THE DAILY EXAMINER

THE LEADING DAILY NEWSPAPER OF P. E. ISLAND,

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is issued every Friday morning from the publishers' office. It is made up of matter which has appeared in the Daily editions, and is a first-class weekly newspaper—interesting nd full of the latest news.

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

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Single Copies Two Cents

VOL 34. CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, THURSDAY, MAY 9, 1895. NO. 262

—IF YOU—
Want a wife,
Want a cook,
Want a partner,
Want a situation,
Want a servant girl,
Want to sell a farm,
Want to sell a house,
Want to rent a house,
Want to exchange anything,
Want to sell plants or grain
Want to sell groceries or drugs,
Want to sell or trade anything,
Want to find customers for anything,
Want to sell or buy horses, pigs or cattle
ADVERTISE IN
THE EXAMINER

CALENDAR FOR MAY, 1895.

First Quar 2nd day, 11h 31.6m, p. m
Full Moon, 8th day, 7h 46.5m p. m.
Last Quar 16th day, 1h 31.5m. p. m.
New Moon, 24th day, 8h. 33.7m. a. m.
First Quar, 31st day, 4h. 36.0m. a m.

	Day of Week.	Sun rises	Sun sets	High water
		h m	h m	morn
1	Wednesday	4 51	7 3	4 10
2	Thursday	49	5	5 5
3	Friday	48	6	6 50
4	Saturday	46	7	7 53
5	Sunday	45	8	8 43
6	Monday	43	10	9 27
7	Tuesday	42	11	10 6
8	Wednesday	40	12	10 45
9	Tuursday	39	13	11 26
10	Friday	38	15	aft 8
11	Saturday	37	16	0 49
2	Sunday	35	17	1 33
13	Monday	34	18	2 19
14	Tuesday	33	19	3 7
15	Wednesday	32	20	4 5
16	Thursday	31	22	5 7
17	Friday	29	23	6 11
18	Saturday	28	24	7 8
19	Sunday	27	25	7 59
20	Monday	26	26	8 43
21	Tuesday	24	27	9 24
22	Wednesday	24	29	10 5
23	Thursday	23	30	10 46
24	Friday	22	31	11 30
25	Saturday	21	32	morn
26	Sunday	20	33	0 15
27	Monday	20	34	1 2
28	Tuesday	19	35	1 51
29	Wednesday	18	36	2 37
30	Thursday	18	37	3 44
31	Friday	4 17	7 38	4 54

P. E. Island Railway

On and after THURSDAY, 27th December, 1894, the trains of this Railway will run daily (Sundays excepted) as follows.—

Trains Outward. Read down.			Trains Inward. Read up.		
A M	P M		A M	P M	
7 00	3 30	Charlottetown	10 10	2 30	
7 19	3 49	Royalty Junction	9 50	2 11	
8 03	4 33	North Wiltshire	9 05	1 27	
8 17	4 47	Hunter River	8 51	1 13	
8 48	5 18	Bradalbane	8 17	12 42	
8 57	5 27	Emerald	8 08	12 33	
9 10	5 40	Freetown	7 54	12 20	
9 29	5 59	Kensington	7 33	12 00	
9 00	6 30	Ar	Lv 7 00	11 30	
P M	P M	Summerside	A M	A M	
12 50		Lv	Ar	10 30	
1 11		Miscouche		10 10	
1 37		Wellington		9 47	
2 19		Port Hill		9 09	
3 34		O'Leary		8 00	
3 58		Bloomfield		7 34	
4 34		Alberton		6 55	
5 30		Tignish		6 00	
P M				A M	

P M			A M
2 30	Charlottetown		10 30
5 50	Royalty Junction		10 10
3 25	Bedford		9 37
3 55 (Ar)	Mount Stewart	(Lv)	9 05
4 10 (Lv)		(Ar)	8 50
5 22	Cardigan		7 35
5 45	Georgetown		7 10
P M			A M

P M			A M
4 05	Mount Stewart		8 55
4 47	Morell		8 17
5 12	St Peter's		7 48
5 57	Bear River		7 03
5 40	Souris		6 20
P M			A M

P M			A M
4 10	Emerald		7 2
5 00	Cape Traverse		6 35
P M			A M

Trains are run by Eastern Standard Time

D. POTTINGER,
Gen Mgr Can Govt Railways
Moncton, N B.

A. McDONALD, Superintendent,
Charlottetown.

dec26

Operative & Prosthetic Dentistry.

