

# THE DAILY EXAMINER.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND. TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1888.

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Advertising at most moderate rates.  
Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, half-yearly or yearly advertisements on application.

**ALMANAC FOR NOVEMBER, 1888.**

MOON'S CHANGES.  
New Moon, 3rd day, 7h, 49m. a. m., S. E.  
First Quarter, 10th day, 0h., 3.3m., p. m., E.  
(below horizon.)  
Full Moon, 18th day, 11h., 3.4m., a. m., N.  
(below horizon.)  
Last Quarter, 26th day, 1h., 8.0m., p. m., W.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thurs	Fri	Sat	High	Low
M	h	m	m	m	m	m	m	Water	Water
1 Thursday	6 47	4 41	3 22	8 55	9 51				
2 Friday	4 4	3 3	4 39	9 41	51				
3 Saturday	5 3	3 8	5 38	10 25	48				
4 Sunday	5 1	3 6	7 17	11 7	46				
5 Monday	5 3	3 5	8 57	11 51	42				
6 Tuesday	5 4	3 4	9 52	noon	40				
7 Wednesday	5 6	3 3	10 59	0 35	37				
8 Thursday	5 9	3 1	11 51	1 23	34				
9 Friday	5 8	2 59	12 43	2 16	31				
10 Saturday	7 0	2 8	1 23	3 14	28				
11 Sunday	1 27	1 53	4 25	26					
12 Monday	3 26	2 29	5 43	23					
13 Tuesday	4 25	2 44	6 38	21					
14 Wednesday	6 24	3 7	7 50	18					
15 Thursday	7 22	3 29	8 54	15					
16 Friday	8 21	3 52	9 13	13					
17 Saturday	10 20	4 18	9 49	10					
18 Sunday	11 19	4 46	10 23	8					
19 Monday	13 18	5 18	10 55	6					
20 Tuesday	14 18	5 56	11 29	4					
21 Wednesday	16 17	6 43	12 5	1					
22 Thursday	17 16	7 32	0 4	51					
23 Friday	18 15	8 31	1 20	57					
24 Saturday	20 14	9 33	2 2	54					
25 Sunday	21 13	10 39	2 51	52					
26 Monday	23 12	11 48	3 49	50					
27 Tuesday	24 12	noon	5 0	48					
28 Wednesday	25 11	0 53	6 19	47					
29 Thursday	26 11	1 21	7 28	45					
30 Friday	7 28	4 10	3 27	8 43					

L. WHEAT. J. G. BRIDGE. S. L. BURR

**WHEAT, BRIDGE & BURR,**  
Receivers and Commission Dealers

**POTATOES, EGGS,**  
Butter, Cheese, Poultry, Game, &c.

Consignments of EGGS and POTATOES solicited and liberal advances made.

44 & 46 COMMERCIAL STREET,  
BOSTON, MASS.

Boston Chamber of Commerce Weekly Official Market Report sent to any firm on application, sept 23—way 3m day law

**-FOR-**  
**B-O-S-T-O-N**

**SUMMER ARRANGEMENT**  
**THE PALACE STEAMERS**  
OF THE  
**INTERNATIONAL S.S. CO.**

Leave St. John for Boston, via Eastport and Portland, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7.25 a. m.

Fare from Charlottetown to Boston, \$6.50, 2nd class; \$8.50, 1st class.

For tickets and other information apply to  
G. A. SHARP, P. E. W. HALE,  
P. E. I. S. S. Co., P. E. I. Steam Nav. Co.  
or to your nearest Ticket Agent.

May 7, 1888—end wky

**MORRISON & MUSGRAVE,**  
**BROKERS**

Commission Merchants,  
**HALIFAX**

Consignments of Island produce will receive prompt attention.

REFERENCES: Thomas Fyfe, Esq., Cashier Bank of Nova Scotia, Halifax; George Macleod, Manager Bank of Nova Scotia Charlottetown.

**WARREN & JONES,**  
**TEA MERCHANTS.**  
1 EAST CHURCH AND 9 & 14 MINING LANE,  
LONDON, ENGLAND.  
Represented in Canada by MORRISON & MUSGRAVE, Halifax  
Oct 21 1887.

