

The Local Government.

It is reported that Messrs. DeBlois, Gordon, Prowse and LeFargy have resigned their seats in the Local Government. The hero of the one-sided meeting is thus left in a sorry plight.

The people have had enough of him and his Radicalism. They now want a prudent, economical readjustment and reform of the Legislature, the Executive, and the Civil Service. They will have nothing more to do with Radical men, for they have had quite enough of radical measures. The Radical Premier cannot, therefore, turn to them.

But, as drowning men catch at straws, as desperate men do desperate deeds, so it is said that Mr. L. H. Davies contemplates asking Catholic members of the Legislature to come to his assistance. No Catholic of honor could, of course, do such a thing. Even if disposed to forgive the Local Premier, they could not be so base as to desert the Leader of the Opposition.

Nor can any man in the Legislature, who has the slightest respect for the will of the people, by any means be induced to enter the Local Premier's obnoxious combination. We assume, therefore, that Mr. Davies must, perforce, retire. We shall see if any one in the Legislature is now so mean as to do the Local Premier reverence.

We have not been able to agree in politics with Messrs. DeBlois, Gordon, Prowse and LeFargy since they entered the company of Mr. Davies and his Grit colleagues; and we heartily congratulate them on their emancipation from Radical influences.

Development of Industries.

To Pitt's far-sightedness is due the commercial supremacy of England. Prior to the year 1792 her manufacturing industries had been developing very slowly, and were liable to sudden reverses from the competition of other countries. But, in that year, Pitt declared in favor of the following policy:—"Nothing to be procured from foreigners which can be procured in England; raw materials from abroad to be manufactured here; the dominion of the seas to be preserved at any price."

Under such a policy, England could not fail to make rapid progress, as not only was her home market secured to her free from competition; but, with England mistress of the seas, and the constant additions by conquest and settlement to the Empire, new markets were continually offering for English goods. It has been only within the last few years that any attempt has been made to dispute with her the control of the Indian and Colonial markets, and very rash would have been any manufacturer thought—whether in Europe or America—who would export to England goods, either in the lines of hardware or cotton.

The United States is, however, now contending with England in the Australian, Chinese, South American and Canadian markets, and has even "carried the war into Africa" by underselling the English manufacturers of edge-tools, cutlery, electro-plate, locks, agricultural tools, etc., in their own home markets. That this competition is being severely felt in Great Britain, as any one who has read the reports of the various Chambers of Commerce, Boards of Trade, etc., must be well aware; and, as we pointed out in Wednesday's issue, it has found expression in the organization of a "Reciprocity League," with branches in nearly all the large manufacturing centres, which formerly were the greatest promoters of "Free Trade" ideas, and represented in Parliament by such men as Bright, Cobden, Villiers, etc.

That the time has arrived when, by "a judicious re-adjustment of the tariff," something can be done to foster our infant industries, has been felt by many, and has found expression in the "National Policy" propounded by the Liberal-Conservative Party. If it shall result in the development of this fair Canada of ours in any way proportionate to the results effected in the Mother Country or the United States, then its promoters will have merited the gratitude of future generations of Canadians, despite the temporary reverses that may occasionally follow a season of over-production, and which are felt nearly as much in the purely agricultural country as in the manufacturing community.

The Governor General and the Countess of Dufferin opened the new Quebec lacrosse grounds lately. Her Excellency started the match between the Independents and Thistles, for the championship of the Province, by throwing the ball.

Kearney was coolly received at St. Louis, every Socialist leader and organization completely ignoring him.

THE FIVE MUTES.

[CONTRIBUTED BY AN ACTIVE SUPPORTER OF ONE OF THE MUTES.]