DR. MURRAY,

OFFICE, 145 QUEEN STREET.

CHARLOTTETOWN.

ap10

MONTAGUE

Carriage Factory.

We are showing this season a finer line of Carriages than shown by us heretofore. The assortment consists of

Top and Open Buggies, Jump Seats and Road Carts.

For style, comfort, durability and excellence of workmanship our stock cannot be surpassed.

Also at hand, at lowest prices, CARTS, TRUCK WAGONS, and all Carriage Findings, such as Pocket Boots, Whip Sockets, Washers, etc., usually found in a first-class Carriage Shop.

Prompt attention to Repairs. Painting a specialty. Terms reasonable.

JOHN McLEAN & SON.

july13—dy & wky

HICKEY & NICHOLSON,

Tobacco Manufacturers,

NO. 1 QUEEN STREET.

Try their New Brands of BRIGHT CHEWING and BRIGHT SMOKING 8's to the pound.

—ALSO—

Their Old Reliable Brands of BLACK CHEWING and BRIGHT SMOKING TWIST.

Prices Lower Than Imported Tobaccos.

Ch'town, April 1, 1895—6m 135 wy

Mechanical Drawing, &c

The undersigned is prepared to give evening lessons in Mechanical and Industrial Drawing; to make Plans and Specifications for Patents, Copying, Blue-printing and Draughting in general.

L. W. MACDONALD,
Land Surveyor and Draughtsman.
Nov—21

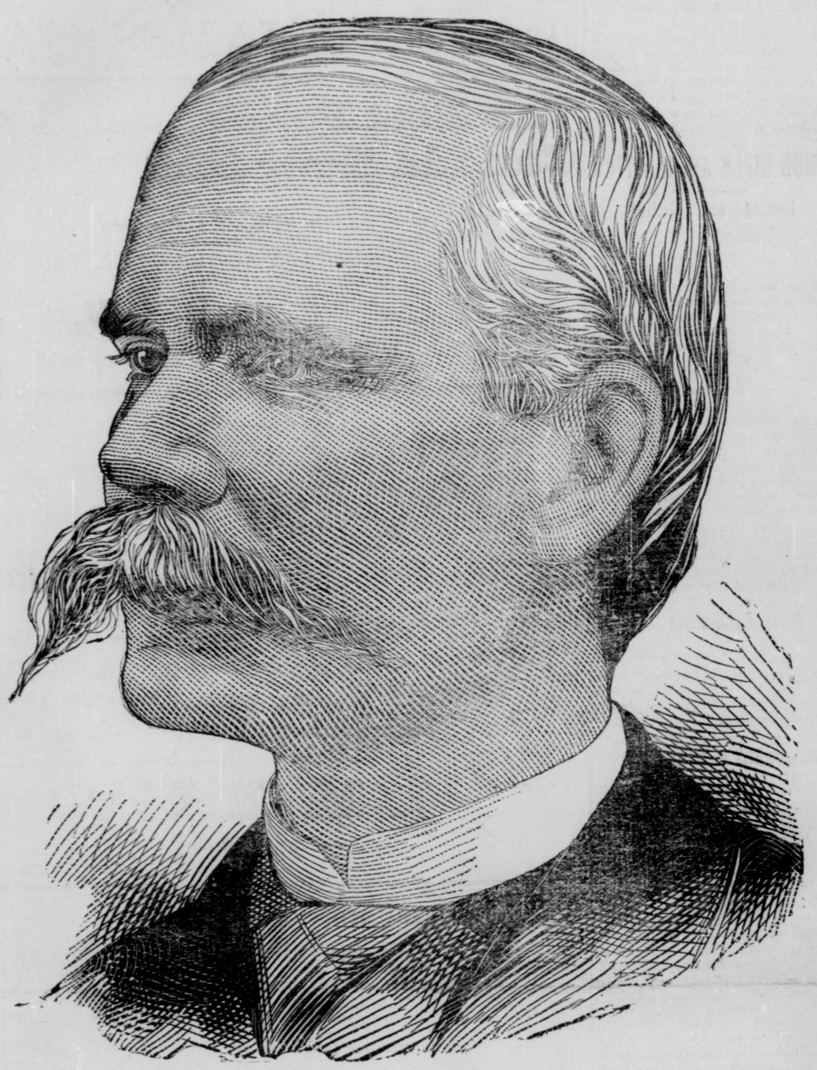
For Sale or To Rent.