**THIS PAPER**  
may be found on  
at GEO. F.  
ROVILL & Co's  
Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce  
Street, where all  
contracts may  
be made.

**JAMES PATON & CO'S**  
**POPULAR STORE.**

**NEW CLOTHING ROOMS.**

**STOCK JUST IN!**

PEOPLE MUST HAVE CLOTHING, and want the Best Value for their Money.  
DON'T BUY without first seeing our Flannel and Dress Shirts, Hats, Caps, Furs, Gloves, Ties, C. Hats  
DON'T BUY without seeing our NEW SUITS, our New OVERCOATS.  
A Great Bargain also in WARM UNDERCLOTHING.  
Special Qualities in Scotch Lambswool UNDERWEAR!!!

**JAMES PATON & CO.,**  
Ch'town, Oct. 18, 1888. MARKET SQUARE.

**1888**

**Fall Announcement!**

On MONDAY, September 10, we will inaugurate our Great Colossal Sale of CUSTOM MADE CLOTHING and Gents' FURNISHINGS. Having recently returned from taking a second course in Cutting in New York, I am in a better position than ever to turn out good-fitting Garments that will please the most fastidious.

Our workpeople are of the very highest order, so with good Material and good Cutt g and good Wo k, you cannot fail in procuring what you desire.  
Cash Customers will find it to their advantage to patronize

**P. J. FORAN,**  
Sept. 7, 1888—end & wky

**GREAT BOOM!**

**Away Ahead!**

IT IS A FIRST-RATE PLACE TO BE, and as we undoubtedly possess the ability to keep ahead, we can afford to lend a helping hand to our numer ous struggling competitors. As we have attained to the pro d position we now enjoy as leaders in our art, through years of tou and hard work, we would say to our competitors, DON'T BE DISCOURAGED. Step by step, if you persevere, perchance may find you approaching our present standard. BUT REMEMBER! you will not find us there. Perfection is our Standard, and nothing short of that will satisfy our ambition to present a faultless garment upon a faultless gentleman.

To supplement our own natural skill, we employ artists who acknowledge no superiors in the Dominion of Canada. Thus equipped with superior heads and unequalled hands, and Goods of the finest quality, we feel safe in saying that we are prepared to fill the bill every time.

**McLEOD & McKENZIE,**  
**Star Merchant Tailors.**  
Charlottetown, October 2, 1888.

**Twenty Years' Experience**  
**NEW GOODS.**

WE have just received a large selection of Goods. We are now selling Watches from \$3.50 up to \$40.00. We are selling Clocks from \$1.00 up to \$15.00, nice patterns. Brooches, Earrings, Wedding and other Rings, Lockets, Cuff Buttons, Charms, Studs, Chains, Bracelets, Spectacles, &c., a very large selection, and the prices are such that will meet with your approval. We are now prepared to do REPAIRING TO CLOCKS, WATCHES AND JEWELRY in a thoroughly scientific manner. Having the latest Improved Lathes and Tools used by the most experienced workmen, we are prepared to give the utmost satisfaction to all work entrusted to our care. EVERY JOB WARRANTED. Please give us a call.

**G. G. JURY,**  
North Side Queen Square, . . . . . Opposite the Post Office

**Constipation**

Demands prompt treatment. The results of neglect may be serious. Avoid all harsh and drastic purgatives, the tendency of which is to weaken the bowels. The best remedy is Ayer's Pills. Being purely vegetable, their action is prompt and their effect always beneficial. They are an admirable Liver and After-dinner pill, and everywhere endorsed by the profession.

"Ayer's Pills are highly and universally spoken of by the people about here. I make daily use of them in my practice."—Dr. I. E. Fowler, Bridgeport, Conn.

"I can recommend Ayer's Pills above all others, having long proved their value as a cathartic for myself and family."—J. T. Hess, Leithsville, Pa.

"For several years Ayer's Pills have been used in my family. We find them an

**Effective Remedy**  
for constipation and indigestion, and are never without them in the house."—Moses Grenier, Lowell, Mass.

