

by putting Coles into the old Council. He (Mr. McLean) was on good private terms with Mr. Coles, and thought him as fit for the Council as any one, but he had no business in it, as at present constituted. The Colonial Office knows the Governor well, and will think strangely of the people for passing these Resolutions. If the Crown maintain a Governor against the wish of the House of Assembly of any Colony, she forfeits the allegiance of that Colony. The game played in this little Island would never have been tried in any strong Colony. "Antigua," in the words of her historian, "would be ever famous for its opposition to Tyranny." The Governor of that Island had misbehaved both publicly and privately. The House of Assembly prayed repeatedly for his recall, and it was not granted. He, fearful of the sworn vengeance of many, surrounded his house with Soldiers; but the Militia, who were pretty well trained to the use of arms, walked up, took him to the public square, and hanged him. What was the consequence? The British Government, knowing that a Jury could not be found in the Island to convict the rioters, had them taken to London for trial, but when they got there they dared not try them, knowing that they themselves had committed the first breach by refusing to recall him when desired. He would advise the meeting not to put too much confidence in Mr. Coles' quarrel with the Charlottetown folks, as those gentlemen very often found no difficulty in making up their grievances over a bottle of wine. He must say again, that he was astonished at the Resolutions.

Mr. Coles came only as a spectator, and not to take any part in the meeting; but hearing that Mr. Rae was to attend to vindicate his conduct during the last Session, and knowing that if this meeting should condemn that conduct, he also would consider it condemning his, as he was proud to say that he had agreed and voted with Mr. Rae on all important questions. As to Mr. Montgomery's opinion about accepting office with the old Council, he (Mr. C.) had done no more than what Mr. Howe and his party had done in Nova Scotia, where, so long as the Governor was favourable to their views, they retained their seats at his Council Board; but when the Governor of that Province broke faith with the liberal party by calling Mr. Almon to the council, a gentleman notoriously opposed to their policy, they resigned their seats; and should Sir Henry now call Mr. Pope or any of his party, to his council, on a vacancy occurring, he (Mr. C.) would feel it his duty to resign. It had been said that the Governor's speech—or so much of it as related to Responsible Government—was directly opposed to the System. He did not think so: on the contrary, he believed the principles laid down in the Governor's speech to be essentially necessary to the safe working of the Responsible System. I for one (Mr. C. continued) would not accept office, unless I was prepared to concur in the just and constitutional views of the Governor. What use is a Representative of the people in the Executive Branch, where he is sworn to secrecy, if he dissents from the Governor? If his constituents should disapprove of the acts of the Government, the representative must, in order to vindicate his conduct, resign his seat. Lord Falkland accused Mr. Howe and his party of a desire to embarrass the Government when they resigned; but this Sir Henry could not do, were the principle which he himself laid down carried into effect. The letter addressed to me by Mr. Rae, previous to my acceptance of a seat in the Council, has been made the subject of much remark, and an attempt made to show, that as that letter was not signed by a majority of members, my appointment was not sanctioned by a majority. This reasoning is ridiculous, for the letter was never intended to be an indication of the feeling of the House on the subject of it. Had Mr. Rae thought it necessary that other members of the House should sign the letter, I do not hesitate to say they could be got to do so. Messrs. Clarke and N. Conroy expressed themselves satisfied with the appointment, and Mr. D. Maclean declared that he would offer no opposition to my re-election, which was then deemed a necessary consequence of that appointment: these facts prove that my appointment would not be opposed by a majority of the members. It has been rumoured, that on my acceptance of a seat in the Council, I would cease to advocate liberal measures. I tell those who have circulated the falsehood, that if I found I could not be as true to liberal principles and as serviceable to the liberal party in the council, as out of it, I would resign to-morrow. My determination to work with the liberal party has aroused the indignation of a certain Clique in Charlottetown against me, but I care very little about all they can do or say, either one way or the other; and I will tell Mr. Maclean that if he thinks I will follow his example in reconciling myself to old enemies, and forgetting our feuds, over a bottle of wine, he altogether mistakes my true character and disposition. Mr. Maclean has instanced the conduct of the people of Antigua, on one occasion, towards a Governor of that colony. I would suggest, that perhaps the anger of these people clouded their reason, and left them very much like certain parties in this Island, who are so blinded by their rage as to be unable to discover the merits of the man they most abuse. (Mr. Coles concluded, after making some further remarks, by expressing his hope that he would never be betrayed into any proceeding that might weaken his claim to the confidence of the liberal party.)

Mr. Rae did not exactly agree with Mr. Coles' saying he would resign, if Pope should succeed in getting into

the Council. No, sir; let him stay there, that we may have at least one good dog to bait the Boar. The more illiberals, the more need for one good, active, independent and upright man to watch them.