The well-known Business Stand, the "Central Hotel," formerly the "Railway House," situated on Richmond Street. This Hotel contains 21 rooms, with large Shop and good stabling for 25 horses. Is centrally situated, and within two minutes' walk of Market House and Post Office. Apply to

THOMAS CAMPBELL,
Richmond Street.
ap23—dy 246 & wky

JOHN NEWTON WILLIAMS.

Eminent Inventor of the Williams Typewriter Owes Strength and Health to Paine's Celery Compound.



The old-time visionary inventor has given place to the practical, hard-working professional inventor of to-day.

The successful inventor must now be a business man as well as a man of mechanical ideas.

The high tension of the nervous system, often kept up for months and months, makes tremendous drafts on the health of those busy brain workers. Many succumb to nervous prostration when they seem just on the point of surmounting every difficulty.

Of all the countless recent useful inventions none has passed through so many or so rapid a course of improvements as the typewriter. To-day, the latest perfected machine is undoubtedly the Williams Typewriter, which represents a vast amount of cumulative invention.

Many of the best commercial houses and large corporations in Canada are now using the Williams Typewriter. This perfected machine has also been adopted by some departments of the British and Canadian governments.

John Newton Williams, its inventor, was born in 1845, in Brooklyn, N. Y. He spent his early manhood on the western frontier. Subsequently he settled in Kentucky, where he became known as one of the most successful stock breeders in the state.

But it is as an inventor that he has won his national reputation. Several most useful and important inventions were made by him before he produced the Williams typewriter, a machine that probably excels all others in the most important features.

Mr. Williams, speaking of the labor expended in bringing the machine that bears his name to its present perfection, says:

"Some four years ago, when engaged in experimental work on the 'Williams,' I was putting in about 16 hours per day of hard work and worry, and came near breaking down. Although very particular and regular in my habits, and careful about eating, my stomach troubled me. It was difficult to eat, and more difficult to digest and assimilate my food, my stomach acting in sympathy with an overworked brain. A friend had sent some Paine's Celery Compound to one of my business associates, and knowing him personally, and seeing what it did for him, I thought I would try it. I commenced taking it before meals, and it at once stimulated my appetite and aided digestion. I took two bottles and was much benefited.

"Again, two years later I was troubled with nervousness and indigestion, and again took Paine's Celery Compound with great benefit. My wife, after her long illness last summer, and severe nervous prostration, and some trouble from indigestion, concluded to Paine's Celery Compound, a few weeks ago, and she is now taking it with steady improvement. Several of my friends have taken it on my recommendation, and are now practical believers in its great restorative powers. I have found the Celery Compound a tonic and restorative that I could lean upon with confidence in time of trouble.

Paine's Celery Compound makes people well! As a spring remedy it is unsurpassed.

Dominion Coal Company, Ltd

The undersigned having been appointed sole selling Agents in the Province of Prince Edward Island for the above Company, are now prepared to issue orders for Round, Slack and Run of Mines, and will keep a Stock of each Mine's Coal on hand to supply customers at lowest prices.

PEAKE BROS. & CO.,
Selling Agents.
Charlottetown, May 25, 1894—tf

AUTOMATCH

At a Low Price

IS WHAT YOU WANT.

SEE OUAS.

G. H. TAYLOR,

North Side Queen Square

mch30

FOR SALE.

House in Georgetown.

That Dwelling House in Georgetown the property of Mrs. Capt. John McDonald, formerly known as the "McDonald House," together with the outbuildings.

This House is in first-class repair, contains fourteen large rooms, and is well adapted for a Dwelling or Boarding House.

Any party or parties desirous of securing a summer residence will find this a capital opportunity.

