

pass to the Kanawha country, where they intended taking shelter. The Malay chiefs of Seriki, which is situated near the mouth of the Rejang, are said to be showing the utmost goodwill. They were collecting the arms of the Kanawha, and had seized a number of persons suspected of participating in the murders. One of the actual murderers was tried by them and put to death.

The Examiner.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I., OCTOBER 25, 1859. THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

We gave in our last No. an extract from the Royal Instructions, printed in the Journal of the House of Assembly, Session 1851, showing how powerless a Lieut. Governor is to suspend even one Legislative Councillor, much less a whole body, without there being good cause for his doing so, and without the assent to such suspension being first obtained from a majority of the Council itself. That article of the Royal Instructions still remains in force; but we have been informed, since the publication of our last, that new Instructions were received from England during the administration of Sir D. Daly, in which the possession of a freehold estate on the part of a Legislative Councillor is not recognised as an essential qualification. We have been favoured with the perusal of the new Royal Instructions, from which we make the following extracts. The first, it will be observed, confirms all the present Councillors in their places, and has not one word about a freehold qualification: and the second, which provides for new appointments, is equally silent on the subject. The Governor, acting, of course, under the advice of his Executive, is left to be the judge as to what shall constitute a man's fitness for a seat in the Upper Chamber:—

"Now, know you that We, reposing especial trust and confidence in the persons who are now members of the said Legislative Council, do, by these Our Instructions, reconstitute and reappoint each and all of them to be Legislative Councillors for Our said Island, during Our pleasure."

"And We do hereby authorise you to nominate and appoint provisionally such persons as you shall think fit to be members of the said Legislative Council, until Our pleasure thereon shall be known."

The Islander seems to delight in abusing the Hon. Col. Swabey on the ground of his not being a freeholder. That qualification, as we have already shown, is not required; but it ought to be borne in mind that there are many leaseholders in the Island who are possessed of property to the amount of thousands of pounds, and who are, in every respect, qualified to hold seats in the Council. As an illustration, we may mention the Hon. Mr. Holl, lately a member of that body. He lived upon a leasehold property; so did the Hon. Mr. Hensley, also a member of the Council. The latter did, we believe, possess some freehold property; but the former, we understand did not; or if he did, his "broad acres" were not so numerous as to entitle him to the character of a "principal freeholder;" and of course his presence in the Council was never considered objectionable to the parties who now complain of Col. Swabey occupying a seat there.

The majority of the House of Assembly, the Government, and the Islander, have all complained of the rejection of the Post Office Amendment Bill by the Legislative Council, and cited that as a proof of the hostility of the Council to the Government. Now, it must be remembered, that, so little did the Council know about the thing being a Government measure, the Hon. Dr. Johnson, who was put in the Council by the present Government only a few days before, and who was their only advocate there, not only did not say that the Post Office Amendment Bill was a Government measure, but he was the very member who moved to have it thrown out.

BRUTUM FULMEN.

We take the following extract from the last Islander, to show what the party now at the head of affairs would do to neutralise the opposition in the Legislative Council, if they could possibly accomplish that object. The project hinted at is an increase to the number of Legislative Councillors, by which they would fain swamp the opposition. It is needless to say that they have no power to do anything of the kind. The Islander seems to consider that two-thirds of the members of the House of Assembly are supporters of the Government. Two-thirds would be twenty. Every one knows that the whole number of their supporters does not exceed eighteen; and three out of that number do not hold their seats by the good will of the constituencies which they presume to represent:—

"The Government know, also, that Legislative Councillors hold their appointments during the pleasure of the Crown—they know that even in Great Britain the opposition of the House of Peers, the members of which hold their seats independently of the Crown, when no obstacles to the passage of measures of importance which have been determined upon by the Representatives of the people, is capable of being overcome—that even in that august Assembly a majority against the Government may be converted into a minority—and knowing this, the Examiner should not be at a loss to understand that there are ways and means, and perfectly constitutional ones too, whereby the opposition of a few insignificant and irresponsible members of the Legislative Council may be rendered perfectly harmless; and that such a body as the present Legislative Council is scarcely sufficient importance to a Government which enjoys the support of two-thirds of the members of the Assembly, to be regarded as an object of supreme hatred."

