

The Daily Examiner.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, SATURDAY, MARCH 15, 1884.

VOL. 14.—NO. 98.

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Advertising at most moderate rates. Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, half-yearly or yearly advertisements, on application.

ALMANAC FOR MARCH, 1884.

MOON'S CHANGES.

First Quarter, 4th day, 9h. 20.6m. a. m.
Full Moon, 11th day, 3h. 27.5m. p. m.
Last quarter, 19th day, 7h. 0.5m. p. m.
New Moon, 27th day, 1h. 55.0m. a. m.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Moon	High	Days
	ris	sets	water	in h.
1 Saturday	6 43	5 42	8 32	0 42
2 Sunday	49	43	9 11	1 26
3 Monday	39	44	9 55	2 16
4 Tuesday	37	49	10 45	3 15
5 Wednesday	36	48	11 42	4 34
6 Thursday	34	49	12 43	6 3
7 Friday	32	50	1 48	7 22
8 Saturday	30	51	2 54	8 23
9 Sunday	29	53	3 59	9 10
10 Monday	27	54	5 4	9 52
11 Tuesday	25	56	6 8	10 34
12 Wednesday	22	57	7 10	11 2
13 Thursday	20	58	8 12	11 35
14 Friday	19	59	9 12	12 7
15 Saturday	17	6	10 11	0 45
16 Sunday	15	2	11 9	1 15
17 Monday	13	3	morn	1 54
18 Tuesday	11	5	0 3	2 38
19 Wednesday	9	6	0 55	3 33
20 Thursday	7	7	1 43	4 42
21 Friday	6	9	2 27	6 1
22 Saturday	3	10	3 6	7 12
23 Sunday	1	11	3 43	8 12
24 Monday	5	59	4 16	9 1
25 Tuesday	57	14	4 49	9 44
26 Wednesday	56	16	5 21	10 26
27 Thursday	54	17	5 54	11 5
28 Friday	52	18	6 28	11 46
29 Saturday	52	19	7 7	morn
30 Sunday	48	21	7 51	0 28
31 Monday	47	22	8 40	1 14

JAS. E. GRANT,

Sole Agent for P. E. Island for

THOS. CONNOR & SONS,

Rope Manufacturers,

ST. JOHN, N. B.

Orders from the trade respectfully solicited.

Ch'town, Feb. 29, 1884.—1m

McLeod, Morson & McQuarrie,

BARRISTERS

—AND—

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

Office in Old Bank,

(UP STAIRS).

Ch'town, Feb. 21, 1884.

SULLIVAN & MACNEILL,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Solicitors in Chancery,

NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c.

OFFICES—O'Halloran's Building, Great George Street, Charlottetown.

Money to Loan,

W. W. SULLIVAN, Q. C. | CHESTER B. MACNEILL

Jan. 16, '83.

Piano Tuning.

D. M. REID announces that he is prepared to tune and repair Pianos of all kinds. Broken or defective wires replaced. Piano tuned by the year. Orders may be left at the store of Miller Bros., Queen Street, or at his own residence, Kent Street.

Feb. 18, 1884.—dy 4i wky 2i pd

MONCTON

Sash and Door Factory.

MR. P. LEA, in returning thanks to the public for the liberal patronage extended to him while in business in Charlottetown, begs leave to inform his old customers and the public generally, that he, in company with Mr. William Rogers, has appointed

Messrs. B. Williams & Co.

Lumber and Coal Dealers, Pownall Wharf, Charlottetown, our agents, who will keep constantly on hand a full supply of Mouldings, Window Sashes, Doors, &c., at

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

All orders entrusted to them will receive prompt attention.

LEA & ROGERS,

Moncton, N. B.

Sept. 5, 1882.—2aw wly

JUST RECEIVED,

ALL SIZES ENGLISH

Iron Bedsteads and Cribs,

MARKED LOW.

Largest and best assortment of PICTURE MOULDING in the city, selling by the foot or made up very cheap.

500 LOOKING GLASSES, every variety and price, from 6x8 to 24x60. New Plates for old frames.

FANCY GOODS, in every variety, viz:—Brackets, Music Stands, Easels, and Canterbury, Fire Screens and Tables (combined), Flower-Stands and Light Stands, Folding Chairs and Rocking Chairs, Chess Table and Ladies' Work Table (something new), Smokers' Stands, Caricature Easels, etc.

