

The Liberal-Conservative Candidate
Dr. Jenkins.

Liberal-Conservative committee rooms: Connolly's building, Queen Street. Store lately occupied by W. & A. Brown & Co. Open all hours.

THE DAILY EXAMINER.
AUGUST 15, 1884.

The Fishing Bounty.

A vigorous letter, published in another column, shows that the people have a right appreciation of the tendency of Dr. McIntyre's remarks in the House of Commons to excite suspicion against applicants for the fishing bounty, and to delay the payment of the bounty.

As to the difference in the bounty-money now being paid from the amount paid last year, it appears that when the calculation was made in 1882 to allow each boat fisherman \$2.50, the Department of Fisheries found it was too little, and so doubled it,—making it \$5. But as no data was fixed for receiving claims, such a number was received that \$27,000 was paid in excess of the \$150,000, which is the amount voted each year. That sum of \$27,000 was taken off the 1883 vote, and, of course, the allowance this year to the fishermen is smaller than last year. Still they get the \$300,000 in two years; and next year, again the cheques will be all right, as there will be no \$27,000 to deduct.

This explanation will, we are sure, satisfy the minds of our fishermen who have felt aggrieved because the Bounty was not paid sooner, and because their respective amounts are smaller than those paid last year.

It should be remembered that if the Grits were in power, or had their way, the Bounty would not be paid at all.

The Sugar Question—Another Misrepresentation Met.

The Patriot is at its old tricks again misrepresenting facts and endeavoring to create a false impression as regards prices of sugar under the National Policy. We quote from its columns in its issue of Wednesday:

"Market reports from Barbadoes, dated 29th July, 1884, state that sugar has gone down there to two and one quarter cents (2 1/4) per pound wholesale. This is a good sugar, and could be retailed here at about four cents and a quarter (4 1/4) per pound, were it not for the duty. Why should the people of P. E. Island be compelled to pay six or seven cents a pound for sugar not equal to the Barbadoes sugar? It may suit Sir John McDonald's friends—the refiners—but it does not suit the people of P. E. Island; and we trust the electors of Queen's County will say so by voting for Welsh on the 19th."

The following are the actual facts. Raw sugar recently advanced in Barbadoes, from \$2.25 per 100 lbs, to \$2.40 and \$2.50 per 100 lbs. The quotations are for low grades used altogether for refining, and are not suitable for grocery retailing purposes. Under the McKenzie tariff, that grade of sugar could not be sold here wholesale, under \$5.45 per 100 lbs; while under the present tariff, it could be sold at \$5.25 per 100 lbs. If sugars were absolutely free from duty, (as Sir John's government has made tea) the grade referred to could be sold here wholesale, at \$4.00 per 100 lbs. The Patriot's arguments, therefore, are self-explosive—like all its misrepresentations—and the impression, attempted to be conveyed by its article, that if the Grits get control of the Government such sugars could be retailed here at 44 cents is simply a fraud of the worst kind. Every intelligent man understands that neither Blake, Davies, or even Mr. Welsh (with all his boasted influence) could not run a Government without imposing a tariff on sugar; and no one knows this better than the editor of the Patriot—his inferences to the contrary notwithstanding.

Reciprocity.

The Moncton Times, commenting on the issues in the contest in this County, says respecting Reciprocity:—

"The Canadian people and the 'Tory Government' are prepared to negotiate for reciprocity on an equitable basis. If the Americans will admit Canadian lumber, and coal, and fish, and the products of the farm free of duty, the Canadians will return the compliment in respect to such similar articles as the United States desire to sell them. The Grit policy was to give the people of the United States free access to our markets, while Canadian products were met with duties that were almost prohibitory. That was jug-handled reciprocity, and we greatly mistake the temper and the spirit of the Canadian people if any considerable number of them desire a return to that condition of things. The electors of Queen's, Prince Edward Island, will show by the election of Dr. Jenkins that, while they desire reciprocity, they do not intend to sacrifice their patriotism or their national independence to get it—that they can live without it until such time as the American people are prepared to meet them upon a basis of equality—that they do not intend to humble themselves, by making concessions that have not been asked for and for which no return can reasonably be expected. It is clear, that if we get reciprocity at all, we must have something to offer in return for the removal of duties on the other side of the line. Return to the old tariff, and we will have nothing to offer."