Mr. Rae continued at considerable length, and Mr. Montgomery replied; but being fatigued with taking notes so long, in a very uncomfortable position, I did not take down any more of their speeches. The meeting then, after a vote of thanks to Mr. McNutt, for his patient and impartial conduct in the chair, broke up a little before midnight.

B.

PASSENGERS.

In the Steamer 'Conqueror,' from Pictou, yesterday morning—Revs. John Spratt and James Waddell; John Longworth Esq., and Lady; Mr. and Miss Shannon, Mr. and two Misses Campbell, Mrs. J. Davis, Miss Creed, Miss Jeddier; Messrs. W. Longworth, John and James McKinlay, James Hyde, Farrell, Narroway, Patterson, O'Neill—and 7 in the steerage.

BIRTH.

On Monday the 6th inst., the Lady of the Hon. E. J. Jarvis, Chief Justice, of a daughter.

MARRIED.

On Thursday, the 9th inst., by the Rev. L. C. Jenkins, D. C. L., William Stainforth Macgowan, Esq., J. P., of Souris, to Ann Burston, eldest daughter of Dr. Boswall, of St. Peter's Road. At Pictou, on Thursday the 2nd instant, by the Rev. Charles Elliott, Mr. William LeLacheur, of P. E. Island, to Miss Jessie McKenzie of Carriboo.

DIED.

On Monday the 6th inst., at Mount Edward, very suddenly, deeply and deservedly regretted, Elizabeth, wife of the Hon. E. J. Jarvis, Chief Justice of this Island, aged 44 years. The funeral took place on Wednesday, when a large number of the most respectable residents paid their last tribute to departed worth:

On the 3d instant, Susan Eliza, daughter of Mr. Robert Longworth, aged 4 years.

On Wednesday morning, Pamela Victoria, youngest daughter of Mr. John Anderson, aged 10 months.

On Thursday afternoon, aged 6 months, James Thomas, only son of Mr. James R. Watt, Merchant, of this Town.

SHIP NEWS.

ENTERED.

Sept. 4—Brig Fanny, Smith, Plymouth; goods. Schooner New Triumph, Hopkins, Pictou; coal. Diana LeBlanc, Sydney; do. Catherine, McAdam, Miramichi; bal. 6—British Hero, Weeks, Bay Verte; deal. Nightingale, Woodin, Halifax; goods. Brigantine Francis, Hubbard, Boston, goods; Schr. Zebulon, McKay, Pictou; coal. Mary Ann, McKinnon, N.S.; Limestone. 7—Swan, Beers, Canso; Millstones. 8—Brig Lady Mary, McCann, Newfid.; bal. 9—Barbara Ann, Enman, do.; bal.

CLEARED.

Sept. 3—Schooner Mary Ann, Campbell, Pictou—bricks; 4—Margaret, Seaman, Shemague—5 Puns: Molasses; 7—Brothers, Smith, Pictou—bal; British Hero, Weeks, Bay Verte—bal; 8—Diana, LeBlanc, Sydney—bal; Nightingale, Wooden, Pictou—Tea, &c; Nymph, Van Emburgh, Richibucto—bal.

Situation Wanted.

A Situation wanted in a respectable Mercantile Establishment, by a person for many years in business. He would flatter himself that, from his knowledge of the country, and wide circle of acquaintances, he would be of advantage to whatever Establishment he might be engaged in. Application to be made to the Editor of the 'Examiner.' September 11.

NOTICE.

THOSE persons indebted to P. G. Clark on account of Goods purchased at Darnley, in the winter of 1845, are informed that if they do not make payment to Mr. Hyndman, by the 24th instant, they will be sued forthwith. September 11th, 1847.

JUST ARRIVED,

Per "Rob Roy," Captain Turnbull,  
25 Bbls. prime No. 1 HERRINGS  
6 Do. Pale SEAL OIL  
9 Do. COD OIL  
And on hand, of former importations—  
25 Barrels ROSIN  
40 Chests TEA—prime Congou  
10 Catties Do—do. Souchong  
100 Gross MATCHES, 2 boxes Indigo  
Brandy, Rum, Wine, English ALE, Griem's Porter,  
Feather BEDS, Clocks, and a variety of Furniture.  
All of which must be speedily sold at low prices, to close Sales.  
September 4. JAMES N. HARRIS.

DEALS FOR SALE.

A Cargo of DEALS and Hardwood TIMBER for Sale. Inquire at this Office. September 4.

HEAD STONES.

PERSONS wishing to obtain HEAD STONES, can be supplied by applying to the Subscriber, at Mr. A. McKinnon's, opposite the Gazette Office, or at Mr. Peake's Yard, at the Head of the Queen's Wharf. TOMB STONES and MONUMENTS made to order. JOHN CARMICHAEL. August 6th, 1847.