Two very fine BAGETELLE BOARDS.

FRAMED CHROMOS.

MANTEL MIRRORS (new patterns).

Upholstering Department,

Under the management of MR. DREW, a veteran in the trade.

We have just received our Fall and Winter Stock of Goods, comprising forty-five different pieces of Furniture Coverings, Gimp and Buttons to match, Hessions, Tickings, Hair Cloth, imitation of Leather, etc., etc. In this department to give satisfaction, as our stock was purchased in the cheapest markets and marked accordingly.

HAIR MATTRESSES, FLOCK do., EX-CESIOR do., STRAW do., FEATHER BEDS.

Every variety of Spring Beds, Dominion Wire Mattresses, best in the market, every bed warranted, price \$5.00.

We have now on hand (and are manufacturing daily) a large and varied stock of Household Furniture, comprising many new and beautiful designs. Particular attention given to ordered work.

KILN-DRIED STOCK and BEST WORK-MANSHIP, every time.

Venetian Blinds, Inside and Outside Shutters, School and Church Furniture.

Machine Jobbing, Wood Turning, etc., etc. Prices low.

Factory, Office and Showrooms,

King Square.

Branch Show Rooms, 83,

Queen Street.

MARK WRIGHT & CO.

Ch'town, Nov. 1883.—2aw

FOR SALE,

A SPLENDID SUIT Drawing Room Furniture, little used, will be sold for half-price. Rare chance. Apply at this office.

Ch'town, March 3, 1884.—4i eod

SHIP AND HOUSE

BUILDERS,

Will find every requisite for the trade at

DUCHEMIN'S

STEAM FACTORY,

Beer's Wharf.

Always on hand, a complete stock of

Ship's Blocks.

Deadeyes,

Steering Wheels,

—ALSO—

Mouldings, in great variety, Cornice, Base Panel, Door and Window Finish, Spouting, Conductor and Handrail, Newel Posts, Balusters and every description of Turning.

Pat. Circular and Jig Sawing, Planing and Moulding turned out neatly and with despatch.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

Don't forget the place, Beer's Wharf near McMillan's Coal Depot.

Albert Duchemin.

Ch'town, Jan. 2, 1884.—wky 6i.

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MUNN & CO., of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, continue to act as Solicitors for Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, for the United States, Canada, England, France, Germany, etc. Hand Book about Patents sent free. Thirty years' experience. Patents obtained through MUNN & CO. are noticed in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, the largest, best, and most widely circulated newspaper, \$3.00 a year. Weekly. Send for circulars and interesting information. Specimen copy of the Scientific American sent free. Address MUNN & CO., SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN OFFICE, 231 Broadway, New York.

SALT! SALT!

FOR SALE ex WAREHOUSE,

5,000 bags Liverpool Salt.

1,200 bags Coarse Fishery Salt.

PFAKE BROS. & CO.

Ch'town, Feb. 14, 1884.—4i

NEW SPRING GOODS.

J. B. MACDONALD

IS now showing an extensive range of NEW PRINTS, bought before the advance in duty, consisting of,—

650 pieces, in all the Newest Designs,

20 bales (800 pieces) Grey Cottons,

White Cottons, in the Different Makes,

Sheetings and Pillow Cottons,

Towellings and Stair Linens.

—ALSO—

A Large Variety of Carpets, in Brussels, Tapestry, Scotch and Dutch Carpets, Stair Carpets, Hearth Rugs, and Door Mats.

SOLD AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

J. B. MACDONALD.

Ch'town, Feb. 28, 1884.—2aw wky.

D. A. BRUCE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

IS OVER-STOCKED with the following GOODS, and offers them at a

REDUCTION OF TWENTY PER CENT.

Gents' Woollen Underwear, Flannel Shirts, Fur Caps, Kid Mitts, Sleigh Robes.

OVERCOATINGS,

WHICH YOU CAN HAVE

MADE TO YOUR MEASURE

Cheaper Than Imported Ready Made.

D. A. BRUCE,

Dec. 20, 1883.—eod wky 72 Queen Street, Charlottetown

GRAND SALE OF

DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING.

