard to the route and time of return. He need not follow any programme beyond the outward journey, unless he so chooses, although he can secure a room at the Raymond for two months, if he desires, selecting the same in Boston. There are many other advantages secured to the ticket-holder, which a circular of 192 pages fully sets forth. This circular may be had free by addressing W. Raymond, 296 Washington street, opposite School street, Boston. Excursion parties will leave Boston November 9 and December 10.

Personal.

George Forbes, M. P. P., Vernon River, is among the arrivals at the Osborne.

Hon. P. and Mrs. MacNutt, of Darnley, crossed to Point du Chene yesterday on a trip to St. John, Halifax and Montreal.

A reporter at Manchester, Eng., being unable to find any startling news, attempted suicide and wrote a column about it. Pope says that the proper study of mankind is the human mind. That may be so, but the fashionable and general study appears to be woman.

Emperor William has ordered that his state carriage, horses and servants be sent to Rome for the purpose of driving him to the Vatican in state.

Lord Rosebery has presented Henry Irving with a ring of David Garrick's. It contains an enamel portrait of Garrick and bears his name inside.

The young Emperor of China is to be married on the 24th day of the first moon in 1889, and the nuptial will cost the National Treasury \$2,000,000.

Louis, King of Portugal, is seldom to be seen without a cigar, and he converses fluently in English, French, Italian, Portuguese, Spanish, German and Swedish.

Princess Victoria, of Teck, has presented to Queen Victoria the jubilee portrait of the children of the kingdom, amounting to £6000. The money will be given to a children's hospital.

Philip Zecherie, whose death at Weiner, Waukesha County, has been announced, was involved in 10 years of age. He had smoked tobacco for ninety years, and had not been confined to his bed by illness until two weeks before he died.

There is now a Persian Minister to the United States. He is described as a gentleman with a kaledioscopic name, a black suit, a military overcoat covered with decorations, a big esomere shawl over that, and a still larger Orienta gravity over all.

Mr. Gladstone has been chiefly employed during the last two months in arranging his public and private correspondence. It is stated that he has destroyed several thousands of letters, and he is now putting those which he has decided to keep in chronological order.

President Cleveland is emphatically the veto President, having vetoed more than three hundred bills since he became President, while all the vetoes of Presidents from the commencement of the Government down to 1855, were only seventy-five. Over two hundred of his vetoes have been of pension bills.

A German professor says that 35 flashes of common lightning would keep an incandescent lamp burning for an hour. Owing to the difficulty of capturing a flash of lightning, and preserving it until wanted, persons who use incandescent lamps will continue to depend upon electricity at so much per lamp.—Norriston Herald.

Rev. Ralph Brecken and wife, accompanied by Miss Eaton, left by the northern express, last night, for Kilmock, where they will take the steamer for England. Mr. Brecken, who has been stationed at Sackville for some time, has not been enjoying good health lately, and seeks in this trip to regain his former vigor.—St. John Telegraph.

Mr. Couingsby Disraeli, who is still at Oxford, has a strong physical resemblance to his uncle. He is an enthusiastic musician, and talks of devoting his life to studying the "language universal." His political ideas are probably not yet fully formed; but he often startles his friends with strongly Radical, almost Socialistic, utterances.

Prince George Eristhoff de Gourie of Russia, who was one of the candidates prominently mentioned as successor of Prince Alexander to the throne of Bulgaria last year, has arrived in New York. The Prince is a well-built man, apparently not yet forty years of age, stylishly dressed, of dark complexion and military bearing. It is expected that he is looking for an American heiress.

Daniel Webster, before his death, prepared the following inscription to be placed on his tombstone: "My heart has also assured and reassured me that the Gospel of Jesus Christ must be a living reality. The Sermon on the Mount cannot be a merely human production." It is difficult to see how any one, who makes himself familiar with the Gospel of Jesus Christ, can fail to see the stamp of divinity upon its face.

The King of Denmark will celebrate the twenty-fifth anniversary of his reign on November 15th next. Recently he learned that a subscription was being promoted among all classes of Danes, volentes volentes, to present to him a magnificent jubilee gift in the shape of a country seat in Jutland. He has written a letter in which he states that when he looks upon the existing economical conditions of Denmark, and sees the hard struggle for existence which his people are carrying on, he feels obliged in conscience to refuse to accept any gift so costly.