Four of the five incapables who have, during the past four years, mis-represented this Province in the Dominion House of Commons, are again plotting and scheming for their re-election. This batch of political nonentities, pretend to be innocently forgetful of the fact that, since 1874, not only have they—by their ineradicable stupidity—rendered themselves supremely ridiculous, but they have also humiliated the electors of this Province in the eyes of the people of the Dominion. We presume they found it profitable to annually waltz up to Ottawa to pocket one thousand dollars of the people's money, for which they have never given the slightest equivalent. We assume that it was not the weal or woe of this Province, so much as the gobbling of their yearly check for their sessional allowance and travelling expense which caused them to be so punctual in their annual pilgrimage. Doubtless, to the same cause, we may attribute the present excessive burst of patriotism, now being indulged in by the honorable gentlemen; *Gritism and grab-game, to our mind, are synonymous terms.*

The fact that they remained almost as silent in the House of Commons, as did Lot's wife after she was turned into a pillar of salt, we suppose must be attributed to their philosophic and contemplative cast of mind. It might have tallied with their ideas of what their duty, as the people's representatives was, for them to have remained in the state of tranquil torpor, which they did—provided they held themselves in readiness to answer to the division bell and the Party Whip. They were studiously exact in attending to this part of their political programme.

The prudent manner in which they discharged the commission with which they were honored may be inferred from the fact that they declared by their votes—the only way in which they could be the least possible assistance to any party—that the High Priest of the "Organized Hypocrisy" should wilfully, deliberately and absolutely squander fifteen hundred thousand dollars of the people's money in the famous Steel Rail purchase. For this master stroke of Grit statesmanship the taxpayers of the Dominion—as well as generations yet unborn—will be compelled to pay a yearly sum of about seventy-five thousand dollars in the shape of interest on the above mentioned transaction.

Their support of the Grit chieftain in his Pacific Railway Policy—a policy which, if persisted in, will eventually bankrupt the Dominion, was another exhibition of their remarkable aptitude to grapple with affairs of State.

The Fort Francis Locks Job, the Kaminstiquia Scandal, the Anglin Printing Outrage, are a few of the minor Grit eccentricities which they slavishly upheld, and for which they will be, doubtless, held to answer.

Like a very large majority of our fellow-countrymen, we entertain the opinion that these wretched Cesars have outlived their political usefulness. We have had enough of dummies in the Dominion House of Commons.

We are quite well aware that the Grits are fit for anything—that nothing is too hot or too heavy for them—from buying the slab shanty, alias the Neebing Hotel, on the banks of the Kaminstiquia, to the trampling of the Constitution of the Province of Quebec under their feet—between which offences we wish to include all their many and various degrees of political rascality.

But we cannot bring ourselves to believe that the Grits of this Province are so lost to all shame and ordinary decency as to attempt to inflict those four human automations on us again. If, however, we should be mistaken in this opinion, we beg to suggest to the supporters of the "Party of Purity" in this Province, who advocate retrenchment and economy, the propriety of calling for tenders from parties wishing to contract for the furnishing of four stone statues, to be modelled after the most approved Grit M. P., and to be duly planted in the Dominion House of Commons, on or before the first day of the next meeting of Parliament. We might also suggest that, in the specification for the same, care should be taken to have it distinctly set forth that the skulls should be hollowed out, so as to correspond with the originals. In the meantime, our Local Premier might put himself in communication with Edison, and make arrangements with the inventor of the telephone and phonograph, for the use of these instruments. 'Tis but a few paces from the back row of the Grit benches to the chair of the "unco guid McKenzie"; hence a short telegraph line could be constructed between the Premier and the statues, whereby everything could be made to work as sweetly as a "marriage bell."

Two important advantages would result from this arrangement. McKenzie would be infinitely relieved, and the Province would be no longer disgraced. True, our Reform friends—more especially the editor of the Patriot, when he gets through romancing about Free Trade and Protection—can consider these suggestions at their leisure, as there is but a very faint probability of our being in a position after the election will have been held to send even one human or stone statue to help support the tottering throne of Gritism at Ottawa. The idea of Cardiff granites, on a small scale, or Reform dummies, may be new to the Party of Purity. Will the philosopher of "my department" ponder upon it!

THE Brampton Times hoists a flag over its editorial column and calls upon the Dominion to remember on the 17th of September "Mr. McKenzie's unprecedented industry in attending not alone to his Departmental business, but to the general business of the country." Said country, O! Times, will not only remember this, but will generously give the Premier a long vacation on that day.

Meeting at Vernon River.

A GOOD MEETING—TWO-THIRDS OF THE ELECTORS PRESENT IN FAVOR OF POPE AND BRECKEN.

