

A Marine Monster.  
(From St. John's Star.)  
The following letter, forwarded to the "Star" from New York, will be read with intense interest by all who go down to the sea in ships.

On Monday, the 22d Nov., in lat. 0 35 S, long. 33 50 W, at 4.30 p.m., wind light from SSE, and smooth water, a curious ugly-looking monster came alongside the name of which no one knew or had any on board ever seen anything like it before. It had two heads and two wings and a long flat body, about 20 feet from head to tail, and measured across fully 28 feet, as each wing was about 12 feet thick. It appeared to be about 8 inches thick at each head. The color on top was brown and white, and underneath perfectly white. It was piloted about by two white fish about four feet long, resembling a codfish, one of which we shot. The monster tried repeatedly from 4.30 p.m. until 5.45 p.m., to get on board the vessel. As soon as we saw it, I had a heavy musket loaded with buckshot, and a revolver carrying half-inch slugs, and with the contents of these we saluted him each time he made for the vessel. He would go off about 20 feet, then make a rush for the vessel, and when he got to the side would rear out of the water. We gave him 15 slugs of buckshot, and put 20 half-inch slugs in him from the revolver, which only made him more furious, and at half-past five he appeared to have no intention of going away, but kept rushing at the side, and trying to suck or hold fast to it. We gave him the contents of the musket each time and it drove him back for a while. Finally I took a large harpoon and bent a new line to it, and the last time he made for the vessel, as soon as he rose out of water, I drove the harpoon right through him and the mate gave him the contents of the musket. He stopped motionless in the water for a few seconds and we commenced to haul in the line, when he started off at a fearful rate, running out the coil of line in about half a minute, and we could not stop it. It took the skin of my hands and smoked on the rail as it ran over the edge, but as soon as it came to the end the harpoon broke and we saw the monster no more. We hauled in the line and the harpoon was covered with grease and white flesh. In all my voyages I have never seen any thing like this, nor had any one on board, so I wish you would give this publicity, and the truth of which all hands on board can vouch for on our return to New York.

Yours truly,  
J. C. PAGE,  
Master brig "L'Arvenire,"  
of Bermuda, New York to Santos.

ALGIERS.

BATTLE BETWEEN THE FRENCH AND TUNISIAN RAIDERS—AN EXPEDITION CUT OFF.  
ALGIERS, April 2.—The last engagement between the French troops and Tunisian raiders was on Thursday. It was a serious affair and lasted eleven hours. Six tribes were engaged. Several other tribes are hesitating. It is believed that all those on the frontier are willing to join the aggressors at the first signal. The French troops have been reinforced.

The four natives who arrived at Ouargla on the 28th ult., report that an expedition was surprised by the tribe when four days march from Haider, south of Assine, and Col. Flatters and nearly all the members of the expedition were killed. One member named Dinons, with a subaltern officer named Polequin and sixty-one men escaped, but were subsequently overtaken by another tribe, who declared they had no share in the massacre. The tribe offered the fugitives some dates, but the fruit was poisoned and Dinons and twenty-eight men died after partaking of it. Polequin, with thirty men, continued the retreat, but when four days march south of Messengiers, were surrounded by hostile tribes. Polequin then despatched the above named four natives to Ouargla. On their arrival success was immediate, and he departed to the remainder of the expedition. Little hope, however, is entertained of their relief, as when the messengers left they were closely beset and fully supplied with food and ammunition.

The Irish Land Bill.

