

They did not doubt but that there was a few more left of the same sort."

MORMON GULCH.—We are informed by Mr. Jeffrey, who has just returned from a tour through the mines, that in his presence, before Colebrook's bowling saloon, a miner washed two pounds of gold from one pan of earth; the lucky individual had three pounds in half an hour.

The race is completed at Piori, and operations are commenced to dam the river, the miners are sanguine, and claims have sold at 900 dollars cash.

SULLIVAN'S.—The miners at Sullivan's are still doing well. Our respected fellow-townsmen Major Sullivan, showed us to day some of the most beautiful specimens of coarse gold that we have yet seen, the product of these diggings.

The Examiner.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1850.

MR. HOWE'S LETTER.

We hope it is unnecessary to offer any apology to our readers for giving so large a portion of our space in our present number to the republication of the Hon. Mr. Howe's Letter. The editor of the *Islander* having repeatedly taken the trouble to tell his readers, that Responsible Government is an imposition, and fraught with corruption and mischief to every Colony into which it has been introduced—that in Nova Scotia the promoters of that System of Government had completely disregarded or forgotten the pledges made to the public, as soon as they had put themselves in office, and that consequently dissatisfaction and distrust pervaded the whole Province,—we thought on reading the Hon. Provincial Secretary's Letter to his constituents we had found something more than a Roland for the Oliver of the *Islander*, and entertained no doubt as to the propriety of giving it. We shall not do dishonour to the wide spread reputation of Mr. Howe by instituting a comparison between him and such a person as Duncan Maclean; nor shall we insult the understanding of our readers, by asking, if they would rather rely upon the clumsy and unsupported assertions of the latter, than be guided by the indisputable facts and figures and lucid statements of the former, in giving their opinion as to the advantages which result from the practice of Responsible Government. We see that Nova Scotia saves considerably more than eight thousand pounds annually by the introduction of the new system under the management of the Liberals, and that in addition to this great saving in so small a country, the same party have perfected many measures of the highest importance to the Province, which would have been totally neglected, or if suggested, thrown aside, had their predecessors continued to guide the counsels of the country. May we not confidently expect that similar advantages, upon a smaller scale, will be enjoyed by the people of this Island when we shall get rid of the present Obstructive Government, and have the reins of Administration entrusted to the hands of men, who, guided by British forms and practices, will have the energy and courage to keep pace with the spirit of the age?

We understand that the Hon. Edward Thornton has resumed his place at the

Board of Executive Council, having attended the Meeting on Thursday last,—a fact which shews how vain it was to rely upon the word of even his most intimate and confidential friends, who asserted at the close of the last Session of the Assembly, that positively Mr. Thornton would never again attend the Council, having resigned his seat therein.

THE GREAT DIFFICULTY REMOVED.

The Hon. J. S. Smith has resigned the office of Treasurer!

The Hon. Charles Hensley has been appointed thereto!

These announcements are seemingly simple and unimportant. They relate, nevertheless, events of great pith and moment to Mr. Lane's Administration. The "wise men" have been awfully perplexed and troubled in spirit ever since Mr. Smith made his ungraceful exit from the Island, about two months ago. The easy chair of the Treasury was vacant; fearful disclosures were every day being made, touching the proceedings of its late occupant. He had overrun, by long odds, the term of his lease. It was thought he would not return. The easy chair was then offered to others, but refused. Meanwhile Mr. Smith's sureties resigned their trust. What was to be done? There was no Treasurer in the Island, and nobody would be Treasurer, for love or money. Strange, that a situation worth £400 a year should go a-begging! But so it was. Government was terribly perplexed. Members of Administration had not slept a sound sleep, nor ate a hearty dinner for the Lord knows how long. But lo and behold, Mr. Smith came back one fine morning in the sober month of October! Government was still more perplexed! He was, and he wasn't wanted. He was wanted, because nobody could be coaxed to take his place, and because "the family" wished to show him a little civility even in his most trying hour; he wasn't wanted, by reason of there being no security for him, and by reason of those awful disclosures afore mentioned. Yet, civility cost nothing, and Mr. Smith was politely told, that if he could get security, he would be continued in the situation, which Government had offered to others, regarding it as vacant, and refused. Government was dreadfully afraid that he would get security, and would, therefore, in accordance with its promise, be bound to continue him in the office, an occurrence which would be sure to consummate the infamy of the administration. Government is happily rid of the dilemma; the great difficulty is removed! Mr. Smith could not get the security, and he has, therefore, resigned! Mr. Lane and the rest of the "wise men" have a sound sleep, and a better appetite to-day than Thursday last.

All the humbug we appear to have practised about this resignation of Mr. Smith, is immitably grotesque for the sake of keeping up appearance abroad, and to avoid giving a shock and the feelings of the Family Compact, the Government asks Mr. Smith to resign an office which he has not occupied for more than two months, and with the keys of which they were afraid to entrust him! But he would not resign, so long as there was a chance of getting security; when he failed in this, disappointed and chagrined, he wrote out his resignation, and thus

removed a great difficulty in the way of the Government.