Mr. Darwin, the scientist, once made this answer to some critics of foreign missionaries: "They forget, or will not remember, that human sacrifice and the power of an idolatrous priesthood; a system of profligate unparalled in any other part of the world; infanticide, a consequence of that system; bloody wars, where the conquerors spared neither women nor children—that all these things have been abolished, and that dishonesty, intemperance and licentiousness have been greatly reduced by the introduction of Christianity. In a voyager to forget these things is a base ingratitude; for should he chance to be at the point of shipwreck on some unknown coast, he will most devoutly pray that the lesson of the missionary may have extended thus far."

Has the Law Been Broken?

Sir,—In your report of the City Council meeting held on the 8th inst., I observe where Councillor Small has had the city men and horses engaged hauling clay filling up in the rear of his premises, at the rate of ten cents a load, as admitted by the Chairman of the Street Committee and Mr. Small, which is contrary to sec. 5 of the Act of Incorporation, viz: If any person holding the office of Mayor or Councillor shall have any interest by himself or partner in contract or employment with or on behalf of the City Council, such person shall immediately become disqualified, and shall cease to hold the office of Mayor or Councillor.

It is now the duty of the Mayor to call an election for a Councillor in Ward One.

A TAX-PAYER OF WARD ONE. Ch'town, Oct. 12, 1888.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles!

SYMPTOMS.—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; moist at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S Ointment stops the itching and swelling, heals ulcerations, and in most cases remove the tumors. All druggists, or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Oct 12 6m dw

The washerwoman, like the poet, spends a good deal of time over a line, and finds it full of hard work.

RAYMOND'S VACATION

EXCURSIONS, All Travelling Expenses Included.

A. WINTER CALIFORNIA.

The first and second parties of the season will leave Boston, Thursday, November 8, and Thursday, December 6, in special trains of magnificent vestibuled palace cars, with palatial dining-cars attached for Pasadena, Los Angeles, and other points in Southern California.

The route will be via Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, Kansas City, Los Vegas Hot Springs, Santa Fe, Albuquerque, Barstow, and San Bernardino.

Every ticket entitles the holder to visit Los Angeles, The Raymond, at East Pasadena, Riverside, San Diego, Long Beach, Santa Barbara, San Francisco, Monterey, Santa Cruz, San Rafael, and Napa Soda Springs—all the leading resorts in California. A Choice of Five Different Routes Returning. Seven or Eight days Parties under Special Escort. Return Tickets also good on all Atlantic routes. Independent tickets. Covering every expense both ways, and giving entire freedom to the passenger while in California, and also in making the journey homeward. Hotel coupons supplied for long or short sojourns at the Raymond, East Pasadena; Hotel Del Monte, Monterey; Palace Hotel, San Francisco; Hotel Del Coronado, San Diego; Hotel Rafael, San Rafael; Napa Soda Springs; Santa Cruz; The Arlington, Santa Barbara; Long Beach Hotel; and other famous Pacific Coast resorts.

Dates of other California Excursions: January 7 and 10; February 7, 11 and 25; and March 7 and 11.

Dates of Mexico Excursions: January 14; February 11; and March 11.

W. RAYMOND. I. A. WHITCOMB.

Send for descriptive circulars, designating whether book relating to California or Mexico tours is desired.

W. RAYMOND, 296 Washington St. (opposite School St.), Oct 12-31 Boston, Mass.

Carload No. 1 Gravestein Apples.

BY AUCTION, on MONDAY, October 15th, at 10.30 o'clock, at Rooms, 11 Queen Street:—

1 Carload (150 Barrels) Choice No. 1 Gravestein APPLES, direct from the grower, Cornwallis, N. S.

A. McNEILL, Auctioneer.

AUCTION.

I WILL SELL at Public Auction, on SATURDAY, 14th inst., on the arrival of the noon train, the schooner "SARAH B. HARRIS," 52 Tons, American built. Sails: good (part new), as she now lies on Sauris beach. TERMS CASH.

C. C. CARLTON, Auctioneer.

Sauris, Oct. 11, 1888-21

Halifax and West India Steamship Line.

THE STEAMER "ALPHA"

Will Leave Halifax ABOUT OCTOBER 15th.

Bermuda, Turk's Island and Kingston.

Making regular monthly trips.

