THE DAILY EXAMINER.

NOVEMBER 20, 1895.

CAUSES FOR THANKFULNESS.

THAN the present there never was a time when the people of this Province, and of Canada, as a whole, were better fed, clothed and housed, never a time when they enjoyed more comfort and endured less hardship, never a time when they obtained so many necessaries and luxuries by the expenditure of so little money and labor, never a time when they possessed greater temporal and spiritual privileges or had so many causes for thankfulness to Almighty God. An unusually bountiful harvest has been reaped in almost every part of the country. In the preparation of the soil and the cultivation, bringing in and manipulation of their crops, our farmers have had the advantage of labor-saving inventions such as were never dreamed of by their fathers when swinging the flail and the scythe. With telephones, electric lights, heating appliances, waterworks, baths and other modern conveniences in their houses, shops and offices, well-to-do townsmen are apt to forget the difficulties which beset their predecessors in business. It is true that the prices of farm produce are, as a result of the bountiful harvest, low. But the prices of other goods are correspondingly low,—and lower. We can buy our tea and coffee, our cottons and tweeds, our lumber and nails, our stores and utensils of all kinds, and everything else that we need, at prices which would amaze our fathers and mothers. Everything comes to us more directly than in the olden time. There are fewer middlemen's profits to pay than when our goods were brought to us in sailing vessels from the Old Country by way of Halifax. The competition of business men is keener than ever before. Almost every necessary of life is manufactured within the bounds of our own country. We are no longer dependent upon foreigners and outsiders for the supply of the things that we require. In respect to our means of communication there is little to be desired, except, perhaps, a reduction of rates and an additional winter steamer or a tunnel. All eastern Canada enjoys a magnificent system of competing railways and steamers. While our farmers are, by means of the tariff, protected to a large extent from the the competition of the neighboring States, and can sell the most of their surplus products in the neighboring Provinces, they have the advantage of being able to buy at the lowest prices. We have a cheap country to live in. We have here and now a country in which all can be comfortable and happy, if only they are industrious and careful to live within their means. We might, perhaps, be better off if the wealthy men among us were only a little more public spirited and enterprising than they are. If these men had fifteen or eighteen years ago taken occasion by the hand and established a few factories adapted to the requirements of the country, this Province would certainly have saved many hundreds of thousands of dollars which have been sent into Ontario and Quebec, and they might have been much wealthier than they are to-day. But it is useless to fret over lost opportunities, and we have no disposition to do so when called upon to enumerate causes for thankfulness. Upon the whole our conditions at home are such that we ought to be sincerely thankful. Peace and plenty are found within our borders. Our relations with the mother country and the world at large are satisfactory. We enjoy in a high degree the blessings of civilization and Christianity. Let us be thankful on Thanksgiving Day, and always.

CROSSLEY AND HUNTER.

The large auditorium of the First Methodist Church was filled last evening with a deeply impressed and interested congregation. Ministers from the country as well as city pastors were on the platform. Mr. Hunter's address was practical and convincing; and Mr. Crossley's Song Sermon held the breathless attention of the young and old.

Don't forget 7.30 this evening. Everybody invited. Come and hear the truth in Sermon and Song.

Will all the members of the choir, and all who can sing, meet in the school-room at 7.15 sharp. Any of the singers who cannot report at the hour named, will please go directly to the choir on reaching the church.

SUMMERSIDE SHIP NEWS.

SUMMERSIDE, Nov. 19.

The schr. Lawrence, Hardy, master, cleared this morning for Mahone Bay, N. S., with 3700 bush. potatoes, 600 bush. oats, 75 bush. turnips and 12 carcases pork.

The Jessie Newell, Bernard, master, cleared for Pictou with 3,000 bush. oats and 500 firkins butter.

The schr. Mystery, Richards, master, cleared for Barbadoes with 12,517 bush. oats, $3,990; 20 horses, $1,000; 45 sheep, $135; 50 geese, $25; 55 turkeys, $34. Total value, $5,184. R. C. McLeod is the shipper.

The SS. Coila is expected here in a few days to load for the West Indies for A. M. Wright.

Eloped With a Black Man.

ASHLAND, Ky., Nov. 18.—Miss Bettie Wooten, the 16-year-old daughter of Henry Wooten, a farmer, eloped Saturday with Marshal Black, a negro. Two of Miss Wooten's brothers started in pursuit. By accident they encountered Black's 12-year-old brother James, and shot him dead. The fugitives escaped across the Ohio river. Black is aged 35, ignorant and repulsive.