Mr. Davies' Reciprocity Resolution.

THE Moncton Times rightly says: "Mr. Davies' resolution was, however, moved for the purpose of embarrassing the Government—it was a clear motion of want-of-confidence—and the Government could not honorably accept it. Had it been in the direction of more protection, and moved in the same spirit, it must have been treated in a similar manner by the Government, and the fact that Mr. Davies' reciprocity resolution was voted down by the Government is no indication of hostility on the part of the Liberal-Conservative party toward reciprocity."

—The Temperance men of Westmoreland (N. B.) have scored another victory.

—Remember that the poll opens on Tuesday next at 9 o'clock in the morning and closes at five in the afternoon.

—An answer to the question of our correspondent "Lex" will appear tomorrow.

THE CAMPAIGN.

The Meeting at Pisquid East.

A LARGE and influential meeting was held in this locality last night. The Liberal-Conservatives were largely in the majority. The speakers were:—Hon. Neil McLeod, Donald A. McDonald, Esq., John S. McDonald, Esq., Henry Douglas and Henry Mooney. The best of order prevailed. The Grit argument was very weak. Donald A. McDonald tried to convince the people that the Nihilist movement in Russia, was owing to the protection. The electors were too intelligent to listen to such stuff. The chairman, Alexander McDonald, Esq., presided over the meeting ably, and the meeting closed with a vote of thanks to the chairman, and three rousing cheers for Dr. Jenkins, the Liberal-Conservative candidate. Three cheers were also proposed by Donald A. McDonald, for Mr. Welsh, but the response was weak.

Meeting at Clifton.

A very large and influential meeting was held at Clifton last evening. The Liberal-Conservative speakers were well sustained. Gentlemen residing in the County say that the Liberal-Conservative cause is gaining ground in New London.

The New Hebrides Mission.

The ladies of Charlottetown are about getting up a "box" for this mission, and the following is a list of articles suitable for mission purposes, in the New Hebrides and South Sea Islands:—white cotton, unbleached cotton, striped and checked prints of all colors, spotted navy blue cotton (calico), turkey red calico, droget or homespun, white brown, checked grey, or any other variety, striped shirting, cheap towelling, blankets, either white or colored, counterpane, needles, thimbles, scissors, pins, tapes, hats for men and women, of any shape and color, ribbons and flowers, either old or new, thread of any kind, buttons, assorted, bright colored handkerchiefs, assorted fish hooks, tin pinto and half pinto, tin plates, iron spoons, tin pannikans, tin wash hand basins, sheath and clasp knives, hammers, assorted nails and spikes, stationery, copy-books (no headings,) pen and penholders, slates, lead pencils, (no slate pencils,) carpenter's (two foot) rules, fishing lines, paper shirt collars, (sizes 14 to 16). Made-up clothing—shirts and jackets made of different sizes with yoke set in at the neck, shirts for men and boys from six pears and upwards; those for the men, made in the ordinary way; for boys short, low in the neck bound with turkey red, and half sleeves bound with the same, trousers for lads and boys made short and of any material.

The question is whether in the event of future negotiation, the imposition of a tax on grain would operate in our favor. Fancy a Commissioner delegated by this Government, and sanctioned by the British Government, sent to Washington to negotiate a treaty of Reciprocity. The question might be asked what he desired, he replies: "I wish to have a free market in the United States for the products of our forest, fields and mines." Then the United States Commissioner might ask: "and what will you give us in return?" Our representative replies: "The free use of our markets for similar products of our country." The astute American would naturally say: "We have that already. I do not see that you offer us anything." We must remember we should have something to offer when we attempt to open up anew the Reciprocity Treaty.—WILLIAM PATERSON, M. P.

The Cholera Scare.

One curious effect of the cholera scare in France, has been a marked diminution of drunkenness in Paris. During the month of June, the average number of persons daily taken up by the police for being "drunk and incapable" was 170. On the first of July it declined to 104, and on the 12th, it had fallen as low as 53—the smallest number on record since the police regulations on the subject of street drunkenness have come into force. The day of the National fete, 200 such cases were reported; but the number was 500 in 1883. The same cause has contributed to keep the theatres empty for some time past, than has been the case for years. The Theatre Francais, which is fairly well attended, even in the height of summer, has played to such a poor house of late, that the receipts sometimes did not amount to "four figures"—that is, were less than 1,000 francs—a thing unprecedented during the last twenty-five years. One house took only 63 francs the other evening, not sufficient to pay the door openers and attendants.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

Qualification of Electors.