That the Hon. Mr. Hensley has accepted the office, not from choice, not from a desire of enjoying the salary which it affords, but from a sense of duty to discharge the obligation he owed to the Government of which he is a member, of relieving it so far as he could from its embarrassing position—is a fact which is very well known to every one in the community, and is confirmed by the circumstance of Mr. Hensley's previous refusal of the situation, when he thought that his services could be dispensed with. We only wonder that Mr. Hensley hesitated at all about accepting it, from apprehension, as it was said, of compromising himself with the Liberal Party when they got into power, (as every body in his senses knows they must before many months elapse, since the signs of incapacity and weakness on the part of the present Government are every day increasing)—we say we wonder at the hesitation of the honourable gentleman because if it were unsafe, for the reason alleged, to take the Treasury, it was equally unsafe to continue in the Council. It was his duty to keep the Government from sinking prematurely, for the want of a Treasurer, and we feel assured that it is only from a desire to discharge this duty, that he has accepted the office.

If Duncan Maclean is really solicitous to know whether "Mr. Whelan" has apostatized from the Catholic Church, he had better give himself a clean shave and a shirt, and instead of tramping off to New London, to talk with the old women there about snakes, let him go to the Catholic Chapel to-morrow morning, and say his prayers for once in his life, where he will probably find Mr. Whelan praying for the conversion of infidels such as Duncan Maclean. The sin of apostacy being habitual to the beast, he fancies every person is as loose in his principles as he is himself. As to religion, however, we can't say that Duncan has recanted his particular form of worship, because he never had any.

James II. did not lose his crown "for desiring the same civil rights for Catholics as Protestants," but for flagrantly violating the laws of his Kingdom, and judicially murdering and plundering his people. Catholics about his Court and Cabinet as heartily reprobated his intolerable tyranny and gloomy bigotry as any Protestant in the realm; and felt that though he might have been a devout follower of the true Church, he was any thing but a good king. Duncan must be hard up for causes of complaint against Mr. Whelan, when he must meddle with his religious opinions, and strive even to belie English history, in order to fasten an accusation upon him. Can't he invent another foolish snake-story to beguile his "otium cum dignitate?" Our shewing up of the last has evidently touched him on the raw.

The Steamer Rose arrived yesterday morning with the Colonial and United States Mails. We have given in other columns gleanings of intelligence from our latest papers.

PASSENGERS.

In the Steamer Rose, on Monday evening, the 5th inst.—T. B. Tremain, Esq., Mr. Geo. Room, and 3 in the steerage.

MARRIED.

At Charlottetown, on Thursday evening, the 7th inst., by the Rev. Benj. Scott, D. Wilson, Esq., Merchant, to MARY ELIZABETH, eldest daughter of the late Charles Binns, Esq., Attorney at Law, Charlottetown.

Manchester and Glasgow HOUSE.

JUST received, Ex "Hornet," from Liverpool, a large assortment of Cashmere, Wool, and Tweed Cloakings; Genoa Plaids, Cloths, Doeskins, Cassimeres, and Tweeds; Coburg Cloths, Alpaca Lustres and Orleans, in large variety Figured, Plain, and Corded; Carpeting Plaid and Printed Drugget; and a variety of other Goods, which will be sold at exceedingly low prices FOR CASH ONLY.

DAVID WILSON.

No. 3, Richmond Street, October 30, 1850.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the Subscriber by promissory Note or Book Account are hereby notified that he is prepared to receive Produce immediately at his own Premises.

J. D. P. COLES.

October 30, 1850.

P. S.—HARNESS of all descriptions and of superior workmanship and finish will be exchanged for Potatoes and Oats if delivered at the Subscriber's Premises or at some convenient shipping place immediately.

NOTICE.

THE Co-partnership hitherto existing under the style of Wade and Mawley, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

ROBERT WADE,

EDMUND MAWLEY.

The business will until further Notice, be carried on by E. Mawley at the old stand.

Charlottetown, October 2, 1850.

WHEREAS by deed of assignment bearing date the 23rd day of Sept. 1850, all Debts, Book Accounts, Stock in Trade, &c., &c., due and belonging to the firm of WADE and MAWLEY, Saddlers, were by them duly transferred and made over to the Subscriber. This is to notify all persons, who are indebted to the said Firm, that, unless their respective Accounts are paid to Mr. GEORGE MAWLEY, at "Apothecaries' Hall," in Charlottetown, on or before the 23rd day of October inst., they will be sued for without distinction. All persons having claims against the said Firm, are requested to present the same for adjustment.

FRANCES MAWLEY.

Charlottetown, Oct. 2, 1850.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE by the Subscriber, with immediate possession, 100 feet of LAND fronting on Pownal Street, by 24 fronting on Dorchester Street, together with the new two-story HOUSE, 40 by 35. STABLE, COACH HOUSE, &c., &c. This property is well adapted for a Mercantile Establishment or Hotel, being near the head of Pownal Wharf. For terms apply to

P. GAFFNEY.

Charlottetown, Nov. 1, 1850.

To be let,

ON a lease of 999 years, in Lots to suit purchasers, about

200 acres of excellent Land,

part of the Estate of Wyther Grange, situate on the Winsloe Road about 2 miles from Charlottetown. The situation is beautiful, commanding a view of Nova Scotia and the Harbour's Mouth. There are about 40 acres cleared on the different Lots, and the remainder may be cleared at a trifling expence.

Apply to Mr. HOLKROYD, Wyther Grange, Winsloe Road, Lot 33. June 12, 1850.

Boots and Shoes.

R. FAUGHT has imported from the United States an assortment of BOOTS and SHOES of all descriptions—Men's and Boys' WELLINGTON BOOTS of all sizes, suitable for the season, which will be sold cheap for Cash. October 23.