

The Examiner.

VOL. 1. W. L. COTTON, Manager & Editor. THURSDAY MORNING - - - AUGUST 16, 1877. NO. 78

A. McNEILL,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
NO. 1 QUEEN STREET,
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND

AUCTION SALES, of all descriptions, attended to in city and country at moderate rates.
May 21, 1877.

H. VINNICOMBE,
PIANO FORTE REGULATOR.

ALL parties leaving their orders for Tuning at Bremner Bros. will receive the best attention.
All who have Pianos in Charlottetown would do well to have them tuned by the year, keeping their instruments in perfect order all the time.
A visit once a year at least will be made to all parts of the Island, or often if required. Ch'town, July 18, 1877.

JOHN F. MCKAY,
WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER,
NORTH SIDE QUEEN SQUARE,

HAVING fitted up his Store in first class style, will keep constantly on hand a very nice assortment of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, etc.
Also, all kinds of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry Cleaned and Repaired.
N. B.—Having had nine years' experience with two first-class workmen, I feel confident of giving perfect satisfaction to all who may favor me with their patronage.
All work warranted.
Ch'town July 14th & 12th

ROYAL HOTEL,
King Square, Saint John.

I HAVE much pleasure in informing my numerous friends and the public generally, that I have leased the Hotel formerly known as the GONTINENTAL, and thoroughly renovated the same, making it, as the ROYAL always had the reputation of being, one of the best Hotels in the Provinces.
Excellent Bill of Fare, First-class Wines, Liquors and Cigars, and superior accommodation.
Blackhall's Livery Stable attached.
THOS. F. RAYMOND.
July 3, 1877—6m

QUEEN INSURANCE CO.
OF ENGLAND.

Capital -- Two Millions Sterling.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise, and Produce Also, on Vessels on the stocks.

Special rates for isolated residences.
Losses settled promptly.
GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank),
Agent for Prince Edward Island
June --

Molasses, Sugar & Salt
10 ARRIVE.

BRIGHT FLEETWOOD will be due here about the 5th of August, from Barbadoes, via St. Martin's, with

50 Tuns. Bright Barbadoes Molasses,
25 Hhds. Grocery Sugar,
15 Tierces do. do.,
5,000 Bushels Ground St. Martin's Salt, suitable for mackerel, which will be sold low on arrival.
LONGWORTH & CO.,
Water Street.
Ch'town, July 27--

DR. WOOD,

PROPRIETOR of the celebrated "OTTAWA CANCER CURE," will be at the Rankin House, Charlottetown, from the 12th to the 22nd of August, and in Summerside, at the Clifton House, from August 23rd until September 1st. His treatment of Cancer, Cancerous Tumors, and growths of all kinds, has, during a period of twenty years, proved a marvellous success. All persons afflicted with such diseases are invited to call. Consultation free.

WANTED,

The Highest Cash price paid for
Calf Skins and Sheep Skins.
ROBERT BRIDGES,
126--tu&fr if

Steamer Arrangements.
Prince Edward Island
STEAMERS.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Nova Scotia.

Leave Charlottetown for Pictou every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, & SATURDAY mornings, at 5 o'clock, connecting there at 10 a. m., with train for Halifax. Fare to Halifax, \$4.10.
Picnic Parties of Twenty and upwards can obtain Return Tickets at Charlottetown Office to Pictou and back same day \$1.00 each.

Returning to Charlottetown.

Leave Pictou every TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, about 2.30 p. m. on arrival of evening train from Halifax.

CAPE BRETON.

Leave Pictou for Hawkesbury every Monday and Thursday, on arrival of morning train from Halifax, connecting both ways with stage and Steamer "Neptune," to and from Sydney and Bras d'Or Lake.

Returning to Pictou same nights, connecting with 10 a. m. Train TUESDAY and FRIDAY for Halifax.

New Brunswick, Canada and United States.

Leaves SUMMERSIDE every day (Sunday excepted) on arrival of morning train from Charlottetown, connecting at SHEDIAC with trains for each of above named places, and at St. John with Steamers of INTERNATIONAL CO. for PORTLAND and BOSTON. Also, leave Charlottetown for Summerside every Monday morning, about 3 o'clock.