Providence papers say that the Colt Van-Alen divorce matter is to be settled by arbitration. Mr. Colt will pay his wife a stated sum, and she is to be allowed to reside as often as she pleases at the Colt mansion in Bristol. Mr. Van Alen is to pay Colt a fixed sum of money. Friends have brought about this arrangement to prevent a public scandal.

A large variety of men's, women's and children's rubbers, in Granby and Canadian, at R. K. Jost's, 136 Queen street, two doors below Prowse Bros.

DR. ROBERTSON'S PRETENCE.

Letter From Mr. Cyrus Shaw—Some Facts About the Establishment of Our Cheese Factories.

SIR,—In the Weekly Patriot of the 7th inst., a three column letter appears from Dr. Robertson, Montague, written with the object of having its readers believe that to the Dominion Government belongs no credit for starting successfully cooperative dairying in this Province—but that he alone is entitled to the honor of introducing the industry among us and causing the progress it has attained. I would not have taken the trouble to review the doctor's long letter, but as I have been a close observer of the dairy movement, since the first visit of the Dairy Commissioner to this Province, in 1890, and as Dr. Robertson has been blowing his own trumpet for the last few years in connection with this business, I cannot allow such gross and glaring misrepresentations as contained in his letter to go uncontradicted. The Dr. would have the public believe that he was present at its birth, officiating with the skill peculiar to that gentleman; that he served as wet nurse in the days of its babyhood; that he rocked the cradle and in fact administered the rites of baptism; and now when the youngster has grown strong under his careful tuition and the nourishment which he afforded, those bad Tories come in and dedy that he is its father, and declare that the child does not resemble his production and bears not his "trade-mark." Dr. Robertson begins by stating the valuable work done by him when at Ottawa and the conversation which he had with some of the members on the subject. But the public will require at his hands more conclusive proof of the services rendered by him to the farmers of this Province in connection with the dairy industry than an account of his meanderings around Peterborough or his loafing in other western localities. It is not necessary for us in order to arrive at a just conclusion as to whom the credit is due for starting the dairy interest in this Province; to listen to his flimsy vapourings as to what he said to certain members in the smoking room of the House of Commons or with whom he swapped Jack-knives; but we will come to hard facts. During the session of 1889 the dairymen of the Dominion, especially from the Province of Ontario, held a convention in Ottawa in order to lay certain grievances before the Government; and also for the purpose of making suggestions with a view of promoting the dairy interests throughout the Dominion. For this purpose they appointed a delegation to wait on the Government. At this interview the delegation pointed out that several factories in the Dominion were making filled cheese, which would have a disastrous effect on the industry by depreciating the article in the English market. They showed that from a similar cause the United States was losing their hold on that market, and asked that such laws as were necessary would be passed to prevent such dishonest practices. They also desired that a Dairy Commissioner be appointed, who would confer with the Minister of Agriculture on all matters respecting the industry throughout the whole Dominion, and also that said Commissioner when appointed would lecture in all provinces of the Dominion. Dr. Robertson, however reluctant, has to admit of those demands being made, as he says, "and they (the delegation) further requested the Government to appoint a Dairy Commissioner, a competent man whose duties would be to advise with the Minister of Agriculture on all matters pertaining to the dairy industry of the Dominion, and to lecture in all the provinces on the subject." Here we have the duties of the Dairy Commissioner, to a certain degree, defined, defined by the dairymen in convention, assembled at Ottawa during the season of 1889 Yet, in the face of such uncontrovertible evidence, Dr. Robertson has the unadulterated presumption to declare that he was the means of bringing Professor Robertson to this Province. The Government promptly acceded to the requests of the delegates, and appointed Professor Jas. W. Robertson Dominion Dairy Commissioner when that gentleman's engagement expired with the Ontario Government. He, acting under the authority of the Hon. John Carling, then Minister of Agriculture, visited this Province for the first time, in July, 1890. He did not come at the beck or behest of Dr. Robertson, or subject to his dictation; but under the direction of the Charlottetown Board of Trade, of which Mr. Higgs was Secretary. Among other places he addressed meetings at New Perth, before the Three Rivers Dairymen's Association. He was accompanied by Prof. Shuttleworth, and was met by a very large and attentive audience. He was driven as would be expected - to the meeting by Dr. Robertson, who it will be remembered was one of the representatives of the County at that time. The Dr. says, "I suggested to him at this meeting to offer the farmers present to take some of their sons up to Ontario put them into factories and thereby teach them the business, and when they returned to the Island perhaps this would induce their fathers to build factories." It is true the Dairy Commissioner made this offer; but you will be surprised to learn that Dr. Robertson did not speak at this meeting. In the course of his address, the Dairy Commissioner with that keen discernment that characterizes "the canny Scot," no doubt, knowing his man and wishing to satisfy his overweening vanity, stated that Dr. Robertson would give him no peace until he promised to visit the Island. The Dr., feeling that he had now received his credewtials, left the meeting and from that moment till the present never attended a public meeting for dairy or any other purpose at New Perth. Had he remained till its close, instead of declaring that he never met G. F. O. at any meeting, if not blinded by self sufficiency, he would have seen that gentleman and heard him ask the Dairy Commissioner regarding the merits of rutabagas when compared with fodder-corn as a food for cows, taking into consideration our changed condition of climate with that of Ontario. At this meeting the Dairy Commissioner stated that it was the intention of the Government to establish a Dairy Station in this Province, but we had not the plan of operation matured. In June, 1891, he again visited this Island and addressed a large meeting at New Perth. At this meeting he was accompanied by Mr. Wheaton from Antigonish and distributed corn in 3 lb. bags to the farmers there assembled. He instructed the audience in its planting, cultivation and saving of crop, and advised them to sow plenty peas, oats and vetches for their stock, in order to keep them in good condition. He then informed them that if they would form a company, put up a suitable building for the manufacture of cheese, and