It is rumored, on good authority, that the Government Land Bill will not offer the Irish tenants fixity of tenure, though it will afford increased stability of tenure, and that it contains clauses drawn on the lines of last year's Disturbance Bill, increasing the fine payable by landlords who are adjudged guilty by the courts of arbitrary eviction. Courts of arbitration will be established with power to decide what is fair rent, when disputes arise between landlord and tenant the right of free sale will be given to tenants, subject to the reasonable objection of the landlord to the incoming tenant. Landlords, however, will be obliged to prove to the satisfaction of the court that their objections to the incoming tenant are reasonable. Valid facilities will be given to tenants to become purchasers of their holdings the extension of the B-right clauses of the Land Act of 1870. Provisions will be made for the compulsory sale of large tracts of land, which will be divided into small farms and sold on favorable terms to tenants. Through this programme will not, perhaps, satisfy the more advanced advocates of "the land for the people," it will, if carried out in its entirety, produce a great revolution in the condition of the Irish farming classes. Landlords will be deprived of arbitrary powers, and tenants will obtain legal security for their interest in whatever improvements they may make on their farms. Under the operations of this proposed law it is probable that the conflict between the landlord and tenant classes will rapidly subside and Ireland will enter on a new era of prosperity and peace.

Montreal Shaken.

AN EXPLOSION IN A DEPOT THAT FOLLOWED THE KILLING OF TWO MEN ON THE TRACK.  
MONTREAL, MARCH 30.—Phillips and Michael Provost, cousins, were instantly killed by a steaming engine while crossing the track of the Quebec, Montreal and Ottawa Railway. A freight train having just passed, they thought the line was clear, and the rumbling of the train prevented them from hearing the whistle. Immediately after the fatal collision, the train went furiously in the high north wind for a few moments. Then a terrific explosion, which was heard for miles, started

and shook the eastern end of the city, as it was shaken by the earthquake three years ago. The flame from the burning shed shot upward and formed a brilliant pyrotechnic display. A barrel of gunpowder, one of the few packages of merchandise then stored there, had exploded. The fire crossed the track, and burned the passenger station, and was then checked. William Payette, telegraph operator, narrowly escaped asphyxiation. He was removed unconscious from his office by the firemen just in time. Superintendent Senechal says the loss will not exceed \$1,200 on freight and \$6,000 on building; all fully covered in the Sovereign Office of Toronto. This is considered a low estimate.

The Irish Evictions.

As the day for the introduction of the Irish Land Bill approaches deep interest is manifested to learn the exact nature of its provisions, but hitherto the secret has been well guarded by the Ministry. Meanwhile reports from Ballina state that a large number of evictions have taken place on the property of a Galway gentleman near that place during the past few days, and that some of the scenes were of a pitiable character. A party of police numbering over one hundred men yesterday accompanied the sub-sheriff in two town lands where twelve families were put out. Many of these families were very destitute and appeared to have no food. Only two of them were allowed to return, one as caretaker, the other after paying the rent. The parish priest did all he could to relieve the wretched people, who had, probably, refused or had been unable to pay their rents for some years, but still tried to keep their holdings. In every case the evicted tenants carried off the doors of their houses, and the sheriff's assistants had to build up the space with stones. The latter obtained possession peacefully, however. It is stated that it would be impossible for anybody to live in these holdings, even at a much lower rent than had been put upon those who were evicted, the district being barren and mountainous. The police are engaged almost every day in evictions and process serving. The master of the Kildare pounds has issued a notice that in consequence of the holders having been hoisted in different parts of the country the pack will not hunt any more this season. A large number of processes for rent and ejectments have been served on the estates of Mr. Guy Lloyd, justice of the peace, at Grogan, and will be heard at the ensuing quarter sessions, when nearly a thousand processes for rent will be heard. Upward of three hundred and fifty civil bills, writs, and ejectments for rent have been issued on the estate of Col. King-Harman, M. P. for Sligo. The majority of the tenants resolve to hold out against the present rent until they are ejected. I hear on good authority that these coming evictions were discussed at the last Cabinet Council, together with the possible outbreak that might result.

Heroism.