Returning, leaves SHEDIAC every day (Sundays excepted) on arrival of day train from St. JOHN, for Summerside; connect there, without delay, with train for Charlottetown. Also, leaves Summerside for Charlottetown every Saturday evening, about 6 o'clock.

Agents: ALMON & MACINTOSH, Halifax; NOONAN & DAVIES, Pictou; A GRANT & CO Hawkesbury; HANFORD, Bros., St. John.
F. W. HALLES.

ONLY DIRECT LINE
TO BOSTON.

Steamers Carroll and Worcester.

BOTH Steamers are fitted with new Boilers, and their Passenger accommodation arranged for every convenience and comfort, and fitted up in elegant style.

FREIGHT carried at moderate rates and as low as by any other route.

EGGS in boxes and barrels handled with the greatest care.

SAVING TIME, only one business day used in reaching Boston, by leaving here Saturday Morning and catching steamer at Halifax, and arriving at Boston Monday morning.

LEAVE CHARLOTTETOWN

Every Thursday,
punctually at 5 p. m.

LEAVE BOSTON

Every Saturday,
punctually at noon.

CARVELL BROS., Agent.
Ch'town, June 7, 1877

Steamer

HEATHER BELLE

Summer Arrangement.

Will leave Charlottetown for Orwell every MONDAY and WEDNESDAY evenings.

Leave Orwell for Charlottetown every TUESDAY and THURSDAY mornings, at 7 o'clock.

Returning to Orwell same evening at 3 o'clock.

Leave Charlottetown for Mount Stewart every WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY Mornings at four o'clock.

Leave Mount Stewart for Charlottetown at 7 o'clock, returning to Mount Stewart same evenings.

Leaving Charlottetown for Crapaud every SATURDAY, weather and tide permitting; and every alternate SATURDAY will make a return trip.

JOHN HUGHES, Agent.
Ch'town May 25, 1877.—3m wklly

Excursion Tickets.

TO BOSTON AND RETURN,

PER
STEAMERS CARROLL & WORCESTER,
For \$15.00.

CARVELL BROS

MONTREAL & ACADIAN

STEAMSHIP LINE.

HASZARD BROS., Agents.

Montreal, Charlottetown, P. E. I.,
Sydney, C. B., & St. John's, N. F.

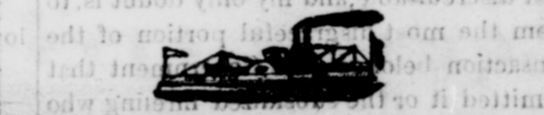
S. S. "VENEZIA," Capt. John A. Macmaster

S. S. "VALETTA," Capt. Daniel Anderson

Should sufficient freight offer, it is intended to run the steamers of this line during the present season, regularly, between the above mentioned ports. The attention of importers is directed to the advantages offered. The steamers are in all respects first-class, well found, staunch, and well adapted for the route, having excellent passenger accommodation.
All freight delivered in good order at lowest rates.
For freight or passage apply to

HASZARD BROS., Agents.
July 16, 1877—eod 1f

QUEBEC & GULF PORTS



Steamship Company!

"SECRET," CAPT. DAVIDSON.

"MIRAMICHI," CAPT. SAQUET.

WILL LEAVE at 10 a. m. from PICTOU (after arrival of Monday Afternoon Train from Halifax) every Monday Midnight; SHEDIAC (after arrival of Tuesday Train from St. John and Halifax) every Tuesday Afternoon; CHARLOTTETOWN, every Tuesday Morning; SUMMERSIDE every Tuesday

Pashebiac, Percé, Gaspé, Father Point, and all Above Named Places.

LOW RATES. QUICK TIME

CARVELL BROS., Agents.
Ch'town, June 16, 1877.—mth

Parks' Cotton Yarns.

AWARDED the only Medal, given for COTTON YARNS of Canadian Manufacture at the

CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION.

Nos. 5's to 10's.

White Blue, Red, Orange, and Green.

Warranted full length and weight.
Stronger and better than any other Yarn in the market.

Cotton Carpet Warp.

No. 12's 4 PLY in ALL COLORS.

Warranted fast.

WM. PARKS & SON,

New Brunswick Cotton Mills } May 23 77
St. John's N. B.