SIR,—It would be a great favor to your numerous readers if you would have the kindness to inform them definitely as to what constitutes qualification to vote at the Dominion Election to be held next week. Yours truly,
LEX.

Aug. 15, 1884.

A Japanese banquet is picturesque if not satisfying. There are no chairs for the guests, much less tables. Guests are not required to stand, however, but are furnished with cushions laid upon the matted floor. The banquet is enlivened with music, and a drama is frequently enacted on an adjoining veranda by youthful performers. The first course of the meal is usually boiled rice. Then follows soup, usually of fish and decidedly palatable. After the soup, little hand maidens come in with lacquered cups and a blue jar containing sake, which is slightly mullied. Then the rice bowls are removed, and lacquer bowls containing stewed wild duck, raw fish, white cakes of bean paste, and a little bowl of pickles are introduced. Then follows a fresh kind of soup, then fried fish and pickle vegetables, then a plate of fish stewed in soy, with a plate of lily bulbs and another of chestnuts. After this comes more cake, this time hot, which is followed by a kettle of plain hot water. Cigarettes are then served and an opportunity given for those who desire to stretch their by this time cramped limbs. Once more seated, the guests are invited to partake of the contents of a tray which contains plates of bean jelly, rice cake, and other toothsome things. After which comes fruit and tea, and at last a toothpick.

"We have told them, (the Americans) unmistakably, that WE ARE READY at any time to renew the Reciprocity Treaty of 1854."—SIR JOHN A. McDONALD.

Of the 50,000 postmasters in the United States there are 1,000 whose salaries are below \$10, 34 whose salaries did not last year amount to the sum of \$1 each, 15 whose salaries were less than 50 cents, and one—H. H. Forrest, of Redalia, Pitt County, N. C.—whose earnings for the year were nine cents. He says he is not afraid of being removed, even should Cleveland be elected.

"We have told them, (the Americans) unmistakably, that WE ARE READY at any time to renew the Reciprocity Treaty of 1854."—SIR JOHN A. McDONALD.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

DECIDED BENEFIT.
Dr. John P. Wheeler, Hudson, N. Y., says: "I have given it with decided benefit in a case of innutrition of the brain, from abuse of alcohol."

PUBLIC MEETING!

A PUBLIC MEETING of the Liberal-Conservative Party will be held in the

ATHENÆUM,

—ON—

Monday, August 18th, instant.

Chair to be taken at eight o'clock.

Dr. Jenkins and other speakers will address the meeting.

A. A. McLEAN, Secretary.

Ch'town, Aug 15—tl date

Cape Traverse Branch, P. E. I. R.

TENDERS will be received at my office, until Wednesday, the 20th instant, for the erection of a Station Building and Engine House at Cape Traverse, P. E. I. in accordance with the Plans and Specifications to be seen at my office here, and also at the office of James Brown, Engineer in charge, County Line, P. E. I.

P. S. ARCHIBALD, Chief Engineer.

Chief Engineer's Office, Moncton, N. B., August 15, 1884.

BLACK DIAMOND LINE.

Between Montreal, Charlottetown, Pictou and St. John's, Nfld.



THE FINE STEAMSHIP

"BONAVISTA,"

1,313 TONS REGISTER,

CAPTAIN D. ANDERSON,

SAILED FROM

Montreal for St. John's, Newfoundland,

ON 14th INSTANT,

Calling at Charlottetown and Pictou.

Will carry Horses, Cattle and Sheep on deck.

For Freight or Passage apply to

PEAKE BROS. & CO.,

AGENTS. Ch'town, Aug. 15—21

AUGUST!

L. E. PROWSE

IS SELLING THE FOLLOWING LINES OF

GOODS, VERY CHEAP:

Table Linen, Towelling, Towels, Sheetings, Grey and White Cottons, Tickings, Dress Goods, Black Cashmeres, Hats, Readymade Clothing, Teas, etc.

All those who want the best value for their money should call.