MR. A. McNEILL

BEGS to intimate to the Public that he has opened a SCHOOL in Mr. John Jury's Room, Kent Street, for the Instruction of Youth of both sexes, in the various branches of English Education. Mr. McNEILL hopes, from nine years experience as an Instructor of Youth, to give general satisfaction to those who may favor him with their support. Terms and Hours of Attendance made known on application. September 4.

PRICES CURRENT.

CORRECTED WEEKLY, BY THE MARKET CLERK.

WEST INDIA PRODUCE:	
Sugar, Porto Rico, per cwt., in Bond	41s 6d 42s a 6d
"    Refined, per lb.	11d a 1s
Molasses, Foreign, per gallon, in Bond	1s 7d a 1s 8d
"    British	None.
Rum, Jamaica,	1b,
"    Demarara, in Bond	5s a 5s 3d
"    U. S., 50 per cent. over proof, do.	5s 6d
Coffee, Porto Rico, in bond	7d a 7½d
"    St. Domingo, do.	6d a 6½d
PROVISIONS:	
Beef, P. E. Island	None.
"    "    per lb.	3d a 5d
Pork, prime, per brl.	100s. a 105s.
Mutton, per lb.	3d a 5d
Veal, do.	3d a 4d
Flour, do.	2½d a 3d
Oatmeal, do.	2d a 2½d
Tallow, do.	9d a 10d
Lard, do.	6d a 9d
Butter, Fresh, per lb.	1s a 1s 2d
Hams, per lb.	5d a 9d
Cheese, American, Duty paid	9d
"    P. E. Island,	4d a 8d
Eggs, per dozen	6d a 7d
Pearl Barley, per lb.	2½d
Flour, American Superfine, per brl.	43s a 45s
Oats, per bushel,	2s 2d a 3s
Rice, per cwt.	37s 6d
Turkeys each	4s a 6s
Codfish, per quintal	12s a 15s
Salmon each	3s 6d a 4s
Fowls each	1s a 1s 2d
Wheat, per bushel	6s a 8s
Potatoes do	1s 6d a 2s
TEA:	
Congou, in Bond,	1s 9d a 2s
Bohea, duty paid, 4d.	9d a 1s
SPIRITS:	
Brandy, per gallon, Martell's, in Bond	8s a 8s 3d
Gin, Hollands in Bond	4s 6d a 4s 8d
SUNDRY IMPORTS:	
Pale Seal Oil, per gallon	3s 6d a 3s 9d
Straw do do	3s a 3s 3d
Cod Oil	2s 3d a 2s 6d
Muscatel Raisins, per box	12s
Coal, Sydney, per chaldron	30s
Do. Pictou, large, do	30s
Do. do. small do	20s
Wood, per cord	10s
Pine Boards, per M	60 a 70s
Spruce do. do	40 a 45s
Hemlock do. do	35s
Shingles, Pine, do	10s
Do. Fir, do	6s a 7s
Fig Tobacco, P. E. I. Manufacture	11d a 1s
Cavendish Tobacco, American	9d a 11d
Turpentine, do	3s 9d a 4s
Canvas, No. 1, per yard	
Cordage, best, per cwt.	90s
Bar Iron, per ton	£21
Hoop do	
Sheet do	
Soap, English, per lb.	4½d
Do. Halifax, do	5d
Do. American do	4d
Mould Candles, Halifax, per lb.	11d
Do. do. P. E. Island, do	1s
Do. do. American, do	10d
Dip do. do	9d a 10d
White Wine Vinegar, per gallon	2s a 2s 3d
Common do. do	9d a 1s 4d
Leather, Neats, per lb	2s 9d
Do. Calf do	4s 6d a 4s 8d
Do. Sole, do	1s 3d
Indigo, do	5s a 6s
Hay, per ton, old	60s
Do. do. new	40s
American Brooms, per dozen	
Do. Buckets do	12 a 19s
Do. Clocks, Wood	17s
Do. do. Plain Brass	15s
EXCHANGE:	
On London, 60 days	21s a 25s
Do. 30 do	30 per cent.
On Halifax, 60 do	32½
Sovereigns	16 per cent.
Doubloons	30s.
Dollars	96s
	6s 2d

VALUABLE PROPERTY,

AND EXCELLENT STAND FOR BUSINESS FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale the HOUSE and FARM now occupied by him, on the St. Peter's Road, commonly known as the new Ten Mile House. The Land consists of 96 acres, 30 of which are clear, and the remainder is covered with an excellent growth of hard and soft wood. There is a good and commodious Dwelling House on the premises—which is well adapted either for a country Store or Inn, and there are three out offices, together with a Bake House, and an oven in it, built on the most approved American plan. The property has many advantages and conveniences that render it a desirable location for a country Inkeeper or Trader. Terms will be made known on application at the "Examiner" office, or on reference to JAMES MOINAGH. St. Peter's Road, Sept. 4, 1847.