This property will be sold at a bargain

For terms and particulars apply at the office of J. A. Matheson, Solicitor, George town, or to

L. W. MACDONALD,
ap5 Box 694, Charlottetown.

CUSTOM WORK

—AND—

REPAIRING!

We are prepared to fill all orders for Custom Work promptly. Stock, workmanship and prices right. Repairing of all kinds done neat and cheap.

J. H. BELL,

Ch'town, April 19, 1895—dy The Reliable Boot and Shoe Dealer.

DAIRYMEN!

I am now prepared to furnish the Dairy Associations of P. E. Island with all sizes of Milk Cans of superior material and workmanship. Sample Cans for examination will be sent free of cost on application, and may be seen at the store. Also, Vats and all heating and other apparatus necessary in such establishments.

I am also prepared to furnish handsome Wrought Iron, Scroll and Crescent Cemetery Palings at very reasonable prices, according to quality. To see them is to be convinced of their merits.

Remember, I guarantee all my work to give entire satisfaction. such as it has been doing for the past thirty years.

At the Old Stand QUEEN STREET.

AUGUSTUS HERMANS.

Charlottetown, April 11, 1895—dy & wy

FEATS OF MEMORY.

THE ANCIENT WERE NO BETTER THAN US MODERNS.

Just to Prove It, a Professor Imposes a Task on One of His Pupils, Who Gave an Accurate Narration of American History Equal in Length to the Iliad.

A distinguished professor in a New York institution of learning favored a Sun reporter with some interesting ideas upon the power of the memory, bearing especially on the opinion recently given by Dr. Max Muller, "that the memory of man has become something totally different from what it was in ancient times, when reading and writing were unknown.

"I do not agree with Muller," said the New York professor, "in the belief that the memorizing capacity of a man has degenerated in the last three or four thousand years. It is true that the Iliad of Homer was kept in existence for ages by oral tradition, and was memorized by many Greeks. It is true that the Kalevala, the great national epic of Finland, which is as long a work as the Iliad, was kept in existence by the same means, and was memorized by the Hindoos. The facts given by the Oxford scholar are as intertsting as his inferences are erroneous. I believe that there are plenty of living Americans who are capable of performing as remarkable feats of memory as any that were ever performed by Greek, or Finn, or Hindoo. Not long ago I made two or three experiments which seem to me to support this opinion. It is easy to say that there are not precisely analogous to the memorizing of the Iliad or the Kalevala; but it will certainly be admitted that the test of memory in many cases was about as severe as it could have been in the other cases.

"A young man, who was once a pupil of mine, and who is very well versed in American history and of lively imigination, was my first subject. Having occasion to pass a week in his company at a country place. I told him that I would like him to spend a few hours of every day of the week in reciting within my hearing an account of American history from memory, to an extent about as great as that of four Looks of the Iliad for each of the six days. My young friend asked me to give him an hour to think of the task thus imposed upon him and to promise him that no one but his old professor should be within sight.

"At noon of the first day we were out in the woods, seated upon logs that fronted each other, and with our backs resting against living trees. He began his task. At first he sat on the log, but within a half hour he stood erect as he spoke and gave evidence of the deepest interest in his theme. He opened with a rapid survey of the maritime adventures of the latter part of the 15th century, recounted sundry tales of the Norsemen and the Portuguese, told of the voyages in quest of the unknown, sketched scenes or incidents of tradition or romance, pictured various characters who had played their parts, approached the times of Christopher Columbus, whose personality he touched upon, and at last got to the point where the Italian navigator has hoisted his sails and set out upon his wondersome voyage. What I may call the first book of my young friend's American offhand epic closed with Columbus upon the stage. He had spent fully two hours in telling that part of the tale, which must have been about as long as the first four books of Homer's Iliad. He got warmed up at times, as he stood upon the ground or mounted his log, as he gesticulated or changed the inflection of his voice to suit the circumstance. His language seems to be rhythmical at places, and he turned his periods well. Now, it may with perfect fairness be said that this young man had, in the course of his studies in previous years, memoralized the whole of the story which he narrated in my hearing that day. How else could he have known it? I recognized as I went along passages a-plenty that were of the nature of transcripts from the books of the historians which he studied. I had to smile frequently as I recognized his reproductions of the opinions or even the words of many a historical writer with whom I was more familiar than he was. His memory had served him as well as that of the ancient reciters of the Iliad had served them. And it did not seem to me that the memory of the latter needed to be any greater than his proved to be when put on trial. Why could he not have learned to recite the Iliad literally by the exercise of the same mental power that enabled him to render the narrative which I had heard? I must think that my old master, Max Muller, would revise at least one of his opinions if I were able to tell him of the experiments that I have made with young men in the use of the memory.