The Days of heroism are not yet gone by. In fact we doubt if any age could show a better record of brave and noble deeds than that which might be gleaned from the columns of the daily newspapers of the year of our Lord 1851. Two small boys are captured from a skiff near St. John, and a man upon whom a good deal of plumes in, and with strenuous effort and imminent peril of his own life brings them both to land. Two belated and foolish employees of an ocean steamer try to swim to her after she has left her moorings at New York, and when one of them is on the point of paying for his rashness with his life, no less than three sailors, if we remember correct, spring overboard and save both him and themselves with the greatest difficulty. The noble fireman plunging through smoke and flame into the attic of some burning building to save a woman or child in a familiar incident in the great cities. Two men, "navvies," we call them, have lifted a rail on an American railroad, when by some mistake a train is seen sweeping around the next curve. To drop the rail and run would be the first impulse of the self-preserving instinct, and the wreck of the train a secondary consideration. By dint of superhuman exertions they get the rail replaced in time to save the train, but too late to save themselves, and both are killed. When incidents like these are of every day occurrence, who can say that the race is degenerating? What is reckless exposure of life or limb in the excitement and fierce passion of the battlefield in comparison with deeds such as these?

Bradlaugh.

Having once commenced action against Mr. Bradlaugh to compel him to vacate his seat in Parliament and to recover the £500 for which he has rendered himself liable for every time he has sat in the House since his election, the plaintiffs could not withdraw without the consent of the court. Prior to the abolition of the piliory in 1837 the punishment for compounding such an action without authority was that the plaintiff should stand on the pillory in some market town next adjoining where the offence should be committed, and there remain by the space of two hours. It is pointed out as somewhat significant that the proceedings against Mr. Bradlaugh were commenced immediately after his motion for a return of the permanent pension list, and his subsequent notice of his intention to move for an enquiry in the premises.

To Husbands.

Always complain of being tired, and remember that nobody else gets tired. Have some food for everybody you meet but get arown on before you go home. Your wife should have everything in readiness for you, but you should not do anything for her. Have your wife get up and make fires, but don't get up yourself till the rest of the family are eating breakfast, as you might take cold. Go down town of an evening, stand around by the street corner and talk politics; it's more interesting than to stay at home with your family. Wear old clothes, and make yourself as untidy as possible until your wife's health fails, then it would be best for you to fix up some, for in all probability you will want another when she is gone. When your wife asks for money, give her a nickel, and when she wants with it, and when she tells you ask her if she can't do without it. Then go down town and spend ten times the amount for cigars, for they are a necessity.

Gathered Scraps from Goldwin Smith.

Practical Christianity seems to be the only Christianity possible to the poor. Naboth may have fables, but they do not warrant you in taking possession of his vineyard. Statesmen are men, and there are some occasions on which we could wish that reporters were not present. In France, political opposition to the Republic has the present seems to have died away. Legitimism hovers, a pale spectre, on the verge of extinction. The vigilant self interest which presides in a bank or a counting office, does not preside in a public office, which is proverbially apt to become a paradise of loitering and gossip.

There are many false notions respecting the Irish claim. It was natural, that from the boiling cauldron of agrarian discontent in Ireland, a steam of fantastic theories should arise. That British agrarianism is moral, while the aggressive of the poor is felonious, may be a fair objection to Englishmen, but it is one which to other powers can hardly be expected to embody. Nobody can doubt that England, by putting forth her power, could have crushed the Irish resistance like an eggshell; but she would have stained her own hands with blood, which all the waves she rules would never have washed out. Under Mr. Mackenzie, the party had suffered a total and ruinous overthrow, and his continuance in command would have discredited the power as effectually as the continuance of black after Ulm or of Villeneuve after Trafalgar.

We are told that the Democrats intend to reorganize their party on Free Trade. They cannot do this without losing a considerable section of their supporters at the North, and some of the most ardent where manufactures are beginning to take root. The common whiskey is poison. Legislation which allows the poison to be openly made, formally recognizes the manufacture, draws a revenue from it, and at the same time affects to treat the retail trade as criminal, does not seem worthy of much respect. The notion that poets really feel all they say, and feel it at the time when they are saying it, is a superstition; the quickness of sensibility, and the liveliness of imagination which are the chief characteristics of poets, and paint strong emotions have been found in conjunction with a shallow heart. Nova Scotia retrogrades in the matter of a Nova Scotia consolidation. Substituting half a dozen people means the lowest debasement of the mind, and the most degraded kind of instruction. Graduates of a poorer kind will be bred in excessive numbers.