L. E. PROWSE,

Sign of the Big Hat, 74 Queen Street.

Ch'town, Aug 6 1884.—and wckly

AUGUST

NEW TEAS. Just landed and in store,

300 HALF-CHESTS SUPERIOR NEW TEAS.

W. A. WEEKS & CO.

SUGAR. 100 BARRELS SUGAR FOR SALE LOW.

W. A. WEEKS & CO.

COTTON WARPS. Best Quality, all Colors and White,

JUST RECEIVED.

W. A. WEEKS & CO.

Ch'town, Aug. 5, 1884

SUMMER GOODS,

—AT—

REDUCED PRICES.

J. B. MACDONALD

WILL, during the remaining part of July and August, sell off all Summer Goods, at greatly reduced prices to clear:

Ladies' Straw Hats, Sunshades, and Light Dress Material, very cheap.

A large stock of Cotton Warps, different makes, at the lowest prices.

My Readymade Clothing takes the lead for being the best and cheapest in the city.

J. B. MACDONALD,

Queen Street.

Ch'town, July 14, 1884.—2aw wckly.

Charlottetown Boot and Shoe Factory.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The cheapest and best place to buy is at

DORSEY, GOFF & CO'S

Ch'town, June 21, 1884.—and wckly

Election for the Electoral District of Queen's County.

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to the 121st section of the Dominion Election Act, 1874, that John Theophilus Jenkins, a candidate at the election now pending for the above District, has declared George Peake, of Charlottetown, in Queen's County, Prince Edward Island, Merchant, as his agent, for the purposes mentioned in the said section of the said Act.

Dated at Charlottetown, in Queen's County, this eleventh day of August, A. D., 1884.

HENRY LONGWORTH,

Returning Officer.

Political Meetings,

In the interest of the Liberal-Conservative candidate,

DR. JENKINS,

at the following places and times:

McLinn's Po ge, French Village, Cross Roads, on Wednesday, 13th August, instant, at 6.30 p. m.

Pisquid East School House, on Wednesday, 14th August, instant, at 6.30 p. m.

Lake Verde, Kelly's Corner, Let 48, on Friday, 15th August, instant, at 6.30 p. m.

Donagh School House, Saturday, 16th August, instant, at 6.30 p. m.

Aug 11—li wy li

Household Furniture.

TO be sold by Auction, at my Room, on Friday, 22nd instant, at two o'clock, a quantity of valuable Furniture, the property of a gentleman giving up housekeeping,—

1 Walnut and imitation Leather Parlor Set, 1 do. Dining Room do., 1 Easy Chair Handsome Walnut Sideboard, Centre Table (marble top), 1 very superior Pianoforte (London make, in oak case), Handsome Mantle Mirror (4ft 6in. by 2ft 9in), Five-o'clock-Table, Bird's-eye Maple Wardrobe, do Bureau (marble top), do Washstand, do Iron Bedsteads, Spring Mattresses Feather Beds, Hand some Pictures, 1 large Dinner Set, China and Glass Ware, Carpets and Rugs, Butler's Tray and Stand, Music Stool and Cantebury, together with a lot of Bed-room and Kitchen Furniture.

WILLIAM DODD,

Auctioneer.

Aug 13, 1884—6i wy li

NOTICE.

I HEREBY give notice that I will sell at Public Auction, if not claimed on or before Monday, the eighteenth day of August, at the hour of one o'clock, p. m., in the subscriber's yard, four one-year OLD HEIFERS (three brindle heifers and one BULL, white and black,) found running at large in Little York School District.

RICHARD VESEY,

Reeve.

Little York, Aug. 4, 1884.

BANK SHARES.

BY Auction, Saturday next, August 16th, at eleven o'clock, at my Auction Room, Ten Paid Up Shares in the Merchants Bank P. E. I.

A. McNEILL,

Auctioneer.

Ch'town, Aug. 13.—2i

Private School.

THE MISSES BAYNE intend opening a Private School, on Monday, the first of September. For particulars inquire at their house, on Hillsborough Street, near Hillsborough Square. Miss Lillie Bayne will be happy to receive any additional music pupils. Ch'town, Aug 13, '84.

HOUSE AND LOT.