"I have used Ayer's Pills, for liver troubles and indigestion, during many years, and have always found them prompt and efficient in their action."—L. N. Smith, Utica, N. Y.

"I suffered from constipation which assumed such an obstinate form that I feared it would cause a stoppage of the bowels. Two boxes of Ayer's Pills effected a complete cure."—D. Burke, Saco, Me.

"I have used Ayer's Pills for the past thirty years and consider them an invaluable family medicine. I know of no better remedy for liver troubles, and have always found them a prompt cure for dyspepsia."—James Quinn, 50 Middle st., Hartford, Conn.

"Having been troubled with costiveness, which seems inevitable with persons of sedentary habits, I have tried Ayer's Pills, hoping for relief. I am glad to say that they have served me better than any other medicine. I arrive at this conclusion only after a faithful trial of their merits."—Samuel T. Jones, Oak st., Boston, Mass.

**Ayer's Pills,**  
PREPARED BY  
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.  
Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

**NOTICE.**  
FRANK GALLANT, of Tignish, P. E. Island, having assigned his Estate and effects to us in trust for his creditors, we hereby call a meeting of such creditors to be held at the Board of Trade Rooms, Charlottetown, on THURSDAY, 15th November, inst., at Eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

J. S. CARVELL, Trustees.  
P. J. QUINN, }  
nov 6—ly & wky t dte

**BOSTON STEAMERS.**

**SINGLE FARES**  
—BY—  
**'Carroll' & 'Worcester,'**  
**\$4.00.**

**EXCURSION TICKETS,**  
—GOOD FOR—  
**BALANCE OF SEASON**  
**\$6.00.**

**CARVELL BROS.,**  
AGENTS.

**LAND AT AUCTION.**

PASTURE LOTS Nos. 291 and 295, in Charlottetown, will be sold at Public Auction, at the Supreme Court Building in Charlottetown, on TUESDAY, the 21st day of November next, A. D. 1888, at the hour of TWELVE O'CLOCK.

These Lots are sold subject to a long lease, with a reserve rent of \$17 1/2, equal to \$56.70, payable yearly to purchaser of these Lots.

This sale offers an opportunity for a good investment, as the property is likely to sell moderately. Sale positive.

To see—Cash or approved security.  
For further particulars apply at the office of Messrs. McLeod, Morson & McQuarrie, Barristers-at-Law, Charlottetown.

Dated this 5th day of November, A. D. 1888.  
LOUISA MURPHY,  
Administratrix em. test. an. of the Estate of Cornelius Maber, deceased, intestate.

**THE BLEW RAPPER**  
—IS—  
**The Cheapest,**  
**The Purest**

**Baking Powder**

SOLD ABOVE GROUND.  
**TRY IT and be CONVINCED.**

**Gleanings From My Common-place Books.**

LOST LITERARY WORKS AND SPEECHES.  
Lord Brougham relates of Mr. Pitt that "when the conversation rolled upon lost works, and some said they should prefer restoring the books of Livy, some of Pictus, and some of Latin tragedy, he at once decided for a speech of Bolingbroke."

As an illustration of the imperfections of our most complete Parliamentary record it may be mentioned that there are only six speeches of Bolingbroke in the "Parliamentary History" for Queen Anne's reign—two when he was in the Commons and four when he had gone up to the Lords, and not one of them extending over more than half a dozen sentences.

The speech of the elder Pitt, of which Lord Temple wrote "he spoke like an angel," is missing altogether. We have no satisfactory report of Carteret's best speeches, and any one who looks through the reports of Charles Townsend's speeches in the "Parliamentary History" would be extremely puzzled to decide which of them was the celebrated "champaigne speech."

The reader whose curiosity is excited by some piquant description of a Parliamentary incident or "speech" in "Walpole's Letters," or "Lord Henry's Memoirs," or "Wraxall," will too often turn in vain to the "Parliamentary History" for a longer account of it.

Some cynical critics have been found to remark that the reputations of several celebrated orators have suffered by being reported, and, among others, Sheridan is mentioned. His first great speech on the impeachment of Warren Hastings was pronounced by Burke to be "a most astonishing effort of eloquence," and by Pitt "to have surpassed all eloquence of ancient and modern times."