"Our second day in the woods," continued the New York professor, "covered about as much as four more books of the length of Homer's. Now Columbus breasted the waves, descried the sought-for land, met the natives thereof, raised the cross, and got glimpses of things that amazed his soul. My young friend's portion of the epic for that day was even better than that of the previous day, and I encouraged him by clapping my hands at some of his passages as I sat upon the log.

"We proceeded with the appointed task upon each of the ensuing four days. He told of the early French and English navigators who sailed the seas that lave our shores; he ranged over the primitive setlements in Massachusetts, Virginia and elsewhere; ran through our colonial history, stopping here or there to give his fancy a chance to play, and brought up more characters than Homer ever knew. It must have been largely through my young friend's memory—was it not?—that he was able to continue this epic. Our third day's and our fourth day's tales were told within the allowed two hours for each day.

"Our fifth day opened with the great figure of George Washington in the background, and even Homer had not a character to equal him. My young friend portrayed the American hero, recounted his achievments, and described the chief scenes of the revolution, mingling his narrative with incidents not less picturesque than those of the Iliad. He closed the day with the Revolution triumph, with Washington as the first President, and with the young republic preparing for its destiny. It was the best of all our days thus far. My young friend had been broken in. He had gained confidence in himself. His experiences had helped him. He felt more free than he felt at first. Upon this day, as upon all the previous days, I often recognized the sources of his knowledge and could almost put my hand upon the very pages of the volumes from which he had got the language he used. Surely all this was the operation of the memory. I say that his memory was the source of his speech, as he proceeded with his daily task.

"Upon the sixth and last day of our task my young friend gave me our country's record from the Revolution to the War of 1812, from that time to the great Rebellion and along down to recent years. I am sure that when the day's duty of two hours in length was ended he had given me in the course of the week as long a story as that which Homer gave in the 24 books of his Iliad; and though he had not Homer's pomp, it had the characteristics of a genuine narrative. I affirm that the material of it and much of the diction of it had been stored up in his memory. Dr. Max Muller is wrong in saying that the ability to memorize does not exist in our day to the extent that it existed in ancien times.

"There are men yet living in Finland who, like the men of old, can recite the Kalevala poems, and men in Hindostan who know the Veda by heart, and I guess there are Americans who have memorized the Iliad. I myself can recite the whole of Milton's Paradise Lost, though I have not an extraordinary memory. I firmly believe that the human memory is as good in the 19th century as it was thousands of years ago.

"I have referred to but one of the many experiments I have made in regard to the power of the memory in our generation. All that is needed for its development is training of it in the young. I wholly disbelieve in Dr. Muller's singular statement that the memory has become something totally different from what it was in ancient times. I have no doubt that it is as good in use, when cultivated, as it was in those of our ancestors who first peopled the world, and I firmly believe that it is far better in us than it was in them, as are all our mental faculties."

Turkish Press Censorship.

The more enlightened and educated classes, finding that the papers in their own country contained no useful information or news, subscribed to the Egyptian journals; but not many of these were allowed to be delivered; they were collected at the various post-offices and burned. A few of the natives subscribed to the English, French, and other European papers. These, being in foreign languages, are allowed to enter, but almost every week telegraphic orders arrive from Constantinople ordering the Governors to prevent the delivery of such and such a paper. Once when the foreign mail arrived at Beyrout the newspapers were not delivered, and soon after the Governor, accompanied by the respective Consuls, visited the British and Austrian post-offices. The doors were locked, and they were closeted within for some hours. The Governor took every copy of The Times, Standard and Daily News and cut therefrom with a pair of scissors half a column, which contained a graphic account of the atrocities committed on the Armenians. This was done in persuance of strict telegraphic orders from Constantinople. The act itself was bad enough, but how the Ambassadors should have so far connived at it is inexplicable; and it is somewhat doubtful whether the Foreign Offices in London or Vienna had any knowledge of the occurrence..

