

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

APRIL 20, 1887.

Blowing the Gloucester Fish-Horn.

The Philadelphia Record submits the other side of the fisheries question from the point of view of the people of the United States. The Record says: "Fearing lest the President of the United States should fail in his bounden duty to defend the honor and interests of the country under the Reprisals Act against Canada, the Gloucester owners of fishing vessels have given him some instructions on the subject. In the communication of the American Fisheries Union to President Cleveland these men of Gloucester informed him that, in their judgment, the retaliatory act of Congress would be sufficiently executed by confining its operation to prohibiting Canadian-caught fish from entry into the ports of the United States. The object of the investigators and authors of the Reprisals Act has been confessed at last. It is to keep Canadian fish out of American markets, and, therefore, to make this necessary of living dear to American consumers. This is what was meant by Senator Frye, of Maine, and the other mackerel statesmen when they declaimed so vociferously in Congress about the duty of defending the country's honor. That honor will have been amply vindicated, it appears, if the President shall close American ports against Canadian fish, and thus give the New England fish dealers a monopoly of our market. President Cleveland in reply to the Gloucester owners of fishing vessels wrote that he had a different conception from theirs of his solemn duties and responsibilities under the retaliatory act of Congress. He expressed a hope that their apprehensions of unfriendly treatment of American fishermen by Canadian authorities would not be realized, and that nothing would be done to weaken the position of the Government. There was a vein of suppressed sarcasm not unbecoming the dignity of this state paper in the suggestion that the present controversy was between two nations, in which the interests of the Gloucester fishermen were of secondary consideration. The President conceived that his function under this act was to maintain the rights and honor of the American people if unjustly assailed, and not to create in the United States an exclusive market for the fish that the Gloucester fishermen may catch in Canadian waters. It was quite natural that the New England owners of fishing schooners should have a very different view of the President's duty, and should give him the benefit of their advice. Our New England fellow-citizens have never lost anything by neglecting to ask for it. The President reviewed with conscious pride the course of his administration throughout this fisheries dispute with Canada. He called the writers of the letter to witness that "in no case have the rights and privileges of American fishermen been overlooked or neglected," but that "they have been sedulously insisted upon and cared for by every means within the control of the Executive branch of the Government." It is clear at the same time that the President is not going to lift the Executive arm of the Government to create a monopoly of the American fish market for the owners of the Gloucester fleet. Though invested with an extraordinary power in the retaliatory act of Congress, there need be no apprehension that the President will endanger the public peace or the public interests by a needless or a rash exercise of this power. The Gloucester fishermen have warning in the answer of President Cleveland that they cannot force his hand. If in the approaching fishing season they shall provoke conflicts with the Canadian authorities in Canadian waters, in order to wrest from the President a proclamation of non-intercourse, they will that they have reckoned without their host."

Public opinion brands Mr. Bell as the bore of the House.

The attention of the editor of THE EXAMINER has been called to the letter of Mr. H. C. Douse published in the Patriot of Monday last. The statement of Mr. Douse that a city official wrote the article in THE EXAMINER on Saturday is not true, and Mr. Douse has no evidence of its truth. Mr. Douse should be a little more careful when making charges. Persons who bear false witness against their neighbors are sometimes "doused."

The Shore Drive to the Park

PURSUANT to request, a large number of citizens met this morning at eleven o'clock in the Stipendiary Magistrate's Room, to take into consideration the construction of a drive or promenade from the foot of Kent Street around the shore to the Park. His Worship the Mayor was called to the chair, and the meeting proceeded to business without delay. Fenton T. Newbery, Esq., moved the following resolution, which was seconded by R. R. Fitzgerald: Resolved, That a committee of eleven, with power to add to their numbers, be appointed to examine the locus, ascertain the quantity of land required, and petition Parliament for a grant of the same. This motion was carried unanimously, and the following committee was appointed: Messrs. Fenton T. Newbery, R. R. Fitzgerald, Q. C., P. Pope, L. H. Davies, M. P., A. B. Warburton, G. R. Beer, Thomas Campbell, D. L. Hooper, D. O. M. Reddin, jr., H. J. Cundall, and the undersigned. On motion the meeting adjourned sine die. The Committee will meet on the grounds near Government House to-morrow at noon. WM. A. WEEKS, Secretary.

Mrs. Howe's Bank.