THE STEAMER "BETA"

Will Leave Halifax for Havana and Matanzas, Cuba.

NOVEMBER NEXT

Through Bills of Lading will be granted from Halifax to any Station on the P. E. Island Railroad at low rates.

Intending shippers of Cans, Potatoes, Fish, etc., will do well to engage space.

For further particulars apply to

W. W. CLARKE, Agent, Charlotte-town, P. E. I.

Or PICKFORD & BLACK, Halifax, Ch'town, Oct. 9, 1888-1f

HOUSEKEEPERS!

IN TOWN AND COUNTRY,

We Ask Your Attention.

YOU WANT TO BUY where you can buy to best advantage. GIBBS & CO. DO NOT sell you if they are of poor quality; and very high-priced articles, HOWEVER GOOD, do not suit in all times like these. You don't want to deal in a store where one or two articles are sold below the market price as a bait, and other articles sold dear to make up the deficiency. You want to trade at a store where good articles are sold all the year round at moderate prices, and prompt and careful attention is given to all orders. On this basis we solicit your patronage. We warrant all our goods. We are direct importers, and can and will do as well for our customers as any Store in the city. Now, try us, and see if these things are not so.

This is the time to buy PICKLING SPIES and VINEGAR. We have Crystal Pickling, French, White Wine and English Mal Vinegar, Whole mixed Pickling Spices, Whole Pepper, Mustard, &c., &c.

For the Farmers, we have Machinery Oil, Sweet Oil, Bran, Ground Oil Cake, Potato Excelsior and Blue Tub.

In GENERAL GROCERIES, we offer Flour, Cornmeal, Tea, sugar, Molasses, Kerosene Oil, Raisins, Currants, Spices, &c.

227 Eggs taken in exchange for Goods at One Cent advance over C. S. prices.

GEO. CARTER & CO., Market Square, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

We are the ONLY HOUSE IN CANADA who Deal Exclusively in HATS.

July 10-6m dw

LONDON HOUSE.

Our New Stock Now Opening.

New French Dress Goods, New Cashmeres and Merinos, New Plushes and Velvets, New Ulsterings and Tweeds, New Worsted Cloths, New Hats and Shapes, New Feathers and Flowers, New Gloves and Wool Goods, New Readymade Clothing, Lowest Prices for Cash.

HARRIS & STEWART.

Charlottetown, October 2, 1888.

A Large Stock of German Flannels, IN PLAIDS AND STRIPES,

Just Opened at Stanley Bros' CHILDRENS' UNDERCLOTHING, CHEAP, At Stanley Brothers'.

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING, A Large Stock at Stanley Bros', Brown's Block.

ULSTER CLOTHS, DRESS GOODS, TRIMMINGS & PLUSHES, Now Opening at Stanley Bros'.

September 15, 1888—cod & wky

MacLEOD & MacKENZIE, (STAR) MERCHANT TAILORS.

Fall and Winter, 1888 and 1889.

NOW OPEN FOR BUSINESS in our New Store on MARKET SQUARE Having removed from LOWER QUEEN STREET to our present Store in the

LONDON HOUSE,

so long and favorably known, we feel satisfied (as well as our numerous customers) that our increased facilities, in connection with being so centrally located, will ensure us greater success (if such is possible) than has hitherto attended our efforts.

Our more than delighted patrons do our advertising, so we will content ourselves with briefly stating that our FALL AND WINTER IMPORTATIONS are about COMPLETE, and the same embraces some of the Choicest Goods manufactured in the United Kingdom, as well as superior lines of Canadian and Domestic Goods. Any and all of the above lines will be sold at very moderate prices.

MacLEOD & MacKENZIE, Charlottetown, October 2, 1888.

MACLEAN, SHAW & CO., MONTREAL

SPRING STYLES

HATS

Our New Importations will give the Following Results:

- (1)—The Wearer will be satisfied, (2)—The Seller will get a good Profit, (3)—There will be no bad Stock left, (4)—They will Sell without trouble, (5)—Every one will be satisfied.

NO RETAILER SHOULD BE WITHOUT THESE GOODS.

THE HATTERS ALL SAY that they have NO TRUBLE TO SELL OUR GOODS.

We are the ONLY HOUSE IN CANADA who Deal Exclusively in HATS.

July 10-6m dw