A very good meeting was held at Halfway House, Vernon River, last evening, Edward Graet, Esq., occupying the chair. Messrs. Pope and Brecken addressed the assembled electors at length. About two-thirds of the meeting were in their favor.

Meeting at Whim Road Cross.

LARGE MAJORITY IN FAVOR OF McDONALD AND MUTTART.

The meeting held here last night was almost unanimous in favor of the Liberal-Conservative candidates. About 80 electors were present, and out of that number 13 stood up for McIntyre and McFayden, all the rest were for McDonald and Muttart. The speeches were good, and listened to with attention. Some cross-firing took place between Dr. McIntyre and Mr. S. Mutch on the Steel Rail matter. The latter gentleman proved too much for the Doctor. Gritism is at a discount here. McDonald and Muttart's popularity is increasing every day. Their election is certain.

Whim Road, Aug. 29, 1878.

Political Meeting at Brown's Creek.

OVERWHELMING MAJORITY FOR McDONALD AND MUTTART—OVER 200 ELECTORS PRESENT.

An enthusiastic meeting was held at Whim Road Cross, on Wednesday evening, the 28th inst. Both the Ministerial and Opposition candidates received a fair and impartial hearing. When a division was taken, the meeting decided almost unanimously in favor of McDonald and Muttart. The usual number of Dominion officials were, of course, in attendance. One of the temperance men present asked the candidates their views on the Temperance question. Messrs. McDonald, McFayden and Muttart expressed themselves in favor of Prohibition, stating that they were strict abstainers from intoxicating liquors and advocates of temperance.

Duncan Fraser, Esq., and Mr. S. Mutch severally addressed the meeting strongly in favor of the Liberal-Conservative party; and the Collector of Customs for Montague spoke feelingly in behalf of the Grits.

King's County to the Front.

(NOTES BY A TRAVELLER.)

Reports from all parts of the County are to the effect that the Liberal-Conservative candidates, McDonald and Muttart, will head the poll with a large majority. They are becoming more and more popular every day. Scores are forsaking the trailing and tattered banner of the "Organized Hypocrisy," and are enlisting under the widespread flag of the Liberal Conservatives.

The midnight visit of McKenzie and Cartwright did good service to the Liberal-Conservative cause, as it showed plainly that they were afraid to face the music. Had there been a fair discussion at Georgetown, it would have been shown that we have men in this County who are not afraid to face the Premier or any of his lieutenants. But it appears that the twins of Reform thought discretion a better part of valor, and departed less thought of than when they came. The three rousing cheers given for Sir John and Dr. Tupper fell like a thunderbolt on the ears of the Grit officials. It was something they never thought of, and they have been so waspish ever since that it is not safe to go within a forty-foot pole of them. They are beginning to realize that there is certainly a re-action, and that on the 17th of next month one of the most corrupt and incapable of Governments that ever held the reins of power in a British Colony will be scattered to the four winds of heaven, and that men possessed of legislative and executive ability will be called to the helm of affairs.

Liberal-Conservative electors of King's County, be on your guard. Your opponents will use every device under heaven to cause division in your ranks. They have the patronage of the General Government and also that of the Grit wing of the Local Government at their disposal, and if any mischief can be done they will do it. You have now the victory in your own hands. Work manfully as you are still doing, and on election day you will have the pleasing satisfaction of returning your two gentlemanly candidates with a majority that will cause consternation and dismay in the ranks of the grand army of Grit officials who are sucking the life-blood out of our fair Dominion.

The Meeting in Souris.

(From the Advertiser.)