The Boston Herald states that Mrs. Sarah E. Howe, of Woman's Bank fame, has absconded with \$50,000. Ever since her release on a charge of swindling she has continued the business of receiving deposits of money from women, paying commissions and exceedingly high interest therefor. A lady from Augusta, Me., called at Mrs. Howe's a few days ago for the purpose of collecting the interest on a sum of money deposited with her. She was told by a man who came to the door that Mrs. Howe had skipped and had taken \$50,000 with her. A warrant has been issued for Mrs. Howe's arrest, and the police are searching for her. The name of the Augusta lady is Miss Sophia S. Carter.

Military Concert.

NOTWITHSTANDING the very disagreeable weather, a large and select audience was present at the Military Concert last evening. The hall was nicely decorated with swords and bayonets. Taking it as a whole the programme was a very good one, and was well carried out. Two objectionable features however were visible, the absence of a chairman and the presence of encores. The first number was an overture by the Artillery Band, and was followed by selections from Pinafore, by the Orchestra. Mr. C. Herman's came next with the "Warrior Bold" in fine style. Messrs. Vinnicombe and Morson's violin duet was very creditable indeed. Mrs. Strickland's unavoidable absence was much regretted, as her solo was eagerly waited for. The Orchestra's "Norma" was, as all the Orchestra performances are, pleasingly and sweetly executed. Messrs. Moore and Findley's "Twilight by the Sea" convinced the audience that these gentlemen, with a little more practice, are capable of giving our citizens quite a musical treat. The Rev. Mr. Carruthers' readings were decidedly good. He first read the "Battle of Killiecrankie," concluding with Mark Twain's "European Guides." Thereafter was just a little too long for a concert. "Jessie's Dream," a vocal solo by Miss Minnie Palmer, was as every one expected, a treat. The "Dream" was followed by a violin solo from Miss McDonald, which was so well executed as to receive the applause of the whole audience. It was indeed creditable to the young girl and must have been more than satisfactory to her instructor, Mr. Vinnicombe. Mrs. Malcolm McLeod's "Love's Sweet Old Song," with its beautiful words, is one of those songs which seem to carry an audience beyond itself. It was charmingly rendered. The cornet and clarinet duet was as usual—good. The next piece was "Out on the Deep," a vocal solo by Prof. Caven. When the sound of the Professor's well known voice was heard everything was still. His very voice was expressive of "the deep." Messrs. Worth and Webb came next with a cornet duet, which was fair. We would suggest, however, more practice. They should remember they are not playing in the open air when at a concert. "Sing, Sweet Bird," by Miss Newbery, was sung with a nice clear voice, and was well received. "When the Pansies Come Again" was sung by Miss Earle, who is already one of the most popular lady singers in Charlottetown. The last piece on the programme, "Long Live Victoria"—a chorus—was much appreciated. There was, however, a want of harmony somewhere. The playing of "God Save the Queen" by the Artillery Band brought the concert to a close.

The Queen's Jubilee.

The special committee of the City Council—Messrs. Morris, Kelly and Crabbe—representatives from the different societies and other citizens met in the Council Chamber last evening to make arrangements for the celebration of the Queen's Jubilee.

Following are the names of the societies represented and the delegates present:—Caledonian Club—Archibald McNeill. Masons—S. F. Hodgson. Oddfellows—Chester B. McNeill. Fire Department—Chief Engineer Large.

The meeting was called to order by appointing Mr. Chester B. McNeill, chairman and the undersigned secretary. The different addresses were brief and pointed.

On motion of Councillor Crabbe, seconded by Mr. D. O. M. Reddin, jr., it was Resolved, That Thursday, the 30th June, and Friday the 1st July, be the days set apart for the celebration. Carried.

The mode of celebration was next considered and the following programme adopted:—

THURSDAY—Military parade and sham fight in the afternoon, and torchlight procession of firemen and fireworks display in the evening.

FRIDAY—Regatta, parade of the different Societies, and Jubilee Address by His Worship the Mayor during the day, and one or more entertainments in the evening.

On motion of Mr. D. O. M. Reddin, jr., seconded by Mr. S. F. Hodgson, it was Resolved, That Dr. Robins and Mr. J. Joy be invited to attend the next meeting as delegates of the boating clubs. Carried.

The advisability of consulting with the Local Government was next discussed, and on motion of Councillor Crabbe, seconded by Mr. S. F. Hodgson, it was

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to consult with the Government, and invite them to send delegates to the next meeting. Carried.

The following gentlemen were elected said committee:—Councillor Crabbe, Chief Engineer Large and Mr. D. O. M. Reddin, jr.