THE DAILY EXAMINER

IS ON SALE

AT THE STORES OF

Henry A. Harvie, Theoph. L.

Chapelle, and T. O'Connell.

Price Only 2 Cents

June 27, 1877—her 1

Correspondence.

LONDON GOSSIP.

LONDON, Aug. 1, 1877.

The annual insult to the memory of Cobden took place last Saturday. Some two hundred persons sat down to partake of a sumptuous dinner, which probably cost at least £300. No one would have protested against this senseless waste more strongly than the great man in whose name the feast was held. The general drift of the speeches was that of good will to all men who would unfeignedly accept the Cobden creed as expounded by his followers, and uncompromising war against those who rejected it. Looking at the tables, covered with costly fruit and flowers, obtained regardless of expense and of the season, the suggestion forces itself on the mind that in future the motto of the club should be altered to "Peach at any price."

The Government is well aware of the generally pacific feelings of the mass of the people, and with this view keeps its military side as much out of sight as possible. But no sooner does the possibility of war draw nigh than the most peaceful nooks are forthwith occupied by stalwart guardsmen on or off duty. Moreover, and this is of the most serious import, within the past week all the most favorite walks of peaceable citizens have been invaded by batches of troops in full uniform, undergoing their first lessons in the art of practical warfare. Hyde Park swarms with infantry every morning, and a crack lancer regiment, just arrived from Brighton, lends its aid in keeping up the ground and the outward semblance of military duties. In front of the Royal palaces, wherever a vacant spot is to be found, recruits are to be seen drilling in the presence of a gaping crowd, which has no other subject of talk for the moment than the brightness of a regimental life.

The metropolitan rates are not so light that rate-payers are especially desirous of seeing them burdened with unnecessary charges, nor are the benefits conferred upon the metropolis by the fine or ten large owners of property within its boundaries so great that rate-payers can care about adding to their incomes. The Marquis of Salisbury, however, appears to think otherwise. The Metropolitan Board of Works had, after some hesitation, consented to undertake the construction of a new street running from Charing Cross to Tottenham Court-road. The neighbourhood traversed, that of Seven Dials, is not the most attractive, but there is little doubt that a new and well-built thoroughfare would become exceedingly popular, and the value of land be enormously enhanced. Lord Salisbury, who is the chief proprietor of the land, was quite ready to see the Board of Works run their new street through his old fever-haunted, rickety houses, and was quite prepared to accept a 10 per cent. addition to their real value on the ground of forcible ejection; but he absolutely declined to let the Board of Works at any price obtain the freehold of the frontage on which the new street was to be built. His Lordship was therefore to see his property quadrupled in value by the money of the rate-payers, and they in return were to obtain no benefit from their liberality. The result is that the bill is abandoned, and, thanks to Lord Salisbury's obstinacy and greediness, one of the worst neighborhoods in Western London is to be left untouched.

On Thursday an action from the Exchequer, "Robinson v. Bruin," was tried before Under-Sheriff Br. Chelsh, to obtain compensation for injury inflicted by a dog, the claim being laid at £100. The plaintiff, a waiter, had summoned some persons for an assault, and passing the shop of the defendant, he saw one of the parties talking with him. The defendant set his large dog on a little dog the plaintiff had with him, and afterwards on himself, and the animal bit his leg, and caused him to be laid up for three months. The jury awarded £40 damages.

The lock-out of 10,000 workmen on the Clyde still continues, this being its tenth week, while the shipwrights, whose strike caused the lock-out, have been sixteen weeks out. The stagnation everywhere apparent has brought with it much distress and misery amongst poor families. Pecuniary support is being given from other trades throughout the country, and the men threaten to hold out four months yet. Many are finding work elsewhere, while the trade in the Clyde is receiving a shock from which it will be a long time recovering. A meeting of masters and men is announced, but both sides seem determined to resist to the last.