It was not reported, but when he made his second speech Gurney was engaged to take it, and Sheridan revised it himself; but the judgment on it even at the time, when it came to be read, was *tautid fastidius*. Sheridan wrote most of his speeches, as did Windham and Burke also.

Fox's speeches, as he said, "were made to be heard and not read," and he only corrected one—his speech on the death of the Duke of Bedford. William Pitt is said to have corrected only two—the rejection of Napoleon Bonaparte's offer in 1800. This is the speech which Lord Campbell in his "Fragments of Autobiography" declares to be the finest he ever heard.—The London Times on Parliamentary Reporting.

PARALLEL OF PITT AND PERICLES.  
Sir Nathaniel Wraxall has remarked some very strong points of resemblance between Pericles and Pitt. Both were many years the ministers of a free people. Both long enjoyed extraordinary popularity and corresponding power. The same fascinating power of persuasion was common to both. Disinterestedness and superiority to all personal acquisition alike distinguished them.

Pericles had, indeed, the advantage of inheriting a larger paternal fortune than the English minister; but he no more increased it at the national expense than did Pitt. Both survived, it is not the public favor, yet the public prosperity; and beheld their friends accused or sacrificed to public clamor. The fate of Phidias, Pericles' friend, charged with converting to his own use a part of the gold confided to him for ornamenting the statue of Minerva, bears a striking analogy to Lord Melville's impeachment, founded on his supposed appropriation or alienation of the public money.

But the Scottish minister ultimately escaped, while the great antiquity perished in prison. Pitt, like Pericles, engaged in a long and disastrous conflict with foreign enemies; the latter when he commenced the Peloponnesian war, the former with revolutionary France. Neither of them survived to witness its termination. The Athenian, after sustaining the severest afflictions and privations in his family, sank under the attack of a pestilential maledy, in the third year of hostilities. The English statesman closed his memorable career precisely at the same period of the renewed struggle against the French Republic, or rather, against the military despotism of its foreign ruler.—Posthumous Memoirs of his own times, by Sir N. Wraxall.

POPULARITY.  
It has been imputed to me by the noble Earl (Lord Chatham) on my left hand that I, too, am running the race of popularity. If the noble Earl means by popularity the applause bestowed by after ages on good and virtuous actions, I have long been struggling in that race,—to what purpose all-trying time can alone determine; but if he means that mushroom popularity which is raised without merit, and lost without a crime, he is mistaken. I defy the noble Earl to point out a single action in my life where the popularity of the times ever had the smallest influence upon my determination. I thank God I have a more permanent and steady rule for my conduct—the dictates of my own breast. Those who have forgone that pleasing adviser, and given up their minds to the slavery of every popular impulse, I sincerely pity; I pity them still more if vanity leads them to mistake the shouts of a mob for the trumpet of fame. Experience might inform them that many who have been sated with the huzzas of a crowd one day, have received its execrations the next; and many who, by the fools of their own times, have been held up as spotless patriots, have, nevertheless, appeared on the historian's page when truth has triumphed over delusion, the assassins of liberty. Why, then, can the noble Earl think I am ambitious of present popularity—that echo of flattery and counterfeits of renown.—Lord Mansfield in House of Lords, 9th May, 1770.

ORIGIN OF "TRUE BLUE."  
In England this partisan color was first assumed by the Covenanters in opposition to the scarlet badge of Charles I.; and

hence it was taken by the troops of Lesley and Montrose in 1639. The adoption of the color was one of those religious pedantries in which the Covenanters affected a pharisaical observance of the scriptural letter, and the usages of the Hebrews; and thus, as they named their children Hebbakkuk and Zerubbabel, and their chapels Zion and Ebenezer, they decorated their persons with blue ribbons, because the following receipt was given in the law of Moses: "Speak to the children of Israel, and tell them to make to themselves fringes on the borders of their garments, putting in them ribbands of blue." (Num. xv:38).