On reconsidering our promise to notice more fully than we did in our last article which appeared in the Protestant of the 15th, wherein some allusions are made to this paper, and on looking over that article again, we have come to the conclusion that there is scarcely any thing in it to answer. It is a fair type of the character of the individual who has vanity and presumption enough to parade himself as the editor of a paper which he impudently assumes to be the organ of Protestantism, while he is forced to call into requisition the brains of any itinerant scribbler who happens to fall in his way, and who has the tact to string together a rhapsody on some pious topic into which little texts of Scripture may be dovetailed. The article is, in fact, a very harmless and silly one. It accuses us of misrepresentation and falsehood; but in order, we suppose, to maintain the consistency of his character, the fledgling editor does not offer a shadow of proof in support of his accusation. He says we would fain make our readers believe that his remarks "were especially directed against our fellow Colonists of the Roman Catholic faith, whereas they referred to the doings of Romanists throughout the British Empire." But it serves the purposes of the Examiner to lead the Romanists of the Island to understand that we are continually attacking them. We have nothing in particular against our Roman Catholic fellow Colonists, and we are of opinion that if the Examiner and the Priests would let them alone, they would occasion very little trouble in our political affairs."

We shall offer, by way of answer to all this impertinence and falsehood, a few very plain questions. Is Prince Edward Island a part of the British Empire? If it is, are the Catholics here not attacked when their clergy are accused of creating trouble—when liberal Protestants are reviled and stigmatised because a few of them chose to witness educational examinations at St. Dunstan's College and the Convent—and even when the Lieut. Governor is abused for taking a sociable cup of tea with a party of Catholics? The Protestant charges the present Government with making grants and concessions to Catholic institutions—it says that in doing so, they are "infatuated" enough to think they can "soothe the turbulence of Popery"—that "Popish colleges and convents should be kept under proper restraint, and at least should receive no support from the public chest." All this is very stupid and very false—and so false, that no proof can be required to show that it is so. In what instance have our present rulers made grants and concessions to Catholic institutions? They, indeed, allowed, last Session, a remission of the Impost Duty on some philosophical apparatus for the College; and this was all the concession ever made to a Catholic institution by the present Government, whose conduct, even in this instance, it is not our particular province to defend.

As to the Catholics or their institutions in this country having, at any time, manifested a turbulent spirit, or having given cause to be put under "restraint" more than any other denomination in this community—it is only an ignorant blockhead, bigot, and calumniator like the editor of the Protestant who would think of such a thing.

The Brig, Office, from Quebec, arrived here on Monday last, having on board 1000 stand of Rifles, 1000 sets of Accoutrements, and a large quantity of Ammunition, intended for the Volunteer Rifle Companies recently formed in different parts of this Island.

Within the past few days some 14 or 15 forty gallon Casks of smuggled Liquors, consisting of Gin, Rum and Brandy, have been seized by the Preventive Officers of this Port, and are now lodged in the Bonded Warehouse. Several parties are implicated in this wholesale contraband trade, some of whom will probably suffer pretty severely.

ATTEMPT TO BREAK INTO THE BONDED WAREHOUSE.—An attempt was made by some parties to effect an entrance into the above premises on Monday night last, by wrenching open the iron shutters by means of a crowbar, or some instrument of the kind, and prying up the windows; but further progress was checked by the iron bars inside the windows. It is generally supposed that the perpetrators of this daring act were some of the parties concerned in the late smuggling affair, and were desirous of getting into the warehouse to destroy the Liquor placed there the Saturday previous.

MARINE DISASTERS FOR SEPTEMBER.—We learn from an exchange that 32 vessels, nearly all belonging in North America, were wrecked, missing or burnt, etc., during the last month. Many of the casualties occurred during the late equinoctial gale about the middle of the month. The vessels are classified as follows: 8 ships, 2 barks and the remainder (17) schooners. Of this list, we find 7 were British vessels, viz: Bark Asia, from Newcastle, Eng.; brig Jane, from Picton; William F., from Windsor, N. S.; and Messenger, from Picton; schrs. Archangel, from Boston for Charlottetown, John Bull, from Digby, N. S., and Princess from Sydney, C. B. The value of these vessels is estimated at about \$400,000.