JOHN MACPHEE & CO. will, during the HOLIDAY SEASON, give special bargains in

Dress Goods, Knit Wool Goods, Mantles, Shawls, Flannels, Hosiery, Gloves, &c

CLOTHING. CLOTHING.

Men's Overcoats, \$3.90, \$5.00, \$6.50, \$7.50, up.

Men's Ulsters, \$4.95, \$6.25, \$7.00, up.

Men's Reefers, \$2.95, \$3, \$3.50, \$5, \$4.50, \$5.50 up.

Fur Caps, Kid Mitts and Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Worsted Tweeds, Under-clothing, Buffalo Robes, Horse Rugs, Small Wares, etc.

PARKS' WARP, CHEAP.

Cash Buyers can depend on getting REAL BARGAINS in every Department.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

JOHN MACPHEE & CO,

ROBERT ORR'S OLD STAND.

Ch'town, Dec. 12, 1883.—2aw wky pres pat.

THE EXAMINER

JOB PRINTING OFFICE

HAS LATELY BEEN REPLENISHED WITH

A Large Supply of Printing Types and Material

OF THE LATEST INVENTION AND BEST DESCRIPTION,

AND WE ARE NOW PREPARED,

Under the Careful and Skilful Supervision of Mr. J. W. Mitchell,

TO PRINT

BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS,

BLANK CHEQUES, RECEIPTS,

NOTES OF HAND, POSTERS,

HAND BILLS, DODGERS, &c., &c.

On Short Notice, in Good Style, at Cheap Prices.

FOUL PLAY.

By Charles Reade.

CHAPTER LXV.

When the 'Sprinkbok' weighed anchor and left the island, a solitary form was seen on Telegraph Hill.

When she passed eastward, out of sight of that point, a solitary figure stood on the east bluff of the island, and was the last object seen from the boat as she left those waters forever.

What words can tell the sickening sorrow and utter desolation that possessed that yearning bosom!

When the boat that carried Helen away was out of sight, he came back with uneven steps to the cave, and looked at all the familiar objects with stony eyes, and scarce recognized them, for the sunshine of her presence was there no more. He wandered to and fro in a heavy stupor, broken now and then by sharp pangs of agony that almost made him scream. And so the poor bereaved creature wandered about all day. He could not eat, he could not sleep, his misery was more than he could bear. One day of desolation succeeded another. And what men say so hastily was true for once. 'His life was a burden.' He dragged it about with him he scarce knew how.

He began to hate all the things he had loved whilst she was there. The beautiful cave, all glorious with pearl, that he had made for her, he could not enter it, the sight killed him, and she not there.

He left Paradise Bay altogether at last, and anchored his boat in a nook of Seal Bay. And there he slept in general. But sometimes he would lie down, wherever he happened to be and sleep as long as he could.

To him to wake was a calamity. And when he did wake, it was always with a dire sense of reviving misery, and a deep sigh at the dark day he knew awaited him.

His flesh wasted on his bones, and his clothes hung loosely about him. The sorrow of the mind reduced him almost to that miserable condition in which he had landed on the Island.

The dog and the seal were faithful to him, and often whimpered; their minds accustomed to communicate without the aid of speech, found out, Heaven knows how! that he was in grief or in sickness.

These two creatures, perhaps, saved his life or his reason. They came between his bereaved heart and utter solitude.

Thus passed a month of wretchedness unspoken.

Then his grief took a less sullen form. He came back to Paradise Bay, and at sight of it burst into a passion of weeping.

These were the first tears, and inaugurated a grief more tender than ever, but less akin to madness and despair.

Now he used to go about and cry her name aloud passionately, by night and day.

'Oh, Helen! Helen!'

And next his mind changed in one respect, and he clung to every reminiscence of her. Every morning he went around her haunts, and kissed every place where he had seen her put her hand.

Only the cave he could not yet face. He tried, too. He went to the mouth of it again and again, and looked in, but go into it and face it empty of her—he could not.

He prayed often.

One night he saw her in a dream. She bent a look of angelic pity on him, and said but these words: 'Live in my cave,' then vanished.

Alone on an island in the vast Pacific, who can escape superstition? It fills the air. He took this communication as a command, and the next night he slept in the cave.

But he entered it in the dark and left it before dawn.

By degrees, however, he plucked up courage and faced it in daylight. But it was a sad trial; he came out crying bitterly after a few minutes.