On motion of Mr. A. McNeill, seconded by Councillor Kelly, it was

Resolved, That His Worship Mayor Haviland be requested to act as Chairman of a General Jubilee Committee to be appointed hereafter. Carried.

On motion of Councillor Crabbe, seconded by Mr. S. F. Hodgson, it was

Resolved, That Mr. A. H. McPherson be requested to act as Secretary of said General Committee. Carried.

On motion of Councillor Crabbe, seconded by Chief Engineer Large, it was

Resolved, That a committee of two be appointed to wait upon the railway and steamboat authorities and make arrangements for special fares.

The following gentlemen were appointed said committee:—Councillor Morris and Mr. A. McNeill.

Meeting adjourned until Saturday evening next, at 8 o'clock.

H. MACINNIS, Secretary.

April 20, 1887.

Trot at Pisquid Lake.

The annual club trot came off on Pisquid Lake on Friday, 18th inst., and proved to be one of the most successful and animated trots of the season. Flyers might be seen in all directions, not a few of which showed remarkable speed considering the training received. In the three minute race there were three entries, viz.: Vernon River Belle, owned by M. McMillan, Emma, owned by J. Buchanan and Flying Yankee, owned by E. McGregor. We need hardly say that this race was easily captured by Vernon River Belle, Emma taking second place. The four-year-old race came next. It was engaged in by Island Hero, owned by J. A. McEachern, Dean Swift, jr., owned by P. McKenna, Bashaw, owned by J. Larkin, Avondale Boy, owned by A. Forbes. This race was won by Island Hero, Dean Swift, jr. making a good second and Bashaw taking third place. Then came the free-for-all, which was the most exciting race of the day. The contest was between Fanny, owned by R. Wood; Ab, owned by T. Baldwin; J. I. C., owned by L. C. Hayden; Nelly, owned by P. McKenna; J. B., owned by H. McNeill. In this race Fanny took first place and Ab second; J. I. C. throwing a shoe, which will account for him only taking third place. The days sport came to a close with a match race between A. Dunphy's Scott Act and the Vernon River Belle, Scott Act coming off victorious. We may just add that at the close of this race the owner of Vernon River Belle challenged the owner of Scott Act to trot another race, which he declined to accept.—Com.

Profitable Market for Canadian Horses.

(From the London Free Press.)

During the last twelve years England has imported from different countries, mostly in Europe, upwards of 200,000 horses, valued at about \$20,000,000. This is an estimate made by a competent writer in the American Agriculturist. Many of these were wanted for military purposes, and the requirements for such, as has been frequently pointed out in these columns, is on the increase, especially now, in the face of an European war. To ascertain if Canada and the United States could not furnish these horses at a lower price than they rule in England, the British Government, through the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, presided over by the Hon. John Carling, sent a deputation last year to examine the horses in Canada and the Western States. Eighty were selected in Canada quite satisfactory for military purposes, and on arrival in England were found to cost, with all expenses, a less price than they can be bought for there. This same journal thinks that in view of the satisfactory purchase of horses on this side of the Atlantic, commissioners will doubtless be annually sent over here to make other and more numerous selections, affording our farmers an opportunity of disposing of a large number of their horses at fair prices. But in order to do this, more careful attention must be given than usual, in the selection of both parents for breeding purposes. These need not be high priced animals, but should be sound, of good figure, and fine free action. The height may vary from 15 to 16 hands, and the weight from 1,040 to 1,200 pounds. The former will answer for cavalry and the latter for artillery, worth an average of \$200 each.

Carriage horses, also, are much in demand, but to breed those requires a superior selection of parents over those for a military purpose. These should be larger, so that their progeny may grow up to 16½ hands high, or a little more, and weigh about 1,300 pounds. They must be showy in harness and have a good knee action. Our finest formed and largest sized trotting stallions would be the best class to use on stout, nicely-shaped mares. Well-matched pairs for such parents would command, according to style and goodness, say from \$1,200 to \$1,400, or more in very choice instances, and be a quick sale at these prices, for the demand for such in England is always greater than the supply. There is another class of horses required in considerable number, which is almost exclusive to England and Ireland. These are called hunters, because used by the noblemen and gentlemen there for the fox-chase with hounds. The dams to breed this sort should be the choicest of medium size in the possession of farmers, while the stallion must be a stout, compact thoroughbred. Their progeny will sell according somewhat to fancy, from \$1,000 to \$5,000 each.