CORONER'S INQUEST.—An inquest was held at New Glasgow, Lot 23, before D. Hodgson, Esq., Coroner, on view of the body of Horace Ling, blacksmith. From the evidence adduced before the Coroner it appeared that the deceased had been absent from his home for nearly a week, previous to the 8th instant, carousing at a Tavern in New London,—he returned home that day and remained with his family that night. On the following morning, the 9th instant, he complained of being ill, and left home for the purpose of procuring some liquor at a Tavern situate about two miles from his residence. Not returning that night, his wife dispatched a messenger to make inquiry after him, when it appeared he had not reached the Tavern, nor could she learn any tidings of him in the neighborhood, until Sunday morning, the 16th instant, when his body was discovered, by a boy, in a grove of bushes close to the road side, about a quarter of a mile from his own residence. From the position of the body when found, there is no doubt but the unfortunate deceased had taken shelter in the grove from the torrents of rain which fell shortly after he left home, and there perished from a fit, which he was subject to, particularly after drinking to excess. The money and empty bottle which he had taken with him to procure the liquor, were found on his person.

ACCIDENT.—A melancholy and fatal accident occurred in Truro on the 14th inst. While a young man named William Smith, son of Robert H. Smith, Esq., was down in a well, the wall caved in upon him. Almost superhuman efforts were made to reach the body before life was extinct, but in vain.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—On Wednesday last, while a cartman was hauling wood into a yard adjoining the establishment of Messrs. Fairbanks & Co., Union street, the cart upset, and the load fell upon a young man named M'Mullin (who was piling wood,) injuring him so severely that he died in about twenty four hours.—Globe.

Married.

On the 12th instant, at the Mission House, Murray Harbour, by Mr. Jessie Whitlock, B. C. Minister, Mr. John Marchon to Miss Elizabeth Roberts, both of the above place. At Grand River, Lot 56, on the 6th instant, by J. C. Underhay, Esq., J. P., Mr. William Banks, of Grand River, to Margaret, daughter of Mr. Thomas McKenzie, of Cable Head. At the residence of the bride's father, on the 13th inst., by the Rev. H. B. Swabey, Mr. James McNeill, formerly of Windsor, N. S., to Mary Ann, third daughter of Mr. Adam Nuttall, of Lot 15. At St. John's Church, Milton, on the 13th inst., by the Rev. J. S. Smith, Mr. George F. Robinson to Miss Mary Bulman, both of Rustico. On Thursday morning, by the Rev. Thomas Duncan, assisted by the Rev. Alexander McKay, William Gower Sutherland, Esq., M. D., of West River, Picton, to Mary Ellen, third daughter of the late Ewen Cameron, Esq., of this City. At the Manse, Charlottetown, by the Rev. Thomas Duncan, Mr. John McKinnon to Miss Ann McKinnon, both of De Sable.

Died.

At Charlottetown, on Monday last, after a long and lingering illness, which he bore with Christian fortitude and resignation to the Divine Will, Mr. James J. Bevan, aged 31 years. At Tanton, Mass., on the 3rd inst., of Typhoid Fever, Mr. G. Gay, of Lot 49, P. E. I., aged 22 years. Deceased was a young man of most exemplary character, and leaves a large circle of relatives and friends to mourn their sad bereavement. At New London, on the 13th inst., Mr. John McNeill, a native of Argyleville, aged 70 years. At Souris, on the 13th inst., of Scarlet Fever and putrid sore throat, Lillie, the infant daughter of Andrew and Susan Leslie, aged 2 years and 1 month. Suddenly, on Tuesday, the 4th instant, at Bedouque, Mary Jane, infant daughter of Mr. Donald Taylor, aged 1 year and 9 months. The deceased came by her death in consequence of her clothes taking fire in the absence of her parents. She only survived the melancholy event 10 hours. At Bedouque, on Thursday, the 20th inst., after a short but severe illness, Louisa Colquhoun, the beloved wife of Mr. Charles Clark, and second daughter of the late Charles Binns, Esq., Attorney at Law, of this City, aged 40 years. Of Typhoid Fever, at St. Andrew's, on the 2nd inst., Mary, the beloved wife of Duncan McSwain, aged 23 years. At the Lunatic Asylum, on the 23rd inst., Michael Malone, aged 87 years, a native of Kilkenny, Ireland. At the Lunatic Asylum, on the 21st instant, John Shankster, aged 48 years, a pensioner from the Royal Newfoundland Company, born in the parish of Haghghally, near Banbridge, County of Down, Ireland.