Still he persevered, because her image had bid him; and at last, one evening, he even lighted the lamp, and sat there looking at the glorious walls and roof his hapless love had made.

Getting stronger by degrees, he searched about, and found little relics of her—a glove, a needle, a great hat she made out of some large leaves. All these he wept over and cherished.

But one day he found at the very back of the cave a relic that made him start as if a viper had stung his loving heart. It was a letter.

He knew it in a moment. It had already cost him many a pang; but now it almost drove him mad. Arthur Wardlaw's letter.

He recoiled from it and let it lie. He went out of the cave and cursed his hard fate. But he came back. It was one of those horrible things that a man abhors, yet cannot keep away from. He took it up and dashed it down with rage many times; but it all ended in his lighting the lamp at night and torturing himself with every word of that loving letter.

And she was going home to the writer of that letter, and he was left prisoner on the Island. He cursed his generous folly, and writhed in agony at the thought. He raged with jealousy, so that his very grief was blunted for a time.

He felt as if he must go mad.

Then he prayed—prayed fervently. And at last, worn out with such fierce and contending emotions, he fell into a deep sleep, and did not awake until the sun was high in the heavens.

He awoke; and the first thing he saw was the fatal letter lying at his feet in a stream of sunshine that came peering in.

He eyed it with horror. This was then to haunt him by night and day.

He eyed it and eyed it. Then turned his face from it; but could not help eyeing it again.

And at last certain words in this letter seemed to him to bear an affinity to another piece of writing that had caused him

a great woe. Memory, by its subtle links, connected these two enemies of his together. He eyed it still more keenly, and that impression became strengthened. He took the letter and looked at it close, and held it at arm's length, and devoured it; and the effect of this keen examination was very remarkable. It seemed to restore the man to energy and to something like hope. His eyes sparkled, and a triumphant 'Ah!' burst from his bosom.

He became once more a man of action. He rose, and bathed, and walked rapidly to and fro upon the sands, working himself up to a daring enterprise. He took his saw into the jungle, and cut down a tree of a kind common enough there. It was wonderfully soft, and almost as light as cork. The wood of this was literally useless for any other purpose than that to which Perfidio destined it. He cut a great many blocks of this wood, and drilled holes in them, and, having hundreds of yards of good line, attached these quasi corks to the gunwale, so as to make a life-boat. This work took him several days, during which time an event occurred which encouraged him.

(To be continued.)

The Public Revenue.

(From the Montreal Gazette.)

SIR LEONARD TILLEY'S estimate of a surplus of a million dollars this year from the Consolidated Fund is likely to be somewhat exceeded. At the close of January the receipts of the current fiscal year were only nine hundred thousand dollars in excess of the expenditure, but the excess of revenue last month has now brought the surplus up to \$1,450,000, and the probabilities are that the remaining quarter of the year will bring a further addition to this figure. The revenue in February, with comparisons, was as follows:—

	1882.	1883.	1884.
Excise	1,831,759	1,814,345	1,466,871
Excise	419,738	410,760	421,913
Other sources	336,130	466,963	320,111
Total	2,687,627	2,692,068	2,148,947

The revenue last month stands on a par with that of February, 1881. Although the falling off from last year exceeds half a million dollars, it occurs almost wholly in the item of customs receipts, and the reduction is not a cause of apprehension, since it ensures the early restoration of trade to a basis of healthy activity. The decrease in miscellaneous receipts of \$146,000 is due, we believe, to the fact that the proceeds of sales of public lands are no longer entered in this account, but kept separately. It is a sign of considerable importance, of the soundness of trade within the country that the excise receipts in February exceeded those of the three preceding years, that the post office receipts were \$7,400 larger than in 1883, and that the receipts from public works, including government railways, were in excess of the corresponding month in 1881 and 1882, and within a fraction of the revenue from this source last year. The imports, it must be remembered, are not necessarily a test of the condition of trade; they may be diminished—and at this moment are being diminished—by the growth of home manufactures, and by a glut of goods, necessitating a temporary restriction, although the consumptive business remains unimpaired. It is now six months since the contraction of imports began; the process has gone on uninterrupted, and mry without disadvantage be prolonged yet a little while, but ere long it is inevitable that the demand will overtake the supply, and the briskness of the importing, as well as the producing trade be restored.