At the Horse Show for Hunters at Newcastle-on-Tyne, held recently by the Royal Agricultural Society, five prizes of £200 each (about \$5,000 in all) and a gold medal were offered for stallions suitable to get a hunting progeny; the winners engaging to travel for service in parts of the counties of Northumberland, Durham, Cumberland and Westmorland. In future years, every part of the kingdom is to be visited in turn by the Royal Agricultural Society for furthering the same object. This will be attended with a considerable benefit to the farmers, as it will enable them to raise a very superior class of horses, suitable not only for hunting, but for the gentleman's saddle and the service of cavalry officers, who take great pride in possessing a first-rate horse for their mount, and one that can leap broad ditches, high fences, and go a fast pace when necessary in attacks and retreats all of which will add greatly to the efficiency as well as the safety of the riders.

The drink bill of London alone is equal to the total cost of the British navy.

A prohibition campaign fund of \$1000 has been raised in Henecepin County, Mass.

The buildings used as the headquarters of the Salvation Army in London have been destroyed by fire.

In the advertising columns of the London Daily News there appears a protest against the coercion bill, signed by 32,000 non-conformist ministers.

Mrs. Nancy Corcoran, of Cincinnati, had the bad habit of smoking in bed. The last time she did it the bed clothing took fire and she was burned so badly that she died. She was 80 years old.

For rapidly getting on in the world, the palm is awarded to a young man in Palmyra, Maine. This spring he has been elected a selectman, a fence-viewer and field driver, and supervisor of schools, and has married!

The remains of a man who died in the northern part of Michigan passed through Grand Rapids the other day, and the physician's certificate attached to the coffin said that death was caused "mostly by old age," and that it was not contagious.

A convoy of 480 officers have arrived at Odessa for transportation to the convict colony of Saghalien. They are charged with being implicated in plots against the Czar. They are not Nihilists, but are merely suspected of being in sympathy with the revolutionary party.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

The Salvation Army.

Sir,—Quite a ruffle on the placid surface of Salvation Army progress is reported from the East End. It appears that the "saved," not satisfied with their conquests elsewhere, decided to invade the infernal regions themselves, and therefore fired their first volley in "Hell Street" yesterday evening, to the utter disgust of the denizens. A free fight ensued, in which the "saved" came out second best, and the banners they bore were retained as trophies by the victors. All this on Sunday evening.

Now, sir, I have no sympathy whatever with the young men who flattened out McCoubrey or put the life crosswise in the rank and file of the Army; but I fail to see why something is not done to put a stop to these disgraceful parades, which desecrate the Sunday and caricature what men should hold most dear. What disorderly band of costumed lunatics would be permitted to disturb the peace of the city in the way this so-called Army carries on? Certainly there is nothing respectable in it or connected with it. At the most it is a source of amusement for the foolish youth in the streets, and a source of still greater evil in packing a mocking, laughing, jeering crowd of loose characters in the barracks at night. The Army officers, from the recital of their own experiences (and half is not told), are anything but good. Their conduct in line or out of it, is anything but modest. They are admittedly loose fish, and are offering a rendezvous for thoughtless youngsters and old fools at night. Much evil has come of these meetings thus far, and much more will yet be experienced. Let the unbeliever keep his eye on the returns of illegitimate births for the year ending 31st Dec. next.

But to come back to the East End troubles. No doubt these young fellows will be before His Honor to-morrow for disturbing those angels of heaven in "poke bonnet with 'Salvation' written on it." A corner loafer or drunk would get \$2 or 8 days; a disturber of such mercenaries must needs fork out \$30 or go down for a month. Surely the scales of justice are evenly balanced! Surely it is time to employ officers of the law in something better than giving protection to such characters! Surely it is time for parents of any respectability to awake to the terrible risk they run in allowing their children to attend such disreputable assemblies as Salvation meetings.

Yours &c., COMMON DECEMY.

April 18, 1887.

BIRTH.

At Souris, April the 18th, the wife of S. P. Conroy, merchant, of a son.

DIED.

In this city, on Tuesday, 19th inst., Annie, dearly beloved wife of John Burke, aged 39 years, leaving a husband and four children to mourn their loss. May she rest in peace. (Funeral on Thursday morning at 9 o'clock, to St. Dunstan's Cathedral.)

At Warren Grove, North River, March 27th, after a short illness, Elizabeth, relict of the late John Scott, aged 73 years.