Prices Current.

CHARLOTTETOWN MARKETS, OCTOBER 22, 1859.

Table with columns for Provisions, Poultry, Fish, Lumber, and Sundries, listing various goods and their prices.

New Advertisements.



PUBLIC LANDS.

Townships 38, 39, 40, 41, 42 and 43.

THE Settlers, and all persons under contract for the opening of Roads on the above Townships, are hereby notified, that the Commissioner will attend at MAURICE KENNEDY'S, Lot 38, on Monday, the 22nd day of November next, at 11 o'clock, a. m., and from thence proceed to the new line of Road (commencing 17 chains North from Peak's Road, and extending past the end of Sinnott's Road to Jardine's, and thence to St. Peter's Road by the line known as John McEwen's,) to examine the work of the several Contractors thereon; previous to which date it is required the work be well and faithfully executed, to entitle them to the credit of their respective contracts. Persons desirous of purchasing farms will find good land, well timbered, on the above new line of Road. On Tuesday, the 23rd, and following day, at Mr. JOHN PHELAN'S, Lot 39. On Thursday, the 25th at 12 o'clock noon, at CURTIS', Bay Fortune Road, Lot 42, where the several contractors for the opening of the new Road, commencing thereat, are required to attend, when the work will be inspected, and credit given, if well and faithfully performed. On Friday, the 26th, at JOHN STUTHERLAND, Esquire, Head of St. Peter's Bay. The Commissioner, desirous of avoiding coercive measures, requests all persons on the above Townships, indebted to the Government, either by Bond, Instalment, or Note of Hand, to pay their respective amounts then due, at the places above named, on the 23rd, 24th and 26th days of November next; and all such persons having been previously notified, neglecting to make payment thereon, their Land will be Gazetted in accordance with the Act 15th Victoria cap. 18.

DEEDS.

The Commissioner having several Deeds of Conveyance ready for delivery all persons who have not received their Deeds are requested to make application for the same at the places and dates above mentioned.

TRESPASSERS.

All persons trespassing on the Government Lands, by cutting Timber, or taking possession of Lands without a Location Ticket, will be dealt with according to law. JOHN ALDOUS, Commissioner of Public Lands. Land Office, October 24, 1859.

Important Sale of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND LIBRARY.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, at the CENTRAL ACADEMY commencing at 11 o'clock on MONDAY, the 7th November next, all the

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

together with an extensive and valuable

LIBRARY,

the Property of JOHN KENNY, ESQ.

The Furniture is of the very best description, and as good as new. The Library contains the choicest productions of the Human Mind, in Greek, Latin, French, English; Pure and Applied Mathematics, Natural Philosophy, Political Economy, Commerce and Banking. Sale positive and without reserve. Catalogues will be ready for distribution in a few days.

—ALSO—

A FREEHOLD FARM of 75 acres, 50 of which are cleared, with a good New Dwelling House, situated on the New Bedouque Road, within 12 miles of Charlottetown. The purchase money may, if required, be taken by instalments. Central Academy, Oct. 24, 1859.

Ex Steamer "BALBEC," from Liverpool, G. B., via Halifax.

MRS. FORSYTH

HAS just received, by the above vessel, part of her Fall Stock of

Dry Goods, Millinery, &c.

Paris and London made Bonnets, latest styles, Cobourgs and fancy Lustras, Bonnets and Ribbons, Ladies' Silks, Frizzets Blouge, Dress Caps, Delaines, Cotton Warps, Dress and Mantle Trimmings, and with a large supply of fancy articles.