The color was also a party distinction in Rome. In the factions of the Circus of the Lower Empire, the Emperor Anastasius secretly favored the Greens, Justinian openly protected the Blues; the latter, therefore, became the emblem of loyalty, the former of disaffection. For some less evident reason the Blues were looked upon as the party of the established and orthodox Church; and the convenient imputation of heresy thrown forth against the others served as a pretext for every act of rapine or oppression.

Bentley, in his "Dissertation on Phalaris," p. 258, mentions blue as the costume of his guards; and quotes Cicero's Tuxulan Questions, lib. v., for his authority.

Edinburgh has a banner which was granted to the city by James III.; it is still esteemed a sort of palladium, and is called, from its color, *Blue Blanket*.

T. H. H.  
November 12, 1888.

**Two Narrow Escapes.**

MR. F. C. PALMER and family, of Dorchester, N. B., had a narrow escape from death on Friday morning. Before going to bed on Thursday evening Mr. Palmer filled the hall stove with hard coal. Next morning, about six o'clock, he was awakened by the cries and struggles of his children, who were suffering terribly from the effects of the gas escaping from the stove, and with which the house was filled. Mr. Palmer attempted to reach a window, but was unable to stand and had to lie down, where he became unconscious. Mrs. Palmer, after several attempts, managed to reach the window and attract the attention of a passer by, who aroused E. C. Palmer, next door, and then summoned Dr. Chubb, who, on arrival, found Mr. Palmer insensible, Mrs. Palmer nearly so, and the children and nurse in spasms. Mrs. Palmer was less under the influence of the gas and before long was comfortable. The children also were soon getting on nicely, but Mr. Palmer and the nurse were more seriously affected and to them the doctor devoted himself. Mr. Palmer, when recovering consciousness, was seized with severe bronchial spasms, but in a few hours was resting quietly. The nurse is also doing well. Mr. Palmer and his family will soon be around once more. They certainly had a very narrow escape.

The same night a similar mishap overtook a family at Belleville, Ont. Mrs. William Hale, her three children and a Miss Dafoe having almost succumbed to the deadly effects of the gas before they were discovered. The women were very low at latest accounts, but the children were out of danger.

**Deal Fairly with the Boys.**

The Prairie Farmer gives the following sensible advice to agricultural fathers:—Give the boy a colt, a pig, some hens, a garden or fruit patch—in fact, any good live, growing or workable property. Let him pay interest on the investment, all expenses of labor, feed, manure or whatever it may be except what time he cares to give it "out of hours." Let him manage the thing under these conditions; even loan him a few dollars with which to carry on his business, if necessary. Sometimes he will lose money? often he will make it. In either case he will learn how to do business, and more than like he will learn to like farming. Religiously leave him in possession of all he makes, even if it be more than his father is worth. Don't push a single bit of advice at him in this affair. Let him get into the habit of asking advice and information.

**Piles! Piles! Itching Piles!**  
SYMPTOMS.—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; moist at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulcerations, and in most cases remove the tumors. All druggists, or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. oct 12 6m dw

**Local Notices.**

For House-furnishings of all kinds go to Beer Bros.  
CANNED Baked Beans at Beer & Goff's. nov 10 2

ANOTHER lot of Chicken Ham and Tongue Sausages, just received at Beer & Goff's. nov 10 2f

We have quite a large stock of dinner sets, tea sets, chamber sets and glass table sets which must be sold.—W. P. Colwell. nov 9 dw wy 6w

Every pair boots sold at the Dominion Boot Store is warranted to give satisfaction or money refunded.—J. B. Macdonald, proprietor.

There is yet a large quantity of crockery in all the lines we carry. The people are delighted with the bargains they are getting at the cheap crockery store.—W. P. Colwell. nov 9 dw wy 6w

PRIVATE.—I tell you the boots made by Goff Bros. are the best for the fall, and very cheap. oct 22 f

My stock of Boots, Shoes, "ubbers Over-shoes, Feet Boots, Over-socks Slippers, &c., is now complete, and is better assorted, larger and cheaper than ever. Please call and examine.—R. K. Jones, (Boreham's old stand). oct 6 dw wy 6f