The great experiment in Executive Government, which has now been going on for a century on the two continents begins to yield definite results. One of these results is the facility of command, and the other, which have either proved a failure or brought on collisions and deadlocks. Nihilism, fully carried out, would erode society, paralyze authority, and fill all the paths of life with fear. The part of a power of evil has in itself a British fascination for certain minds, and drew the minds of the Brinvilliers type. Eyes long accustomed to the darkness of the despotic dungeon, are sure to be dazzled when first brought into contact with the light. French feeling, instead of departing, is growing more intense. The comparison with France, considered as a political and social, has been renewed, and it is certain that to strengthen the bond will be henceforth an object of French ambition. In former days the Roman did as he pleased with the conquered territory; in these days the conquered territory does as it pleases with the Romans.

Toronto had a visit from Sara Bernhardt. The pieces were of that Parisian class which clearly-minded people cannot thoroughly appreciate. We hold that the pure and regular union of the sexes is the masterpiece of our intelligence, and that a soldier who does not know his trade, is little better than any other man in the same condition, and that the difference between a half-trained militia and a mob, when placed on a point of duty, is not at all about three rounds to reduce the former to the condition of the latter. Had a regular and impartial tribunal existed, those who accuse the Minister of Railways of corruption, instead of using their charges as mere missiles of party war, either in Parliament or the Press, would be compelled to take the responsibility of putting the charges on record, and proving in the court of justice. The present system of irresponsible imputation is not only unfair to innocents, but by raising a cloud of indiscriminate calumny, terms the best possible cover for real guilt.

The Floods in Spain.

A Madrid correspondent telegraphs as follows:—The province of Cordova, the capital of the province, and the destruction of property, cattle and crops. Trains were stopped, and telegraph poles were levelled. Several important towns in Andalusia are flooded. The Governors of several provinces, and Cordova, telegraph that these cities are threatened by floods. In the valley of the Guadalquivir the entire district is inundated by the swollen rivers. A despatch from Seville says that if the railroads are not repaired, a catastrophe is inevitable. In four of the suburbs both banks are invaded. Even the Santelmo Palace gardens and the picture gallery of Triana is surrounded by water. Sixty miles of the valley around are flooded. It is impossible to relieve the villages. Even in Seville it is difficult to assist the people. Rescuers from the vessels in the river and gardeners from the garden in boats hastened to aid the stricken population. King Alfonso, with the Marquis of San Carlos, and the Duke of the Infantado, visited the flooded districts.

Canada's Only Peerage.

The recent recognition by Her Majesty of a Canadian Baron is an exceptional circumstance, and the gentleman (Baron Longmuir) whose title has been acknowledged, held the remarkable position of being the only subject of the Queen who is a colonial peer, and who, at the same time, is a subject of the British Empire. His title is entirely exceptional, and is the only Canadian hereditary title existing. The patent of nobility signed by King Louis XIV. creating the title to Charles Le Moyne for his services to the British cause during the Seven Years' War, and his descendants, whether male or female. The creation of Canada to England by the treaty of Paris in 1763, made no change in the legal right to hold honors, since this period each successive head of the family has, by assumption of right, used the title, but it was not officially recognized by the British Government until December 4, 1840—*the First Act of Recognition.*

Lord Deffrin was the first Canadian to arrive at the palace of the Archbishop, after the fatal explosion on the 15th ult., reaching the Imperial residence at the same moment as the doctors and priests. His long hair, which he had cut off, and which he was wearing, was eventually received by the Grand Duke Vladimir, who told him the story of the assassination.

dom of good fellowship, then goes home and puts it all down secretly in a note book, for the delatation of a curious word. The keeper of a journal can never do justice to the great people, but when the journal comes to light his victims are in the grave and the egotist has it all his own way. Carlyle's estimates of the men of his time are in his well known manner. He writes in the belief that the whole world, except a single hour, was not true. We could not help repeating his remarks on Shelly with some satisfaction, after being sickened by two Shelly worship, which is the mania of the day. Did Carlyle supply any new motive power? Did he give any new practical rule? We answer in the negative. Nothing is done by phrases however thundering, by talking spasmodically about earnestness, by mentally taking your coat off, as it were, to set with extraordinary energy about you know not what.