The Rev. T. Pelham Dale resumed his ministrations at St. Vedast's, Foster-lane, on Sunday. Mr. Dale took the entire duty himself, except that lessons were read by two of the choirmen. Morning prayer was choral, the choir turning to the east at the Gloria. Mr. Dale gave notice that on Wednesday [St. James's Day] there would be a service at a quarter past one, p. m., at which the Rev. Dr. West would be the preacher, and that there would be services every Wednesday and Friday at that hour. He selected as his text the following words from the second lesson for the day: "And there arose a great cry; and

the scribes that were of the Pharisee's part arose, and strove, saying, we find no evil in this man: but if a spirit or an angel hath spoken to him, let us not fight against God." From these words he drew a comparison between the treatment of the Apostles of the Gentiles, who, however persecuted, in the end always prevailed, and that of the clergy in the present day, and he said that during the Church's entire history the same constant struggle had existed. He was glad to return to his flock, and for the truth he should continue to struggle. On the table stood a small wooden cross, two "altar lights," and six smaller candles, with two vases of flowers. There was the usual evening service at seven. At these services the Church was once more well filled to greet the return of the Rector.

The following, from the last-published "Mackieson's Guide to Churches," may be interesting, as showing the strength of various movements during the past eight years in the Church of England, due to the various schools of thought. The increase in the number of Churches built, and the number of services is very noteworthy:

	1869	1877
Churches.....	620	848
Weekly Holy Communion.....	154	362
Daily Holy Communion.....	11	39
Early Holy Communion.....	135	440
Choral Holy Communion.....	41	114
Evening Holy Communion.....	65	219
Sun's Day Service.....	186	400
Daily Service.....	113	228
No Week-day Service.....	123	122
Choral Service.....	125	228
Partly Choral Service.....	95	245
Surpliced Choirs.....	114	340
Free Seats.....	49	245
Surplice in Pulpit.....	8	465

TURKISH DEVASTATION.

A Constantinople despatch, of the 10th, to the Times, says: "Appalling accounts continue to come from Karalaurat of the misery of fugitives from the district devastated by the Basha-Bazouks and Bulgarians. Thousands of women and children are homeless and perishing for shelter. Medical attendance and food, immediate help on the largest possible scale, is sorely needed. The Pasha in command here proposes to distribute the fugitives about Constantinople, Adrianople and Philadelphia, but no arrangements were made to receive them." The correspondent suggests the formation of a city of refugees on an island near Constantinople, under the protection of a neutral flag and a neutral guarantee from the belligerents. Thousands of people are homeless. Crops are rotting on the ground, and no sort of provision is made for the winter. The correspondent speaks favorably of the conduct of the Turkish regulars, but severely blames the Government for employing or not controlling the irregulars who scour the country, committing the worst excesses. Even fugitives, women and children, who come for protection to the Turks, have to be guarded by regular troops lest they should be further injured by these savages.

News of the World.

EUROPEAN.

The late Sultan was so curious and thrifty in the matter of diamonds that the Turkish Government has just raised a loan of \$10,000,000 upon his collection.

In the year 1870 some 167 pounds of wool were returned as being the total imports from Australia into Great Britain. In the year 1876 the quantity was 263,850,697 lbs. The increase has been chiefly since 1860.

The appeal of the King of the Belgians for an African exploration fund has brought over \$59,000 in donations, and over \$28,000 in annual subscriptions. The bulk of this will be capitalized, but the International Exploration Commission intends to go to work at once. England has seceded from the Commission, as it is going to carry on a separate expedition.

UNITED STATES.

A "very quiet and orderly mob" took Marens Gonzales out of a Colorado jail; the other night and hanged him to a telegraph pole. He had murdered an aged couple named Brown who had asked him to stay over night, actually killing Mr. Brown while he was taking care of his (Gonzales') horse. Returning to the house, the wretch killed Mrs. Brown, and left their daughter, Mr. Rice, for dead, obtaining four dollars for his butchery. He escaped to New Mexico, but was hunted down by detectives and brought back for trial, and upon a preliminary examination was positively identified by Mrs. Rice, who, pointing to Gonzales, said, "You are the man who murdered my father and mother and nearly killed me." He was also suspected of several other murders.

The Greeks are cutting a sorry figure just now. They are frantic with excitement for war with Turkey. It is true, they have no quarrel with Turkey, but all the same, they are in a fury for war. They fancy that Turkey is to be shed up, and they are determined to take part in the carving to get as much of it as possible.

Twenty-two sisters of charity arrived in New York city on Tuesday on the steamer Mar. They had emigrated from Koetsfeld, Prussia, in compliance with the edict of the German Government, expelling certain religious orders from the Empire before October of the present year.