Messrs. Pope and Brecken were delayed unavoidably and could not leave the city in the morning train. They arrived in the evening and were greeted with cheers as they stepped from the carriage. In a short time Mr. James McQuaid was appointed to fill the chair, and Mr. Brecken appeared on the balcony of the hotel. We did not believe that such a disreputable attempt as was made by a mob to deprive him of a hearing would ever occur among intelligent people. Seeing that interruption would not succeed, and that he was likely to come out victorious, they commenced, in the most cowardly manner, pelting stones in the dark, breaking a window and alarming the inmates. Mr. Brecken retired and Mr. Pope stepped forward. He spoke for upwards of an hour, and was listened to with great attention. When asked why he did not accept a seat in the Cabinet, he replied that he was not elected to support Mr. McKenzie, neither was he in the market to be bought. When he withdrew those who were anxious to hear Mr. Brecken recalled him repeatedly, and succeeded in bringing him out again. He first denied having any knowledge whatever of a pre-meditated plan to prevent the Premier from being heard in Charlottetown. He merely asked five minutes to reply to Mr. Cartwright and was instantly refused. He explained that when he addressed the meeting after the disturbance commenced it was to advise all present to give Mr. McKenzie a hearing. He was misrepresented by the "Patriot" newspaper, and the only favor he would ever ask from its editor was, never to call him a gentleman. He was met on all sides with the most insulting language from the Premier's friends. He spoke for

nearly two hours, and it would be impossible to avoid admiring the refined eloquence and suave sentiments that rolled in volumes from his eloquent tongue upon the stillness of the midnight air. As we listened we could not help thinking that it would be well for some of the harpies that can be heard here and there trying to belittle that gentleman's public and even his private character, if they heard, and were capable of understanding him, when in a position to do justice to himself and his subject. He was greeted with loud applause as he left the stage.

At the close a vote of thanks was tendered Messrs. Pope and Brecken and the crowd quietly dispersed.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE Marine Insurance Co.

HAVE made arrangements with the Ocean Marine Insurance Co. of Halifax and the British American Assurance Co. of Toronto (both offices of undoubted standing), whereby they can effect insurance on Vessels, Cargoes or Freight in the above-named offices, in addition to the risks taken in their own office. Risks taken daily at their Office, corner Great George and Lower Water Streets.

F. W. HALES, Sec'y.
Ch'town, Aug. 30, 1878—3m eod

RANKIN HOUSE.

SPECIAL NOTICE

ON AND AFTER MONDAY Next, 2nd Sept., the Hotel known as the "Rankin House," on the corner of Pownall and Water streets, will be closed to all permanent or transient boarders.

I have also received instructions to sell, at auction, all the Household Furniture, Linen, Glassware, Crockery, Plate, Cutlery, etc., etc., of which due notice will be given.

WILLIAM DODD,
Queen Square.

Aug. 30, '78—2i pat

Challenge Accepted.

THE owners of the "SURPRISE" will accept the challenge of the owners of the Sloop "AGATE" to run twice around the same course as run on the day of last Regatta, for \$25 or \$50, and to have three disinterested Judges selected to appoint the day suitable for the Race, according to challenge.—Money to be deposited in the hands of W. H. BREMNER, Esq.

Ch'town, Aug. 30, 1878—

MACKINNON BRO'S

Cedar Shingles and Posts FOR SALE.

A QUANTITY of A 1 and No. 1 Sawn Cedar SHINGLES; also a large number of CEDAR POSTS, suitable for cellar walls or fencing, for sale at the Railway Depot.

THOMAS MCKENZIE, Agent.
Ch'town, Aug. 30, 1878—2i

For Sale,

50 ACRES IMPROVED LAND on Lot 38, situated on Donnelly's Road, within 1/2 mile of Peake's Station. Fifteen acres are under plow; the rest is covered with hardwood and rails. This farm will be sold at a reasonable rate.—TERMS: half down; time for balance made known at sale. Apply to the owner, JAS. HANDRAHAN.

Aug. 30—2i

DR. CONROY, Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE: City Hotel Building, opposite Roman Catholic Cathedral, Great George Street, Charlottetown, Aug. 29, 1878—3m eod

HORSES WANTED!

TEN STYLISH, SOUND, COMPACT BUILT CARRIAGE HORSES, for shipment, about the 10th September.

F. T. NEWBERRY & CO.,
27 Water Street.
Ch'town, Aug. 23, 1878—pat 2i sw ex 2i ne li

ANNUAL PICNIC!

THE ANNUAL PICNIC of ZION Church Sunday School, in connection with that of the Prince Street Presbyterian Church, will be held at

SHAW'S WHARF, WEST RIVER,

Saturday, the 31st instant.

Steamer "Southport" will leave the Ferry Wharf at 10 a. m. and 1 p. m.