Suddenly at Uxig, on April 1st, Donald McQueen, aged 46 years.

On Friday, the 15th inst., at Peter's Road, Lot 6, of consumption, Charles Cann, aged 27 years.

ZION CHURCH Tea & Entertainment

DON'T forget the Tea and Entertainment in the basement of Zion Church, on

Thursday Evening, 21st Inst.

Tea on Tables at 6 o'clock. Entertainment to commence at 8. Admission, 10 cents; Tea and admission, 25cts. April 20, 1887.

Card of Thanks.

THE officers of the Artillery Brigade desire to thank the ladies and gentlemen who so kindly assisted in making last evening's concert a success, and they also desire to thank the audience for their liberal patronage. April 20, 1887.

ODDFELLOWS' NATAL DAY CELEBRATION, 1887.

THE Sixty-eighth Anniversary of American Oddfellowship will be celebrated by the Island members in Charlottetown.

On Tuesday, April 26th, in the Evening of which day a

CONCERT LYCEUM.

The first part of Programme will contain several new features—New Orchestral Selections, "Mikado" Selections, New Songs, and the first appearance in this City of the

VOCOPHONE BAND

An entirely new attraction on this Continent—exceedingly fascinating and amusing, alone worth the price of admission.

The second part of the programme will be

An Old-Time Minstrel Entertainment,

consisting of some of the choicest Christy Vocal Gems with Orchestral Accompaniment, under the direction of Mr. Vinnicombe.

Programme will appear shortly and will, without doubt, be the most attractive since the days of "Pinafore."

Tickets for sale at the usual places.

Admission—Reserved seats, 50 cents; Parquette and Gallery, 35 cents.

Be sure and place a sum sufficient in your estimates for Concert purposes to attend this one.

A. E. McDONALD, Secy. Committee.

April 9—wed & sat 10 then daily 10

Dwelling to Let.

PLEASENTLY situated on King Square, containing nine rooms, with good pantry, cellar, &c., recently fitted up. Rent moderate. Apply on the premises to JOHN PASSEMORE.

FOR CASH ONLY. Perkins & Sterns

From this date we intend to do business For Cash Only, thereby preventing any loss by bad debts, saving salary of a Book-keeper, loss of interest, cost of stationery and books, and other charges on a credit business,—will buy and sell for Cash and be in a position to give ready money customers the very best value.

NEW STOCK OF ROOM PAPER JUST OPENED

(Over 25,000 Rolls in Stock—Newest Patterns—Very Cheap.)

Large stock of STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS to arrive in a few days by regular steamers.

Perkins & Sterns

April 15—& wky

LONDON HOUSE.

House-keeping Goods, New White and Gray Cotton, New Printed Cottons, Bleached Sheetings, Unbleached Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Table Linens, owels, Toweling.

THESE goods have just been opened for Spring Sale, and having been bought before the recent advance in Cottons, will be found extra value.

CARPETS! CARPETS!

Brussels, Tapestries, Hems, Floor Cloths, Matting, Hearth Rugs, Door Mats, Lace Curtains.

Tailoring Department.

A lot of Spring Tweeds just opened.

HARRIS & STEWART, SUCCESSORS TO GEO. DAVIES & CO.

Ch town, March 7, 1887.—wky

HAMBURG EDGINGS.

We are showing a large assortment of excellent values in Embroideries and Insertions.

WHITE COTTONS.

By purchasing early last autumn, we are enabled to offer the choicest values in the city. Samples on application.

BEER BROS.

Ch'town, April 11, 1887.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF GREAT BRITAIN.

Total Assets, Thirty Million Dollars

FRED. W. HYNDMAN,

Agent for P. E. Island.

Ch'town, March 11, 1887—24 mos 25c

CHARLOTTETOWN SASH AND DOOR FACTORY!

Peake's No. 3 Wharf,

R. PALMER & CO., PROPRIETORS.

We are now manufacturing and will sell at the Lowest Cash Prices:

Sashes, Windows and Door Frames, Architraves, Spouting and Conductor Mouldings, Ballusters, Newel Posts, Stair Rails, Twist, &c.

We are prepared to do all kinds of Jobbing, in Planing, Joining, Morticing, Tenoning, Jig and Free Sawing, Turning, &c.

All kinds of Gothic Windows for Churches made at shortest notice.

With new and first-class Machinery, and the latest appliances, we can insure the utmost satisfaction to all who favor us with their patronage.

Jan. 8, 1887.