Some say, his vital doctrine was, do your duty. Vital earnestness, by no means. That we must do our duty, we are all taught at a very early age, in language, which is, in every way, as effective as all the grandiloquence about Eternities, Verities, and Firmaments. The business of a philosopher is to show us what our duty is, and if he can, to give us a new motive for doing it. We suspect that the Steer will vanish, while the Historic Painter and Humorist will remain for ever.

Insurance Premiums and Losses.  
The following figures are gleaned from an abstract of statements of Insurance Companies in Canada, for the year 1880, just issued by the Superintendent of Insurance:—  
—Fire Insurance, Canadian Companies:—  
Net cash received for premiums, \$1,203,573  
Net amount of losses incurred during the year, 652,077  
Net amount paid for losses, 706,201  
British companies. Of these three have so far not made any returns.  
Net cash received for premiums, 1,777,017  
Net amount of losses incurred during the year, 660,704  
Net amount paid for losses, 719,420  
American companies:—  
Net cash received, 241,130  
Net losses incurred, 112,646  
Net amount paid for losses, 102,516  
Inland Marine Insurance, Canadian companies:—  
Net cash received for premiums, 115,357  
Net amount of losses incurred during the year, 125,394  
Net amount paid for losses, 77,589  
Phoebic & Brokers:—  
Net cash received, 222,538  
Net amount of losses incurred during the year, 45,465  
Net amount paid for losses, 20,858  
—Life Insurance—Canadian Companies:—  
Of seven companies, only two, the Citizens and the Canada, have made returns.  
Premiums for the year, \$33,941  
Net amount of Policies that have become claims, 20,300  
Claims paid, 16,930  
Of the seventeen British Companies, seven have not made any returns.  
Premiums for the year, \$56,444  
Net amount of Policies that have become claims, 37,497  
Claims paid, 37,470

Vegetine.

Is Recommended by All Physicians.  
VALLEY ST. WAM, QUEBEC, Q. }  
LONG ISLAND, N. Y. }  
Mr. H. R. STEVENS:—  
Dear Sir,—I take the pleasure of writing you a small card, expressing my gratitude for the benefit you have derived from the use of your Vegetine for over forty years, and have had the Chronic Diarrhoea for over six months, and have not been able to get up to my feet, and did not expect to live from day to day, and no physician could touch my case. I saw your Vegetine recommended to cure Diarrhoea. I commenced using it, and I continued to use it, and now I am well and am able to rest to perfect health. All who are afflicted with this terrible disease, I would kindly recommend to try it for the benefit of their health, and it is excellent as a blood purifier.  
By Dr. T. B. FORBES, M. D., of  
MRS. W. M. H. FORBES

VEGETINE FOR GAGERS AND CANCEROUS HUMORS. THE DOCTOR'S CERTIFICATE.

READ IT.  
VALLEY, Washington Co., Ill.,  
Jul. 14, 1875 }  
Mr. H. R. STEVENS:—  
Dear Sir,—This is to certify that I had been suffering from a Rose Cancer on my right breast, which grew very rapidly, and all my friends had given me up, when I heard of your medicine. Vegetine was recommended for Cancer and Cancerous Humors. I commenced to take it, and soon found I was beginning to feel better; my health and spirits both felt the benefit, and in a few days I was able to get up to my feet. I continued to use the use of the Vegetine, the Cancer came out almost bodily.  
CARRIE DEFOREST.  
I certify that I am personally acquainted with Mrs. D. Forrest, and consider her one of our very best women. DR. S. H. FLOWERS  
Yours truly,  
CLEMENT P. CLARE,  
Trinity Block, 19 King Street.