There will be a REFRESHMENT SALOON on the ground. Games and amusements will be provided, including a "Tug of War" between twelve married and twelve single men.

Return tickets, 25 cents; children under 12 years, 12 cents—to be had at the wharf.

J. A. LAWSON,
Sec. of Com.
Ch'town, Aug. 27—tu th & fr pat 4i pres li

ALE & PORTER,

IN CASKS & BOTTLES. 85 HIDS. ALE & PORTER, 1,000 doz. ALE & PORTER, in Pints and Quarts, of the very best quality.

MORRIS & HYNDMAN.
Ch'town, Aug. 26—h ne pat 2i

SUBSCRIBE for the DAILY EXAMINER, the Cheapest and most newsworthy Paper published in the Province.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE Hon. Dr. Tupper

—AND THE—

HON. JAMES McDONALD

Will Address the Electors of Prince Edward Island,

—IN THE—

Citizens' Skating Rink,

—ON—

TUESDAY,

The 3rd September, at 7 1-2 p. m.

The Ministerial Candidates—Messrs. SINCLAIR & MCGILL—are invited to be present and address the Meeting.

Railway Fares to and from all Stations, on Regular Trains, ONE CENT per mile. Tickets good to return on the following day.

J. S. CARVELL,

Chairman Committee.

Aug. 27—pat h ne pres g t adv s j s p

TO LET,

AND immediate possession given, 3 first-class DWELLINGS, situated on Longworth Street, opposite the residence of Hon. L. C. Owen. These Dwellings were erected this spring, under careful superintendence, no cost being spared to make them warm, comfortable and convenient. The outbuilding arrangements are second to none in Ch'town. There is a good well of water and a pump in the yard to supply the occupants.

Persons wanting a good house would do well to call and examine for themselves. None but good and careful tenants need apply.

RICHARD WEEKS,

Head Hillsborough Street.

Ch'town, Aug. 27, 1878—pat 3 aw

AMERICAN

WALTHAM WATCHES.

A LOT of those celebrated Watches, in 2, 2 1/2, 3 and 4 oz. Solid Silver open-faced and Hunting Cases received to-day.

W. W. WELLNER.

Ch'town, Aug. 22, 1878—4i

TENDERS FOR COAL!

TENDERS will be received at the Office of the City School Board, until MONDAY, the 2nd day of September, next, at 12 o'clock, noon, for supplying the City Schools with Old Albion Mines Round Coal and Acadia Mines Nut Coal. Tenders to state the rate per ton for each kind of coal, delivered at the several schools.

Further particulars will be given at the Office of the Board, on application. By order, ISAAC OXENHAM, Secretary City School Board.

Aug. 22nd, 1878—d pat till 2nd

POSTPONED!

THE GRAND LOTTERY of a MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN, advertised to take place on the 27th inst., is postponed till the 28th September.

JOHN MCEACHERN, Com.
S. BLANCHARD,
Ch'town, July 26—3i law

Wants, Lost, Found, &c.

Advertisements under this heading, in space not exceeding half an inch, will be inserted for Ten Cents per day.

House-keeper Wanted—Must be of steady habits, fond of children and not afraid of work. Any who will answer the above requirements apply 3 Richmond St., West End, between the hours of 8 and 9 o'clock, evening. J. METCALF.

Ch'town, Aug. 30—6i

BOARDERS WANTED.—A few permanent Boarders can be accommodated in a private family on Kent Street. Apply to EXAMINER Office.

Charlottetown, Aug. 29, 1878—3i

TO LET—Apartments Furnished, in a Central part of the city, suitable for a lady or gentlemen. Apply at THIS OFFICE.

Aug. 24 1878.—1w

TO LET—Two large rooms on second flat of the new building adjoining drug store of P. G. FRASER. Apply to P. G. FRASER.

Aug. 24—4i*

BOARDERS.—A few permanent and transient Boarders can be accommodated on reasonable terms at the QUINCY HOUSE, next door to John Seller's Grocery Store, Kent Street.

Ch'town, Aug. 1—

HOUSE TO LET—Containing 6 rooms, on Upper Great George Street. Possession given immediately. Apply to BENJ. HOOPER.

Ch'town, Aug. 19, 1878—eod