secure the milk of 300 cows within a radius of, say 6 miles, he would undertake for the season of 1892, and continue for 2 years to draw the milk from the stands at the gates of the respective patrons, manufacture the same into cheese, box the cheese, furnish the necessary, plant market the product to the best advantage, keep all accounts; pay 50 cents per 100 lbs of milk per month in advance and the balance when the cheese was sold for a charge of 2½ cents per lb.; or if the company would draw the milk, for 1¼ cents per lb., and pay to the company 10 per cent. as rent on cost of construction of building. When this announcement was made, it was received with applause; but you could look through that audience in vain for the paternal countenance of Dr. Robertson. Lest he may forget the date, it may aid his recollection to state that it was a little over three months after he had been buried under an avalanche of ballots. He was evidently on the sick list, mortification had perhaps set in, which may account for his absence. He states that after the Dairy Commissioner returned to Ottawa from this visit to the Island he wrote to him (Dr. Robertson) stating his plan and outlining his offer. On the receipt of which letter he "immediately went among the farmers of Montague and New Perth informed them of the offer and tried to show them what a splendid opportunity it was for them. It looked bright at first, as if they would immediately close in with the offer, and my answer to the commissioner was hopeful." For the public to be told that the information of the offer was made known to the farmers of New Perth by Dr. Robertson after the return of the Dairy Commissioner to Ottawa is incomprehensible, when every person at that meeting, from the chairman — Robert Dewar, Esq.—to the smallest boy in the audience, heard the Dairy Commissioner make the offer. Consummate ignorance on the part of Dr. Robertson of the dairy movement at New Perth at that time is the only reason that can be assigned for such a statement. During the summer of 1891, 340 cows were secured to furnish milk; but Dr. Robertson's strippers were not among the number. Various meetings were held to obtain stock, but at each and every one of such meetings Dr. Robertson was conspicuous for his absence. At length upwards of $1300 in stock was subscribed, and although farmers, merchants, mechanics and professional men from Cardigan, Georgetown, Montague and neighboring localities became shareholders and risked their money and thus tangibly aided the enterprise, you can turn over folio after folio of the stock book of "The New Perth Dairying Company" and scan the names of the sixty-three stockholders who contributed their money at the starting of the enterprise in this Province, but you will look in vain for the illustrious name of Jas. E. Robertson, of Montague. Dr. Robertson states that the Commissioner purchased the machinery but the farmers hung fire and he had to store it for twelve months. Again Dr. Robertson is laboring under a diseased imagination. The offer made by the Dairy Commissioner at New Perth in June, 1891, was to take effect in the season of 1892, and to continue for two years. At the beginning of 1892, after we had obtained the cows and stock necessary to comply with the conditions required, the provisional secretary, who has since filled the office of sec'y.-treas. for the company, wrote to the Dairy Commissioner stating that he had the necessary number of cows promised and stock subscribed, and desired him to close the engagement, as the winter was the best time to prepare material for the building; but notwithstanding the several times he had written he received no satisfactory reply. In March he stated to me in answer to an enquiry if he had any definite answer from the Dairy Commissioner, that he had not, and asked me to write him. I did so and after stating that we had complied with the conditions as set forth by him in June, 1891, at a public meeting held at New Perth, was he prepared to carry into effect the offer he then made? In answer to my letter, he asked me whether was I writing him personally or officially; if officially, he would state that before locating the Dairy Station he would have to consult the representatives of the County, Messrs. McDonald and McLean. I immediately wrote McDonald and McLean informing them of the desirability of writing the Dairy Commissioner and suggesting to him the advisability of locating the proposed Dairy Station at New Perth. They immediately acceded to my request, and being informed of such, I then wrote to the Dairy Commissioner that I understood the representatives of the County had suggested that the Dairy Station should be located at New Perth. Such being the case, I demanded a definite answer by return mail. He wrote me on receipt of my letter, enclosing a bulletin describing the factory he desired to be built and stating in his letter that we need not make great haste in putting up the building; but could be collecting the material, as he would send down a man who would supervise its construction, and that he would be on the Island in April to finally close with us. In view of those facts, how dare Dr. Robertson come before the public and charge that "the Dairy Commissioner purchased the machinery, but the farmers hung fire, and he had to store it for twelve months"? Does he not know the facts and if he does not, he should have kept himself posted and not display such unpardonable ignorance in the matter? Is he not aware that the the Dairy Commissioner could not definitely close with us until the necessary money was voted to carry on the operations; and further, I may state that he necessary piping and engine were only purchased from Messrs. McKinnon & McLean, Charlottetown, after he had closed with us in April, 1892. The Dairy Commissioner located the factory at New Perth in April, 1892, and addressed a meeting at that place. He also visited this Province in the summer of 1892 when he selected samples of cheese for the English market, and at the meeting held at New Perth at that time, Mr. A. C. Macdonald was present and described the pleasure expressed to him during the preceding session by Hon. John Carling, Minister of Agriculture, on account of having had to forward a cheque of $1200 to pay the first advance to patrons of the New Perth Dairy Station for milk supplied by them. The Dairy Commissioner again visited this Province in the winter of 1893 when he settled in full with the Patrons. On each of those occasions he lectured at New Perth, but strange to say this self-constituted creator of the Dairy industry in this Province never showed up. Whilst we cannot but recognize the fostering care of the Federal Government in the Dairy Industry in this Province, and appreciate with heartfelt gratitude the work of the Dairy Commissioner in our behalf, and also the unflagging zeal and stirling devotion of Superintendent Dillion and his staff of operatives, yet I must say that a share at least of the credit for the success attained is due to the farmers who furnished the milk, thereby showing a praiseworthy desire to pursue a course of agriculture more congenial and profitable, and in consequence cause our lovely Island home to become a veritable "Garden of the Gulf."