VEGETINE. I REGARD IT AS A VALUABLE FAMILY MEDICINE!

Mr. H. R. STEVENS:—  
Dear Sir,—I take pleasure in saying that I have used the Vegetine in my family with good results, and I have known of several cases of various kinds cured by it. I regard it as a valuable family medicine.  
Yours truly,  
REV. WM. McDONALD.  
The Rev. Wm. McDonald is well known through the United States as a minister in the M. E. Church.

VEGETINE. Blood Purifier & General Tonic.

Mr. H. R. STEVENS, Esq.:—  
Dear Sir,—I find Vegetine to be as good a blood purifier as any yet introduced, and I am most constantly using it. My customers speak highly of it as a blood purifier and general tonic.  
Yours, &c.,  
S. M. DODD, M.D.,  
No. 148 Charlotte Street.

VEGETINE. PREPARED BY H. R. ST. VEAS, BOSTON, MASS., and Toronto, Ont.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

MORTGAGE SALE.

TO BE SOLD AT AUCTION, ON THE premises, on MONDAY, 21 MAY at 11 o'clock, p. m., under a Mortgage dated 22d February, 1871, between James Rogers, of the County of Prince Edward, and James Edward Wright, of the County of Prince Edward, in said Island, of the other part, all those tracts of Land contained in the said Mortgage, and particularly described in the schedule thereto annexed, marked A and B, containing respectively 50 acres and 28 acres, situate on said Township, and lately in possession of David MacVicar, with the property of said MacVicar, and for particulars thereon, apply to H. R. St. Veas, Victoria, Canada.  
RICHARD LEA,  
April 1, 1881—41  
Assignee of Mortgage.

WANTED!

250 BUSHELS TIMOTHY SEED.  
2500 LBS. RED CLOVER SEED, Island of Prince Edward, Canada.  
CASH WILL BE PAID.  
W. P. GILLWILL,  
Toronto, Feb. 1, 1881.

J. E. OUTLER, Commission Merchant.

Agents for  
Quebec & Gulf Ports Steamship Co.,  
No. 173 State Street,  
BOSTON

FARM FOR SALE

AT FAY FORTUNE BRIDGE.  
THE WELL KNOWN FARM AND TRACT, situated on the road between the best farms in King's County, and contains about 100 acres of land. It is one of the best farms in the county, and is well watered, and has a large house, with a large barn, and a large outbuilding, and a large well, and a large pond, and a large stream of water runs through the property, and is a valuable feature for stock and other purposes.  
This Farm has several advantages, being situated on the main road, and is well watered, and has a large house, and a large barn, and a large outbuilding, and a large well, and a large pond, and a large stream of water runs through the property, and is a valuable feature for stock and other purposes.  
For full particulars and terms of sale apply to Messrs. McKINNON & McLEAN, Charlevoix, P. E. I.,  
Feb. 8, 1881.

A GREAT CAUSE OF HUMAN MISERY IS THE LOSS OF MANHOOD.

I have recently published a new edition of Dr. Covel's "New System of Medical Treatment," which is a complete and practical treatise on the treatment of all the diseases of the human system, and is a valuable work for every physician and student of medicine. It is published in a small, convenient form, and is sold at a low price. It is a valuable work for every physician and student of medicine. It is published in a small, convenient form, and is sold at a low price. It is a valuable work for every physician and student of medicine. It is published in a small, convenient form, and is sold at a low price.

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OWEN CONNOLLY & CO. ARE NOW SELLING OFF THE BALANCE OF THEIR FALL AND WINTER WOOLENS AT CLEARING-OUT PRICES.

GREAT BARGAINS IN Grey and White Cottons, Sheetings, Linens, PILLOW COTTON, TOWELS, TABLE LINENS, Tickings, Damasks, Towellings, &c., &c.  
Cash Buyers can depend on getting Bargains.  
ROBERT ORR'S OLD STAND.