In every town of the Empire there is a branch office called the "Court of Public Instruction." Whenever any European publication arrives it is taken immediately to this court, where it is carefully examined. Those that contain nothing objectionable are delivered; but such as do not meet the approval of the learned council are committed to the flames in their presence. About four years ago an English encyclopedia reached the Custom House at Beyrout. Owing to its enormous size and the impossibility of wading through the whole number of volumes, the one containing the letter "M" was turned up and the article on Mohammed carefully perused. It would have afforded considerable amusement to have been present on that occasion, for as a rule Turkish officials do not excel in linguistic attainments, and the censor himself generally knows no language but his own. Imagination therefore plays a prominent part in the direction of the public affairs of Turkey. The erudite members of the council then assembled solemnly declared that that particular volume of the encyclopedia contained matter unfit for the reading of the subjects of the "Crown of Ages and the Pride of All Countries." It was consequently burned, and the remaining volumes delivered.—Nineteenth Century.

Tale of a Resentful Cat.

Blossom is a big grey cat. She has been in the family for seven years, and her mistress thinks she was fully ten when she came uninvited and took possession. Her charms made her welcome, and visitors, as a rule, pet her to her heart's satisfaction. Still she shows her loyalty to her mistress by many feline felicities. One day a young man came for a short visit. He was an inveterate tease. As there was no one else for a victim, he took Blossom in hand, in spite of pleadings and protestations. Her ears were greeted with the strange terms, "Old rascal," "Scape-grace," "Tramp," and kindred names, till the astounded cat did not know what had come to her. Her pretty ways disappeared, she fled from his approach, and hid whenever she could till he was out of the house. One morning she was missing for some hours, and was not to be found in any of her hiding-places. A loud cry from the chambermaid revealed her whereabouts. Blossom had revenged herself on the visitor's nightshirt, which lay in tatters on the floor. Pussy was scolded, and everyone was cautioned to keep the door shut. In vain! The cat would find her way in and hide till the chambermaid was through for the day, and then the claws went to work, first on the visitor's own clothes if any could be found, and then on the pillow-cases. The young man tried to soothe her feelings, but she would have none of him, and he was glad to cut short his visit. Blossom quickly recovered her usual demeanor, and has never been known to destroy anything from that day to this.—Boston Transcript.

There is a movement on foot to hold a convention of Irish Americans in one of the larger cities of the United States at an early date. It is the intention to inaugurate a new and bolder policy in the interest of Irish independence. The idea is to force the Irish question upon the attention of the world, which, it is alleged, will compel a settlement satisfactory to the Irish people.

"Pa, will women get their rights?"
"I don't know, my son; but if they do there'll be very little left for the rest of us."

REAL MERIT is the characteristic of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cures even after other preparations fail. Get Hood's and ONLY HOOD'S.

Experience Has Proved It

A triumph in medicine was achieved when experience proved that Scott's Emulsion would not only stop the progess of Pulmonary Consumption, but by its continued use, health and vigor could be fully restored

THE KINETOPHONE.

Edison's Life-Size Figures, With Vocal Accompaniment.

The kinetophone is the name decided upon by Thomas A. Edison for his latest contrivance. It is a combination of the well-known kinetoscope and the phonograph, and it gives sound as well as action. The new machine resembles the kinetoscope closely, with the addition of rubber tubes and ear pieces, by means of which the voices of the subjects shown may be heard.

The matter of combining the two machines was, according to Mr. Edison, very simple, the only obstacle being to get them to work in perfect accord. That is, the kinetoscope and phonograph had to be started at exactly the same time, or the action and sound would not come in together. The machine in its present state is small and the pictures produced are only the ordinary small ones of the kinetoscope. The problem that Mr. Edison has now set out to solve is the production of life-size figures, and he says he will have the machine in working order in three months.

His idea is to throw the life-size pictures of the kinetoscope upon sheets by means of the stereopticon, and to produce the sounds through trumpets attached to the phonograph. In experimenting for the production of life-size pictures many obstacles have been encountered. The machine requires a larger film and a more powerful light, and the pictures produced must be flawless. In the small machines slight flaws are not noticeable, but when these pictures are magnified 500 times to make them life-size, the deviation of a hair's breadth will amount to an inch when shown on the sheet. The slightest waver will spoil the picture.