Doctor Robertson says that the Tories are trying to pilfer the Liberal's clothes. All I have to say in this matter is that the man who would steal Jas. E. Robertson's political garments would be guilty of petty larceny. If he finds himself stripped of the mantle of deception with which he has enshrouded himself for several years, and be held up to the public gaze in all his hypocritical hideousness, he will only have himself to blame.

CYRUS SHAW.

New Perth, Nov. 14th.

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

BEECHAMS PILLS

CURE

SICK HEADACHE, Disordered Liver, etc.

They Act Like Magic on the Vital Organs, Regulating the Secretions, restoring long lost Complexion, bringing back the Keen Edge of Appetite, and arousing with the **ROSEBUD OF HEALTH** the whole physical energy of the human frame. These Facts are admitted by thousands, in all classes of Society. Largest Sale in the World.

Covered with a Tasteless & Soluble Coating.

Wholesale Agts, Evans & Sons, Ld. Montreal. For sale by all druggists.

ST. PETER'S

Penny Reading Concert

—IN THE—

PHILHARMONIC HALL

Takes place on the Evening of

Thursday, the 28th Instant.

PROGRAMME THIS WEEK.

Doors open at 7.15; Concert at 8 sharp. Tickets, 15 cents. nov20

THANKSGIVING DAY

—AT—

REDDIN BROS'.,

COMMENCING TO-NIGHT.

Four 10 Cent Cigars, 25 cts

Seven Robin Hoods, 25 cts.

