

ords, the same languid, sleepy sort of... a very singular incident occurred a few days ago in Marysville, California.

Fashion is an imperious mistress. Many fashionable ladies think it no hardship to have their dark locks bleached to a golden (?) hue.

A short time ago a New Jersey farmer of fifty or thereabouts took a fancy to his neighbor's wife.

Work on a new suspension bridge over the Niagara river has begun. The landing on the U. S. side is near the gas works, and on the Canada side a little below the Clifton House.

A New York paper says:—A number of the Fenian Brotherhood, and refugees from Ireland, met yesterday at three o'clock at the Apollo Rooms in Prince Street.

Miscellaneous.

TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DEATHS IN ENGLISH COAL MINES.—The last number of the Edinburgh Review, has an article on accidents in coal mines, which gives some startling statistics.

A certain member of the Reformed Presbyterian Synod was recently expelled from his seat in that Assembly because he asserted boldly that he was in the habit of singing hymns of human composition.

A remarkable instance of sudden blindness occurred a few weeks ago in Bethlehem, Pennsylvania. A young girl, about ten years old, while at school, complained of pain in her eyes.

Antonia Ward bequeathed his library to the "grub" that make the butter fly.

THE LONDON CONFERENCE. VIEWS OF ENGLISH JOURNALS. The Spectator says that if the Conference succeeds in maintaining peace, one fact will be established of far greater importance than any possible solution of the Luxembourg question.

The Economist says:—"We can state of this war by taking new, vague, and indefinitely large obligations for the future, which we hope we may never call upon, and in our hearts we have never seriously resolved to fulfil.

The Times, notwithstanding the satisfactory termination of the Conference, does not take a hopeful view of the future. "All Europe is, as it were, mined; the slightest accident may apply the torch, and yet it has almost learned to consider this armed peace as the natural state of mankind.

There is reason to believe that the London Conference will not terminate without a suggestion, or even a formal proposal, being made by one of the Powers—probably by our own Government, for a general disarmament.

THE NEW "BULLET PUMP"—CENTRIFUGAL FORCE FOR WAR PURPOSES. (From Galvani's Messenger, May 9.) Under the name of the "bullet pump" many a sarcasm has been recently cast on the inventor of a contrivance by which the celebrated "corporal and four men" might destroy a whole battalion in a few minutes.

STARVATION ALONG THE GULF SHORE.—The distressed condition of the inhabitants in many places along the Gulf of the St. Lawrence, in the districts surrounding Gaspé, owing to the failure of the crops and the partial failure of the fisheries last season, has, we learn, reached a point nearly bordering on starvation.

THE LAKE CITY (MINNESOTA) LEADER says cold weather is always best for growing wheat, and adds: "We confess to some surprise that among all the farmers with whom we have conversed in regard to the wheat crop, we have failed to find a single croaker."

THE "Princess of Wales" did not arrive here until 2 o'clock on Wednesday morning. The alteration made in the time of the Steamboat's arrival in Summerside is a matter of very general discontent.

LATEST from EUROPE.

Arrival of the "Cuba."

It is always gratifying to the people when they see the Queen in public, and they demonstrate their affection in a way that cannot be mistaken. This was very strikingly shown when Her Majesty laid the foundation stone, on the 20th, of the new Hall of Arts and Sciences at Kensington.

The Pacific arrangement entered into, at the suggestion of Great Britain, between France and Prussia is stale news; but it may as well be mentioned that the treaty referring thereto has been signed by the Emperor of the French, and the King of Prussia.

A deputation recently waited on the King of Italy to congratulate him on the marriage of Prince Amadeus, and they referred with satisfaction to His Majesty's renunciation of a considerable portion of the civil list.

The Turks do not appear to be successful in putting down the insurrection in Crete. It is admitted in a Constantinople telegram that Omar Pasha has been beaten by the Christians.

Now that the Emperor Francis Joseph has made his peace with the Hungarians, the preparations are being made for crowning King of Hungary. A contest between the sovereign and people, which has extended nearly over twenty years, terminating thus auspiciously, is indeed a remarkable event.

In a very singular letter which he lately addressed to the English Minister at Florence, I am informed that Garibaldi formally sets forth his title to the governorship of Rome, to which office he states himself to have been elected by the Roman people of 1848-9, and from which high estate he denies that he has ever been legally deposed.

Prussia all the drug shops are under the immediate charge of the police. Every druggist's clerk is compelled to serve a long apprenticeship and pass a severe examination before he is permitted to put up prescriptions.

Two ladies from the country, on a shopping excursion, dropped into a hardware store where agricultural implements were sold and innocently asked for cradles.

Summerside Journal.

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UNION—PROCLAMATION.

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They become morbidly sensitive and are exceedingly ready to take offence. Necessary taxation they look upon as extortion and salutary restrictions as the manifestations of wanton tyranny.

It is to be hoped, however, that after the first outburst of indignation has spent itself, they will view their situation dispassionately, and with their wonted shrewdness take advantage of the many opportunities which their new situation affords them of developing the resources of their country.

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proved the bane of the United States, and if the leading men of these Colonies do not take very great care it will also prove the curse of the Dominion of Canada.

If an enemy gain a footing in Canada the people of these lower provinces may tremble for their safety, and if the Lower Provinces fall into the hands of an enemy, Canada must of necessity share their fate.

The fishermen, sailors and shipbuilders of the Maritime parts of the Dominion are of essential use to the agriculturists and manufacturers of the districts inland.

Each is necessary to the well-being of the other, and by zealous co-operation and mutual confidence, they may, and most probably will, form a flourishing and enduring commonwealth; but without that co-operation and confidence the Confederation will most certainly prove a miserable failure.

We think that the question of Confederation has been very badly managed in Nova Scotia. Upon so important a question an appeal should have been made to the people at the hustings.

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