Charlotteville, March 1, 1881.—3m osw-wky

C. ROBERTSON

50 QUEEN STREET, FOR

FALL AND WINTER UNDERCLOTHING, SCOTCH and CANADIAN, CHEAPER THAN EVER.

Oct. 12, 1880.

FRESH SEEDS! Bible Colporteur.

WANTED by the P. E. Island Auxiliary Bible Society, a good, active COLPORTEUR, having a horse and wagon, to travel selling Bibles, for four months of next summer. Application in writing, stating salary, and including testimonials, can be made at the Bible Depository, Charlotteville, or before noon of the 20th April next, or directly to the undersigned.  
March 28, 1881.—4m, wky 3.

FOR SALE.

TWO LOTS, Nos. 3 and No. 14, in the first range E, in Georgetown, not far from the Railroad Station. Good title guaranteed from John Allison, late Commissioner of Crown Lands, dated October the eighteenth, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, and registered in the proper office in Charlotteville. For further particulars apply to P. DUNPHY, Vernon River, Feb. 10.

CAN SEALERS

THE subscribers will employ TWO or THREE good CAN SEALERS in a lobster fishery, and will guarantee GOOD FISHERMEN for the same. Apply soon to J. R. BOURKE, JR., or J. J. McNEILL, Mount Stewart, March 9, 1881—wky

TAKE NOTICE

PARTIES indebted to me for subscription to the "Holloway's Pills" and "Holloway's Ointment" will please settle the same with Mr. C. P. Fletcher, Queen Street Music Store. Those who owe, and are unable to pay at once, but better call and make arrangements so as to avoid any legal proceedings.  
J. H. FLETCHER,  
Charlotteville, March 18, 1881.

HOUSEHOLD WORDS!

Timothy and Clover Seed BOUGHT AND SOLD, BEER & GOFF'S.

CLIMAX BREECH-LOADING SHOT GUN ZULU, \$5.50

We guarantee the barrels to be of Damascus steel. These guns are made from the best materials, and are of the most reliable construction. They are fitted with a double gauge by our own employees. Of the hundreds tested not one failed. All these guns in future will bear the brand "Zulu."  
Sold 6cts. for our 50 page Illustrated Catalogue of Firearms, Watches, Plaid-wares, Jewellery, &c.  
CHARLES STARK,  
July 8, 1881. 25 Church Street, Toronto.

Good Business Stand FOR SALE.

THE Whately River Lime Co. will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of June next, at 12 o'clock, p. m., all those lands, situate at private sale, the following Real Estate, viz:—  
One half acre of land situate at Oyster Bed Bridge, with two kilns; also two commodious Buildings, two kilns, and stables for the purpose of lime burning.  
One half acre of land situate at McPherson's wharf, West River, with Lime Kiln and dwelling house thereon.  
Also 8 acres Land situate in Port Daniel, Bonaventure County, Province of Quebec, being an inexhaustible limestone quarry, with a commodious dwelling house thereon.  
For terms and particulars apply to Alex. McMillan, Esq., at West River, or Donald McKay, Oyster Bed Bridge.  
Auction sale will take place at Oyster Bed Bridge.  
DONALD McKay,  
Oyster Bed Bridge, March 24, 81—3m osw

THE WEEKLY EXAMINER.

I have recently published a new edition of Dr. Covel's "New System of Medical Treatment," which is a complete and practical treatise on the treatment of all the diseases of the human system, and is a valuable work for every physician and student of medicine. It is published in a small, convenient form, and is sold at a low price. It is a valuable work for every physician and student of medicine. It is published in a small, convenient form, and is sold at a low price. It is a valuable work for every physician and student of medicine. It is published in a small, convenient form, and is sold at a low price.

THE OINTMENT

stands unrivalled for the facility it displays in relieving itching and itching eruptions of the skin. It is a valuable work for every physician and student of medicine. It is published in a small, convenient form, and is sold at a low price.