REDDIN BROS

Victoria Row, Opposite Post Office.

nov20

PARLOR CONCERT

At Fairholm, Nov. 21st,

In Aid of P. E. Island Hospital,

BY LADIES' AID SOCIETY.

PROGRAMME.

PART I.

Piano Solo.....Miss McLean
Reading.....Capt. Weeks
Vocal Solo.....Miss Annie Hyndman
Violin Solo.....Mr. Vinnicombe
Recitation.....Miss Flora McKenzie

PART II.

Toy Symphony.....
Vocal Duet.....Messrs Peake and Owen
Recitation.....Miss Bessie Brown
Vocal Solo.....Fred Haszard
String Quartette.....Messrs. Harris, Hornsby, Hyndman and Hill.

Home Made Confectionery will be sold during the evening.

Concert to commence at 8 o'clock.

nov20

TURKEY,

they say, is going to war. People will be at it tomorrow with turkey. That's not the question. Do you want a pair of Boots or Rubbers for tomorrow. We have them —yes, and cheap too. Just call and see us. We are yours always for good Shoes at low prices.

A. E. McEACHEN,

nov20 THE SHOE MAN.

GOOD CAUSE FOR THANKSGIVING

That you can now buy the Celebrated American HIGHLAND RANGES in Charlottetown from $20.00 upwards. Sold only by

FENNELL & CHANDLER.

Charlottetown, Nov. 20, 1895—d&w

TELEGRAPHIC.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER

BEATEN AND IMPRISONED.

Rev. J. C. Martin, of P. E. Island, the Victim.

He Was Born at Heatherdale in 1860, and Married in 1889.

BOSTON, Nov. 20.

Press despatches from the scene of the trouble in the east state that a missionary named Martin had been terribly beaten and afterwards imprisoned. The missionary referred to represents the American Board. Rev. John Campbell Martin was born at Heatherdale, P. E. I., in 1860, and ordained in Union Church, Dundee, in June, 1880, and for two and a half years was pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Dundee. Martin married Mary J. Cameron, of Westville, Franklin Co., N w York, in 1889.

THE FAST MAIL SERVICE.

Home Government's Decision to Support the Project.

A Conference Concerning the Pacific Cable Matter to be Called.

OTTAWA, Nov. 20.

Cable advices received by the Government yesterday announce that the Imperial Government has decided to support the project of fast mail service between Great Britain and Canada to the extent of $375,000 annually for a class of 20-knot vessels similar to the Teutonic. The Home Government requires the Dominion to invite new tenders for the service, so that the different syndicates which had been asking permission to submit tenders since the matter was placed in Huddart's hands will have an opportunity of submitting offers. Speaking to your correspondent Sir Mackenzie Bowell said that with this Imperial aid he had no doubt that the fast line could be established. Now that the Imperial Government has decided to call a conference on the Pacific cable it is expected that Sanford Fleming will be one of the Canadian delegates.

The Albert Abandoned.

OTTAWA, Nov. 20.

United States' Consul Steer at St. Pierre telegraphed the Marine Department to-day that the steamer Albert, Captain Neilson, of Charlottetown, had been abandoned in a sinking condition 35 miles from St. Pierre. The crew were saved by the Newfoundland schooner Julia Foley, and landed at St. Pierre in a destitute condition. Deputy Minister Smith telegraphed the Consul to send the men home at the expense of the Canadian Government.

Campaign in Full Swing.

OTTAWA, Nov. 20.

The campaign in North Ontario is in full swing. J. McGillvray has been nominated as the Government candidate, and yesterday Foster and Montague delivered rattling speeches in the Conservative interest.

Cardinal Bonaparte Dead.

ROME, Nov. 20.

Cardinal Bonaparte is dead.

Don't fail to try us for ulsters and overcoats; we have a large stock, we are selling out at very low prices. If you want any, you cannot help buying at J. B. Macdonald & Co's. n18 6i

FASHIONS

JUST RECEIVED.

December Delineator,
New Fashion Sheets,
Metropolitan Catalogue,
Latest Patterns.

GEO. CARTER & CO.,

Sole Agent for Charlottetown for Butterick's Fashions.

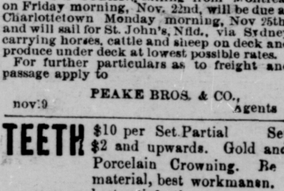
nov20

FINAL SAILING

—OF—

Black Diamond Steamers

THIS SEASON.