Mr. Edison is enthusiastic over the kinetophone, and says he will be able to produce grand opera with it, besides many other things. "In fact," he said, "the field of usefulness of the kinetophone is without limit."—New York Sun.

Economical Water Handling.

There is now in use at the Crystal Falls mine, on the Menominee range, Michigan, a new system of handling the water, which is said to reduce the pumping cost by about 50 per cent. A bailer of the square pattern is employed to run down a shaft, and the bottom of this shaft being the lowest point in the mine, a sump has been sunk, into which flows the large volume of water. Into this sump the bailer plunges, bringing 600 gallons to the surface at intervals of 2 1-2 minutes. The water is discharged automatically up at the surface into a chute, from whence it is conducted by ducts to a point in the valley several hundred feet below, where no portion of it can subsequently find its way back into the workings. The bailer is supplied with a balance, a linear casting weighing 1,200 pounds, which exerts the same influence upon the hoisting of the burden of water as does the old fashioned sweep and weight well attachment, reducing to a minimum the energy required in hoisting the water.

M. COQUELIN.

The Great French Comedian.

These are the features of the Prince of French Comedians, whose "Tartuffe," which he may be said to have made his own, convulses every audience which has the delight of seeing the master portray the arch hypocrite. Respecting "Vin Mariani," he says: "Strange to say that 'Vin Mariani,' so exquisite a wine, should also be a remedy, and a delicious one at that, so pleasant to the taste and so beneficial to the entire system." And Coquelin merely states a truth which is attested by the most famous men and women of the age, by the foremost medical men, and the managers of all the great hospitals. "Vin Mariani" is indeed beneficial to the system. The weakest can digest it; the most debilitated are benefited by it; and as has been often said regarding it, "It gives new life and hope." "Vin Mariani" is the great tonic-stimulant of the age, used by the great brain-workers of the world, who find that, exhausted by overwork, it refreshes, strengthens, and builds up the whole system. An album of portraits of many celebrities who have spoken highly of "Vin Mariani" will be sent to those who send their address to Lawrence A. Wilson & Co., Montreal, the Canadian Agents.

WINES FOR EVERYBODY.

France produced three hundred million gallons more wine last year than it could consume or export. The Bordeaux Claret Company of 30 Hospital Street, Montreal, have purchased some of this good nourishing wine from the growers, and are now offering it at $3.00 and $4.00 per case of 12 large bottles, or $1.00 extra per 24 pint bottles. Write for price list to the Bordeaux Claret Company, 30 Hospital Street, Montreal.

Grateful—Comforting.

EPPS'S COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.

Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in packets, by Grocers, labelled thus,

JAMES EPPS & CO., Ltd, Homoeopathic Chemists, London England.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Charlottetown Gas Light Company will take place at the Gas Works on TUESDAY, the 14th of May, 1895, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing Directors and the general transaction of business.

LEMUEL McKAY,
ap27—tl mtg Secretary.

Weak, Tired, Nervous

Women, who seem to be all worn out, will find in purified blood, made rich and healthy by Hood's Sarsaparilla, permanent relief and strength. The following is from a well known nurse:

"I have suffered for years with female complaints and kidney troubles and I have had a great deal of medical advice during that time, but have received little or no benefit. A friend advised me to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and I began to use it, together with Hood's Pills. I have realized more benefit from these medicines than from anything else I have ever taken. From my personal experience I believe Hood's Sarsaparilla to be a most complete blood purifier." MRS. C. CROMPTON, 71 Cumberland St., Toronto, Ontario.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Only

True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye today.

Hood's Pills easy to buy, easy to take, easy in effect. 25c.

USE SUNLIGHT SOAP

SOLD BY ALL GROCERS 6c THE TWIN BAR

SUMMERSIDE ADS.

W. B. MALLETT,

HAIR DRESSER,

Shaving, Hair Cutting Shampooing.

Having lately renovated and refitted my Shop, I am now prepared to give satisfaction in all kinds of Barber work.

ap8—dy 3m

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