The direct of her Fall Stock daily expected, by the "Isabel," will be, and Cunard Steamers, via Halifax. Charlottetown, October 24, 1859.

FARM FOR SALE,

SITUATE near Poplar Island Bridge, on the western side, having a frontage on the River—containing

50 Acres of Clear LAND,

under cultivation, held under lease for 999 years, at an annual rent of one shilling per acre, with a good DWELLING HOUSE thereon. Terms liberal. Apply to the subscriber on the premises. PATRICK DUNN. October 24, 1859.

NOTICE.

THE Inhabitants of Charlottetown are respectfully informed, that the "GAS LIGHT COMPANY" have a supply of GAS LAMPS and PILLARS in the "Isabel," which they will be prepared to fit up in accordance with the City Bye-Law, viz: the Inhabitants subscribing 65s. per annum for lighting, the City to pay the balance.

As the season is far advanced, the Company would advise persons desirous of erecting one or more Lamps in their respective Blocks, to give immediate orders for the same, otherwise time will not admit of their being erected this Fall. WILLIAM MURPHY, Manager. Oct. 24. 2w.

New Advertisements.

EXPECTED HOURLY FROM HALIFAX, SUGAR, MOLASSES, TEA, TOBACCO, SOLE LEATHER, &c., &c.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, immediately upon arrival of Schrs. "Magnet," from Halifax, the following Goods:— 10 Hbds. bright Sugar, 10 Puncheons Choice Molasses, 10 Tierces and 10 Bbls. do., 20 Chests Congou Tea, (warranted good), 12 Half Chests do., 60 Sides Sole Leather, 10 Boxes Pipes, 10 doz. Buckets, 10 nests Tubs, 20 Boxes Candles, 30 Boxes Soap, 50 Boxes Digby Herrings, 4 Casks Cod Oil, 1 Fire-proof Safe. Oct. 24, 1859. P. W. HYNDMAN.

LOST!

ON SATURDAY, the 22nd inst., between Mr. Lord's wharf and the Osborne House, a PURSE, containing between five and six pounds. The finder, on leaving it with Mr. John Scott, coachmaker, will be rewarded for his trouble. Oct. 24, 1859.

BURNETT'S COCOAINE!

BURNETT'S COCOAINE!!

BURNETT'S COCOAINE!!!

The Human Hair.

HOW many persons abuse this delicate and beautiful ornament, by burning it with alcoholic washes and plastering it with grease, which has no affinity for the skin and is not absorbed. Burnett's COCAINE, a compound of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., is unrivalled as a dressing for the hair—it is readily absorbed, and is peculiarly adapted to its various conditions, preventing its falling off, and promoting its healthy growth.

BURNETT'S COCAINE.

A compound of Cocoa nut Oil, &c., for dressing the hair. For efficacy and agreeableness, it is without an equal. It prevents the hair from falling off. It promotes its health and vigorous growth. It is not greasy or sticky. It leaves no disagreeable odor. It softens the hair when hard and dry. It soothes the irritated scalp skin. It affords the richest lustré. It remains longest in effect. It costs three shillings for a half pint bottle.

TESTIMONIAL.

Boston, July 19, 1857. MESSRS. J. BURNETT, & Co.—I cannot refuse to state the salutary effect, in my own aggravated case, of your excellent Hair Oil (Cocaine.) For many months my hair had been falling off, until I was fearful of losing it entirely. The skin upon my head became gradually more and more inflamed, so that I could not touch it without pain. This irritated condition I attributed to the use of various advertised hair washes, which I have since been told, contain camphor spirit. By the advice of my physician, to whom you had shown your process of purifying the oil, I commenced its use the last week in June. The first application allayed the itching and irritation; in three or four days the redness and tenderness disappeared—the hair ceased to fall, and I have now a new growth of hair. I trust that others, similarly afflicted, will be induced to try the same remedy. Yours, very truly, SUSAN B. POPE.

BURNETT'S COCAINE.