TO be sold by Auction, on Monday, 25th instant, at twelve o'clock, on the premises on Cross Street, near McKinnon & McLean's Foundry, a plot of land measuring fifty feet front, and extending to the rear one hundred feet, together with a Building House thereon. Terms liberal.

WILLIAM DODD,

Auctioneer.

Ch'town, Aug 13, 1884.

Salesman Wanted.

IN a Wholesale Grocers' Store, one who has had some experience on the road preferred. Apply in own hand-writing, stating salary, to "X," EXAMINER office. Ch'town, Aug 11.

ST. PETER'S SCHOOLS

THE BOYS' SCHOOL

WILL RE-OPEN ON MONDAY, AUG. 25th. Subjects Taught—All English Branches, Latin, Greek, French, and German if desired.

THE GIRLS' SCHOOL.

All English Branches Taught—Mathematics, Latin and French, if required. Applications may be made to the master, Rev. W. B. KING, Grafton Street; or to Miss HARRIS, Pownall Street. Ch'town, Aug 7, 1884.

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

TEACHER WANTED—A teacher wanted for the Primary Department of Springton Grammar School. Apply immediately to either of the undersigned, D. A. Nicholson, Angus Nicholson, Trustees, Springton, August 14, 1884.—2i d 2i wk pd.

LOST—By a passenger of S. S. Bonavista, on or about July 20th (Sunday), a pair of Opera Glasses. The finder will please return them to THE EXAMINER Office, where he will be handsomely rewarded. Aug 15 3i

WANTED—A Clerk, for general housework. Apply to Mrs. Wm. Taylor, Hillsborough Street. Aug 15 11 pd

TO LET—A House on Dorchester Street, with ten rooms, and Stable. Apply to G. C. WORTON. Aug 15 3i pd

WANTED—Two Journeymen Shoemakers. Apply to JOHN MONAGHAN, Richmond Street. Aug 14

WANTED, in a small family, a servant to do general housework. Apply at this office. Aug 14 3i pd

FOUND ADRIFT, on Saturday last, off Railway Wharf, a small black Row Boat. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying for this advertisement. Apply at this office. Aug 14 3i

TO LET—Near Spring Park (opposite Woolen Factory) a neat little Cottage, containing six rooms. There is in kitchen a pump, containing a never-failing supply of pure water. Also a small Garden in connection. Apply to A. CLARK, Oakland House, King Street. Aug 14 pat 5i

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—Two Dining Room Girls and a Chamber Maid. Apply at this office. Aug 14

WE will give exclusive sale at and near Charlottetown, of our Entire Wheat Flour, to a dealer who will push it. Covered by patent. Easily sold. We guarantee 100 lbs. more bread to the barrel than any other flour.—FRANKLIN MILLERS Co., 38 Clark Street, Chicago, Ill. Aug 2

TO LET—Shop and Tenement on Upper Queen Street, at present occupied by Mrs. McLean. Apply to J. McGILL. Aug 2—pat.

MONEY TO LEND at 5 per cent., in sums over \$500, upon personal security; also upon mortgage, not less than \$1,000, at 4 per cent. Apply by letter to EDWARD McKINNON, B. C. L., 167 St. George Street, Montreal. Aug 1

WANTED.—A Good Plain Cook. Apply at Admiral Bayfield's. Aug 1

FOR SALE—A Cabinet Organ, as good as new, has been very little used, will be sold at a bargain. Apply to W. H. Boreham, Grafton Street. Aug 9 law

BOARD—A couple of first-class Boarders, Ladies or Gentlemen, may find comfortable accommodation by applying to Mrs. W. Kennedy, Hillsborough Park. Aug 23 if

FOR SALE—A first-class No. 2 Singer Sewing Machine, for shoemaker's work, quite new. Also a Patent Cramping Machine, in good order. The above will be sold cheap for cash. Apply to JAMES McLEOD, Spring Park Road. Aug 22

TO LET—With immediate possession, that desirable Dwelling House, on Pleasant St., at present occupied by Henry Blatch.—W. V. DODD. Aug 17

TO LET—Two Furnished Rooms, with use of Kitchen, in a private family. Apply at this office. Aug 10

KENT MILLS and other choice brands Family Flour for sale by Henry Beer, Office and Warehouse, Water Street, near Forry Wharf. Aug 1