The S S COBAN, sailing from Montreal on Friday morning, Nov. 22nd, will be due at Charlottetown Monday morning, Nov 25th, and will sail for St. John's, Nfld., via Sydney carrying horses, cattle and sheep on deck and produce under deck at lowest possible rates.

For further particulars as to freight and passage apply to

PEAKE BROS. & CO., Agents

nov19

TEETH $10 per Set Partial Set $2 and upwards. Gold and Porcelain Crowning. Best material, best workmanship, best satisfaction.

DR. J. P. MURRAY,

u25 Queen Street, Charlottetown

Seeing is Believing,

SO COME AND SEE.

We sell goods upon honor, and when you're told at PATON'S, it's so. Seeing's believing, so come and see

Our Men's Reefers at $3.25, $4.50 and $5.00.

Our Men's Ulsters at $4.50, $5.00, $5.50 and $7.50.

Our Men's Overcoats at $5.65, $.25 and $5.00.

Boys' Overcoats from $1.50 up.

JAS. PATON & CO.,

THE ONE PRICE STORE.

E. R. BROWN,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT.

CHARLOTTETOWN

OFFICE—BROWN'S BLOCK.

P. E. Island Railway.

THANKSGIVING DAY.

EXCURSION RETURN TICKETS at one First class Single Fare will be issued to and from all Stations on this Railway on the 20th and 21st November, good for return up to and on the 25th November, 1895.

Tickets not good for going journey after 21st November, 1895.

A. McDONALD, Superintendent. D. POTTINGER, Gen. Man. Gov. Rys.

Railway Office. Charlottetown, 15th November 1895.

The Amherst Boot and Shoe Co.

For honest goods they are without rival. No one can doubt this.

OUR FOUR TRADE WINNERS.

J. M. McLEOD & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail.

3

GEO. T. SLATER & SON,

$3, $4. $5.

SHOES FOR MEN.

2

CANADIAN RUBBER CO.

FOR

Rubbers and Overshoes.

Acknowledged by all competent judges to be the best.

4

J. & T. BELL,

Fine Footwear.

We will have for Christmas The Largest Stock of PERFUMES Ever Shown in this City.

For a week or so we will sell at bargain rates a lot of Perfumes we want to clear out to make room for the new stock at

WATSON'S DRUG STORE.

HONESTY is the best policy.

HONEST T is the best beverage.

OUR TEA has always been honest value.

Try some and see for yourself that we are right in what we say.

STERLING VALUE—our 32c. Blend.

SANDERSON & CO.,

CASH GROCERS.

Victoria Row, Charlottetown, P. E. oct29

Fellow's Syrup,

The Great Tonic.

Hood's Sarsaparilla,

The Blood Purifier.

Scott's Emulsion,

The Flesh Producer.

All the leading Liniments and Cough Cures, wholesale and retail.

A. W. REDDIN, Phm. B.,

Central Drug Store,

NORTH SIDE OF QUEEN SQUARE.

nov20

Now is the Time

you require good Footwear. Our stock is now complete with goods suitable for this season of the year. A large stock of Rubbers, the best quality at very low prices. If you want footwear at a low figure try the Cheap Shoe Store.

R. K. JOST, 136 QUEEN ST.,

Two Doors Below Prowse Bros.

nov20—dy

KEROSENE OIL.

There is a vast difference in the quality of the different Kerosene Oils in the market at present. After testing several lots we bought a quantity of the kind we considered the best value, and we are now offering it for sale at our stores. The price is as low as the lowest, and the quality the best obtainable. Bring in your Cans and have them refilled at

BEER & GOFF'S.

WOOL AND WEAVERS

never did their work better than when they produced the Elysian Brand Undervest. It is made from the finest long Canadian wool All sizes, 85 cents each.

STANLEY BROTHERS.

You Need a Warm Undervest!

You need it now. We have 44 that people object to buy on account of the color. They are all pure wool, full fashioned, and cost us 83c. to put in our store. You can have one for 60 cents.

STANLEY BROTHERS.

HEALTH BRAND UNDERVESTS,

made from the finest imported wool, no shrinkage, perfect comfort in wear, with good lasting qualities. Sizes to fit the infant, also fit the largest lady in the city. Health Brand Combinations and Tights.

STANLEY BROTHERS.

You May Catch Cold, Take Pneumonia,

unless you are warmly clad. We have cold protectors for ladies—heavy all-wool Undervests. They are what we call off color. They cost us 83c each. You can have

STANLEY BROTHERS.