A single application renders the hair (no matter how stiff and dry) soft and glossy for several days. It is conceded by all who have used it to be the best and cheapest hair dressing in the world. Prepared by JOSEPH BURNETT & Co., Boston. For sale by dealers generally at 50 cents a bottle, and by M. W. KINNER, Agent for P. E. Island. Oct. 24, 1859. 151

SALE OF LAND,

Dwelling Houses, valuable Stands for Business in Charlottetown, Georgetown and elsewhere.

THE following valuable PROPERTIES will, unless previously disposed of by Private Contract, be submitted for Sale at PUBLIC AUCTION, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of November next, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, at the COLONIAL BUILDING, Charlottetown, or on the Premises (where the same are situate in Charlottetown or Common), according to announcement to be made at the Colonial Building, at the day and hour above appointed, viz:—

THAT commodious DWELLING HOUSE, Stables and Premises, with a large Red WAREHOUSE on Great George-street, now the residence of DENNIS REDDEN, Esq., and comprising Town Lot 46, and one-half of Town Lot 47, in the 1st hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown. WATER LOT opposite Town Lot 16, and part of Lot 17, in the 1st hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown, fronting 105 feet on Water-street, and thence to the Channel of Hillsborough River, with the HOUSES and BUILDINGS thereon, and extensive WHARF attached thereto.

Also, TOWN LOT 65, in 3rd hundred in Charlottetown, with the DWELLING HOUSE, &c. thereon, at present occupied as a Dwelling House by D. O'MEARA REDDEN, Esq.

Also, part of TOWN LOT 11, in the 2nd hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown, fronting 46 feet and upwards on Queen-street, by 84 feet back, on which are situate the STORE occupied by PIERCE GAUL, Esq., and another Store lately occupied by Mr. Joseph McLellan.

Also, part of TOWN LOT 42, in 1st hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown, fronting 27 feet on Queen-street, by 84 feet back, with the valuable DWELLING HOUSE and Piece of Business thereon, occupied by Mr. JAMES ROMANS.

Also, another part of the same TOWN LOT fronting on King-street, with the Buildings thereon, occupied by Mr. Barney McCarey.

Also, parts of TOWN LOTS Nos. 73 and 74, in 3rd hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown, fronting on Pownall-street, nearly opposite the residence of R. B. STEWART, Esq.

Also, the Northern half part of TOWN LOT No. 76, in the 2nd hundred in Charlottetown, fronting 84 feet on Sydney-street, under lease for a long term to the Right Rev. Bernard Donald McDonald, at an annual Rent of £15.

Also, part of TOWN LOTS 74 and 75, in the 2nd hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown, with the DWELLING HOUSES, &c., thereon, now occupied by Messrs John Eden, Michael Duffy and Jas. Kelly, fronting — feet on Dorchester street, by — feet back, and adjoining the Premises of Messrs. Duncan, Mason & Co.

Also, TOWN LOTS 26 and 27, in the 1st hundred in Charlottetown, near Mr. Heard's Shipyard.

PASTURE LOT No. 297, in Charlottetown Royalty, in possession of Mrs. Croker.

Also, all that very valuable Property, containing Seven (7) acres of LAND, or thereabouts, part of COMMON LOTS Nos. 22 and 23, in Charlottetown Common, having extensive fronts on the Malpeque and Spring Park Roads, and Easton Street, and crossing the Northern extremity of Pownall and Queen-street, with the BUILDINGS and HOUSES thereon.

Also, WATER LOTS Nos. 8 and 9, and TOWN LOT No. 4, 4th Range, Letter A, in Georgetown, with the HOUSES, &c., thereon.

For the sale of the above property, the purchaser paying down 20 per cent of the purchase money, will be allowed 3 years time for payment of the balance, with interest on Mortgage, of the premises.

For other conditions and terms of Sale, and particulars of the several Properties, application may be made to the Subscribers, (Trustees for Sale, and under Deed, dated the 15th September, instant,) and who are also prepared, meantime, to treat with any parties who may desire to purchase any of the above by private contract.

Dated at Charlottetown, the 14th day of October, A. D. 1859.

FREDERICK BRECKEN, JOSEPH HENSLEY, A. MITCHELL.